

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1827.

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The Register

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the Editors must be post paid.

Raleigh Register.
TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 11, 1827.

The following complete our Election returns for Members of the General Assembly:
Northampton, Exam Holloman, S. R. B. Gay and John H. Patterson, C.
Perquimans, Willis Riddick, S. Elisha Burke and Robert Perry, C.

The late Storm.—A letter from a gentleman of Newbern, to his friend in this City, says,
“The Storm on Saturday last raged with terrific violence in the lower parts of our town, the water rose as high as six or eight feet, and all communication was carried on in canoes; several vessels were carried up on land but have since been launched. Our accounts from the sea are very disastrous—the U. S. light ship stationed off Cape-Hatteras was run up high and dry upon land where she bilged, the mate and carpenter were drowned; the crew stated that they saw two or three vessels pass their bottom upwards. Several vessels belonging to our port are lost. From Beaufort we ascertain that there is a large vessel on Cape Lookout, and that just before the violence of the storm a sloop made her appearance off the harbor, but could not enter; it is presumed that all were lost. Fort Macon too has become a victim to the war of elements, it is literally in ruins, and the progress they had made will now avail them nothing—the canals made on the island for the transportation of their materials are all filled up, together with the foundation... A beautiful instance of the sublime occurred there, whilst the storm was raging in all its majesty; an enormous quantity of lime had been collected for the use of the fort, this took fire, and presented the appearance of a burning volcano amidst the roar and fury of the angry ocean. Owl Wharves and Steam-mills are very much injured and the damage done to the town is estimated at \$10,000. It is feared our Insurance Company will suffer very much.”

In addition to the statement contained in the above letter, we are able to add the following items:
Among the wrecks near Cape-Hatteras, was the schooner *George*, Capt. Harris, from Providence, for Charleston, with a full cargo. She ran ashore, with the loss of both masts, and it was supposed she had bilged.
Schooner *Cotton Plant*, from New-York, for Washington, N. C.
— *Martha*, Robinson, from do. for Newbern.
— *Mary*, Tolson, from do. for Ocracoke.
— The Captain was lost overboard just before the vessel went ashore.
— *Amity* and schooner *Mentor*, of Newbern, went ashore, the latter bilged.
— *Convoy*, from Washington.
An English brig, with a cargo of mahogany, &c. worth \$165,000, was ashore 20 miles south of Ocracoke.
Five vessels were ashore at Teach's Hole.
The packet ship *Louisa Matilda*, from New-York, for Savannah, with a full cargo, was driven ashore on Boddie's Island, and went to pieces.
Several other schooners, names unknown, were wrecked.
Washington, in this State, suffered considerably. The town was, in a measure, inundated; some of the houses on Water-street had from 5 to 6 feet water in them. The tide rose 12 or 15 feet above ordinary tides. A number of families were taken from their dwellings in boats, and the streets were covered with lumber, naval stores and pieces of drifted wrecks.

Fire!—About 3 o'clock on the morning of the 1st instant, a fire was discovered in Elizabeth City, in the store of Abner Williams; and it had proceeded so far, that all attempts to save the building or its contents proved abortive. Its rage was not stopped till eight or ten buildings were consumed. Among the sufferers were Messrs. A. Williams, W. B. Gregory, A. Rogerson, J. B. Mansard, Wigans, J. C. Ehringhaus, T. R. Cobb, W. Simpson and Mrs. Martin. A coloured man named Wm. Gardner, in attempting to blow up a house, was dreadfully burnt and otherwise injured.

Rhode Island Election.—The election of Representatives to the 20th Congress, took place in Rhode-Island on Tuesday last, when Messrs. Tristram Burges and Dutée J. Pearce were re-elected without opposition.

The Kentucky Congressional Elections have resulted, we learn, in the choice of seven members favorable to Gen. Jackson for the Presidency, and five in favor of Mr. Adams. But both Houses of the State Legislature, it is said, will contain a considerable majority in favor of the present Administration of the General Government.

In the last Congress, seven members were favorable to the Administration and five opposed to it.

The Savannah papers state, that the Hon. Edward F. Tatnall, a member elect, and for several years past a member of the H. of Representatives from the State of Georgia, has resigned his seat in Congress, in consequence, we regret to hear, of continued ill health.

Signs of the Times.—The Leesburg, Va. *Genius of Liberty*, a respectable Republican paper, which has not heretofore taken an active part in the contest for the Presidency, publishes the letter of Mr. Buchanan, and various commentaries on it from other papers. In reference to the letter and comments, the Editor observes:—“To us it appears that many of the arguments are irresistible, and that the General has not only committed himself in his reference to M'Duffie as Mr. Clay's accuser, but that the witness (Mr. Buchanan) on whom he relied in support of his charge against Mr. Clay, has, in his testimony, most fully and unequivocally acquitted that gentleman of the imputed corruption. We do not say this from any partiality towards the gentleman whose conduct has been impeached, (for Mr. Clay is not a favorite with us), but in the sincerity of an honest mind we are constrained to make the declaration.”

In that part of Mr. Buchanan's Address which refers to Mr. Markley, a casual reader might infer that Mr. Markley was the political friend of Mr. Clay, whereas it is notorious and on record that he attended the Congressional minority Caucus which nominated Mr. Crawford, and there voted for General Jackson, and the whole *Jackson party* in Congress recommended him for the important office of Collector of the Port of Philadelphia, but this being filled by another he received a subordinate situation. Mr. Markley and Mr. Buchanan were both uniting in their zeal for the General and the most active agents he had in the canvass.—*Balt. Pat.*

On opening a Charleston paper, yesterday we were startled at seeing an article headed, “Reasons why South Carolina should separate from the Union.” This appalling caption was followed by the subjoined paragraphs:

“Because the Representatives of a majority of the People who consume Woolen goods, are anxious to get them cheap; and thereby, reduce the expenses of Carolina Planters.
“Carolina consumes either the coarsest or finest Wollens; now, the ‘Wollens Bill’ will make exactly the difference of 51 cents in 500 yards of negro cloth, provided the Planter buys British Plains; but if he buys American cloth, and thus secures to his own country the whole profit, he will get better cloth and cheaper, too.
“But besides this: he will thus repay England for excluding our bread-stuffs and lumber; and perhaps, when she finds our retaliation with that of Europe, is ruining her manufacture, she may be glad to admit us to her ports, on terms which are alone becoming Americans. Who will not join in separating the Union?”

This is clever enough, as a comment on the opposition which pervades the Southern States against the Tariff, and as an answer to the improper language which, on one occasion, was made use of by a gentleman of South Carolina, in an address in a public meeting, against the Wollens Bill, in which he talked about “an inquiry into the value of the Union,” &c.;—but we would humbly submit whether a solitary instance of such impropriety, the offspring, in all probability, of momentary excitement, deserves serious reply. It may be weakness, but we must confess we do not like to see the proposition which heads the Charleston paragraph above quoted, lightly or even ironically used. In meeting to express their sentiments in opposition to a public measure which they deem to affect their interests injuriously, and to remonstrate against it, the People of the South exercise a right which their fellow citizens of the North have exercised on the other side of the same question; and we do not find in South Carolina, or elsewhere in the South that the impropriety of language, above referred to, was imitated or countenanced at any other public meeting, or in any published memorial to Congress. Is it not better, therefore, to permit a single instance of such intemperance, reprehensible as we admit it to be, to pass into silent forgetfulness, than to familiarize the public mind to a discussion which can answer no good purpose, and which none but a lunatic can seriously propose? *Nat. Int.*

General Brown returned to Washington City on the 3d inst. from a tour, embracing a great portion of the Southern and Middle States. We are happy to perceive that his health has been very materially improved by this journey. Among other places visited by the General, we may be allowed to particularise the county of Jefferson, in New-York, in which we believe, the General himself was the first settler, leading a small party of enterprising individuals, each bearing his ten or fifteen days' provisions upon his back.—From so small and unpromising a commencement has sprung a well settled and wealthy tract of country, rescued from desolation, and made verdant and fruitful by a population amounting to nearly fifty thousand persons. It must have been a source of honest pride and rational exultation to the General, to mark the astonishing growth of physical and mental

strength which this country now presents; and if we judge rightly of his feelings, the day when he was addressed by a deputation from the inhabitants, must have been among the happiest in his life.
In relation to the state of the troops, at the different posts, we presume the General will promulgate his sentiments in a General Order. As far as we can learn, however, the high state of military and moral discipline to which the Army has attained, has given him entire satisfaction. *Journal.*

Col. David Brearley, U. S. Agent for the emigrating Creek Indians, left the Seat of Government on the 6th inst. on his return to Georgia whence he will, as soon practicable, set out for the Arkansas country, with that portion of the Creek nation that shall have consented to remove. The country which has been selected by Col. B. and the exploring party of Creeks, for the emigrants, is a portion of the territory purchased from the Osages, on the Arkansas river, West of the Arkansas Territory, and is represented as a delightful and fertile region.—*Nat. Int.*

More trouble in Colombia.—The brig *Athenian* arrived last evening from Carthage, brings advices from Bogata down to August, and letters from Carthage to the 13th. The internal troubles of the Republic were increasing again. A letter to the editors of the Gazette, states that Bolivar left Carthage on the 28th of July, on his way to Bogata, to present himself to Congress, and take the oath required by the Constitution. The bad state of affairs in the South of the Republic, brought on by the invasion of Bustamanti's division, and the decided approbation his conduct has received from the Vice President Santander, have made it necessary for the President to detach a strong force, under the orders of General Salom, against it, which force has marched from this place. Another strong division has marched from Venezuela, under the command of General Paez, and from Maracaibo General Urdaneta marches at the head of another division, which has already arrived at Ceuta, on his way to Bogata and the Southern Departments. The public indignation is now directed against Santander, whom we have been taught to believe almost the only genuine republican left—a man who stood forth fearlessly in the breach between Bolivar and despotism—while Bolivar is lauded to the skies. Santander is now charged with being the instigator of the rebellion of Bustamanti and his division—with having speculated upon the public funds, &c. &c. One letter says, that since the attempt at the revolution, (whose direction has been attributed to Santander) he has lost much good opinion, even amongst his most steadfast partisans. It may be said that his party has been actually reduced to a few desperate and despicable well known characters. Another letter states, that the two frigates built in this country are laid up, and are under the charge of a Spaniard named Tono, a confidential agent of Santander, and that they are going to decay as fast as possible. Our previous accounts of the situation of the unfortunate seamen who went out in these vessels is confirmed. They were completely destitute of money and clothing, and were actually dying in the streets for hunger. Another account states, that Paez has declared himself Political Chief of Venezuela. It is generally believed that upon the approach of General Bolivar to Bogata, Santander will fly to Lima, the heads of which city have acted in conjunction with him in the Revolution formed under Bustamanti, and every other treacherous transaction to destroy General Bolivar, and keep him and his myrmidonish power.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

G. F. Weems.—The trial of George F. Weems, for larceny, came on in Boston on Monday week. In a former trial, the jury could not agree, and were discharged. At the commencement of the trial, Mr. Dunlap, counsel for the prisoner, filed a motion to quash the indictment, on the ground, that it contained but one count, whereas it charged the prisoner with taking divers articles at different times. Mr. D. adduced several authorities in support of his motion. The Court overruled the motion, reserving to the prisoner the privilege of a further hearing on the point hereafter. The testimony was the same as on the first trial.

At the opening of the Court, on Tuesday, the jury returned a verdict of “Guilty,” on the count laid in the indictment. Judge Thatcher rejected the motion for an arrest of judgment, on the former conviction of Mr. Weems, for stealing the overcoat of Mr. Fell, of the Legislature, and he was sentenced to four years' imprisonment at hard labour in the State Prison, and 20 days solitary confinement.

At the General Assembly of the Presbyterians in the United States, it appeared that the number of presbyteries was 89; of ministers of the gospel 1214; of licentiates 218; of candidates for the gospel ministry 229; of churches 1887; of additions to the full communion of the church during the last year 12,938; of persons now in full communion 135,285; of adults baptized during the last year

2965, and of infants baptized at the same time 10,229; making a total of 13,194 cases of baptism. Increase of the ordained ministers since the last year 87, notwithstanding the loss of 17 by death. In the same time the increase of licentiates has been 31; of candidates 25; of churches reported 68; of persons now in full communion of the Presbyterian church 7793; of baptisms, 344. The number added to the full communion of the church in 1826 was 12,171; and the increase in the additions of this year is 767.

We observe by an advertisement in the Charleston papers that Ten Thousand Dollars, Six Per Cent Stock, ordered by the Legislature to be issued for the benevolent purpose of rendering assistance to the family of the deceased Patriot Mr. Jefferson is now offered for sale, and that application is referred to Dr. Johnson the President of the U. S. Bank, or to Dr. John Ramsay. The interest of the Stock is to be payable semiannually—and the Stock itself redeemable in the year 1850 having thus 22 years to run.

Accident.—The sail-boat Paul Jones, which left New-York, a few days ago, on a party of pleasure, towards the Narrows, on her return near Staten Island, a lady on board having accidentally dropped her Merino shawl overboard, a seaman by the name of Peter Patton, immediately sprung from the boat and succeeded in securing the shawl. The boat immediately put about for his relief, but, the current being very strong, he sunk before they could reach him.

The Newhaven Herald states, that a Mr. Value, a French gentleman who fled from St. Domingo, and who for the last 20 years has maintained himself in that city by teaching Dancing and “drawing the bow,” has received from the French Government the award of 550,000 francs, as his portion of the sum guaranteed by the Haytian Government, in part payment for a large estate which he lost in the insurrection.

Public Executions.—The impolicy of executing criminals in public has lately been a subject of discussion in this State; and we believe it is now generally admitted, that, as well on account of the criminal as of the public morals, it would be far better that these scenes were private. At the execution of Jes. Strang, at Albany, N. Y. on the 24th ult. about 50,000 persons were present, one fifth of whom were females. One of the papers of that city says: “We are more than ever convinced of the bad effects of public executions. Scenes of the most disgraceful drunkenness, gaming, profanity, and almost all kinds of debauchery, were exhibited in the near vicinity of the gallows, and even at the very time the culprit was suffering. We do most sincerely hope that some law may be enacted requiring that executions shall be performed in private.”

The daily Packet ship *Pacific*, captain Crocker, arrived at New York, from Liverpool on the 3d inst. and brings papers of the 3d of August, which contain no news of importance.

DIED.
At Fayetteville, on the 31st ult. Mr. John B. Moss, of Randolph county, in the 25th year of his age. He arrived at that place on the Tuesday preceding his death, labouring under an illness which resisted the best medical attention.
In Cumberland county, lately, Duncan Wright, a native of Scotland, aged 105 years.
In the same county, on Monday last, Mrs. Charity Ingram, the wife of Mr. John Ingram, aged 65 years.
In Richmond county, on the 31st ult. William P. Leak, Esq. a gentleman of great respectability: ad worth.

At Edenton, on the 28th ult. Mr. Hezekiah Sandford, Jun. a native of the state of N. York, but recently mail-contractor for several routes in the Eastern part of this State.

NOTICE.
THE Copartnership of B. B. Smith, & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st of October last; all persons having claims against the said Firm will present them to B. B. Smith for settlement, and all those indebted will settle with him.
B. B. SMITH,
R. SMITH.

P. S. The business since having been conducted by the subscriber, all those indebted to him are requested to make payment.
98 St
B. B. SMITH.

Valuable Property for Sale.
THE subscriber offers a Tract of Land on Deep River, containing 355 acres, on which is a good Merchant and Grist Mill, well furnished with necessary machinery for making Flour and Meal; a Saw Mill, Oil Mill, and a set of Wool Carding Machines, all in good repair, and water sufficient to serve them all at the same time, with a good Dwelling House and Kitchen, a large framed Barn and two Miller's Houses, with other Outhouses, Apple and Peach Orchards, and a small Farm.
Also, one other tract containing one hundred and fifty acres, lying round the town of New Salem, with several Lots in said town, on one of which there is a good Dwelling House, Store House and Kitchen, a Well of excellent water, a large Garden partly inclosed, with other convenient Outhouses, it being as good a stand for a country Store as any in these parts. The building on both places are mostly well painted, & situate in a healthy place; all of which will be sold low and terms of payment made easy; for which, apply to the subscriber in the town of New Salem, in Randolph county.
PETER DICKS,
August 93.
24 St

To-Morrow
THE DRAWING OF THE
Dismal Swamp Lottery,
Will take place in Richmond, Va.

Capital Prize 15,000 Dollars.
4,000 Dollars,
3,000 Dollars,
2,000 Dollars,
1,800 Dollars,
1,416 Dollars,
5 of 1000 Dols. 5 of 500 Dols. &c. &c. &c.
A few chances remain unsold at
YATES & MINTVE'S Office.
Whole Tickets \$5. Half \$2 50.
Quarter \$1 25.
The drawing will be received on Friday.

Land for Taxes.
TO be sold at the Court-house in Ashe county, on the 3d Monday of December next, for the Taxes due thereon for the years 1825 and 1826:—
50 acres given in by Aaron Church, adjoining the lands of Jas. Philips.
20 acres do do do
417 acres given in by Richard White.
600 acres belonging to the Heirs of William Chaffin, dec'd.
403 acres do do do
100 acres given in by Richard Arnold.
20 acres supposed to be the property of Paul Hanson.
50 acres belonging to John Estep, on the Fork Ridge.
100 acres belonging to Jas. Estep.
40 acres belonging to the Heirs of Ruth Estep.
100 acres belonging to Richard C. Swearingen, on Watoga River. JNO. RHEA, Shil.
Price adv. \$2 00 98 3w

University of North Carolina.
IN obedience to an ordinance of the Board of Trustees, the undersigned hereby give notice, that they are authorized and ready to receive proposals, for boarding the students at Chapel-Hill. The contractor will be allowed the steward's buildings, and the cleared land attached thereto, free of rent, and in addition, be permitted to take from the Wood-Lands of the Corporation, all necessary fire-wood. The Boarding-House must open with the session in January, 1828.
Written proposals addressed to the Committee of Visitors, Hillsborough, North-Carolina, will meet with prompt attention.
FREDK NASH,
A. MOORE,
J. MEBANE,
Committee of Visitors.
Hillsborough, July 5th, 1827.

Twenty Dollars Reward.
RANAWAY from our Mills at Wilmington, four or five weeks since, a dark Mulatto man named CHARLES, 26 or 27 years of age, about 5 feet seven inches in height, and stoutly built. We purchased Charles in January, 1826; he has wrought with our Carpenters most of the time since. He was formerly owned by Mr. Louis Reade, of Melville's Creek, Beaufort county, 15 miles below North Washington, on Pamlico.
We have some cause to suspect that he may have joined some runaways belonging to either Sampson or Wake County.
We will give Twenty Dollars for his apprehension and delivery to us, or Ten Dollars on his being safely lodged in any Jail in the State.
C. & P. MALLETT,
Fayetteville, May 17, 1827. 66 ff

Valuable Land for Sale.
THE subscriber wishing to move to the West, offers for sale the following Tracts of Land in the County of Nash:—
One tract containing about 1800 acres, lying on the south side of the River, twelve miles south of Nash Courthouse. This land is of excellent quality for corn and cotton, and in one of the best ranges for stock in the State.
One other tract, on Peach Tree Creek, ten miles west of Nash Courthouse, containing 1500 acres. This tract is high and healthy, & of good quality for corn and cotton, and very well timbered.
One other tract of 90 acres, on Tar River eight or ten miles below the first named tract, and is first rate land (low grounds principally).
Also, my Dower right to the tract of land I now live on, in the county of Halifax, containing 380 acres. This tract is in prime order for cropping, and well improved; a good dwelling and outhouses, one of the pleasantest, airy situations in the upper end of the county, and remarkably healthy.
Negroes will be taken for part, and terms made easy to the purchaser. Application made to myself, or my Agent, Willis W. Alston, a fee simple could be made to the dower, as most of heirs are of age.
TEMPERANCE ALSTON,
Halifax county; July 3. 80 St.

State of North-Carolina.
County of Randolph.
Hez. Johnston & others,
vs.
Robert Walker & others. } In Equity.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants Thomas Beard and Jesse Beard, surviving executors of the last will and testament of John Brand, deceased, are not inhabitants of this State; it is therefore ordered and decreed that the surviving executors of the said John Brand, dec'd, shall appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Randolph, on the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer to or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint; or otherwise the said bill will be taken as confessed; to be heard ex parte; and that this order shall be published six weeks in succession in the Raleigh Register.
A copy. B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E.
pr. adv. \$2 50

FOR SALE,
THE House and Lot occupied by Mrs. A. L. Taylor, in the immediate vicinity of Williamsboro', with seventy acres of Land adjoining. A reasonable credit will be allowed the purchaser. JNO. C. TAYLOR, Esq'
August 14. 92 cont