

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1830

NO. 1,391.

LEGISLATURE.—On Thursday last, Cad-
Munder Jones, David L. Swain, and Jas.
Morgan, were elected Members of the
Board of Internal Improvements, for the
ensuing year.

The bill to provide for the draining of
Lattamsket Lake, was rejected on the
ground, that the condition of the fund for
Internal Improvements, will not justify
an appropriation of money commensurate
with the object of the bill.

The Resolution was also postponed,
which appropriated \$12,000 for the pur-
pose of making & having engraved a Map
of the State.

A bill has been reported in the Senate,
from the committee of Internal Improve-
ments, making an appropriation to con-
struct a Rail Road from Fayetteville to
Campblan. It has passed its first
reading.

The bill authorizing the Supreme Court
to be held alternately at Raleigh and
Statesville, has passed the Senate by a
vote of 37 to 22. During the discussion
of the bill, attempts were made by Mr.
Caldwell and Mr. Marshall, to have Sal-
isbury substituted for Statesville; by Mr.
Locke, Lincolnton for Statesville; and by
Mr. Burgin, Morganton for Statesville.

The House of Commons, on Thursday,
took up the message of the Senate, in re-
lation to their bill for establishing a Bank
of the State, and after some debate, re-
solved to return the imperfect bill again
to the Senate. After which, Mr. Pearson
introduced a new bill (almost a literal
copy of the Senate's bill) for establishing
a Bank of the State, which passed its first
reading.

The Senate, on the following day, acted
on the above message of the House of
Commons; and, after some discussion,
motion was made and carried, to sus-
pend the rule, which requires all motions
or reconsideration to be made on the
same day, or the day following that on
which the decision was made which is
ought to be reversed. A motion was
then made to reconsider the question of
assent on the third reading of the bill for
establishing a Bank of the State. Which
being agreed to, and the bill being again
before the Senate, the section containing
the blanks was stricken out and another
was inserted, making it the duty of the
next Legislature to fix the salaries of the
President, Cashier and Directors; and it
was again passed and returned to the H.
of Commons for their concurrence.

In the Senate, on Friday, the Resolu-
tion was passed and sent to the House for
concurrence, which proposes to instruct
our Senators and request our Representa-
tives in Congress, to use their endeav-
ors to procure a repeal of the duty on
salt. On the next day the House concurred
in the resolution.

The Resolution instructing them to pro-
pound an extinguishment also, of all the
Indian Claims to lands in this State, was
indefinitely postponed.

The two Houses have got into the same
dilemma in relation to a bill for the bet-
ter government of the town of Elizabeth
City, that they were placed in with re-
gard to the Bank bill. This bill passed 3
readings in the Senate, and was sent to
the other House for concurrence, contain-
ing sundry blanks, and was returned a-
gain by the House, "to be perfected."

The Senate again sent it back, with the
expression of their opinion, that the bill
was perfect as they can make it and the
House postponed it indefinitely.

The House of Commons was on Friday,
engaged in the discussion of the Bill for
extending the charters of the Banks of
Newbern and Cape Fear from 1825 to
1835, with a view of affording those In-
stitutions three years further time to wind
up their business, and to put it in the
power of the Banks to continue the same
indulgence to their debtors that is now
given, of paying their debts by reasonable
instalments. Instead of immediately en-
forcing payment, which they would be
under the necessity of doing, without
such extension. The bill was ably advo-
cated by Messrs. Gaston, Pearson, Fisher,
Haughton, Long, & O'Brien, and
opposed by Messrs. Wheeler and Cooper.
The bill passed its second reading
by the following vote:—

Wiseman, Wooten of Columbus, A. W. Wooten,
C. Wooten, Wright, Wyche, & York.—90.
Nays—Messrs. Baker of Edgecombe, Barnard,
Bateman, Bethell, Blair, Byrum, Brooks, Car-
son, Chamblee, Chesson, Cooper, Dayenport,
Dzier, Farrier, Grandy, Hancock, Hill of Rock-
ingham, Horton, Jordan, Little, Melvin, Mullin,
Murchison, Niell, Orr, Rawls, Richardson, Sim-
mons of Currituck, N. G. Smith, Stedman,
Stoddard, Taylor, Thompson, Webb, Wheeler,
Wilder, & Wilson of Perquimans.—37.

The bill for extending the Charter of
the State Bank of North-Carolina, to les-
sen the number of its Directors, &c. passed
its second reading.

The Senate on Saturday, again resumed
the consideration in Committee of the
whole, of the resolution submitted some
days ago, concerning the right of the Gen-
eral Government to execute Works of
Internal Improvement within the State. Mr.
R. D. Spaight spoke at considerable
length against the power; after which, the
committee rose, and obtained leave to
sit again.

The House of Commons after some de-
bate passed the bills for extending the
Charters of the State Bank and the Banks
of Newbern and Cape Fear, and sent
them to the Senate for concurrence.—
Both bills were passed by a majority of
more than two to one.

A Resolution was also reported from
the select committee appointed to take
into consideration the expediency of es-
tablishing a Penitentiary in this State,
which provides for the appointment by
the Governor, of two intelligent persons to
visit the different Penitentiaries in the
Union, for the purpose of collecting facts
and information concerning the useful-
ness and operation of the system. This
Resolution passed its first Reading:

Board of Agriculture.—This Board held
its annual meeting some days since in the
Senate Chamber; and after receiving
such communications as were made by the
Delegates from the several Agricultural
Societies present, and ordering a fresh
supply of Grape Vine Cuttings for each
of the Societies connected with the Board,
the following Officers were re-appointed for
the ensuing year, viz: Charles Fisher,
Esq. President; Jas. Melane, Esq. Vice-
President, and J. Gales, Secretary.

The several Delegates will please to
call on the Secretary for the 10th Volume
of the American Farmer, for the use of
the several Agricultural Societies.

Supreme Court.—This body have at-
tended to the transaction of no business
as yet, but the examination of applicants
for licence. The following persons have
received them:—

- SUPERIOR COURT.
Daniel Coleman, of Cabarrus.
Thomas Forman, late of New-York.
COUNTY COURT.
Patrick Barry, of Salisbury.
E. A. Erwin, of Burke.
Geo. W. Howard, of Jones.
Henry T. Clarke, of Tarborough.
James M. Rushing, of Ansonh.
R. C. Hilliard, of Nash.

The Fair.—We omitted to mention at
the proper time, that this interesting Ex-
hibition had resulted in the disposal of
such articles of taste and ingenuity as the
industrious benevolence of a few ladies
had executed. Many persons, we know,
affect to ridicule these efforts to aid in the
great cause of humanity, but they are cer-
tainly attended with happy consequences,
and frequently cause the widow and the
orphan to sing for joy. It is the heavenly
light of benevolence, which breaking a-
thwart the gloom of coldness and selfish-
ness illuminates the path of duty.

The Virginia Convention after having
been tossed to and fro for nearly three
months "on the tempestuous sea" of de-
bate, have at last "come within sight of
land." The Committee of the Whole have
gone through all the Resolutions relating
to each of the Departments, and a Draft-
ing Committee has been appointed to shape
all the propositions adopted into the form
of a Constitution. On Wednesday last,
the Chair named as this important Com-
mittee, Messrs. DODDRIDGE, MADISON,
MARSHALL, JOHNSON, LRIUGH of Chester-
field, TAZEWELL and COOKE. On the
same day the Convention agreed to extend
an amnesty or pardon to such as had heret-
ofore violated the Anti-Duelling Law, and
to authorise the Legislature to legislate up-
on the subject.

Virginia Legislature.—Nothing of an
interesting public nature, has yet come
under the consideration of the Legislature

of this State, nor do we imagine any im-
portant subject will be brought forward,
until the Convention shall terminate its
sittings. Much private business, however,
has been carved out. The projected Rail-
Road from Petersburg to the North-Car-
olina line has been reported on favorably.

Another instance of the truth of the max-
im, that "HONESTY is the best policy."—
On the 48th inst. a gentleman arrived in
Boston from New-York, and gave to Mr.
Barker, keeper of the Marlboro' Hotel,
two parcels for Messrs. Gilbert & Sons,
Brokers,—one containing \$3,300 in Bank
Bills, and the other 100 Spanish Doubloons.

The next morning the gentleman passed the
office of Messrs. G. & S. & handed a paper
to a porter, named Thomas Butler, inform-
ing where the money was left; the porter,
instead of giving the paper to the proper
persons, called at the Hotel and requested
Mr. Barker to give him any packages he
might have for Gilbert & Sons; Mr. B.
supposing he had been sent gave the parcels
to Butler, who immediately absconded; a
reward of \$500 being offered, he was pur-
sued and overtaken at Brattleboro', Ver-
mont, confessed the whole transaction,
wept like a child, and gave up all the m-
oney except \$150. On his return to Bos-
ton, in custody, when the stage arrived at
Wilton, N. H., Butler alighted and im-
mediately began to stamp round like a fr-
antic man, and ran into the bushes. He was
pursued, but before he was overtaken, he
had cut his throat with a razor, and died
immediately.

The National Intelligencer announces,
that Mr. Rush, the Agent of the Corpora-
tion of Washington City, has completed
the negotiation of a loan in Europe for one
million of dollars, to pay their subscription
to the stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio
Canal Company, at an interest less than
six per centum.

Providential Escape.—We learn that
during the night of the 26th instant, (Dec.)
about 40 feet of the land-end of the bridge
across the Pee Dee at Cheraw, (next the
town) fell down, without its being discov-
ered by the toll keeper. When the mail
stage, with six passengers, reached the abut-
ment, the foremost horses turned im-
mediately around, and loosed themselves
from the coach, but unfortunately they
both fell into the chasm, by which one of
them was killed, the other slightly injur-
ed. The passengers, in the mean time,
were left in an awfully critical situation,
from which they could hardly have escap-
ed with life, if the other horses had ad-
vanced but a few paces.—Fay. Obs.

THE HORNET.—As there remains but
little doubt that the ship of War Hornet
has been lost at sea, it will be interesting
to our readers to be informed who com-
posed her officers. The following is a cor-
rect list, according to the report of the
commanding officer of the West India sta-
tion on the Navy Department on the 25th
October.

- Master Commandant.—Otho Norris. Lieuten-
ants.—Daniel H. Mackey, Jesse Smith, John L.
Thomas, John H. Umilton. Surgeon.—William
Birchmore. Assistant Surgeon.—John F. White-
hill. Purser.—Robert Pottenger. Passed Mid-
shipmen.—Edward Schermhorn. Apprentices.
James N. Forsyth, Rich'd R. Swift, Rich'd L.
Tilghman, Gustavus R. A. Brooke, Edwin Lamb,
Charles A. Cannell, Samuel S. Washington.
Master's Mate.—T. W. Robinson. Gunner.—
John Burns. Sail Maker.—John Adams.

The following is a list of the acting Gov-
ernors of the several States for 1830:

- Maine, Nathan Cutler.
New-Hampshire, Benjamin Pierce.
Vermont, Samuel C. Crafts.
Massachusetts, Levi Lincoln.
Rhode Island, James Fenner.
Connecticut, Gideon Tomlinson.
New-York, Enos T. Throop.
New-Jersey, Peter D. Vroom, Jr.
Pennsylvania, George Wolf.
Delaware, David Hazard.
Maryland, Daniel Martin.
Virginia, William B. Giles.
North-Carolina, John Owen.
South-Carolina, Stephen D. Miller.
Georgia, George R. Milder.
Alabama, Gabriel Moore.
Mississippi, Gerard C. Brandon.
Louisiana, H. Beauvais.
Tennessee, William Carroll.
Kentucky, Thomas Metcalf.
Ohio, Allen Trimble.
Indiana, James B. Ray.
Illinois, Ninian Edwards.
Missouri, John Miller.

Legislature of Georgia.—The annexed
statement if not of any real use, may
serve to gratify curiosity. It is a table of
the birth places, pursuits, &c. of the Mem-
bers of the House of Representatives of
the State of Georgia. Seven members are
absent.—Georgian.

RESIDENCE	OCCUPATION
Georgia, 77	Farmers, 89
Virginia, 16	Farmers & Merchants 2
South-Carolina, 16	Lawyers, 20
North-Carolina, 16	Physicians, 10
Pennsylvania, 2	Merchants, 8

STATE.	ADMS.
Married, 109	28 between 20 and 30
Unmarried, 15	61 " 30 " 40
Widowers, 8	34 " 40 " 50
	9 " 50 " 60
Unknown, 132	
Unknown, 7	132
Unknown, 7	

*Mr. Brooke, of Hall county.
†W. H. Davis Member from Richmond county.
The youngest Member is Mr. Charlton, from
Chatham, aged 22, and the oldest Mr. Adair,
from Carroll, aged 59.

Fires in New-York.—A gentleman who
has kept a regular account of the fires
which have occurred in New-York, during
the past year, states that the number since
the 1st of Jan. 1829, is one hundred and
thirty eight. The number in 1828, be-
tween Jan. 2 and Dec. 3, was one hundred
and thirty-one; and the estimated destruc-
tion of property thereby, \$680,403. Con-
sequently, the number of fires this year,
up to the present date, has been somewhat
greater than during the corresponding pe-
riod of 28. The destruction of property
is undoubtedly less. We have had on
an average, one fire in about 2½ days.

CONGRESS.

IN SENATE.
Tuesday, Dec. 29.

Mr. Barton offered the following reso-
lution:—
Resolved, That the committee on Finance be
instructed to enquire into the expediency of es-
tablishing a uniform national currency for the
United States, and to report thereon to the
Senate.

Mr. Foot offered the following reso-
lution:—
Resolved, That the committee on the Public
Lands be instructed to inquire into the expedi-
ency of limiting for a certain period the sales of
the public lands, to such lands only as have
heretofore been offered for sale, and are sub-
ject to entry at the minimum price. And, also,
whether the office of Surveyor General may not
be abolished without detriment to the public in-
terest.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Tuesday, Dec. 29.

The Committee of Elections made a re-
port adverse to the memorial of Thomas
D. Arnold against the legality of the elec-
tion of Mr. Lea, of Tennessee, to a seat
in that House. We know nothing of the
merits of this case, but it seems rather
extraordinary, being unusual, that the re-
quest of the memorialist to have his docu-
ments printed for the inspection of mem-
bers should have been refused. He is to
be heard, however, at the bar of the House,
in support of his claim to a seat.

Mr. Storrs, of New-York, from the
Committee on the Census, reported the
following resolution:—
Resolved, That the Committee to whom was
referred that part of the President's Message
which relates to the taking of the fifth Census,
be directed to enquire into the expediency of
fixing the ratio of the representation in the
House of Representatives among the States, after
the completion of the enumeration, under such
conditions.

This resolution was read and agreed to.
The greater part of the day was spent
upon the bill for fixing the mode of compen-
sating the mileage of Members of Congress,
and amidst much desultory debate, the
following proceedings took place:—

Mr. Wickliff and Mr. Pettis having ex-
pressed their sentiments on the pending
amendment to the detail of the bill—
Mr. Chilton of Kentucky, moved to re-
commit the Bill to the Committee of Re-
trenchment, with instructions to report a-
mendments fixing the per diem compensa-
tion of Members at six dollars, and the
travelling allowance at six dollars for each
20 miles (instead of eight dollars for each,
as now fixed by law.) This motion he with-
drew, after debate, but with the avowed in-
tention to introduce it hereafter as a direct
amendment to the bill.

The House finally adjourned at 3 o'clock
without deciding on any question, either of
amendment or of principle.

The Washington Telegraph pays a high
compliment to the virtue and integrity of
Congress. In a denunciatory article in
relation to the Bank of the United States,
the Editor declares that the influence of
that institution will operate, unseen, all
over the country, "and in no place more
sensibly than on the floor of Congress."
"Its millions will be lavished upon mem-
bers of Congress, and their constitu-
ents, to purchase a recharter!" The
audacity of the Washington Telegraph is
only equalled by its habitual misrepresen-
tations. If a foreigner were to take
what that paper says to be true, he would
consider the members of the American
Congress as the most profligate crew on
earth, and "their constituents" the Ameri-
can people, as steeped in sordid corrup-
tion and iniquity to their very eyes.—
There is not, however, a word of truth in
all this Telegraph picture.—Phil. Inq.

Frankfort, Ky. Dec. 1.
A frightful fall.—A man from Lex-
ington was footing it into town, after dark
one evening last week, too much elevated
with the good cheer he had met with on
the way to be very circumspect in his walk.
Having got to the brow of the hill, where
the road passes along the top of the river
cliff, and leads down into the town, he ve-
ried from the beaten track to avoid the
mud, and inclining too much to the left,
tumbled headlong down the cliff. His first
pitch was off the top of a perpendicular rock,
about twenty feet down to the ground,
which broke the fall, but was too steep to
arrest its progress, and on he went, tum-
bling over the stones and through the bus-
hes about three hundred feet more, down to
the foot of the cliff; but the river not be-
ing very high, he lodged on the wood land-
ing, near the edge of the water. The man
was sadly bruised, but fortunately had no
bones broken, and was able to get up and
find his way into town. He declares he
will be more temperate in future—a wise
resolution.—Com.

A trial came on in England during the
last Lent Assizes, while the Judges were
on Circuit, in which an ignorant country
surgeon was the principal witness for the
prosecution. Of course in his cross-exami-
nation, the counsel for the defendant en-
deavoured to shake his testimony; and, as
the case turned on a point of practice,
for this purpose was principally relied on
the fact that he was an interloper in the
medical profession, and totally destitute of
surgical skill. "Pray, Doctor," cried
the Advocate in a voice of thunder, "did
not—(naming a former patient) die un-
der your hands?" "Why, he did." "And
—?" "Ye yes." "And—?"
"Why—I can't deny it!" "Well, Sir,
and pray what was your occupation before
you presumed to intrude into a liberal pro-
fession?" "I was—a—bacon curer,
Sir." "A bacon curer?" answered the
Counsellor, his stern features relaxing in-
to a smile, "then that accounts for it—
You thought it was with your patients as
with your hogs—you must kill them before
you could cure them?"

Greenville, (S. C.) Dec. 12.

Mr. Must or Mott, the half-pay British
officer, so frequently Gazetted of late, at-
tached to the cavalry, as we might presume
from his equestrian prelections, was ar-
rested on Friday last, (an ominous day
to him) a few miles on this side of the
Warm Springs in Buncombe county, N.
C. and brought to this place on Monday.
As it is said he is a man of education, he
had probably imbibed Rousseau's paradox-
ical opinions on suicide, or possibly he en-
vied the renown of Cato and Brutus, be-
lieving as it may, on Monday morning, being
favored by circumstances, he seized a pis-
tol, loaded with buckshots which had been
placed on a table in the room in which he
was guarded, and discharged it at his
breast. The proverb, however, saved him.
The wounds, after surgical examina-
tion, were not found sufficiently severe to
prevent his being carried on to Edge-
field the following day.

It is fortunate for the fame of Ulysses
and Diomed, that this distinguished indi-
vidual did not live during the Trojan war,
for his penchant no doubt would have in-
duced him to volunteer as an assaieur to
steal the horses of Rieus; and his unri-
valled talent for the business, would cer-
tainly have obliged the Greek to select him
for that critical service.

The Language of the Brute Creation.

Whether one beast is capable of forming a
design and communicating its design by
any kind of language to others, we submit
to the judgment of the reader, after giving
the following instance, which among others
is brought as a proof of it by Father
Bourgeois:—

A sparrow finding a nest that a martin
had just built standing very conveniently
for him, possessed himself of it. The mar-
tin seeing the usurper in her house, the
martins came in full speed and attacked
the sparrow; but the latter being covered
on every side, and presenting only his large
beak at the entrance of the nest was in-
vulnerable, and made the boldest of them
repeat their temerity. After a quarrel of
an hour's combat, all the martins disap-
peared. The sparrow seemed to think he
had got the better, and the spectators judged
that the martins had abandoned their un-
dertaking. Not in the least. In a few
seconds they returned to the charge, and
each of them having procured a little of
that tempered earth with which they build
their nests, they all at once fell upon the
sparrow, and enclosed him in the nest to
perish there since they could not drive him
thence.

Could the martins concert this design,
without some medium equivalent to lan-
guage?

N. Y. American.

MARRIED.
In Johnston county, on the 20th ult. Mr. Wm.
Fort, of this county, aged 66, to Mrs. Elizabeth
Whitefield, aged 35, only daughter of Mr. George
Whimberly, of the former county.

On the 15th ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. Watts, at
Falling Springs, Alleghany county, Va. John B.
Hessans, Esq. senior Editor of the Richmond
Wing, to Miss Mary L. Massie, daughter of
Henry Massie, Esq. of the former place.

Oxford Male Academy, N. C.

THE Trustees are gratified in being able to
announce to the public, that they have em-
ployed Mr. SIZAS C. LINDSEY, as Principal of
this Institution, for the next year—an experi-
enced Teacher of eminent qualifications. Mr.
Lindsey is a Graduate of Princeton College, N.
J. and com's highly recommended by Dr. Ar-
chibald Alexander and Dr. Cananhan, President
of that College. Under these circumstances,
the Board flatter themselves that their Academy
under the care of Mr. Lindsey, will continue to
maintain its high standing as well as to merit and
receive a liberal patronage from an enlightened
community.
The Winter session will commence on Mon-
day the 11th day of January, 1830.