

On the bill for forming a new County by the name of Macon, out of the lands lately acquired by Treaty from the Cherokee Indians.

Mr. Fisher said, it was with reluctance that he rose on this occasion; but he could not help making a few remarks on what had fallen from gentlemen opposed to this bill.

Some of the objections made to the passage of this bill, said Mr. F. are entirely untenable. It had been objected to because of the expense which would attend the forming of this new County.

And the gentleman from Halifax states that the present Senator of Haywood was elected by 58 votes only. What were the facts in the case he did not know;

When the gentleman from Halifax objects to the formation of this County, because Haywood has at present so few freeholders, he ought to recollect that he stands on this floor as the Representative of but a small number of Constituents.

Gentlemen consider this application for a new County as a sort of scheme which they do not understand; and though they be unwilling to imitate the Crane in the Fable who put his head in the Fox's mouth; they are willing to put their hands into the pockets of these citizens, and draw from thence nearly 120,000 dollars.

But an additional reason for admitting these citizens to be formed into a County, in preference to those who asked to be erected into the County of Jackson, is the pledge.

And he would ask gentlemen who represented those parts of the State which had been favored by the expenditure of large sums of money which were principally derived from these lands, whether they could now, when these citizens come forward and present their grievances to the Legislature, turn a deaf ear to their cries?

But the gentleman from Halifax says the Eastern section of the State have the preponderating power in the Legislature and they will keep it. Do we then come here for the purpose of watching one another—one section desiring to keep another down, instead of redressing their grievances and doing justice to our fellow-citizens? This ought not to be.

of the East will still have a majority of 27. In this view, therefore, they have nothing to fear. But shall it be said that the Legislature of North-Carolina assemble here actuated by local prejudices and considerations?

Nature has in some respects been unkind to us in giving us an iron-bound coast; but liberal to us in other respects. We have a fine climate and fertile lands, standing on the middle ground, between the extreme North & South, where we are blessed with all the necessities and many of the luxuries of life.

He regretted that on a former occasion, and more particularly to-day, that anything had been said about these people leaving us and going to another State. Nothing, except to talk about a division of the Union, was more alarming. And yet there is some force in the remark—If such an event were to happen, it would be something like that ever-to-be-regretted course taken by this Government when we suffered the loss of that valuable Territory which now forms the State of Tennessee.

Mr. F. said he would only notice one other remark, and then take his seat. Gentlemen had said that they were opposed to forming any more new Counties; that they would rather consolidate some already in existence.

After a few other remarks from Mr. Cooper, Mr. Vail, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Graham and Mr. Bynum, the committee rose, and reported the bill to the House, without amendment.

The bill was then read the second time; and the question being on its passage, Mr. Gaston observed, that it had occurred to him, that if this bill passed, an amendment would be proper.

Yeas.—Messrs. Alexander, Alford, Allison, Barnhardt, Bethell, Blackwood, Bogle, Borden, B. S. Brittain, Mark Brittain, Brooks, Calloway, Clayton, Clement, Eccles, Edmonston, Fisher, Fleming, Gaston, Gibson, Gordon, Graham, Hampton, Hancock, Hester, Holgate, Jasper, J. C. Jones, Kendall, Lilly, Loretz, Martin, Mendenhall, Mitchell, G. T. Moore, A. Moore, Morris, McLean, McMillan, McNeill, Nash, Newland, Nicholson, Potter, Purcell, Rainey, Russell, Sainclair, Shipp, Simpson, N. G. Smith, J. Smith, Stephens, Stockard, Styron, Swain, Tyson, H. Waddell, A. Waddell, Wadsworth, J. Walker, H. Walker, J. Webb, E. Williams, and A. Williams.—65.

Nays.—Messrs. Ball, Bass, Battle, Bateman, Blackledge, Boykin, Branch, Bryan, Bynum, Blaylock, Cooper, Cox, Davenport, Dozier, Dickerson, Ellis, Foy, Gary, Gillespie, Gregg, Harner, W. G. Jones, Wealey Jones, Kery, Larkins, M. Latham, T. Latham, M. Montgomery, M. Moore, M. Niche, Nelson, Pierce, Pool, Riddick, Rhodes, Rogers, Rogerson, Sasser, Sanderson, Sharpe, L. R. Simmons, B. T. Simmons, Thos. B. Smith, Spruill, Steiman, Underwood, Wail, R. Walker, Ward, Welford, Watson, Th

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

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Webb, Webster, Wheeler, Whitfield, Whitaker, Wilder, Wilkinson, Wilson, Wright, and Wyche.—62.

CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Monday, Jan. 12. The resignation of Mr. Bateman, from New Jersey, owing to bad health, was laid before the Senate.

John M. Clayton, a new member, appeared from Delaware. The protest of the Legislature of Georgia against the Tariff law, was presented, and ordered to be printed.

A resolution was passed instructing the Committee on Indian Affairs to enquire what further provisions by law are necessary to effect with the least delay and expense, the removal, with their consent, of the Indians, from the several States and Territories of the Union.

The Senate took up Mr. Benton's resolutions relative to the Sinking Fund, Public Debt, &c. and the whole subject was referred to the Committee of Finance.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Jan. 12.

Mr. McDuffie, from the committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to impose regulations on sales at Auction. Mr. Storrs reported a bill for taking the Fifth Census of the United States.

The House took up the bill to authorize the State of Tennessee to issue grants and perfect titles to certain lands. Mr. Lea and Mr. Crockett spoke in favor of the bill, and Mr. Carson, Mr. Locke and Mr. Woods against it. The House then adjourned.

Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, JAN. 20, 1829.

The Tariff.—Notwithstanding all the violence exhibited by the States of South-Carolina and Georgia on this subject Mr. Niles, in his Register, insists that it is not true that the Tariff laws, so far as they have a protecting character, are oppressive on the South. And shews, by reference to public Documents, that the protection offered by the Tariff has not advanced the price of commodities; that it has not diminished the Revenue of the U. States; and that it has not interfered with the foreign demand for products of the Agriculture of the South.

Proposed extension of Railroad.—A writer in the Charleston Mercury under the signature of CLINTON, suggests the propriety of extending the Railroad which is about to be made between Charleston and Augusta, from the latter place to the highest point of navigation in the Tennessee River, a distance of little more than 200 miles, when the obstructions at the Muscle Shoals are removed. (for effecting which Congress has appropriated 400,000 acres of fertile land, worth it is supposed two millions of dollars) will form an Outlet to the Atlantic Ocean!

This would be a great object to the citizens of the South and South-west, & would be an improvement of national importance.

Virginia Convention.—The Legislature of Virginia, are warmly engaged in debating this question. Various propositions have been made as to the proper mode of electing Members to the proposed Convention; but as yet no one has been agreed to. County representation, the Congressional district plan, and a representation of all the white inhabitants, have each their advocates. The Constitutional Whig speaking on this subject, says:

"When we reflect that three-fifths of freemen of this land are non-freeholders—that they compose the majority of that community whom the Bill of Rights declares to possess the right to amend, alter or abolish the Government—it is matter of amazement to perceive the utter contempt and non-chalance with which they have been treated by the House of Delegates.—They are expressly, in contravention of all right, excluded from voting for members of convention—they are by an amendment to the bill, deprived of the privilege of holding a seat in that assembly—and in short they are no where recognized as existing, but for the purpose of being stripped of the unalienable and indefeasible rights guaranteed to be theirs in the Bill of Rights. Individually, we are indifferent to an extension of the right of suffrage; we have been rather indisposed to a change; but the Legislature are taking the course to make this change not a matter of choice but necessity. It is impossible, we think, for the non-freeholders to submit quietly to the insulting indifference with which they are bowed out of their right to participate in the proposed alteration of the form of Government. There is no power

under Heaven, which has the right to say to them, that they shall not have a voice in making the Government which has to rule them as well as others. It is impossible that they can submit to be classed with slaves, and told that this is a matter not for them, but for freeholders to determine."

On the Presidency.—Mr. Smyth of Virginia has brought a proposition before Congress to amend the Constitution, so as that the President shall be ineligible to a second election. It appears he sent a copy of his Speech on this occasion to Chief-Justice Marshall, who acknowledged the receipt of it, and gave his approbation to the measure, as follows:

Richmond Jan. 1st, 1829. DEAR SIR: I have received your speech on the resolution amendatory of the Constitution, and thank you for sending it to me. I have read it with great attention, and think the argument against the re-eligibility of the President, very strong. Public opinion is, I believe, taking a decided direction towards this point; and I am disposed to think, in its favor. Some difference may exist respecting the time for which the Chief Magistrate ought to be elected—perhaps, than on the propriety of his being re-eligible.

The question is one of great interest and delicacy; and is not without difficulty. We may perceive the inconvenience of the present arrangement much more clearly than those which may result from any new and untried system.—In a great and powerful republic, nothing is more difficult than the disposition of the Executive power. Yet, though not very fond of experiments, I should be disposed to try the effect of confining the Chief Magistrate to a single term.

With great respect I am, sir, your obt. servt. J. MARSHALL. The Hon. ALEXANDER SMYTH, Washington.

Harrison G. Otis, Esq. is elected Mayor of Boston, in the place of Mr. Quincy, resigned. On taking the oaths of office, Mr. O. made a handsome Address, in the conclusion of which, he alluded to his political life, and made the explicit declaration "before God and his country, that he had never been present at any deliberations, either public or private, among few or many, in which the question of a dismemberment of the Union, or the forcible resistance of the measures of the General Government for a moment was agitated."

Honors to the Governor.—The citizens of this town, the personal and political friends of our esteemed Governor, JOHN OWEN, Esq. this day engaged in paying him the most distinguished marks of attention and respect. At a meeting held a few days ago, it was determined to address a letter to Gov. Owen, at Raleigh, to pass through this town on his way to his seat in Baden; and that should he do so, a committee would meet and conduct him to town, where his fellow-citizens proposed to pay their respects to him at a Coliation to be served at the Mansion Hotel, and a Ball in the evening at the Lafayette Hotel. The Governor having replied that he would arrive here this day, the Committee, consisting of Jas. Seawell, Esq. Magistrate of Police, Louis D. Henry and John MacRae, Esqrs. proceeded yesterday afternoon to Mrs. Campbell's, eight miles from town, where they met his Excellency. The Corps of Flying Artillery, attached to the Fayetteville Battalion, also left this morning, to meet and escort him to town, and the whole are now, as our paper is going to press, momentarily expected to arrive.—The remainder of the Battalion, and the Independent Company, are also under arms, to be presently reviewed by the Governor.—Fayette. Obs. Jan. 15.

DIED.

At Williamsborough, in this State, on Thursday last, Mrs. Sarah Ravenscroft, wife of the Rev. John Ravenscroft, Bishop of this Diocese. An acquaintance of some years with this estimable lady during her residence in this City, enables us to bear testimony to the piety and virtue of the deceased—of mild and endearing manners, and of a friendly disposition, Mrs. Ravenscroft was esteemed by her neighbours, and beloved in no common degree by her friends and connections. She had no children; but her loss will be irreplaceable to her kind and indulgent husband. In Rowan county, on the 3d inst. after a long and painful illness, Mr. Nicholas Filhouer, aged 68 years, a native of Germany. In Fayetteville on Monday last, Mr. Luke Bowen, for many years an inhabitant of that place. In Hillsboro' a few days ago, Mrs. Sloan, at the advanced age of 89 years. At Washington City, on the 15th instant, Col. Isaac Roberdeau, Chief of the Topographical Corps. At Philadelphia, on the 12th instant, the Rev. Doctor Chester, of Albany, of the Presbyterian Church.

STRAYED.

FROM a Lot in the suburbs of Raleigh, on the 23d ult. Two Mares, one a dark Bay, close built, with a white Star in her forehead, with new Shoes on her hind feet, is 4 feet 10 inches high, and from 8 to 10 years old. The other a bright Bay, has a large blaze in her face, 2 hind legs white, is nearly 5 feet high, and 11 or 12 years old. Five Dollars Reward will be given to any person who will restore said Mares to Leroy Pettiford, Raleigh or two dollars and a half for either of them. Jan. 19, 1829.

Table listing land parcels for sale, including names like Rhoda Carr, Jesse Murphree, and various acreages and years.

State of North-Carolina, WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1828. Fanny Utley, widow of William Utley, dec'd. Petition for Dower. Thomas Utley, and others, heirs of said dec'd. It having been made appear to the Court, that one of the Defendants, to wit, Thomas Utley, lives beyond the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process cannot be served on him.

State of North-Carolina, Rutherford County.

Superior Court of Law—October Term, 1828. William Hicks v. Elizabeth Hicks. Petition for Divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Elizabeth Hicks, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made three months in the Raleigh Register, giving notice to the defendant that he appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be holden in Rutherford County, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso and adjudged accordingly.

State of North-Carolina, WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Ex parte Jones. William Jones, Thomas Jones, Jane Jones, Thomas R. Smaw and Nancy his wife, Charlotte Jones, by Levi Fagan, her Guardian, and Frelley Jones, by Wm. Fagan, Sen. his Guardian. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Thomas Jones resides without the limits of the State; it is ordered that publication be made three months in the Raleigh Register, that unless he appear and answer at the next Superior Court of Equity to be held for the County of Washington on the second Monday in March next, Judgment pro confesso will be taken against him. J. GOELLET, C. M. E. W. C.

State of North-Carolina, Halifax County.

In Equity—Fall Term, 1828. William E. Shine, Complainant. George W. Gary, Robert F. W. H. Perkins and Stephen Burrows, Defendants. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Robt. F. W. H. Perkins resides beyond the limits of this State; it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for 3 months, that unless he appear by the second day of next term, and put in an answer, plea or demurrer to the Complainant's bill; it will be taken pro confesso, and set for hearing ex parte as to him. Witness, Edmund B. Freeman, Clerk and Master in Equity, for Halifax county, at office, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in Sept. 1828. EDM. B. FREEMAN, C. W. S.

State of North-Carolina, Edgecombe County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1828. The President and Directors of the State Bank, vs. Bennet Barrow. Original Attachment. Spencer D. Gotton and Theophilus Parker summoned as Garnishees. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not a resident of this State; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Register, that unless the defendant make his personal appearance at the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the Court house in Tarborough, on the fourth Monday in February next, and reply and plead, judgment by default will be taken against, and the property levied on condemned, subject to the plaintiff's recovery. Witness, Michael Hearn, Clerk of said Court, at office, the fourth Monday of November, 1828. MICHAEL HEARN, C. C.

State of North-Carolina, Bertie County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Nov. Term, 1828.

Cullen Capchar, Judicial attachment, returned to this term, "Levied on a negro girl, the property of Charles Fleetwood." It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant Charles Fleetwood has removed without the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him; it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, for three months, for the said Charles Fleetwood, that unless he appear by himself or some agent, and reply and plead, property on or before the second Monday of February next, Judgment by default will be taken against him, and the property levied on condemned to the use of the Plaintiff. (By order of the Court.) B. A. RHODES, CL.