

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,  
Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

Published every Thursday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, at Three Dollars per annum—half in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding sixteen lines neatly inserted 3 times for a Dollar, & twenty-five cents for every succeeding publication.

VOL. XXIX.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1829

NO. 1,390.

**LEGISLATURE.**—On Thursday last, in the House of Commons, Mr. Calloway, from the select committee to whom certain Resolutions were referred on the subject of apportioning money amongst the States, by the General Government, made a detailed Report, concluding with the following Resolutions:—

Resolved, That the most fair and equal mode of making appropriations for Internal Improvements by the Congress of the United States, is the apportionment of the funds set apart for that purpose, among the several States, in the ratio of their representation, to be by them applied as they deem expedient.

Resolved, That our Senators in Congress be instructed and our Representatives be requested to use their exertions to have the proceeds of the sale of the Public Lands, or such other source of Public Revenue as may be deemed right and proper, set apart as a separate fund, to be apportioned at stated periods among the several States, in the ratio of their Representation, for the purposes of Internal Improvements and Education.

These Resolutions were for the present laid on the table, and on motion of Mr. Gaston, ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. McNeill of the Senate, the Committee on that part of the Governor's Message, which had reference to a Lunatic Asylum and Penitentiary, were instructed to enquire into the expediency of establishing in this State, an asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.

Mr. Wellborn submitted a Resolution on Thursday, which has for its object to construct a Rail Road, from Campbellton to Fayetteville, the expense of which is to be met from the unexpended balance of the appropriation made at last session to complete the works below Wilmington.

Both Houses adjourned from Thursday to Saturday, Friday being Christmas day.

On Saturday, the Senate resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. C. Hinton in the Chair, on the proposition submitted some days ago by Mr. D. F. Caldwell, in relation to the power of Congress to make Improvements within this State.

The Resolution being read, the mover proposed a modification of it, by striking out certain words, and inserting others.

Mr. Spaight called for a division of the question; and the sense of the Committee being taken on striking out, and carried, Mr. Spaight, in order to bring the merits of the question fully before the Committee, moved that the proposition be so amended as to read: "Resolved, that it is the opinion of this Legislature that Congress does not possess the power to make Improvements of national concern in this State."

Mr. Caldwell then spoke at considerable length, in support of the power of Congress to make such improvements. At the conclusion of his Speech, on motion of Mr. Spaight, the Committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

It will be seen from reference to the proceedings of Thursday, that the Sheriff's Bill, which has so long been before our Legislature, has passed its second reading in the House of Commons by so large a majority, as to render its final passage certain.

The House of Commons were principally engaged on Saturday, in the consideration of the bill to increase the salary of the Public Treasurer from \$1,500 to \$2,000.

Mr. Taylor of Orange, moved for its indefinite postponement, which was negatived, 90 to 34. It finally passed its second reading, by a majority of two votes, having been previously amended to increase the salary \$400 instead of 506—thus allowing the Treasurer \$1,900.

Mr. Bynum submitted a series of Resolutions, which were ordered to be printed, denying the right of Congress to execute works of Internal Improvements within this State; and Mr. Gaston, submitted sundry Resolutions, affirming the constitutional power of Congress to appropriate money to all such objects of Internal Improvement as may be sanctioned by this State, which were likewise ordered to be printed. We will publish both sets of Resolutions in our next.

**Internal Improvements.**—The annual meeting of the friends of Internal Improvements was held in the Senate Chamber, on Wednesday evening last.

William Davidson, Esq. the Senator from Watauga County, was called to the bar, and J. Gales appointed Secretary. The Chairman stated, that the present meeting had been called in compliance with a Resolution entered into at a meet-

ing at this place in January last, for the purpose of receiving the Reports of the County Committees, and for entering into a free comparison of the sentiments of gentlemen present on the general subject of Internal Improvements.

The Secretary laid before the meeting such Reports as had been received; which being read,

The Rev. Dr. Caldwell addressed the meeting at considerable length, in an impressive manner, on the disadvantages which this State labours under for want of more ready means of sending its produce to a good market, compared with most of the other States in the Union.

We took notes of the Dr's. interesting Address, and intend, hereafter, to give a Sketch of it to our readers.

After a few Remarks from other gentlemen, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that the subject of Internal Improvements is all important to the people of North-Carolina, and that measures ought to be taken for spreading correct information thereon throughout the State.

Resolved, that, for this purpose, the County Committees appointed in January last, be continued.

Resolved, that it be earnestly recommended to said County Committees to report annually to the Central Committee at Raleigh, in time to be laid before the annual meeting, representing the state of public opinion on the subject of Internal Improvements.

Resolved, that the annual meeting of the Friends of Internal Improvements be held in Raleigh on the 3d Monday in December.

Resolved, that the Central Committee appoint some gentleman to deliver an Address on the subject of Internal Improvements at the next annual meeting.

The Bank of Cape Fear has declared a dividend for the last half year of two per cent.

Congress.—We observe that Mr. Rencher, lately elected in the Salisbury district, took his seat on Monday last.

On Tuesday last, on motion of Mr. Wm. B. Shepherd, one of our Representatives in Congress, the House of Representatives

Resolved, That the several surveys of Roanoke Inlet, North-Carolina, with a view to a navigable communication between Albemarle Sound and the Ocean, now on the file of this House, be referred to the Committee of Commerce; and that the said Committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of re-opening said inlet.

And on motion of Mr. Carson, it was Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of causing a survey to be made of the waters of the Atlantic States south of Virginia, with a view to the establishment of a National Army.

Standing Committees of the House of Representatives.

On Elections.—Messrs. Alston, Tucker, Claiborne, Randolph, Johnson, of Ten. Beekman, and Coleman.

On Ways and Means.—Messrs. McDuffie, Verplank, Dwight, Smyth, of Va. Ingersoll, Gilmore and Overton.

On Claims.—Messrs. Williams, Whitesley, Barber of Conn. McIntire, Ramsay, Lea, and Lent.

On Commerce.—Messrs. Cambreleng, Newton, Gorham, Harvey, Southerland, Howard and Wayne.

On Public Lands.—Messrs. Isaacs, Jennings, Duncan, Hunt, Potter, Irvin of Ohio, and Clay.

On Expenditures in the Navy Department.—Messrs. A. H. Shepperd, Bartley, and Evans of Penn.

On Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.—Messrs. Yaney, Borst and Scott.

On Expenditures on Public Buildings.—Messrs. Sprigg, Bailey and Swift.

**South Carolina vs. The Bank of the United States.**—We perceive, by a letter from Columbia to the Editor of the Charleston Mercury, that resolutions to the following effect have been introduced into the Senate of South Carolina:

1st. That their Representatives in Congress be requested, and their Senators instructed, to oppose the renewal of the United States Bank.

2d. That, in the event of its incorporation, not to permit any private stockholders in that institution, and thereby make it a National one.

3d. That, in the event of the incorporation of any persons, for Banking privileges, all the citizens of the United States be put on an equal footing in subscribing for the stock of the same: And.

4th. That the Committee of Finance be instructed to report on the propriety of the establishment of a National Bank, excluding private stockholders, and the best means of effecting this object.

The National Intelligencer speaking of the great number of petitions which have been presented to Congress, says, "that the stream of petitions against the transportation of the mail on the Sabbath is on the flow, and may be expected to swell to a prodigious volume before the session is half gone through."

Mr. Cheves.—A Public Dinner was recently given, at Columbia, in South-Carolina, to the Hon. LANGDON CHEVES, now on a visit to that City, by the Members of the Legislature and the citizens of that place. It is said to have been the largest Dinner Company that ever assembled in that town.

Edenton (N. C.) Dec. 12. A schooner, supposed to be the Fanny, Capt. Ashbee, from Baltimore to this place, was seen off Cape Hatteras a few days ago, bottom upwards. The Fanny left Baltimore on the 24th ult. and was no doubt in the late blow; as she is out of time and nothing having been heard from the crew, we fear they are all lost.

**Virginia Convention.**—Saturday last is said to have been the most memorable day of this Convention. The "all absorbing question" of the basis of Representation came up again to be decided. The eyes and noses were called seven times during the day. The question assumed a variety of forms. The sense of the Convention was tried on Mr. Leigh's scheme of re-organization—it was tried on the plan of the Federal Basis in the H. of Delegates, and the White Basis in the Senate—it was tried on the mixed basis in the H. of D. & the federal basis in the Senate—on the plan of taking Mr. Gordon's apportionment for the present, and a prospective re-apportionment in the year 1841, and every 20 years thereafter, founded on the number of free white inhabitants for the H. of D. and on the federal basis for the Senate. But, all these propositions were lost, and the last one, by an equal division of all the Convention, 48 to 48. And finally the only proposition for the basis of Representation, which was found to unite a majority of votes, was Mr. Gordon's resolution which adopted no specified basis, and provided for no prospective apportionment.—This resolution prevailed by a majority of 14 votes. What made this day still more interesting, were the Speeches which were delivered just before the vote was taken. As the Chair was in the act of propounding the question, Mr. Cooke of Frederick arose to address the House. He rose to give his reasons at large for voting for Mr. Gordon's resolution.—He was followed on the same side by Mr. Henderson of Loudoun.

The speeches of Messrs. Cooke and Henderson, successively called up Messrs. Thompson, Johnson and Mercer—and the remarks of Mr. Mercer called up Mr. Uphur—and some scenes were developed to the House, which had been exhibited elsewhere, and which seem to have affected in no slight degree the Proceedings of the convention itself.—The House did not adjourn till after sun-set, having protracted their session nearly 6 hours.

So that the Convention have decided, that the Representation in the Senate and House of Delegates, shall be as follows: 13 Senators West of the Blue Ridge, and 19 East of said Ridge.

There shall be 127 Delegates—29 of whom shall be elected West of the Mountains, 24 from the Valley between the Alleghany and Blue Ridge, 40 from the Blue Ridge to the Head of Tide Water, and 34 thence below.

Yesterday, a new scheme for future apportionment, founded on the basis of qualified voters, was presented by Mr. Stuart, laid on the table and ordered to be printed. After having passed through the remaining resolutions of the Legislative Committee, the Chair passed on to the Executive report. The first amended resolution, which came up from the

committee of the whole, directs the election of the Governor by the Legislature. Mr. Mercer proposed to elect him by the People; this amendment prevailed by a majority of 3 votes. A debate next came on, upon a proposition to constitute a controlling Executive Council of 3 members. The motion failed, by a tie of the House, and then the resolution itself for appointing a Lieut. Governor, in the same manner as the Governor, was also lost.

A bill has been reported to the Legislature of Tennessee, by the committee on manufactures, designed to encourage the culture of silk. The Banter speaks in terms of approbation of this effort to encourage domestic industry, and expresses a confidence derived from what has been said and written on the subject, that the culture of silk is capable of affording to skillful hands a profit fully adequate to the labour and expense it requires.

In the House of Representatives a committee has been appointed to enquire into the official conduct of Joshua Haskell, one of the Judges of the Circuit Courts of Law and Equity in and for the 8th Judicial Circuit.

**Shocking Casualty!**—Gideon Alston and a beloved and very youthful friend, were amusing themselves last Saturday afternoon in firing pistols, when an accidental discharge from that of the latter entered the body of young Alston, who uttered but a few words (and among them, as we understand, an expression of affection towards his almost distracted little companion) before he was a corpse. Alston was the youngest son of R. W. Alston, Esq. of Sparta, aged about 17;—an uncommonly promising youth, and the pride of his doting parents.—Geo. Adv.

**Ceremony.**—Alexander Everett was standing alone one morning on the Washington side of the bridge built across the Potomac, as early as four o'clock, when he was suddenly accosted by Anne Royal, with a request that he would favor her with an introduction to the President of the executive chair being at that time filled by his friend John Quincy Adams.—"Would you wish to see him now?" As was perhaps expected, the lady at once replied in the affirmative, when Everett immediately took her towards the railing of the bridge and told her to look over.—She did so, and in a few moments the chief of the Republic appeared in the waters of the Potomac, kicking and plunging from under the arch, where he was quietly enjoying the comforts of a cold bath, a refreshment of which he is said to be very fond.—This was Mrs. Royal's first formal introduction to Mr. President Adams.

**The Rev. Dr. McAuley.**—Our city is deprived of one of its ablest and most popular preachers, by the removal of the Rev. Dr. McAuley to Philadelphia. Dr. McA. was for many years an able professor in Union College, from whence he was called to the pastoral charge of the Rutgers street church, as the successor of the Rev. Dr. McClellan, when this gentleman was appointed to a professorship in Dickinson College. We part with Dr. McAuley with regret. With talents of a superior order, great readiness of speech, elocution of the most popular and insinuating cast, and manners happily formed for the discharge of the pastoral offices of a clergyman, both in the pulpit and out of it, we cannot but consider his removal to another sphere of action as a great public loss. But our loss will be the gain of others.—Dr. McA. preached his first sermon in Philadelphia on Sunday last.

**MARRIED.** In this city, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. T. J. Lemay, Mr. George C. Levy, to Miss Jane D. Savage, eldest daughter of Mr. J. Y. Savage.

**The Prot. Episcopal Sunday School Union.** HAVING established a Depository at the store of S. Hall, Newbern, all the Publications of the Society can be had, at the prices fixed by the Union in New-York.

**A Teacher Wanted.** To take charge of a School in the neighborhood of Raleigh. The situation is healthy and the water good. It is necessary the Teacher should understand the Latin and English Languages, & be of godfearing character. For terms, apply to either of the subscribers personally, or by letter to post paid. J. BUSEE, Wake county, Dec. 24, P. RAND

**Superior Court of Law.** Chatham County. Fall Term, 1829. Alfred Vestal & others vs. Thos. Vestal & others. Petition for the division of Lands of William Vestal, dec.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John Vestal, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered, that notice be published in the Raleigh Register for six months of the filing of the Petition, and that the said John Vestal, at the next term of this Court, on the 3d Monday of March next, plead, answer or do up to the petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte.

CHAS. J. WILLIAMS, Clerk Sup. Court.

RICHMOND DOCK LOTTERY, CLASS, No. 5.

To be drawn in Richmond, 7th January.

1 prize of 10,000	1 prize of 3,600		
1	2,000	1	1,830
5	1,000	5	500
5	400	10	300
10	200	40	100

Whole tickets \$4. Halves \$2. Quarters \$1.

Union Canal Lottery, No. 15.

To be drawn 7th January 1830.

60 No. Lottery—10 drawn ballots.	1 prize of 30,000	1 prize of 10,000	
1	6,000	1	5,000
1	3,360	5	1,500
10	1,000	10	800
10	300	20	300
20	200	40	130

Besides 80—60—40—30—20 & 10.

Whole Tickets \$10, Halves 5. Quarters 250.

Yates & McIntyre sold in the last Union Canal Lottery—\$1000—\$500—\$200—\$100—\$50—\$20—\$10—several to gentlemen of North Carolina.

Address all your orders to. A package of 20 whole tickets embracing all the numbers from 1 to 60—which is compelled to draw \$100, can be had for \$200.

MANAGER'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, VA. NEW-YORK LOTTERY, Class 18th, Extra.

60 No. Lottery—10 Drawn Ballots. To be drawn 30th Decemr. in New York.

1 Prize of \$15,000	1	5,000	
1	3,000	1	2,030
5	1,000	5	500
5	400	10	300
10	300	10	200
80	100		

Whole tickets \$5. Halves 250. Quarters 125.

MANAGER'S OFFICE, RICHMOND.

The following are the Numbers drawn in the Union Canal, No. 14—

20, 25, 49, 44, 54, 22, 1, 82, 45.
------------------------------------

1 32 54 \$1,000  
1 44 29 500  
3 34 49 500  
\* 22 25 32 400  
25 44 49 200  
† 20 25 54 200

All sold at the Managers' Office. \* In Wilmington, N. C. † In Granville, N. C.

YATES & McINTYRE, NOTICE.

STOLEN out of my pocket, in the Clerk's Office at Roxborough, Person county, a Black Leather Pocket-book, containing a number of valuable papers, a number of notes of hand, which cannot at present be remembered. I recollect one, on Lewis Daniel, for \$450; one on Francis Lawson, with Wm. Street security, for \$100; likewise, a number of small Notes, not at present recollectable. There was one-half of a Hundred Dollar note, U. S. money, payable at the Branch Bank of New-Orleans, letter L. No. 3831; also, one-half of a Fifty Dollar note, U. S. paper, payable at Charleston, letter L. No. 2146; one Ten Dollar note, of the State Bank of N. C. and one Dollar Note, of the same Bank, with a number of Constables Receipts, and other valuable papers. I would reward any person from trading for any of the Notes of hand or other papers. To any person finding, or giving information of the Pocket-book, I will give a reward of \$30, by delivering of the same with the contents to JAMES WILLIAMSON, Person county, Nov. 30, 30 m

THREE or four Journeyman Printers, who are first rate and steady workmen, wanted immediately, at the Knoxville (Tennessee) Register Office; to whom constant employment & liberal wages will be given.

A very valuable Tar River Plantation in the County of Granville, a Tannery in the town of Oxford, and other Property, for Sale.

FOR the purpose of closing the trusts reposed in me, by two deeds executed by Abstonon Yancey and duly registered in the Register's Office for the County of Granville, I shall offer for sale in the Town of Oxford, on Monday the 1st day of February next, that being Court day, and continue the sale from day to day, until completed, the following Valuable Property, viz:

A Tract of Land, lying on the south side of Tar river, nine miles south of Oxford, immediately on the Taylor's Bridge Road leading from Oxford to Raleigh—containing by estimation 1500 acres, about 350 of which are valuable low grounds—the balance first rate upland, highly improved by fencing, tobacco houses, corn houses, stables, negro houses and a very comfortable dwelling house for a small family. Persons disposed to purchase are invited to view the premises previous to the day of sale. Mr. Yancey who resides on the land will take pleasure in shewing it.

Also, a Tannery near Oxford, together with the Stock of Leather, Rawhides, Hark, Tolls, and other things belonging to the establishment—likewise two Lots of Ground adjoining. The improvements are very considerable and almost new.

Also, two comfortable Dwelling Houses on Hillsborough street in Oxford, in good repair, with every House necessary for the convenience of families.

Also, 33 acres of Land on New Light Creek—All the interest of the said Abstonon Yancey and to his late Father's Estate—All his Household Furniture—Three Negro Slaves, a Man and two women.

As I shall likewise sell on the Tar River plantation, on Friday the 5th day of February, the Stock of Hogs, Horses, Cattle, Corn, Potatoes, Wheat, Oats, Household and Kitchen Furniture, plantation Tools, &c.

The Sale will positively be made, and the terms accommodating to purchasers.

A TEACHER WANTED. To take Charge of an Academy in the neighborhood of Raleigh.

The situation is very healthy, the water good, and the neighborhood agreeable. It is necessary the Teacher should possess the following qualifications viz:—understand the Latin and English Languages, and have some knowledge of Mathematics, and be of undoubted moral character. A salary to such an one, would be three or four hundred dollars per annum. Apply to the Editors of this paper personally, or by letter post paid.