

RALEIGH REGISTER,



AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers."

VOL. XXVI.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1827.

NO. 14402.

The Register

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Cents for every succeeding publication. Those
of greater length in the same proportion. Com-
munications, thankfully received. Letters to
the Editors must be post paid.

Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1827.

ELECTIONS.

Congress.—D. L. Barringer is elected
in this District by a majority of 295 votes,
over his opponent, A. D. Murphey. The
state of the poll was as follows:

Barringer.		Murphey.	
Wake,	1389	200	
Orange,	601	1615	
Person,	408	287	
	2398	2102	

Daniel Turner is elected in the Warren
district in the place of Mr. Edwards, who
declined. We have not received cer-
tain returns from any other Congress-
ional district. We have already stated
that Mr. Bryan is re-elected without op-
position; nor do we believe that either
Messrs. Long, Alston or Holmes have had
any opposition. The elections in the other
districts are contested; but we learn there
is no doubt of the re-election of Messrs.
Williams and Connor. Of the results in
the other districts, we have not sufficient
information to speak with any degree of
certainty. In Currituck county, the votes
were for Wm. B. Shepard 366—for Len^d
Sawyer 325. The other counties not yet
heard from.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Wake County. Charles L. Hinton, S. without
opposition, Johnson Busbee & S. Whitaker, C.
The votes for the Commons were, Busbee 955,
Whitaker 934, Alfred Jones 922.
Orange. Wm. Montgomery, S. John Stockard
and John Hoon C. The votes were, for Sen-
ator, Montgomery 760, Macaulay 386; for Com-
moners, Stockard 1332, Hoon 1287, F. Nash 1183,
N. J. Palmer 184.
Town of Hillsborough. John Scott.
Person. R. Vanhook, S. Thomas Lawson and
Thomas Webb, C. The votes were, for Sen-
ator, Vanhook 234, Wm. Baird 112; for Com-
moners, Lawson 453, Webb 408; T. M'Gehee
513.
Franklin. James House, S. Joel King and H.
J. H. H. C.
Warren. M. T. Hawkins, S. Robt. H. Jones
and Hanson Walker, C.
Nash. N. J. Drake, S. James Mann and
Hattie C.
Hulifer. Isham Matthews, S. Geo. E. Spruill
and Shines, C.
Cumberland. L. Bethune, S. A. M'Dermid
and J. Holige, C. No opposition.
Town of Fayetteville. J. D. Eccles.
Johnston. David Thompson, S. H. Wilder &
K. Q. Adams, C. The votes were, for Sen-
ator, Thompson 290, R. Sanders 272. For Com-
moners, Wilder 555, Adams 403.
Wayne. G. Sherrard, S. R. Washington and
Joshua Hastings, C.
Lenoir. N. Whitfield, S. Geo. W. Whitfield
and Wm. B. Kilpatrick, C.
Greene. Jesse Speight, S. R. Harper and Jo-
seph Ellis, C.
Town of Wilmington. Joseph A. Hill. The
votes were, Hill 126, A. M'Kee 112.
Bertie. Geo. G. Askew, S. Jos. D. White
and Tho. K. Speller, C. The votes were, for
Senator, Askew 223, R. M. Brickell 119. For
Commoners, Speller 362, White 292, Watford
286, Sessions 274 and Tyler 193.
Robeson. Arch. M'Eachin, S. Macqum Pur-
cell and Richard C. Rhodes, C. The votes were,
for Senator, M'Eachin 443, Isaac Sullivan 115.
For Commoners, Purcell 505, Rhodes 433, John
Brown 287, Jos. Regan 204.
For Congress. John Gilchrist had 517 votes in
this county, John Culpeper 143, John A. Cam-
eron 98.
Currituck. Samuel Salyer, S. Willoughby
Harvard and Enoch Ball, C.

A meeting of the Council of State will
be held at the Executive Office in this city,
on the 31st inst. for the purpose of advis-
ing with the Governor on the appointment
of a successor to the late Col. Hawkins,
Comptroller of the State.

It will be seen, in General Jackson's
Answer to the call made upon him by Mr.
Clay, for the authority on which he had
made certain charges against him in rela-
tion to the late Presidential Election, which
we give in to-day's Register, that Mr. Bu-
chanan, from Pennsylvania, is the Mem-
ber of Congress, who made the communi-
cation to the General. We shall, of course,
next have Mr. Buchanan's statement of
the affair, and then probably Mr. Clay's
Remarks on both.

Independence.—Mr. Stuart, from New-
York, speaking in the late Convention at
Harrisburg, in favor of confining the at-
tention of the body principally to Wool &
Woolens and Iron, said, but "half our in-
dependence is yet secured. I have been
told, a few minutes ago, that the chair in
which our President is seated, is the very

chair from which the Declaration of Inde-
pendence was signed, and I hope that a
second edition of that instrument will be
published. We fought, then, for liberty,
and must now fight for apparel. We have
been creeping along for fifty years, with-
out the courage to say, *we will clothe our-
selves!* I hope we should now make
that declaration."

We mentioned in the Register some
weeks ago, that a sample of extraordinary
tall oats, being six feet high, had been sent
to our office by Col. Polk, for public inspec-
tion. In justice to another of our citizens,
Mr. George Nantz, we have to state, that
a short time since we received a sample of
oats from him, which exceeds by three or
four inches in length, those supplied by
Col. Polk.

Sentence has been passed on Jesse
Strong, the murderer of John Whipple.
He is to be hung on Friday the 24th inst.
The Providence Washington Insurance
Company, at whose office the brig Craw-
ford and cargo had been insured, have pre-
sented the Mate, by whose means the ves-
sel was saved, and the pirates brought to
condign punishment, a present of \$500.

The late John Adams.—The following
Anecdote of this deservedly distinguished
citizen, which the narrator, heard from his
own lips, will shew that this Country owes
to a singular circumstance all the eminent
services which this great Patriot & States-
man performed for his beloved Country.

Joseph Adams, the grandfather of John,
who was an original proprietor of Brain-
tree, was one of eight sons of John
Adams, who was a persecuted religionist
from England. The late John Adams, it
appears, when young, was not distinguish-
ed for an ardent love of learning. Study
was irksome to him.

"When I was a boy (the old man was
heard frequently to say, even to the last days
of his life,) I had to study Latin Grammar;
but it was dull & I hated it. My father was
anxious to send me to College and therefore
I studied the grammar till I could bear with
it no longer; and going to my father, I told
him I did not like study, & asked for some
other employment. It was opposing his
wishes, and he was quick in his answer.—
'Well John,' said he, 'if Latin grammar
does not suit you, you may try ditching,
perhaps that will; my meadow yonder
needs a ditch, and you may put by Latin
and try that.'
"This seemed a delightful change, and
to the meadow I went. But I soon found
ditching harder than Latin, and the first
forenoon was the longest I ever experienc-
ed. That day I eat the bread of labor,
and glad was I when night came on. That
night I made some comparison between
Latin grammar and ditching, but said not
a word about it. I dug the next forenoon,
and wanted to return to Latin at dinner, but
it was humiliating, and I could not do it.
At night toil conquered pride, and I told
my father, one of the severest trials of my
life, that, if he chose, I would go back to
Latin Grammar. He was glad of it; and
if I have since gained any distinction, it
has been owing to the two days labour in
that abominable ditch."

THOMAS KELL Esq. Attorney General
of the State of Maryland, has been ap-
pointed Associate Judge of the Sixth Judicial
District, Vice Wm. H. Ward, deceased.

Mrs. Whipple has been acquitted of the
charge of being accessory, before the fact
to the murder of her husband. The Court
decided against admitting the evidence of
Strang, the murderer (convicted but not
sentenced) not because he was an incom-
petent witness (before judgment) but be-
cause it would give him an implied claim
to a pardon.

The Chevalier Kustner, of Leipzig, who
arrived here a few days ago from Havre,
on an intended tour through the United
States, is said to be much prepossessed in
favor of this country and its institutions,
to which the very interesting description
given of it by the Duke of Saxe Weimar,
from whom Mr. Kustner brings numerous
letters of recommendation, highly contrib-
uted. The Chevalier proceeds in the steam-
boat for Albany.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

Captain DANIEL TURNER of Newport,
has been appointed to the command of the
U. S. sloop of war Erie, now lying at the
N. Y. Navy Yard, and which has been order-
ed to be fitted for sea with all possible des-
patch to join the West India squadron.
Nat. Gaz.

NOFOLK, AUG. 6.—A French man-of-
war baggage anchored in Hampton Road
yesterday. We understand she is the

consort of the frigate La Circe, now at
Craney Island; that she is from St. Jago
de Cuba, and that her crew are all in good
health. We have not yet ascertained her
name.

Three seamen, belonging to the French
frigate La Circe, lying in the Bite of Cra-
ney Island, deserted yesterday morning;
one of them having a considerable sum of
money about him, was drowned; the o-
ther two succeeded in swimming ashore.

Ride and Sail.—A boatbuilder in Read-
ing, Pa. a few days ago, made a trip to
Philadelphia, in rather an extraordinary
manner. He constructed a boat that would
carry a waggon, and a waggon that would
carry a boat. With these, shifting and
sailing by turns, as land or water, turnpike
river, or canal rendered most convenient,
he arrived at Philadelphia, where he sold
the boat for good profit, and returned in
the waggon.

Havana.—Advices from Havana to the
26th ult. are received at Charleston.—A
correspondent of the Courier under date
of 24th ult. states that the American ship
Tea Plant arrived that morning, from Cadiz.
Governor JOSEPH COPPINGER, and his
son CORNELIUS, were passengers on
board her. The Governor has come out
decorated with the Cross of San Fernan-
do, of the 4th class, with \$500 per
month pay, and the half pay which he did
not enjoy after his arrival from the Castle
of Uloa, amounting to about \$4,000; and
his son Cornelius with the honors of Au-
ditor of War. These grades have been
conferred by His Majesty, in consequence
of his heroic defence of the Castle of
Uloa, at Vera Cruz.

YORK, (U. C.) JULY 15.
Wonderful escape.—On Saturday last,
just as the Canada was proceeding from
Niagara to York, A. Heron, Esq. Editor
of the Gleaner, undertook to put Captain
Mundy of the Wood Duck, on board.—
The skiff in which they had embarked
coming in contact with the bow of the
steam-boat, upset, and both were drawn
under the Canada! The wheels were
stopped, the life boats were lowered, and
about a minute and a half after she upset,
Capt. Mundy arose, apparently much ex-
hausted. Capt. Richardson darted off the
jolly boat, and rescued him from his per-
ilous situation.

After a fruitless search of some minutes
without any prospect of the enlightened
Editor making his appearance, the boat
proceeded. A moan was heard issuing
from the larboard wheel house. The
wheels were again stopped, the jolly boat
was lowered, and to the great astonish-
ment of all on board, our brother Editor
was found clinging to the axletree! He
sustained no injury.

Melancholy.—In the course of the past
week, three young men have died in con-
sequence of drinking beer and cider drawn
through the lead pipes and brass pumps
in common use in our taverns. The oxide
of lead and verdigris imbibed by the
extraction of these supposed conveniences,
form in their solution in these liquors a
most baleful poison. Of the truth of this
statement there can be no doubt; as we
are informed, that the Rev. Dr. M'Anley, of
Rutgers-street Church, attended the un-
fortunate sufferers in their last moments,
and can certify to the cause of their illness.
We hope that the keepers of public bars
will discontinue the use of these gener-
ators of poison. The beverages in question
are much more harmless than the ardent
spirits too generally demanded in prefer-
ence to them; but if thus adulterated, are
even more pernicious in their effects.
N. Y. Com. Adv.

Inventions and Discoveries.—The Troy
Sentinel gives an account of an invention
the success of which was lately tested on
a sloop at that place, by which a vessel's
motion will work its own pump. It is done
by an apparatus attached to the side of the
vessel, near the pump. A part of the appa-
ratus consists of two copper plates, three
feet long, and five inches broad, and fix-
ed to an upright shaft in a spiral form like
a screw augur. This spiral wheel is turned
by coming in contact with the water, as
the vessel moves and thus a power is gain-
ed which is applied to the lever of the
pump.

Another invention named in the Troy
Sentinel is, that of a machine for making
wrought nails and spikes, by Mr. Burden
of Troy, a Scotch gentleman. It is con-
sidered one of the most useful pieces of me-
chanism that has been invented. It is called
in the Sentinel, "a surprising effort
of human skill." Mr. B. has three ma-
chines in operation for making deck spikes.
Each machine makes about 190 lbs. of
spikes a day.

Magnetic Needles.—It is stated in a late
number of Silliman's Journal, that Profes-
sor Eaton, of the Rensselaer School, N. Y.
has discovered that the occasional irregu-
larities of the needles in compasses, is to be
attributed to the accidental deposit of very
small fragments of iron or steel near the
point of the needle. The remedy which he
has discovered is, the pointing the needles

with a cap of brass or silver. The remedy
is pronounced to be effectual.

Economy.—A New-York paper ob-
serves, that the State of Virginia contains
94 counties, and there are, on an average,
500 freeholders in each; that four useless
dogs are kept by each family which make
188,000 dogs for the State. Now each
freeholder by putting out of the way these
useless dogs, might on the food given to
them keep as many hogs, which at \$5 each,
would be worth \$940,000. Besides, it is
presumed, that each of these dogs, will in
the course of a year kill at least one sheep,
which estimated at \$3, would produce an
annual loss of \$504,000, making a million
and a half of dollars lost to the State every
year by the practice of keeping up such
a multitude of useless dogs!

It is added, that if all the white men in
the same State, or in other similarly situ-
ated, (who now think it degrading to labour,
their negroes being kept for that purpose)
were to apply themselves to some indus-
trious calling, instead of passing their time
in frivolous and unprofitable amusements,
the prosperity, morals, and happiness of
the State could not fail to be vastly im-
proved by the change!

Profane Swearing.—Some persons have,
perhaps unconsciously at the time, con-
tracted an odious, a criminal practice of
profane swearing, which they cannot but
know is disgraceful to themselves as well as
offensive to Heaven, but of which they find
it difficult to correct themselves. *Chry-
sostom* has an excellent rule to enable peo-
ple to break off this censurable practice.—
"Every time you let slip an oath," says
he, "punish thyself by missing the next
meal. Such a course as this, though trou-
blesome to the flesh, will prove profitable
to the spirit, and cause quick amendment;
for the tongue will need no other monitor
to make it take heed of swearing another
time, if it has been punished with hunger
and thirst for its former transgressions, &
knows it shall be so punished again if it
ever commit the crime hereafter."
Gardiner Chronicle.

INQUISITIVE. Of the divine author of our
religion, it is impossible to peruse the Evan-
gelical histories, without observing how lit-
tle he favored the vanity of the inquisitive;
how much more rarely he condescended to
satisfy curiosity, than to relieve distress;
and how much he desired that his followers
should rather excel in goodness, than know-
ledge.—[*Rambler.*]

Yellow Fever.—The Board of Health in
Charleston, on the 7th inst. reported the
existence of a single case of Yellow Fever
in the city. If any new case occur, they
promise immediately to announce it.

Great Work.—Three young girls, em-
ployed at the Ivy cotton works, in Bal-
timore county, were during the month of
July last, and within the regular working
hours of twelve to the day, and having the
4th ult. as a holiday the quantity of 4,174
yards of 4-4 superior sheeting in a 800
reed and above square. On the cloth being
examined and measured and its quality
approved of, the proprietor, Mr. George
Campbell, presented the foremost, who
had woven 1,403 yards, with a beautiful
printed dress, and to the two next he gave
each a handsome shawl informing them
that industry was sure to meet its due re-
ward.

A copy of the Complutensian Polyglot
has been lately imported for the Protes-
tant Episcopal Seminary in New-York.—
It was supplied by the New-York Daily
Advertiser, that this was the only copy
that had been introduced into this country.
The Boston Daily Advertiser corrects this
erroneous supposition, and gives the follow-
ing facts:

"There is a copy of the Complutensian Poly-
glot in the Library of Harvard College, in very
good preservation. There is also in the Harvard
College Library a copy of the Antwerp Polyglot,
which is as rare as the Complutensian, one of the
Paris Polyglot, in ten volumes imperial folio, more
splendid than either of the others, and of the
London, which is more valuable than all the rest
there are three copies, one of which, splendidly
bound, was once the property of the celebrated
Earl of Clarendon, to whom it was presented by
the author, Walton.

It appears, by the foreign journals, that
Sir Humphrey Davy has resigned the Pre-
sidency of the Royal Society.

Boston Primary Schools.—The number
of pupils, now belonging to the primary
Schools of that city, is 3134. The number
of schools is fifty two, & they are divided
into eight districts. The committee con-
sists of fifty-two persons, each having one
school under his particular care. Each
member of the committee is also required
to visit and examine some one of the schools
of his district monthly. The system of
mutual instruction has been introduced in-
to some of the schools, for the purpose of
experiment.

St. Thomas July 6.
According to official accounts just re-
ceived from Bogota, BOLIVAR has again
been elected President of Colombia, by 50
votes against 24. His resignation of course
has not been accepted.

Liberal Subscription.—The venerable
Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, the only
surviving Signer of the Declaration of In-
dependence, has subscribed 70,000 dollars
towards the Maryland and Ohio Rail Road.
May he live to behold the fruits of his mu-
nificence!

Perfection.—The Stoic Philosophy insults hu-
man nature, and discourages all our attempts,
by enjoying and promising a perfection in this
life, of which we feel ourselves incapable. The
Christian religion shows compassion to our weak-
ness, by prescribing to us only the practical task
of aiming continually at further improvements,
and animates our endeavours, by the promise of
divine aid, equal to our trial.

Pedantry.—There is a pedantry in manners, as
in all arts and sciences, and sometimes in trade.
Pedantry is properly the overrating any kind of
knowledge we pretend to, and if that kind of
knowledge be a trifle in itself, the pedantry is
the greater.

Milton.—After Milton had finished his nob-
le work of genius, *Paradise Lost*, which does hon-
or to human nature, he disposed of it to a book-
seller, for the small price of fifteen pounds, &
under such prejudice did he then labor; and the
payment of the fifteen pounds, was to depend
upon the sale of two numerous impressions.

Females in Italy.—Mr. Carter in one of his last
letters, makes the following observations upon the
condition of females in Italy:—"The country was
all in bloom and the flowery plains exhibited a
gayety of landscape, which can hardly be con-
ceived in less sunny climes. But the inhabitants
are miserable, and know not how to appreciate
or improve the munificence of nature. We actu-
ally saw females harnessed like cattle to a
plough and dragging it through the light soil,
while a man was lounging in the furrow, guiding
the share! Woman, poor woman, is here ex-
emplarily degraded into the drudge of life, and
it makes the heart bleed to witness the burdens
she is often compelled to bear. There is no
affection or sentimentality in this. It is a plain
downright matter of fact, which stares the travel-
ler in the face, at every step of his progress
through Italy."

Blank Votes.—The lucrative office of clerk of
Providence county, R. I. being balloted for by
the Legislature, the vote stood thus: For Wm. W.
40, Danforth 18, Patten 20, and 2 blank. It
was much discussed, a majority being required,
but at length decided, without dissent, that the
blanks did not count, and that Mr. Watson was
elected.

DIED.

At Harrisburg, on a journey with his family,
for the benefit of his health, on the 4th inst. the
Rev. Robert Little, the highly respected pastor
of the Unitarian Church in Washington City—
Mr. Little was an Englishman, of distinguished
learning and talents.

Next Wednesday!!!

The drawing of the New York Consol. Lottery
will take place next Wednesday, when the fol-
lowing splendid prizes will be distributed.

HIGHEST PRIZES.	
1 Prize of \$15,000	
1 Prize of \$4,000	1 Prize of \$2,500
1 do. 2,000	1 do. 1,750
1 do. 1,500	1 do. 1,425
4 Prizes of \$1,000	10 of 500, 10 of 250,
25 of 100, &c. &c.	
Tickets \$5, shares in proportion.	
A few chances remain to be sold at the Manager's office, adventurers are invited to call and secure a chance, before it be too late.	
Orders enclosing Cash or Prize Tickets (not paid), will receive prompt attention, if ad- dressed to YATES & MINYER, Raleigh or Fayetteville, N. C.	
Raleigh, Aug. 10, 1827.	

Announcement of the Drawing.

COHEN'S OFFICE—114, MARKET ST.
Baltimore, August 6th, 1827.
We have the pleasure to announce that
the drawing of the

Grand Literature Lottery
of the State of Maryland, will take place in the
City of Baltimore, on Wednesday the 17th of
October, and will be completed on that day.
This Lottery is the most brilliant in the United
States; containing, besides the Capitals of
20,000 DOLLARS, and 10,000 DOLLARS, no less
than TEN prizes of TWO THOUSAND DOL-
LARS each!

SCHEME.		
1 Prize of	\$20,000	is \$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,000	10,000
10	500	5,000
20	200	4,000
20	100	2,000
40	50	2,000
100	20	2,000
150	10	15,000
300	5	15,000
9000	4	\$5,000

9662 prizes, amounting to \$114,000
Subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent.
The Cash for the whole of the Prizes can
be had at COHEN'S OFFICE, the moment they
are drawn.

Whole Tickets, \$5, Halves, 2 50, Quarters
1 25, Eighths 62.
Orders from any part of the United States,
either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance,
enclosing the cash or prize tickets in any of the
Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punc-
tual attention as if on personal application.

Address to
J. I. COHEN, JR. & BROTHERS,
Baltimore.
Baltimore, Aug. 6, 1827.

DRAWING
OF THE
Union Canal Lottery,
30TH CLASS
THE following numbers were drawn on the
25th inst. at Philadelphia for determining the
prizes of the above Lottery.
20, 11, 46, 7, 8, 14, 24, 33,
YATES & MINYER