Internal Improvements and Agriculture.

A meeting of the Citizens of Pasquotank county was held at the Court-House in E lizabeth City on Saturday last, with a view to organize a society for the purposes of Internal and Agricultural Improvementwhen Dr. WILLIAM MARTIN was called to the chair and F. A. Sawyer appointed Secretary to the meeting.

The object of the meeting being explained in an appropriate manner from the chair, a society was formed under the appellation of a society for the purposes of Internal Improvement and Agriculture, established at Raleigh.

The following gentlemen were elected the officers of the society :- Dr. Wm. Martin, President, Captain Stephen Charles, Vice-President, Fred. A. Sawyer, Secre-

tary, William Moore, Treasurer. After the appointment of Branch Committers in the different sections of the county, a standing committee consisting of Wm. B. Shepard, Asa Rogerson, C. R. Kinney, L. C. Moore, Mathew Cluff, Extem Newby. 1. N. Lamb, and Jos. H. Pool, were appointed, and requested to prepare an address to the citizens of Pasquotank

On motion, It was ordered that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Elizabeth City Star.

WM. MARTIN, Chairman. F. A. SAWYER, Secretary.

At a meeting of the standing committee the following Address to the citizens of the county of Pasquotank was adopted and ordered to be printed:

To the Citizens of Pasquotank County.

FELLOW-CITIZERS-A Society has been formed in the City of Raleigh for the purpose of advancing the Improvement of North-Carolina. This Society has called upon the citizens of the several counties to form Auxiliary Societies, to aid them in their patriotic endeavors. In compliance with this invitation, a number of the citizens of Pa-quotank met at the Courthouse, on Saturday the 6th inst. and formed a Society, and appointed the undersigned a Committee to address the citizens of the county, to explain the object of the Society, and to request all such as approve of it to come forward and become members.

The Society established in this county is called the Society for the purposes of Internal Improvement and Agriculture. By Internal Improvement is meant to increase the productions of our country, & the facilities of carrying those productions to convenient markets. Most of you are farmers; you must, therefore, approve of a take part in the discussion. Society, one object of which is to encourage the agriculture of the county, by offering premiums, introducing improvements, &c. It is, therefore, unnecessary for us to enlarge upon the immense advantages of such a Society, properly encouraged. to Pasquotank county.

The opening of a communication between Albemarle Sound and the Ocean, for the transportation of our products to market, is a matter of great and paramount importance. The cause of internal improvement has suffered in North-Carolina, from an ignorance of the subject, and its supposed difficulties. You have been told, fellow-citizens, that the friends of internal improvement would impoverish and tax the people in this you have been deceived by persons who perhaps knew no better. The friends of Internal improvement neverin tended, and do not de sire to increase the taxes of the county one cent; so far from that, if you will countenance their endeavors, they will put thousands in your pock-

Why is it fellow-citizens, that the district of Edenton, possessed of as large a body of rich land as any section of the Union, does not flourish ? Why is it that our productions sell for so little in market; and though we toil from year to year, our condition is but little improved, and hundreds have within a few months left their homes, to seek a better land beyond the mountains? Are we less industrious than our neighbors ; or does a less bountiful Providence reward our tods ! No ! our depression arises principally from the want of a communication with the ocean through Rosnoke Inlet.

By a memorial to the Legislature in 1827, it has been ascertained that the counties trading through Ocracock pay an annual tax of \$350,000 in lighterage, insurance, detention, &c. To convince you then of the necessity of this inlet City who boys your produce could ship it directly to market without this detention, that part of this \$350,000 which is now lost, would go to increase what you receive for your productions. Why is it that the same stayes which here will sell for because the merchant there knows better than in Elizabeth City what to do with the article, but because the Norfolk merchant by mean of his ship his staves to market at a less expense. In the citizens of the county to attend. article of salt we pay five cents more in the bushel an easy communication with the sea. The merchants of Elizabeth City who ship by Ocracock. pay sixty cents freight and charges on a barrel of corn; if they could ship through Roanoke. the expense would be but forty cents they his corn than they now can, and at least four dullars more per thousand for his staves.

If it were not from the fear of being tediously minute, fellow-citizens, we could select articles of common use and convenience to convince you that you are daily paying an enormous tax for the want of this communication. We have good lands, and are near the ocean, the highway of nations; we need nothing but to be true to our own interests, to become a great and flourishing people: so that instead of continually witnessing the afflicting spectacle of families quitting their friends and homes, our towns and villages will exhibit prosperous activity, and our country contentment and plenty.

Various stimates of the expense of opening Roanoke Inlet have been made, varying from one to three millions of dollars; by expending which sum, millions would be saved to the country,-There are many among us who will say, we acknowledge the truth of all this, but where is this money to come from? We are poor and have it not. We reply, if North-Carolina cannot accomplish the work, it is our duty to ask, and we have a right to demand it from Congress.

By an estimate submitted to Congress last session, North-Carolina had received but \$1000 mode of nominating as herein proposed. from Congress since the establishment of the General Government; although some of the States have received more than a million of dollars .-How is this fellow-citizen, have we not been as frue to the constitution as the rest ! In the day of battle and of trial, have we not stood firmly by our country? Why then, should we be neglected? Congress has not neglected us, we have neglected ourselves—we have never asked

ver received a mite. In 1827, Congress gave Alabama 400,000 acres of land, valued at four millions of dollars, to cut a canal around the Muscle Shoals of the Tennesses river. Ohio likewise received 400,000 acres. The wealthy city of l'hiladelphia petitioned for, and received a large sum of money to erect a breakwater at the mouth of the Delaware, for the protection of her shipping. Why then should we not ask, and ought we not to receive a few of the crumbs that fall from this bountiful table ? Is it any benefit to you fellow-citizens, that the surplus revenue of the country should be spent at the North and the West ! Ought not some of it to be spent among us ? While our Congressmen are wrangling about the right, the people of the West and the North are using the money. There is but one thing for you to do; you have but to step boldly forward and ask for the money, and and declared to be auxiliary to the society it will be given you. But if you remain in this listless, careless way for ever, you will never receive a dollar, so true is it that those who neglect themselves will be neglected by the world.

If by any calamity, North-Carolina should become separated from the rest of the Umon, she has no work within her horders which could attest to the enquiring stranger, that she had ever enjoyed the advantages of a government established for the benefit of the People. This is true, fellow-citizens, and its truth is an indelible satire upon our rulers. In a few years the general government will have ten millions of surplus revenue, and if you do not step forward & claim a part of it as your right, it will be distributed to swell the abundance of others. Let every man among us then, who feels for his rights as a freeman should feel-who is desirous of leaving to his children an inheritance worthy of their acceptance, and one that they will be proud to maintain, make the cause of Internal Improvement his own cause, as well as the cause of his Pocahoutas.

Wm. B. Shepard, Mathew Cluff, Exum Newby, Asa Rogerson, I. N. Lamb, and C. R. kinney, Jos. H. Pool. L. C. Moore, Elizabeth City, June 8, 1829.

From the Free Press. A meeting of the enlarged committee on internal improvement and other subects connected with the improvement of the internal condition of North-Carolina. was held at the Court-house in Tarborough 4th inst. in pursuance of a call by the Chairman of the original committee.

On motion of Mr. Theo. Parker, Dr. James J. Philips was called to the Chair, and Henry Bryan appointed Secretary.

The proceedings of the former meeting were read, and most of the members of

Joseph R. Lloyd introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That all residents of the county of derson of Loudoun. Edgecombe, who are present, be invited to

Which was unanimously adopted, and the Chairman invited them accordingly.

The Chairman of the original committee explained the object of the meeting, and the monner in which this committee was formed; and called the attention of the meeting to the consideration of the following subjects:

1st. What improvement can be made to facil' itate the transportation of the surplus produce to the general markets of the world? 2d. Should North-Carolina ask of the Gener-

al Government appropriations of money for this purpose, and thereby place herself on an equal footing with her sister states; or, shall she insist on a construction of the Constitution as contended for by a minority, and remain for centu. ries in an unimproved condition?

3d. The State having provided the means of Education for the rich, should she not establish Free Schools for the poor ,and in what manner can a fund be raised for this purpose ?

4th. What is the most effectual method of preventing the present demoralizing and disgraceful method of electioneering for the honor of representing the people?

Richard Hines, Esq. spoke in favor of internal improvements, and was for asking assistance from the General Government for this purpose.

Redding Pittinan, Esq. was opposed to internal improvements of any kind, and introduced resolutions expressing the sense of the meeting unfavorable to the same and to common schools.

Mr. Lloyd spoke in opposition to the at Roanoke, suppose the merchant in Elizabeth resolutions; and Mr. Bynum having expressed an opinion as to the expediency of deciding so important a question at this time, said resolutions were withdrawn; and, according to the suggestion of Mr. but eight to ten dollars per thousand, are worth Bynum, the further consideration of the in Norfolk fifteen to eighteen dollars ? It is not three first subjects was postponed until the lourth Thursday in October next; and i was made the duty of the Chairman to deep water communication with the ocean, can give notice of said meeting, and invite the

The fourth question was then taken inthan is paid in Wilming on or any port enjoying to consideration, and the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That we view with deep regret the practice of treating and electioneering so common in our State, and that we will not vote for would be enabled then, and certainly would, any candidate, who may directly or indirectly give the farmer twenty cents more per barrel for give public treats or feasts, for the purpose of procuring his election and we most earnestly recommend to the citizens of the county, to use every proper effort to suppress a custom so baneful in its effects.

said resolution; and after some discussion, seph Martin of Henry, and Archibald this motion was rejected, two only voting Stuart, Jr. of Patrick. in the affirmative.

It was then proposed to nominate candidates for the next Legislature; which, after some conversation, was deemed inexpedient-when the following resolutions were unanimously adopted :

Resolved, That whereas there are now candidates in nomination, we deem it improper at this time to make other nominations.

Resolved, further, That each captain's district be requested to appoint three delegates to meet at the Court-house in Tarborough, on the second lay of May Court in each year, for the purpose of nominating candidates to the General Assembly; and that the captains in each district be requested to take the votes of their respective districts, whether they are in favor or against the

From the Richmond Compiler. COMPLETE LIST

Of Members of the Virginia Convention to meet in October next, arranged in their several Districts according to the order of the Sena-

District of Amelia, Nottoway, Cumberfor any thing, and therefore have received no. land, Powhatan and Chesterfield, and the thing. Though we have paid thousands of dol- town of Petersburg.—John W. Jones of lars into the national treas at -though our inte- Chesterfield, Benjamin Watkins Leigh of

rests have for years been suffering, we have ne. Richmond, Samuel Taylor of Chester- lature, or now in the walks of private field, and Wm. B. Giles of Amelia, now life, several that have been or are now

the Governor of the Commonwealth.) District of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Lunenburg and Mecklenburg .- William H. Brodnax of Brunswick, George C. Domgoole of Brunswick, Mark Alexander of Mecklenburg, (Member of Congress,) and William O. Goode of Mecklenburg.

District of the city of Williamsburg, and the counties of James City, Charles City, New Kent, Elizabeth City, York, Warwick, and Henrico, and the City of Richmond. - John Marshall of the city of Richmand, (Chief Justice of the United States,) John Taylor of Charles City. (Senator of the United States,) Philip N. Nicholas of Richmond, and John B. Clepton New Kent.

District of Shenandoah and Rockingham .- Dr. Peachy Harrison & Dr. Jacob Williamson of Rockingham, William Anderson and Samuel Coffman of Shenan-

District of Augusta, Rockbridge and Pendleton .- Briscoe G. Baldwin of Augusta, Chapman Johnson of the City of Richmond, Wm. M'Coy of Pendleton, and Samuel McD. Moore of Rockbridge.

District of Monroe, Greenbrier, Bath, Botetourt, Alleghany, Pocahontas and Nicholas .- Andrew Beirne of Monroe Wil liam Smith of Greenbrier, Fleming B. Miller of Botetourt, and John Baxter of

District of Sussex, Surry, Southampton, Isle of Wight, Prince George and Greens. ville .- John Y. Mason of Southampton, James Trezvant of Southampton (Member of Congress,) Augustine Claiborne of Greensville, and John Urquhart of South-

District of Charlotte, Halifax and Prince Edward .- John Randolph of Charlotte, Wm. Leigh of Halifax, Richard Logan of Halifax, and Richard N. Venable of Prince Edward.

District of Spottsylvania, Louisa, O. range and Madison. - James Madison of Orange (Ex-President of the United States,) Philip P Barbour of Orange, (Member of Congress,) David Watson of Louisa, and Robert Stanard of the City of Richmond.

District of Loudoun and Fairfax. - Jas. the enlarged committee answered to their | Monroe of Loudoun (Ex-President of the U. States.) Charles F. Mercer of Loudoun, (Member of Congress,) William H. Fitzhugh of Fairfax, and Rich'd. H. Hen-

District of Frederick and Jefferson .-John R. Cooke and Alfred H. Powell of Frederick, Hierome L. Opie and Thomas Griggs, Jr. of Jefferson.

District of Hampshire, Berkely, Hardy and Morgan .- Wm. Naylor of Hampshire, Wm. Donaldson of Morgan, Elisha Boyd

and Philip C. Pendleton of Berkeley.

District of Washington, Lee, Scott, Russell and Tazewell.-John B. George of Fazewell, Andrew McMillan of Lee, Edward Campbell and William Byars of Washington.

Queen, Essex, Caroline and Hanover .-John Roane of King William (Member of Congress,) Wm. P. Taylor of Caroline, Richard Morris of Hanover, and Jas. M. Garnett of Essex.

District of Wythe, Montgomery, Grayson and Giles - John P. Matthews of Wythe, Gordon Cloyd of Montgomery, Henley Chapman of Giles, and William Oglesby of Grayson.

District of Kenhawha, Mason, Cabell, Randolph, Harrison, Lewis, Wood and Logan .- Edwin S. Duncan of Harrison. John Laidley of Cabell, Adam See of Randolph and Lewis Summers of Kanawna (one of the Judges of the General Court.)

District of Ohio, Tyler, Brooke, Monongalia and Preston .- Charles S. Morgan of Monongalia, Philip Doddridge of Brooke, (Member of Congress,) Alexander Campbell of Brooke (Mr. Owen's adversary,) and Eugenius M. Wilson of Mo-

District of Fauguier and Culpeper .-John S. Barbour of Culpeper (Member of Congress) John Scott of Fauquier, John MacRae of Fauquier, and John W. Green of Culpeper, (one of the Judges of the Court of Appeals.)

District of Norfolk, Princess Anne, Nansemond and Borough of Norfolk .- Littleton W. Tazewell. (Senator of the United States,) Robert B. Taylor, George Loyall (all of the Borough) and Joseph Prentis of Nansemond.

District of Campbell, Buckingham and Bedford .- William Campbell of Bedford, Samuel Claytor of Lychburg, Callohill Mennis of Bedford, Dr. James Saunders of Campbell.

District of Franklin, Patrick, Henry and Mr. Pittman moved a reconsideration of jamin W. S. Cabell of Pittsylvania, Jo- his talents and attention to his school.

District of Albemarle, Amherst, Nelson, Fluvanna and Goochland .- James Pleasants of Goochland, Wm. F. Gordon of Albemarle, Lucas P. Thompson of Amherst, and Dr. Thomas Massie, Jr. of Nel-

District of King George, Westmoreland, Northumberland, Richmond, Lancaster, Stafford and Prince William .- Wm. A. G. Dade of Prince William (one of the Judges of the General Court,) Ellison Currie of Lancaster, John Taliaferro of King George (Member of Congress,) and Fleming Bates of Northumberland.

District of Matthews, Middlesex, Accomack, Northampton and Glowester .- Thos. R. Joynes of Accomack, Thomas M. Bayley of Accomack, Dr. Calvin H. Read of fice. Northampton, and Abel P. Upshur of Northampton (one of the Judges of the General Court.)

The reader will perceive from the present and has removed to Norfolk, Virginia, and will ceding Exhibit, that the Convention will transact any Business in that line entrusted to embrace among its members, besides many distinguished citizens in the State Legis-

high in office-Messrs Madison and Monroe (two of the Ex-Presidents of the U S.) the present Governor of the Commonwealth (Mr. Giles,) the Chief Justice of the U. S. (Mr. Marshall,) four of the State Judges, viz : Green of the Court of Appeals, and Dade, Summers and Upshur of the General Court-Messrs Tazewell and Tyler (Senators of the U. S.) and the following members of the House of Representatives of the U. States, viz Messrs Alexander, Trezvant, P. P. Bar bour, Mercer, Roane, Doddrige, John S. Barbour, and Taliaferro.

FOURTH OF JULY.

T the request of a number of the citizens of A Raleigh, a public meeting is called on tomorrow evening (Friday) at 5 o'clock, at the Court-House, for the purpose of making sunable Arrangements for the Celebration of our National Independence.

J. GALES, Intendant of Police.

Thursday, June 18 To the Freemen of Nash, Franklin, Warren and Granville.

FELLOW-CITIZENS,

Having but lately yielded to the solicitations of at least a very respectable portion of you, it becomes my duty to offer you an apology, why I now declare I am no longer a Candidate for Congress. Those who were opposed to my election, have no claims for an apology; but to my friends I shall ever feel that weight of obligation and gratitude, which their unsolicited support must have necessarily produced in my bosom, and which nothing short of duties imperative in their nature could have induced me to disregard. To my friends, therefore, I acknowledge a debt of gratitude, which shall be paid at any time hereafter when I may be able to serve them, without ruin to myself and family.

During the past week, being Court, I ascertained my liability for a considerable amount, as ecurity on a guardian bond, entered into severel years since. My co security having failed, the principal in the bond being dead, and his property nearly exhausted, I must necessarily alone make good all deficiencies. To do this I must content myself with the humble and profitable vocation of a Schoolmaster. It affords me some satisfaction, however, that it is not improbable, that in this humble, but not ignoble calling, I may be quite as serviceable to myself and useful to my friends, as in the more exalted character of Member of Congress. Unpleasant as must have been the first information of my situation, and from a quarter too I so little ex pected, it was much augmented from my increased and increasing prospects of success. I shall therefore devote my time and talents to the Superintendance of Midway Academy.

C. A. HILL, A. M. June 13, 1829.

NOTICE.

AS taken up and committed to the Jail of this county, on the 2d of March last, a negro man supposed to be a Slave, who calls himself SAMUEL WILKINS, and says that he was bound an apprentice to Wm. Mosely, of Norfolk, Va. and that he ranaway from the said Mosely before his term of apprenticeship had expired. The said negro has been in this county 5 or 6 years, and has passed during that time as a free man; he is about 24 years of age, 5 feet, 4 District of King William, King and or 5 inches high, and coal black. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

> JAMES PALMER, Jailor. Windsor, Bertie county, June 9. Price adv. \$7.

FOR SALE!

WISH to sell the place within a mile of Hills. borough, on which I now reside. There are 205 acres, about one half cleared, ten acres of Meadow land and the balance in wood. The improvements are all new, and finished in the hest manner-they consist of a Dwelling House, containing eight rooms with fire places, besides passages, closets, &c. a large Barn and Stables, and other necessary Outhouses. There are several never failing Springs of the best water on the tract, and a large and well selected fruit Orchard.

I will sell this property on the most liberal terms-either for money on easy credits-or wil exchange it for Negroes or Western lands. Application may be made by letter to the sub

scriber, at Hillsborough. W. ANDERSON. 21 entf

Pomona Academy.

E this day examined the Scholars at Pomo-na Academy, under the superintendance of Mr. James H. Wilkes. It gives us pleasure to state, that the pupils generally did well, and that the greater part did themselves much cre-The Examination was connected by the

Trustees. The progress made by many of the students was remarkable. In Spelling, Reading, Writing and Anthmetic, the four great points of a good education, the performances were very satisfactory. With Geography and English Grammar there was a familiarity not often manifested by children. The classes in the Languages translated handsomely, and an u common degree of attention must have been paid to their grammars to have made them so ready and accurate in Parsing. From impressions made on our minds by this examination, we feel justified in saying, that Mr. Wilkes is a Teacher deserv-Pittsylvania -- George Townes and Ben- ing much encouragement, both on account of small amount of property which he left has been

Newton Wood, Esq. B. Boddie, M D. Maj. A. H. Hopkins, John Ligon, Esq. Rev. Thos. P. Hunt, Henry Potter, Esq. Rev. A. Hartsfield, H. W. Montague, M.D. Trustees. Maj. C. I. Hinton, Col. ALLEN ROGERS, President.

SETH JONES, Secretary. -000-SETE JONES informs the public that he is wil-

ling to receive a few Boarders in his family. He resides within 200 yar is of the Academy. The situation is very healthy. His family numbers in general that he has just returned from New between forty and filty, and there has not been a death, nor a case of bilious fever in it for 10 or 12 years. Price of Board, five dollars a month.

Tuition for English \$12 -For the Languages and Sciences \$25 per annum.

The Exercises of the School will recommence on the 15th instant, and close on the 25th December, 1829. Pomona is fourteen miles N. East of Raleigh, and within two miles of Rowles' Store Post Of-

June 5, 1829? JAMES GORDON.

ATELY a Commission Merchant in Plymouth, his care, with the greatest attention and dili-

Norfolk, Va. May 30, 1829,

Hillsborough Academy. THE Examination will take place on Mond. and Tuesday the 1st and 2d days of June. The Exercises will be resumed on Thursday

toth of July. WM. J. BINGHAM, Principal May 28.

WANTED

N an Apothecary Store, a Young Man who liberal education and writes a good hand Enquire of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD Raleigh, May 11.

Notice.

Ta Meeting of the Stockholders of the C. Fear Navigation Company, holden at etteville, on the 30th May last, It was really That a dividend of 2 per cent, on the Cate Stock originally subscribed for, and on the mount expended by the Board of Internal i provement, on the Cape Fear River between Wilmington and Payetteville, be and the sa is hereby declared payable on the first day July next, at my office in Favetteville. JOHN CRUSOE, Treisure

Fayetteville, June 1.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having qualified as Admini trator on the Estate of Mrs. Sarah Glender ming dec'd, at the last Granville County Cou hereby gives intice to all the creditors of Estate, to present their claims for payment with in the time pr so ibed by law, or this not will be pleaded in bar of a recovery. PARKER RAND, Admr.

May 21, 1829.

NOTICE.

TRS. SARAH GLENDENNING, late of Gran wille county, formerly resident in Rales has lately died intestate. Many of her next of reside at a distance from this place, and I hereby notify all persons concerned, that at expiration of two years from the 1st May, 182 as prescribed by law, I shall be ready and w fing to settle the said Estate. The Administra tion of said Estate having been committed to a by the County Court of Granville County in M.

I will attend to all communications (post put which may be addressed to me at Raleigh, N. PARKER BAND, Adm' Wake county, 21st May, 1829. 74 6m FRIDAY, JUNE 26.

Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery 20TH CLASS. 60 No. Lottery-9 drawn ballots. \$25,000 Highest Prize.

1 Prize of \$25,000 | 10 Prizes of \$50 do 15.000 10 do 10,000 10

4,930 1.000 600 80's, 70's, 60's, &c Whole Tickets \$10. Haives \$5, Quarters \$2 50,

Eighths \$1 25. Tickets and Shares in great variety of luck numbers may be had at YATES & M'INTYRE'S Office.

Richmond, W May 23, 1829.

State of North-Carolina. Surry County. May Sessions, 1829.

Mitchell Thompson vs. Jabez Johnson, Admr. N this case, it appearing to the satisfaction I the Court that Joseph Payne, Walter, and hi wife Susannah Payne, Edward Hawks, and his wife Sally, and Eliphalet Rendal and his wife Martha, heirs at law of Stephen Payne, dect, reside out of this State. Ordered by the Cont that publication be made six weeks in the Heleigh Register, for them to appear and make themselves parties, otherwise judgment pro con

fesso will be taken as to them, at August Term JOHN WRIGHT, C. C. C.

State of North-Carolina, Haywood County. Superior Court of Law-April Term, 1829. John Crow,

Petition to va-

Jas. Holland's heirs & devisees. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants in this case, to wit. Jas. Holland, ir. - Rhodes and Cynthia, his wife, - Perkins and Sophia, his wife, heirs and devisces of James Holland and --- Holland, we dow of the said James Holland, are inhabitants of another State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them, it is ordered that publication be made for three months successhely in the Raleigh Register, that the said Defendants be and appear at the next Superior

Court of Law to he held for this county, at he

Court-house in Waynesville on the second Wed-

nesday after the fourth Monday in September

next, then and there to plead, answer or demut to the Plaintiff's petition, or judgment pro confesco will be entered against them. Witness, John B. Love, Clerk of said Courta Office, the second Wednesday after the fourth Monday in March, 1829.

NOTICE.

JOHN B. LOVE, C. S. C.

T' the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, held for the County of Wayne, on the third Monday in Peoruary last, the undersigned obtained Letters of Administration on the Estate of John Merriman, deceased.

For the information of all concerned, he avails hims If of this method of stating, that the Estate of Mr. Merriman is entirely insolvent, as the consumed in the payment of funeral charges and other mayorlable expences incident to his last sickness. It will therefore be impossible for the unders gired to discharge any other claims that may be held against the said dec'd. EDWIN BARNES.

Waynesboro', June 3.

New and Cheap Cash Store.

ATILLIAM C. TUCKER takes pleasure announcing to his friends and the puol York, and is now receiving and opening ! SPRING GOODS, which together with his fo mer Stock will make his assirtment very coplete. His assortment will comprise almo every arucle of Dry Goods and Groceries in the Mercantile Business. All of which he purched in New York, principally for cash, and course will be able to sell them on as good term as any house in the place. Among his goods a very large and elegant collection of Fancy C licoes, Ginghams, Muslins, Silks, Laces; Su mer Ciothing of almost every description; 1. dies' and Gentlemen's Shoes and Gloves. A Cologne Water, Macassar Oil, Hair Powd Fa. cy Scaps, &c. &c.

He respectfully invites his friends and custo mers to call and examine his Goods, as he a ters himself that they will suit both in price quality, and accordingly secure a share oft atronige.