

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace, Unwar'd by party rage, to live like brothers."

Published every Thursday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, at Three Dollars per annum—half in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding sixteen lines neatly inserted 3 times for a Dollar, & twenty-five cents for every succeeding publication.

VOL. XXIX

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1829.

NO. 1,359.

"Reform."—George H. Brent to be Collector of the Customs for the Port of Alexandria, in the place of Humphrey Peake. Mr. Peake having received one of Paddy's hints, resigned, to avoid being turned out.

A few days since, Dr. Thomas P. Jones, recently of Oxford, in this State, was removed by President Jackson, from his Office of Superintendent of the Patent Office—a situation for which he was perhaps more eminently qualified than any other individual in the country. His successor is Mr. John D. Craig of Baltimore. The National Intelligencer in noticing the fact of his removal, expressed particular regret that he should have fallen a victim to the cruel sentence of extermination which seems to have gone forth. On the day succeeding the remarks of the Intelligencer, the following Card from Dr. Jones to the Editors appeared:

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer. GENTLEMEN:—You will oblige me by allowing me to prevent, or to correct, the erroneous impression which your notice respecting my removal from the Patent Office appears to me likely to make at a distance. It is altogether unnecessary for me to state the circumstances which led to the recent change, as the result renders it manifest that it was unconnected with any objections to me personally. After a free conversation with the President and with the Secretary of State, by each of whom I was treated with marked kindness, I consented to be transferred to the Bureau of Consular Correspondence, in the Department of State, which office I now hold. I am, very cheerfully, Your obedient servant, THOMAS P. JONES.

Washington, June 16.

Most of the Editors devoted to the present Administration, have very eagerly published the above, for the purpose of showing, that the removal of Dr. Jones had been made the cause of complaint against the President unjustly. We were confident, on the first glance of the Doctor's note, that there was more in it, than met the eye. We have seen a gentleman, within a few days, from Washington, who has explained to us the apparent mystery. He says, that soon after Mr. Van Buren's induction to the Secretaryship of State, he gave the most positive assurance to Dr. Jones, that he should not be dismissed. With this pledge, he remained satisfied, having no fears of being turned out, until the edict went forth. Mr. Van Buren was not consulted as to his removal, and was of course exceedingly mortified that it had taken place, his positive promise to the contrary notwithstanding. Some excitement seemed likely to be raised about the business, to allay which, the Doctor was transferred to the Bureau of Consular Correspondence, which step seems to have pleased all parties. There is no doubt that he was removed, and would have remained so, but for the interposition of Mr. Van Buren. This distinguished gentleman seems for once in his life, to have lost sight of his doctrine of "non-committal."

Liberty of the Press.—SHERIDAN, speaking in the British Parliament, of the resistless influence of a free Press, said, "Give to Ministers a corrupt House of Commons—give them a pliant and a servile House of Lords—give them the key of the Treasury, and the patronage of the Crown; and give me the Liberty of the Press; and with this mighty engine, I will overthrow the fabric of corruption, and establish upon its ruins, the rights and privileges of the People!" In like manner, said Dr. CHALMERS, in his speech at a late public meeting in Scotland, on the Catholic Question, "Give the Catholics of Ireland their emancipation; give them a seat in the Parliament of their country; give them a free and equal participation in the politics of the realm; give them a place at the right ear of Majesty, and a voice in his councils—and give me the free circulation of the Bible, and with this mighty engine, I will overthrow the tyranny of Antichrist, and establish the fair and original form of Christianity on its ruin!"

It is reported that Gen. Lafayette has ordered so much of his Florida Lands sold, as will pay the debts of Mr. Monroe.

Fraud.—The Albany Daily Advertiser relates a most singular piece of roguery which was played off a few days since upon a man in that city. It appears one man gave another a note for a sum of money. The note was placed in a pocket

book, and when some time after, he examined it, it was found that the signature of the note was entirely invisible. The fraud consisted in writing the name with spittle and throwing sand on it; the sand adhered until the spittle became dry, or it was rubbed off when no traces of the signature were seen.

The Rowan Bible Society, we understand, have it in contemplation to furnish every family in the county, which is not already supplied, with a Bible. It is estimated that there are 500 families in the county destitute of the Holy Scriptures. Yelkin Journal.

Mr. CLAY, in a speech recently delivered to a large concourse of his fellow-citizens at Lexington, made this memorable declaration:—"Not an officer," said he, "under the government during the last 4 years, ending with the 4th March last, was removed from office on the account of political sentiments." What an honorable contrast to the course pursued by the present Administration, during the four months which it has been in existence! A proscription unparalleled, even in the annals of despotism, with perhaps two exceptions, has marked its brief possession of power: virtue and talents, long public services, Revolutionary claims and honorable wounds, have alike been disregarded; hoary-headed veterans, who fought and bled to obtain that freedom which is our boast,—freedom of opinion and of choice,—proscribed and punished for exercising it; in short, all who did not think that Andrew Jackson was better qualified for the Presidency than John Q. Adams, have been thrown, as it were, out of the pale of citizenship. Such has been the course of President Jackson; & odious as it is, how much more so does it appear, when compared with the conduct of Mr. Adams, during the four years he was in office. The contrast is in the highest degree honorable to that much abused and calumniated statesman and patriot; and well may his friends glory in the support which they gave him.

Ibid.

The seventh annual Convocation of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of the State of North Carolina, was held in this place on the 23d and 24th inst., when the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:

- M. E. Robert Strange, G. H. P. Fayetteville. E. James Norcom, D. G. H. P. Edenton. E. M. L. Wiggins, G. K. Halifax. E. Alex. McRae, G. S. Wilmington. M. E. Jos. R. Lloyd, G. Tr. Tarborough. M. E. Ed. B. Freeman, G. Sec'y. Halifax. E. John Warnock, G. Chap. Tarborough. M. E. Anson Baily, G. M. Fayetteville. M. E. Esck Arnold, G. Lect. Fayetteville.

The next Convocation will be held at Tarborough, on the 23d of June, 1830. Fayette. Obs.

Accident.—Several persons were hurt, one or two of them severely, on Tuesday last, by the fall of some of the timbers of the west land end of Clarendon Bridge, in repairing which, a number of hands were engaged. We understand that the defective part will be replaced & the Bridge be again passable in the course of a few days.

Ship Building.—Capt. Vandusen, of Philadelphia, is now building at Campbellton, a schooner of 100 tons burthen. He expects to launch her in August and to descend the river upon some of the freshets, usual at that season of the year. If the river is high then, he will put up her masts here—if the water will not permit, he will rig her & put up her masts at Wilmington. This will be the first rigged vessel ever built upon the Cape Fear river, above the head of tide water, and shows the progress of enterprize. Capt. Vandusen is an enterprising ship-builder, and in his opinion, the materials for ship-building, in this vicinity, are of an excellent quality.—N. C. Journal.

We have been informed, that on the 18th instant there was a thunder storm at Smithville, the duration of which has not been mentioned to us, but which it is stated, produced a most tragical termination of the life of a mechanic named Cassidy, who was employed at the works on Oak Island in the vicinity of Smithville. But few of the circumstances connected with this event have been communicated to us. We can therefore state in brief only that the unfortunate man appears to have been struck twice. One stream of the fluid, entered his mouth and opening his bowels, discharged itself on his right hip; another, struck on his nose and discharged itself on his left hip. We hear that he has left a family, which must have increased greatly the sensations occasioned by his instantaneous and awful death. Wilmington Recorder.

Distressing.—A little daughter of Mr. Jesse Banner, of this county, aged about 17 months, came to an untimely end on the 6th inst. by partaking of a poisonous liquid prepared for destroying flies. The

parents were on a visit at a friends, where the accident happened;—the child was discovered in the dining-room, having a saucer containing the poisonous composition in its hands, and appeared to have been drinking of its contents; a short time after she was taken violently sick, and died on the evening of the same day, notwithstanding every means were adopted to counteract the effects of the poison.—Salem Gleene.

Cause of the explosion.—"The dead tell no tales," and we would charitably hope the explosion was, as usually termed, accidental. But the following circumstances which we have learned necessarily excite suspicion. A sailor by the name of Jack Hannan, a desperate wretch, had been for some days under guard, charged with robbing a trunk belonging to one of the midshipmen. The Commodore had during the forenoon satisfactorily ascertained that Jack was guilty, and had informed him that as his time of service had just expired, he could not be punished in the Navy Yard, but would be handed over to the civil authority, and that perhaps his punishment would be imprisonment in the state prison for life. Lieut. Brackenbridge was the officer of the day, and when he permitted the magazine to be opened, adopted the usual precautions of placing a centry, & c. and expressly charged the gunner to be very careful.—But unhappily Jack Hannan was allowed to accompany him, his hopes of liberty being blasted, perhaps in despair he blew up the Frigate.

Providential Escape.—A Mrs. Montgomery, on board the frigate Fulton, and just before the explosion, retired to her hammock, being much fatigued by washing. Although she was very near the magazine, she was not injured, but only frightened and detained prisoner until the timbers above her were cut.

The following anecdote has been told us—whether correct or not we do not know.—At the time of the dreadful explosion of the steam frigate Fulton, an English sailor was on board, who had joined the navy a few days previous.—When the vessel was blown up, he was thrown with others, some distance in the air, but fell in the water and received no harm.—When he touched the element he sunk, but soon arose again, and the moment his head was out of the water he exclaimed with great sang froid, "There, I knew it, I knew it; I was sure the Yankee powder would not hurt me!" N. Y. Ev. Jour.



The fourth demurrer to the indictment preferred against Mr. Watkins, has been sustained. The Grand Jury have found another, being the fifth.

There is a rumor brought by a vessel from Gibraltar, of the death of the Queen of Spain. It wants confirmation.

The Silas Richards arrived at N. York, brings papers to the 24th. The manufacturing districts in England still suffer severely. Mr. O'Connell was not admitted to his seat in the House of Commons, and a new writ had issued for Clare. It is decided he could only be admitted to his seat after taking the oath of supremacy. This he declined—saying when at his request that oath was shown to him, "There is one assertion in this oath which I do not know to be true; there is another in it which I believe not to be true. I cannot, therefore, take this oath."

SONG; By T. H. Baily, Esquire.

I. Oh! no we never mention her! her name is never heard; My lips are now forbid to speak, that once familiar word; From sport to sport they hurry me, to banish my regret; And when they win a smile from me, they think that I forget. II. They bid me seek in change of scene, the charms that others see; But were I in a foreign land they'd find no change in me; 'Tis true that I behold the valley where we met— I do not see the hawthorn tree; but how can I forget. III. For oh! there are so many things recall the past to me, The breeze upon the sunny hills; the billows of the sea; The rosy tint that decks the sky before the sun is set— Aye, every leaf I look upon forbids me to forget. IV. They tell me she is happy now, the gayest of the gay; They hint that she forgets me now, but heed not what they say; Like me perhaps she struggles with each feeling of regret— But if she loves as I have loved, she never can forget!

MARRIED, In Johnston County, on the 25th inst. by the Rev. Thos. F. Hunt, Adam G. Banks, Esq. of this county, to Miss Susan Leach, of Johnston. In the vicinity of Fayetteville, on the 18th inst. by the Rev. Alanson Benedict, Mr. David Shaw, Confectioner, to Miss Catharine A. Shaw, daughter of the late Colin Shaw. In Orange county, on the 11th inst. Mr. Wm. W. Guess to Miss Frances Laws. Also, on the 14th inst. Mr. Eli Apple to Mrs. Frances Rich. In Salem, on the 11th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Shultz, Mr. John S. Mickey to Miss Gertraut E. Spach. In Stokes county, on the 11th inst. Mr. John Huff to Miss Martha Hicks. At Bethania, Dr. George F. Wilson to Miss Henrietta Sophia, daughter of the late John H. Hauser, Esq. In Burke county, Mr. Eli Shuford to Miss Eveline Collins, daughter of Col. Brice Collins, dec. In Cheraw, on the 3d inst. Dr. C. Elbert to Miss Elizabeth Powe, daughter of Mr. Thomas Powe.

DIED. At Old Town Creek, in Brunswick County, on the 8th inst. Mrs. Dabier Poitevent, wife of John Poitevent, aged 39 years. Mrs. Poitevent was a lady of deep and solid piety. She embraced religion at an early period, and lived a faithful servant of God, a member of the Methodist Church till she died. In the vicinity of Fayetteville on Sunday morning last, Mr. William W. Ballah, merchant leaving a wife and two young children. In Salisbury on the 12th inst. of consumption Miss Sarah Dickey in the 51st year of her age. In Mecklenburg county, on the 21st ult. William Wallace, Esq. a useful and highly respectable citizen.

Supreme Court Reports. J. GALES & SON have just published the Reports of Cases argued and determined in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, at December Term, 1828. By THOMAS P. JONES. The Index of the Vol. 1, can be had on application. June 27, 1829. 85

MANAGERS' OFFICE, Richmond, Va. New-York Consolidated No. 8. 45 Number—6 Drawn Ballots. To be drawn 15th July. 1 of \$10,000 is \$10,000. 1 4,000 4,000. 1 2,000 2,000. 1 1,750 1,750. 4 1,000 4,000. Besides others of \$500, \$200, &c. &c. \$2,950 of the \$4,000 paid in Albany City Lots. Whole Tickets \$5, Halves \$2 50, Quarters \$1 25. A package of 15 Whole, which is compelled to draw \$30, may be had for \$75. Send your orders to YATES & MINTYRE, Richmond, Va.

MANAGERS' OFFICE. Drawing of the Grand Canal, No. 15. 16—7—19—53—46—15—37—5—47. Union Canal, No. 6. 25—10—37—40—59—52—17—36—13. YATES & MINTYRE.

Great luck and prompt payment at "Hewson's Office," Petersburg. DRAWING OF THE Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery, 20TH CLASS. Nos. 38. 39. 42. 40. 5. 43. 58. 19. 17. No. 38, 39, 42, a Capital Prize of \$25,000. 5, 40, 43, do 15,000. 17, 19, 58, do 10,000. 17, 43, 58, do 5,000. 17, 19, 43, do 4,930.

No. 17. 19. 58, which drew the handsome Capital of 10,000 DOLLARS, was sold at Hewson's Office to a young gentleman residing in Petersburg, and who received the Cash for his prize in five minutes after the Drawing was received.

No. 5. 19. 40, a Capital Prize of Six Hundred Dollars, in the same Lottery, was sold to a gentleman in the Country. Such instances of "good luck and prompt payment" ought to be a sufficient inducement to all those who stand in need of assistance to call or send their orders to "Fortune's Home," the asylum for the "Poor and Needy."

Orders for Tickets in all the legally authorized lotteries will meet with prompt attention and the drawing sent where directed—address to B. W. HEWSON'S Lucky Office,—Petersburg.

MORE PRIZES For Sale at Hewson's Office. 10,000 Dollars HIGHEST PRIZE. Union Canal Lottery, No. 7. To be drawn in Philadelphia 3d July. SCHEME: 1 Prize of \$10,000. 1 do 5,000. 1 do 3,000. 1 do 2,845. 10 do 1,000. 10 do 500. 10 do 300. 20 do 200. 30 do 100.

Besides many of 80, 60, 50, 40, &c. &c. Whole Tickets \$5. Shares in proportion. For sale at the fortunate and prompt pay Office of B. W. HEWSON, Petersburg. The Cash will be paid at sight for all Prizes. N. B. Adventurers sending orders may feel assured they will meet with prompt attention and at all times when orders come too late for investment, the amount will be subject to their order, and Tickets sent in any other Scheme. Direct to B. W. HEWSON, Petersburg. Petersburg, June 29, 1829.

State of North-Carolina, Martin County. In Equity.—Spring Term, 1829. Len H. Hare and wife vs. Edward Griffin, Silas Bennett, Adm'rs of John Lutten and Luke Ross. Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Luke Ross is not a resident of this State; it is ordered, that he appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Equity for Martin County, on the last Monday in August next, and answer, on else judgment pro confesso will be taken against him; and that publication of this rule be made for three months in the Raleigh Register. J. B. SLADE, C. M. P. 13v3 BLANKS For sale at this Office.