

 It went into similar calculation with reger to the Bank o
 ments, in the stock of this Bank, the gross sum of 8237,472 , equa
 per cent since hat st mis in

With regard to the State Bank, lie stated the profits receive den cont. That the pwivate stockhonders received during the first te
 liat frim 1821 (thie, perimi when "othe Cobricated captiaa began ent. The average anmual profit frome 1812 to 1827 , both inctuive, was 88 perer cent. The stock of this Bank owned by the State is 2206 slares, estimated, at its, par value
The whole profit derived from the Bank, he recapitulated as Hilows: Fron the Bank of Newbern,

Bank or Cape
State Bank,
He stated the whole amount of Bank stoc
He stated
The result is, that the State has received for every share of stock for which she has paid, a per cent twice as large, as that
divided by the other corporaturs, and stie now calts upou them to surrender the rest ! Has the extortion aud usury and oppression. represented by the gentleman from Grannille, reen practised, and
is the State innocent? Sir, we shoutid have regard for our own characters, and we should manifest a decent respect far the reputation of those who have gone before us. I never shall froget the
remark of the distinguished individual, to whom I have just had occasion to atlude, as connected with the bank charter of 1814 and of whom Inever think but was a mingtation alike appropriate
tion, affection and regret. It was
 "Private credit is wealth, public credit is safety," "The feaa
ther that adorus the royal bird sustains his flight, strip him of his plumage and you fix him to the earthe" The times are pressing,
but they refuire no such desperate remedy as this, nor are we reduced to the ruinous condition which some gentlemen have repre sented. The exposes of the Banks for 1818, will shew, that a
that perind of ligh commercial prosperity, we were indebted $t$ these institutions, to an amount greater than that which we now
owe, by $\$ 1,200,000$. Sir, the community seem to have been intoxicated, the process by which they became so was pleaanant
enough, aud frightful as their situation now seems to them, it it
not so dangerous as the seeminis prosperity, from which they have not so dar
escaped.
But suppose a successful termination of your legal proceedings a dissolution of the corporations, and an account of the profits In what manner dyes your bill propose to dispose of the ill-gotten
wealth? Out of the plunder, and an additional million borrowed upinin the public faith, we are to ha long excusitely to the State. It it ives me no pleasure to see the
State a corporator in these institutions, much less am I willing to
see her sole banker. So decided is my aversion to the policy, that see her sole banker. So decided is my aversion to the policy, tha
I would gladly see her restrained from all connexion with any banking institution in the State, by constitutional prohibition.
Sir, when we have robbed the hive, and enriched ourselves a the expense of many an orphan', whise hands are guililess of the
country's blood, when we have borrowed a million, that we may lend it out again, we are to set up a wholesale Bank, the capita
 no interest, that is not at variance with the interest of the institu.
tion. And what think you will be the principles upon which they will be chasen? The pepple want money; they tell their repre
sentatives they must have money, and we are told here every day that the vox populi is the vox ici. Their instructions, right of tions will we must obey. Can we believe for a monvent, that selec the
the individual will sonetimes be appointed director bereause
promises to be governed by our wislies, when he thas neither the promises to be governed by our wishes, when he has neither the
ability to detemine whethiter such a course will promote the pub-
lic good, or the integrity to byiverned ty it he had? We have
so
 Banks, watched by the Argus eyes of indivituat interests, govern
ed by officers whose interest was identified with their prosperity pital, is not sesch pech as to excelude etemptation. The man whoo would lesitate to tay his hauds on individuall wealth, may be permitted
by his conscience to plunder a Bank without remorse; and he who would shudder at the thought of robbing, a corporation, may fee
no conpunction, when he thrusts his fingers in the public chest
 tance, and there is no reason why he should not have it as well a anuther. Such may be the soliloquy of many a rogue, who wil pilfer modestly at first, but increasing his couraze, as he advan ces merime, will ulimatity
by the craving of his desires.
We have already carried banking to a sufficient extent. North. ed institutions are essential to commercial purciaits, tate, Monit as you will, it is at least nothing more nor less than shaving upou
large scale and the single a harge scale ; and the single proposition before us, is whe
ther that slaul be openly practised by a government, whic sodious in a corporation, and disreputable to an individual.
this Southerin State of steady babits, proverbial in its better. for econony, stotriety, private hatits, pubreverbial in its bettion day hat we were willing to let banks and banking pritileges alone They are neither adapred to thegemius of our institutions, nor the character nf our people. All our experieice is opposed to then
We eatablished the State Bank, for two leading purposes, the fition or rid us of our paper currency, which did note esceed in ainpult ve have thrown into circulation 8262,000 of Treasory Note

 he United St We next solicited the estalishinent of a bramelr: arcise a salutary infuence over all ot thom. Alt this is malter

 hseluilian witch they tell as has prodlaced our ruini




## 

 atary provision in nar conatiotion, which conaritated for that sa. to the Legislature, the guididy of ofercous, the other of property. Neither can act independenty thd of tisit - the bior caniot it lin inos, the history of rebellitins will be found to liave hen in or ( poverty against weath, of the poor againgr the rich. Con cls, i may haye preceded, out has precedets at but ghort inter ir, very far listanit, when the freemen of thit country shatl weep er suclia scene.

## congress

## mian fuman




 Company, Sime priate bill were etted apon, Three haurs werd
spent in the consideration of axeutive basioes. The Committee on Firances ereportectury inon,





HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES


 $T \mathrm{Tic}$ and





 Mr. Millufie ind the B

## The onsideration of Priday, Fibmary in:

The onsilieraiun or Mr. A. Sumith's propasition to mened the Coe








 were reported to the House.
The Non-Freeholders are beginning CONTION
The Non-Freeholders are beginning to conplain of the late Act of the proposed Convention. A meeting was heldich Richmond on on soturde
the 14 in inst. at which it was resolved that the " Non freeholders of
 questionably. Yef we do nnt approve the course which this at end the polls at the Freeholiders throughout the Slate, which is, 10 he law, could not recognize them by the lave and therefoue the at empt would be fruitiess. The best plan for the Non-treehictlers to a
dopt, would, iv our opinions be, to get up a Renonstand vention in every County and Corporation of the Stire, the Conthis most numerous but loug lisfranchised cligs should set firth their righty, and maky known thei firop detemination to contend for them to
the last title. Such an appeal from so large a budy of freemen, come he last title. Such an appeal from so large a budy of freemen, com
posed of ite bone and sinew ot the communty, would not tee ligegarded. e think we know our fetlow eitizens, Alarge majority of the Pree
holdere are not indisposed to relioquish this odious feature of the State Govercuretst True, they have hell the reigis of power for a long
time ; but as they gought not this exclusive privilege in the first in tance, it being a remnant of the Colurial syptem, they will, we cannol oubt. when a fil opportunity shall present itself, do justice If pot
untarily, at least atter spech a demand, to the Non- Preehidders.
Petersburg Time.

A Fire Inguratace Company, has recently been fomped in Nofridee folice to see one fortried on the same plap in this jown. It is ao fol-
lows ; Eviry man w ishing insurance maike a nofe oo the ufficers of the payable on dewand without interest. Fired on accinding to the risk






