

**Harvard College.**—The Commencement of Harvard College was celebrated on the 26th ultimo, and the number of gentlemen who were present, was greater, as the Boston papers inform us, than for several previous years. The degree of A. M. was conferred on about fifteen gentlemen; and that of M. D. on twelve.

The honorary degree of D. D. was conferred on President Wayland, of Brown University, Providence; and that of L. L. D. on Judge Cranch, of Washington City.

Among the numerous distinguished strangers were Admiral Coffin, Dr. Nott, President of Union College, Schenectady, N. Y. Hon. Mr. Johnson, U. S. Senator from Louisiana, and Chief-Justice Mellen of Maine.

On Tuesday seventy students were examined for admission to the University. Sixty-five were admitted and five postponed. Several more were to be examined.

Besides the above freshmen, several were admitted to the Sophomore and Junior class.

**Gull.**—While the good people of North Carolina are getting to be—not extravagant, idle, luxurious and dissipated, as the N. York Courier and Enquirer would say—but independent and even rich, from the finding of this precious metal, we too, of this State, may indulge in some golden anticipations. Many of the citizens of this district are alive upon the subject; some are gone to work, and have every prospect before them of making more than will pay for the time and expense bestowed.

Maj. Gassaway Wilson, who resides about 5 miles from this place, has discovered a mine on his plantation, and is succeeding happily in procuring its riches. He has not yet dug more than 6 feet deep, and each hand employed averages from 2 to 4 dollars per day.

Yorkville (S. C.) Pioneer.

**New Work.**—We have before us the first number of "THE AMERICAN TURF REGISTER AND SPORTING MAGAZINE," edited by John S. Skinner, Esq. & published at the office of the American Farmer. At first view this publication strikes the eye as one of the most beautifully executed works that our country has produced—indeed, we have seen nothing of the kind equal to it from Europe. We speak, now, particularly of the engravings and typographical execution. As to the contents, we are not sportsman enough to judge of their merits; but should think them invaluable to every sportsman, whether he be a lover of the chase, the race, field sports or angling.—*Balt. paper.*

Lynchburg Va. Sept. 1.

**Aurful Occurrence.**—An attempt, which we regret to say proved too successful, to poison the family of Dr. Floyd, who resides a few miles from this place, was made by his servants on last Thursday morning. While the family were at breakfast, they were taken with vomiting which immediately created the suspicion that some poisonous ingredient had been put in their coffee. The cook was called up, who denied any knowledge of the fact, and willingly partook of a cup of the coffee.—A negro man, that was in the kitchen, was then sent for, who declined to drink of the coffee offered him, but, on being compelled to partake of it, was immediately taken violently sick, and confessed the fact of having put arsenic in the coffee pot. This was a distressing moment. Physicians were sent for, but with all their skill were unable to save all the family from the sudden jaws of death. An interesting little boy about ten years old died about 4 o'clock of that evening. It is said he drank his cup of coffee before eating, which caused the poisonous draft to act more powerfully upon his empty stomach. We learn that it is supposed several of Dr. Floyd's negroes were engaged in this conspiracy, and that five have been lodged in Bedford jail to answer for this hellish deed.

Virginia.

A singular anecdote is related in Holstein's Memoirs of Bolivar, which will serve to illustrate a prominent feature in his character. On his triumphant entry into Caracas, in the year 1813, Bolivar was borne in a car drawn by twelve beautiful young ladies, from the first families in the place dressed elegantly in white, and adorned in the national colors. He stood on the car, bare headed, and in full uniform, with a small wand in his hand, and was thus drawn through thousands of spectators of the city to his residence. We doubt if there were ever so gallant a hero before!—*Mass. Jour.*

**Generous offer.**—The proprietors of the Academy buildings and grounds in Middletown, Conn. lately occupied by Capt. Partridge, as the seat of his military and scientific institution, have offered to present them, as a donation, to the Methodist Episcopal Church, to aid in the establishment of a college or university in that place on certain conditions. The buildings, which are of very permanent construction, and grounds, are thought to be worth forty thousand dollars. They are, however, estimated at \$33,333 33 and are given gratuitously on condition that the Methodist community raise an additional sum of \$66,666 66 for the endowment of the college, which is required to go into operation October 1, 1830.—*Nat. Int.*

**Tales of a Grandfather.**—A third series of the work, by Sir Walter Scott, bearing this title, the first and second of which have been widely read and liberally praised, but not more so than they merit, is about to be published in Philadelphia, by Messrs. Carey, Lea & Carey.

N. Y. Post.

# RALEIGH REGISTER,

## AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,  
"Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

Published every Thursday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, at Three Dollars per annum—half in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding sixteen lines neatly inserted 3 times for a Dollar, & twenty-five cents for every succeeding publication.

VOL. XXIX

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1829.

NO. 1,369.

**The War in the East** is chiefly interesting to the rest of the world, as it may, or not, involve more general hostilities. Our opinion has been, that a pacification would be effected through the decisive intervention of third powers—and that opinion has not been shaken by the recent success of the Russians. An article from the London Courier of the 22d ult. which we annex, seems to entertain somewhat similar views.

The general character of the intelligence received from the Continent this morning continues to be pacific. Though the Russian reserves are said to be in motion towards the Principalities, from the interior of the Empire, the guards remain inactive at Tulczyn, with the Emperor and the Grand Dukes Constantine and Michael; and while a total absence of military news from the army of Gen. Diebitsch is announced, accounts and speculations abound from that quarter, respecting the mission of Counsellor Fonton, and its probable results. Some of these accounts pretend that he was only sent to request a short truce for the purpose of burying the dead; but although this may have been the pretence for sending him, it could not have been the object; for at Chumla there had been no fighting, and there were no dead to bury. The contest had taken place at a distance of several leagues, and if the victory of the Russians had been as complete, and the dispersion of the Turkish army as total, as the official bulletins stated, the conquerors might surely inter the killed, and pay them all funeral honors, without fearing any interruption from the vanquished. It is also said that it was the Grand Vizier, and not Gen. Diebitsch, who availed himself of that opportunity of proposing to negotiate. If true, this is not an unfavorable, but rather a propitious circumstance. Hitherto we had pledges of moderation only on one side. The Emperor Nicholas had satisfied his allies of the temperate spirit in which he began and carried on the war, and had even of late put forth a more public expression of the pacific nature of his sentiments. But the Porte had ever displayed the most stern and uncompromising hostility. That an offer to treat should originate with the latter, would therefore announce such a change in its feelings or its hopes, as must greatly facilitate the success of the negotiation. On the Grand Vizier observing that it would be desirable for both parties to put an end to the effusion of blood, M. Fonton is said to have sent to General Diebitsch for instructions on which to found proposals of peace. The Grand Vizier, it is added, did the same to his government, and the disposition to come to an amicable arrangement seems to have been so strong in both parties, that not only did the Russian Agent remain at Chumla to wait an answer from the Russian headquarters; but an intimation is given, that he had gone on to Constantinople to receive one from the Porte.

**The Siamese Prodigy.**—The Boston Bulletin states that the mother of the Siamese Youths, now exhibiting in that place, was in good health at the period of their departure from their native country. She was a remarkable woman, having given birth to seventeen children—twins every time except once, when three healthy and now living children were born.—After a short and rapid tour of this country, these youths are to be conveyed to Europe.

**The Siamese Youths.**—It appears on the authority of the following letter, which we copy from the Massachusetts Journal, that a similar prodigy to that presented in these boys, was witnessed in Boston a little more than a hundred years ago.

By the following extract from a MS. letter of the celebrated Dr. Cotton Mather, it will be seen that two children were born in this city, in 1713. The letter was addressed to a member of the Royal Society of London.

"In the conversation which you allow me the honor of maintaining with you, you may depend on my entertaining you with nothing but what, upon the strictest inquiry, will be so true, that I will even challenge the name of the late Inquisitor General of Portugal, whose name, I find, was Don Verissima.

"What I now relate I beheld ye 15th of ye 8th mo. 1713. A woman in my neighborhood had two daughters which were so united as to afford a shocking spectacle, whereof I was myself one of the spectators. They were in all points two lusty children, only from near the tops of their breasts to near the lowest parts of their abdomens, they grew together in such a manner that without a destruction to both it would have been impossible to have parted them. Their union was for the whole breadth of the chests and their heads lay on the cheeks of each other, their arms in a mutual embrace of their bodies. Had these united miserales lived, our first thoughts cannot but suggest a variety of cases which might

have occurred in their circumstances not easy to have been encountered, or answered; what must the one have done if this, or that, which were easily to have been supposed, had befallen the other? but these were all superseded at once by their dying as soon as they were born.

The circumstance is also mentioned by Judge Sewall in his diary.

Mr. RAGUET, editor of the "Free Trade Advocate," published at Philadelphia, proposes to enlarge his paper so as to embrace the discussion of other subjects than political economy. After the first of December next, it will be published at the city of Washington, under the title of "The Banner of the Constitution," and as a political paper, will advocate State Rights, and the doctrine of a strict and limited construction of the Constitution, having for its motto the following paragraph:—"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the People."

"This paper will not be confined to discussions upon politics and political economy. It will embrace general subjects, and besides giving the prominent speeches in Congress upon great national questions, and a summary of its proceedings, will give all the public documents, state papers, diplomatic correspondence, reports of the Heads of Departments, and such other matter as may be worthy of being recorded in a paper intended for future reference. It will contain the decisions of the Supreme Court upon important questions, and the proceedings of the Executive, so far as they may be publicly known, and in fine such a detail of the official transactions of the Government, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial, as is likely to interest every citizen at home or abroad. It will be published weekly, on an imperial sheet, in quarto form of eight pages, at five dollars per annum."

Nat. Int.

We are very glad to find that recent intelligence from Vera Cruz does not confirm the rumored death of our Minister, Mr. Poinsett, which reached us lately by the way of Pensacola. The ship Alfred, Capt. Russell, has just arrived at New-York, in ten days from Havana, where the British Government packet arrived on the 16th ult. from Vera Cruz, but brought no confirmation of the reported assassination. It was, of course, unfounded.—*Ibid.*

**Cheap pleasuring.**—One may go now from New-York to Saratoga Springs for nine shillings, and found! Poor and fashionable people should avail themselves of the opportunity. They should not, carry many sovereigns, or much jewellery along, or indeed any valuables that they may happen to set store by.—Their pockets will be picked and their trunks stolen, in all human probability. One melancholy case occurred, as we are told, in which a gentleman who was travelling baggageless, had his pantaloons stolen while he was asleep in his berth; owing to which he was not in a fit condition to be delivered at the Springs according to order.

N. Y. Com. Adv.

**Indian Corn.**—The growing crop of this grain is stated to be abundant in all parts of the country that we have heard from, beyond what has been known for many years. It has been injured by too much rain on the lightest lands.

It is observed by those who buy most largely, that a much less quantity of wheat has come to market, than had last year at this season—this is probably to be imputed to the higher prices which were last year obtained later in the season.—Still, however, we should think it the best rule in general for the farmer to be early with his operations; to do every thing in its proper time and natural order.—Against the chance of higher prices, he has to lose the interest on his money—pay interest on his debts—and to bear the ravages of the bird, the fowl, the weevil and the rat, as well two as four legged; and then an equal chance of a worse market.

Tobacco is doubly better than last year; merchants who bought then at the low prices have realized large sums—one as much as \$7000 on less than sixty hogsheads of finest quality.

American Farmer.

The following account of a hurricane in Gates county, (N. C.) is communicated from a respectable source and satisfactorily vouched for. Indeed we should otherwise have hesitated to publish it, so extraordinary are the facts which it details.

Norfolk Her.

SUNBURY Aug. 28th.

During the easterly blow on Monday afternoon, Mr. Costen of our neighborhood witnessed one of the most awful and destructive whirlwinds, ever experienced, perhaps, in this part of the world. When the blow came on, he was standing under a shelter adjoining a house in which there was a considerable quantity of cider, low

wines, &c. and was in the act of cooperating a cask. He describes the sound of the rushing whirlwind as the detonation of a vast number of cannon joined in one continued roar, in its approach to the spot where he was; and fully equal to the sound was the violence of its effects on every object with which it came in contact,—large trees were prostrated or twisted off at the roots in the twinkling of an eye, and fences swept from their places and whirled aloft thro' the air like chaff. Mr. C. stood aghast at the approaching devastation which was literally sweeping all before it with the besom of destruction, and threatening him with utter annihilation. As his only hope of preservation he threw himself prostrate on his face, until the tornado had past, and thus escaped its fury without any serious injury, while every object around him was swept away before it. The shelter under which he lay, was gone! and incredible as it may appear, the still-house to which it was attached, though very strong built, and 30 feet square, with its contents, was hurled from its foundation to a considerable distance. A barrel of low wines which was under the shelter was taken up, and borne along with the blast to a different part of the field. The large cider trough, full of pumace and weighing about half a ton, was blown to an incredible distance—a fact which I could scarcely believe, until I saw the situation it was in after the storm was over. After it passed the distillery, the whirlwind took a southerly direction and came in contact with 4 or 5 negro houses and other buildings, all of which were demolished and their fragments scattered afar—he roof of one of them has been found something like a quarter of a mile from the spot where it was taken from. It would be too tedious to mention all the particulars. How far beyond Mr. C's plantation, the devastating effects of it has been traced I have not yet learnt. Mr. C. estimates his loss at \$800. What is perhaps as remarkable as any other fact in this case, though there were people in several of the houses which were demolished, not one is seriously injured. Providence in his unerring wisdom seems to have interposed for their preservation, for it would appear almost impossible that 2 or 3 persons could be taken up and thrown to a distance of 20 yards against a paining fence, as was actually the case, without being killed. Mr. Costen bears his loss with as much resignation as any person could and is truly grateful to Him who directs the storm that it is no worse.

Our correspondent who signs "Playful Moments" has sent us 44 lines of ten-syllable verse, which he says were the work of half an hour. When he has learnt to write half the quantity with four and twenty times the labor, he may send us another specimen, and we may then try what we can do for him.

DIED.

On the 8th ult. in Madison county, Tenn. Mrs. Ann M. Henderson, aged 39 years, the amiable consort of Col. Thomas Henderson, formerly of this city and daughter of the late Dr. Richard Fenner. She has left 8 children to lament the death of a kind and excellent mother.

In Fayetteville, on Tuesday morning last, Mrs. Grace Hawley, consort of Mr. Samuel T. Hawley, leaving an extensive circle of relatives and friends deeply to lament the early loss of an amiable and affectionate companion.

Also, Mr. John S. Pyle, a native of Chatham County, in the 19th year of his age.

Near Fort Gaines, Georgia, on the 4th ult. after an illness of 11 days, of bilious fever, Col. Joseph Hodges, late of Cumberland county, in the 30th year of his age.

In Orange county, on the 25th ult. Miss Sarah Boon, daughter of John Boon, Esq. Also on the 25th ult. Mrs. Margaretta Blackwood, wife of William Blackwood, sen. aged 72 years.

Near Paris, Tennessee, on the 13th of June last, Mr. Thomas Kiley, aged 60 years; a native of Orange county.

BALL & PARTY.

A BALL and Party will be furnished at Shoo-on Springs on the evenings of 24th and 25th inst.

Sept. 4.

5 2c.

FOR SALE

Twenty-three Shares Stock of the State Bank of N. Carolina, and Fifteen Shares Stock of the Bank of Newbern.

This Stock, if not disposed of by Wednesday 7th October (being Wake Superior Court week) will on that day be offered at public sale near the Court-house.

Persons wishing to buy will apply at the Office of the Bank of Newbern.

Raleigh, Sept. 5.

5 ts

THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers for Sale his HOUSE & PLOTS in the Town of Oxford, with the LAND adjoining—about 200 acres—of which about 60 acres are Woodland. The House is 52 by 40 feet, commodious, and well finished throughout, having 4 rooms with fire places on each floor, with a wide passage on each—a garret distributed into closets and two comfortable rooms; and a cellar under the whole divided into several apartments. It is situated in a most beautiful grove of Oaks; attached to it is a large Falling Garden furnished with fruits selected from the north—an Ice-house constructed of rock—a stone Spring-house—a Well of excellent water in the yard—an Office in the yard suitable for a Lawyer, and every necessary Out-house, all in good repair.

Also, a TANYARD now in operation, which might give employment to 8 or 10 hands, having 100 acres of land attached to it; and on the premises is a comfortable two story Dwelling, with every convenience for a family residence. A better constructed Yard is seldom seen, any where. This property will be disposed of on reasonable and accommodating terms.

THO. B. LITTLEJOHN.

Oxford, Sept. 1.

5m wtf

Cause of Temperance.

A MEETING of the Citizens of Raleigh is requested at the Court House on Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, at which time the Bell will be rung, for the purpose of forming a Temperance Society.

Raleigh, Sept. 5.

AGENCY.

THE subscriber offers his services for the collection of claims against the United States or individuals. His knowledge of the manner of conducting business at the public offices, and acquaintance with the citizens generally, afford great facilities for the speedy settlement of accounts. Satisfactory reference will be given, and charges moderate.

B. HOMANS.

Georgetown, D. C. Sept. 1, 1829.

NOTICE.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of MITCHELL & WHITE was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to the concern, previous to the first of January last, either by bond or open account, will make payment to Peter Mitchell, and all those having claims against the firm previous to the above period, will present them for payment.

Peter Mitchell having transferred his interest in the Stock on hand, and the debts contracted with them since the first of January last, to Thomas White, all such debts are payable to him, who will also discharge all debts due by them, contracted since that date.

PETER MITCHELL.

THOMAS WHITE.

Warrenton, Sept. 1st, 1829.

In my absence, Mr. T. White will attend to my business.

PETER MITCHELL.

1st Sept. 1829.

THOMAS WHITE.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement which the late firm of Mitchell & White have received, solicits for himself a continuance of the patronage of their customers, having purchased the entire Stock of M. & W. which at present consists of a general assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

HARDWARE & GROCERIES.

In addition to which, in a very short time, will be added a handsome assortment of Fall Goods, which he intends selecting himself from the Northern Markets, and will be sold at very low prices for Cash, or on the usual terms of credit to punctual customers. Purchasers are requested to call and examine for themselves.

The Market price will be given for Seed Cotton in exchange for goods or in payments.

Warrenton, Sept. 1st 1829. 3 law3w.

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Cape-Fear.

THE letter of Louis D. Wilson, Esq. in behalf of the Commissioners appointed by the State, being under consideration. Resolved, That the President do advise said Commissioners, that it is deemed necessary and expedient to consult the Stockholders in reference to the subject matter of the communication; and further that the President of the Bank of Cape-Fear be, and he is hereby fully authorized and empowered, by virtue of this Resolution of the Board of Directors, to call a general meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Cape-Fear, to convene on the 2d Monday of November next at the Banking House in Wilmington, then and there to consider of their interests generally; and especially to signify how far, in what way; and upon what terms, they the Stockholders, would consider it advisable, to cooperate with the General Assembly in the establishment of a new Bank, by the consolidation, or otherwise of those now in existence. Copy from the Minutes.

JOHN HILL, Cashier.

In accordance with the above Resolution, and by virtue of my office as President of the Bank of Cape-Fear, notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of said Bank, to meet at their Banking House in Wilmington, on the 2d Monday of November next, then and there to consider of and to act upon the matters and things as set forth in the above Resolution.

J. R. LONDON, President.

Sept. 2.

5-4r.

State of North-Carolina,

Guilford County.

Harbert Tatem and wife Elizabeth, Sion Tatem and wife Patsey, Wilson W. Dook and wife Hannah, James Billingsly and wife Rebecca.

Against

Claiborne Watson and wife Nancy, Wilkins Ogburn, Edmund Ogburn, John Ogburn, Nicholas Ogburn, Samuel Donnel and wife Pricilla, Charles Ogburn and Edmund Ogburn, infant heirs of Wm. Ogburn, dec'd, by their guardian Edmund Ogburn.

In Equity. Petition for sale of Lands. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that a part of the defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Register for them to appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the county of Guilford on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday of September, to plead to, answer or demur, or the petition will be heard ex parte and judgment awarded accordingly.

A. GEREN, C. M. E.

August 31, 1829.

HEWSON'S PRIZE LIST.

DRAWING OF

The New-York Consolidated Lottery, Class 10th.

No. 23. 19. 11. 41. 34. 37. No. 11. 19. 22. a Capital Prize of 10,000 dollars, sold in four quarters: a ticket with any one of the drawn numbers \$5.

Drawing of the

Grand Consolidated Lottery, 16th Class. No. 57. 61. 48. 29. 30. 47. 11. 15. 44. No. 48. 57. 60. Capital Prize of 15000 Dollars. Any one of the drawn numbers \$5. Renew your small prizes or send your orders for tickets in the

Disraeli Swamp Canal Lottery, 21 Class. Draws in Richmond on Wednesday, 16th inst. 60 number Lottery—9 drawn ballots.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of 10,000 Dollars
1 5,000 Dollars
1 2,500 Dollars
1 1,995 Dollars
20 1,000 Dollars
20 500 Dollars
40 100 Dollars
51 60 Dollars
51 30 Dollars
102 30 Dollars
102 20 Dollars
1530 10 Dollars
11,475 5 Dollars

Whole Tickets \$5, Halves 2 50, Quarters 1 25.

Orders enclosing cash or prize tickets, by mail or private conveyance, will meet with the same attention as if on personal application—Address

B. W. HEWSON,

Sept. 1829.

Petersburg.