

Saturday, February 27.

The bills making appropriations for the Naval and Military service for the year 1830 were severally read the second time, and referred to the committee on Finance. The debate on Mr. Foot's resolution was continued, Mr. Grundy occupying the floor.

Monday, March 1.

The Senate was principally occupied by the discussion of a resolution submitted by Mr. Barnard, calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information and opinions touching the expediency of dispensing with the Marine Corps in the Naval service. The resolution was finally adopted; and after receiving some other resolutions, and disposing of sundry memorials, the resolution of Mr. Foot was resumed, and Mr. Grundy continued the remarks which he commenced on Saturday, until three o'clock, when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Saturday, February 27.

The Resolution authorizing the Committee on Naval Affairs to provide some method by which the use of ardent spirits in the Navy might be abolished, was adopted. Mr. Vinton called up his resolution authorizing the printing of the laws of Georgia and Alabama, to accompany the report of the Committee on Indian Affairs. The House decided to take it up by ayes and noes, but it was not taken up, the hour having elapsed. The claim of Mrs. Decatur was then taken up, and debated until the adjournment.

Monday, March 1.

A single subject occupied the House nearly the whole sitting. This was a motion to print a petition presented by Mr. Burges from the yearly meeting of the Society of Friends in New-England, praying the protection of Government for the Cherokee, and other tribes of Indians, and that Congress will adopt no measure in violation of the treaties entered into with them. The debate which arose on the motion to print the memorial, was desultory as well as protracted, and much the same in its character and bearing, as two or three debates which have heretofore taken place and been reported on similar questions. After an unsuccessful motion to get rid of the discussion, by laying the memorial on the table, the debate was finally, at near 4 o'clock, arrested by the "previous question," and the motion to print prevailed by a large majority, and the House adjourned.

RALEIGH REGISTER.

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1830.

The Bible Cause.—An Agent of the American Bible Society, at present travelling in the western part of this State, writes, that there is much to do in that section of country, before all the destitute families will be supplied. The Bible Societies and friends of the Bible have been for some time entirely inactive. The Caswell Society have supplied their county, are nearly out of debt, and are about to procure Bibles for an adjoining county. One lady gave her gold watch and another contributed \$20 for this purpose. Orange county, will yet require 1000 Bibles, and it is supposed they cannot do more than supply their own wants. Guilford will soon be supplied, and the citizens of that county will aid the general cause to some extent. At a late meeting in Iredell, it was announced that every destitute family in that county had been put in possession of the Holy Scriptures; and 600 Bibles have been ordered by them to aid a neighboring county. Arrangements have been made for general meetings in Mecklenburg and Cabarrus. Something will be done there; but it is feared they will not come up to the examples of Wake and Granville.

Distressing Occurrence.—A correspondent of the Norfolk Herald, states, that as Mr. John Harrell of Hertford county, was returning home from Court, with his little son in a double gig, his horse took fright, and whilst endeavouring to pull him in, the bridle reins broke, and having then no control over the horse, he told his son to jump out; the boy did so, got clear of the gig, and sustained no injury; not so with the father, who following the example of his son, also jumped out on the other side and fell, when his head coming in contact with the wheel, it caused a fracture which terminated his existence.

A lesson for short memories.—Under this head, the Charleston Courier states, that at the session of Congress of 1817—18, after many days' discussion, the House of Representatives adopted, by a vote of 90 to 75, a resolution declaring "that Congress has power, under the Constitution, to appropriate money for the construction of Post Roads, Military and other Roads, and Canals, and for the improvement of water courses." Of the S. C. Delegation, Messrs. Lowndes, Middleton, Irvin and Simkins, voted for, and Messrs. Bellinger, Earl and Tucker, a-

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

Published every Thursday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, at Three Dollars per annum—half in advance.

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against the Resolution. Of the Georgia delegation, Messrs. Forsyth, Abbott, J. Crawford and Terrell, for, and Messrs. Cobb and Cook against it. The Fayetteville Observer, commenting on the above, wishes to know what has transformed this constitutional policy into so unconstitutional a policy, that some of the hot-heads of South-Carolina should now be ready to resist it even unto blood, and to dissolve the union, rather than submit to it?

The principle of life appears, in cases of drowning, not to be entirely extinguished, but to be merely suspended for a certain length of time; and it is capable, if proper means be employed within that length of time, of being again excited to action. How long after drowning, this principle remains in a state of mere suspension, we apprehend, is not known; but in no case of suspended animation, are we absolutely sure of death, until symptoms of putrefaction make their appearance. This then implies, that in every case where these symptoms are not present, we should immediately upon the body being found, make every possible effort to restore it to life.

In the neighborhood of Providence, R. I. recently, a little boy about 7 years of age, while sliding upon the ice fell into the river. It was supposed that he was more than ten minutes under water, and when taken out, a further delay of fully ten minutes ensued before means to resuscitate him could be applied. Dr. Allen, of Providence, was sent for, and after an effort of about an hour, was enabled to resuscitate the boy, and restore him to the arms of his fond parents.

The "Halifax Minerva," appears in a new dress and with a new title. It is hereafter to be styled the "Roanoke Advocate."

The "Freeman's Echo," published at Washington, in this State, is hereafter to be edited by William G. Carrington, under the name of the "Washington Times." We will republish the Prospectus as requested.

Mr. Crawford.—A late Georgia paper, in a notice which it takes of a recent Charge of Judge Crawford to a Grand Jury, says—"It affords us pleasure to say that his honor is in as good health as we have ever seen him." This information will afford equal pleasure to his friends all over the Union.

The Legislature of New-Jersey, have just passed a law, abolishing imprisonment for debt, in that State. The law goes into operation on the 4th July next, but does not interfere with the settlement of debts contracted previous to that time, except in cases of Revolutionary soldiers.

Virginia.—The Legislature of this State adjourned on Tuesday the 23rd ultimo, to meet, in all probability, no more under the old order of things. Among the acts we find the two following:—

An act, incorporating the Petersburg Rail Road Company; with a capital of four hundred thousand dollars, to be raised by subscription, to open a rail road to some convenient point on the North-Carolina line.

An act, to incorporate the Virginia and North-Carolina Transportation Company; with a capital of 70,000 dollars, for transporting produce and merchandise between Norfolk and the country around Albemarle Sound in North-Carolina, and upon its tributaries, the Roanoke and Chowan, through the Dismal Swamp Canal.

The next session will be an important one, charged, we doubt not, with organizing the different departments of the Government according to the provisions of the new Constitution, and Virginia, as her custom is on such occasions, will again put forth her strong men.—The election comes on in October, and already we hear the names of B. Watkins Leigh and John Randolph of Roanoke in nomination for seats in the House of Delegates.—Roanoke Ad.

Wilmington, March, 3.
Fire.—We are sorry to state, that the house occupied by Mrs. George Smith, bordering on Front and Chesnut Streets, and owned by St. John's Lodge, was on the 1st instant, about day-break, burnt to the ground. When the fire companies had assembled, and water was obtained, flames were issuing through the roof in such volumes, as to render it im-

possible to save the house. Fortunately the morning was so calm, that by the exertions used, the conflagration was prevented from spreading. Besides the principal loss, which falls on the Lodge (whose policy of insurance in the Etina Insurance Office, Hartford, had expired on the preceding day,) Mrs. Smith sustained the loss of part of her furniture—much less however, we are happy to say, than was apprehended; and the companies were under the disagreeable necessity, of pulling down Mr. Lawton's cabinet work-shop on the contiguous lot.

There is little doubt, that the fire originated in accident; and that it may be traced to the carelessness of a servant, in leaving a candle in the pantry, which after burning most of the night, communicated fire to the window.—Recorder.

Naval.—From an article in the last Southern Review on the subject of the Navy of the U. S. the Charleston Gazette makes the following abridgement of the entire classification of the vessels of war of the various nations of the world as they come in connection with our own—the number of men employed, and the amount of the annual appropriations made for the support of their several establishments.—The Navy of Great Britain consists of 164 vessels in commission—of these, 15 are ships of the line; 27 are frigates; the rest sloops of war and schooners, exclusive of cutters and tenders. The entire British Navy, consists of 517; of these 121 are ships of the line; 178 are frigates and 218 sloops of war, gun-brigs &c. The aggregate men employed, being 35,638, and the amount of annual appropriation \$26,124,444.

The Navy of France consists of 310 vessels—Of these 201 are in commission; 53 are ships of the line; 59 are frigates; and 191 are sloops of war, arm'd transports, &c. 30,951 is the aggregate of persons employed, and the annual appropriation is \$11,804,000.

The United States' Navy consists of 52 vessels of all kinds—of these 20 are in commission, 12 are ships of the line; 17 are frigates; 16 sloops of war, &c. so on, &c. 7. The aggregate of men employed is 6,345. The amount of annual appropriation is \$2,878,883.

The Navy of Russia in comparison with that of Great-Britain & France is insignificant. It consists in all of 102 vessels—62 of which are in commission, 35 are ships of the line; 84 are frigates, and 33 sloops of war. The amount of appropriation and the number of men employed, unknown.—Sweden has a limited armament. The total is 49 vessels. 5 of which are ships of the line. The Navy of Denmark consists of 77 vessels. The Netherlands have 30 vessels in commission. The entire naval force is 53, 7 of which are of the line.

Spain has in commission 36 vessels consisting of ships, frigates, s. hoovers, &c.—The total of her naval force is 112.

The Mexican Navy consists of 8 vessels—1 ship of the line, 2 second class frigates, the rest inferior.

Colombia has a force of 7 vessels: Brazil 42. Buenos Ayres, 1 big and a few schooners. Chili, 2 frigates and a few schooners. Peru a few sloops of war and schooners. Hayti, a few gunboats and guardas costas.

Serious Accident.—We regret to state that as Gen. McARTHUR, of the Senate, was returning to his lodgings on Saturday evening last, a shed attached to a building opposite the State-house, under which he was passing, and which was covered with snow to the depth of several inches, suddenly gave way, and falling upon him, precipitated him to the pavement. A number of persons who witnessed the accident, immediately ran to his relief, and succeeded in extricating him from the mass of timber, &c. under which he was buried; when it was found that the cap of his right knee had been forced out of its place by the violence of the fall, and that he had also received two or three severe contusions about his head and body. He was promptly removed to his lodgings, where he received every attention which his situation required, and has since been conveyed to his residence in Rose county, where, it is hoped, he soon will be restored to his usual health. The Senate, it will be seen, by our report of Monday, have unanimously agreed to a resolution, expressive of their regret of being deprived, we trust only for a short season, of the valuable services of this gentleman.—Ohio State Journal.

Snow Storm.—The following account is taken from the History of the town of Lynn, (Mass.) lately published:—

"Two great storms, on the twentieth and twenty-fourth of February, 1717, covered the ground so deep with snow, that people for some days could not pass from one house to another. Old Indians said that their fathers had never told them of such a snow. It was from ten to twenty feet deep, and generally covered the lower story of the houses. Cottages of one story were entirely buried, so that the people dug paths from one house to another, under the snow. Soon after, a slight rain fell, and the frost crusted the snow; and then the people went out of their chamber windows, and walked over it."

Many of the farmers lost their sheep; and most of the sheep and swine which were saved, lived from one to two weeks without food. One man had some hens buried near his barn which were dug out alive eleven days after. During this snow, a great number of deer came from the woods for food, and were followed by the wolves, which killed many of them. Others were killed by the people with guns. Great damage was done to the orchards, by the snow freezing to the branches, and splitting the trees as it fell. This snow formed a remarkable era in New England; and old people in relating an event, would say, that it happened so many years before or after the great snow.

Married.
In Cumberland county, on the 18th ult. Mr. J. G. Cook to Miss Annabella Murchison, daughter of John Murchison, Esq. of Fayetteville.
In Lenoir county, on the 14th ult. Daniel Lovett, Esq. to Miss Eliza Ann Carlisle.
In Warren county, on the 10th ult. Mr. Robert Robwell, jr. to Miss Eliza Milam.
In Rowan county, on the 17th Jan. Mr. John Hardin to Miss Ellen Baxter; also, on the 4th ult. Mr. Paul Barringer, son of Mr. Nicholas Barringer, to Miss Lovina Miller, daughter of Mr. Henry Miller; and also on the same day, Mr. Samuel Taylor, of Charlotte, to Miss Eleanor Chambers, daughter of David Chambers, Esq.
In Bertie county, on the 4th ult. Mr. Richard Wilder, of Chowan to Miss Harriet Hardy of the former county.
In Martin county, on the 11th ult. Mr. Otis Andrews, of Beaufort county, to Miss Elizabeth Wheatley, of the former county.
In Guilford county, on the 17th ult. Mr. Andrew Hunt to Miss Mary Ann Henley; and, on the 21st, Nathan Baldwin to Miss Melinda Hinshaw, both members of the society of Friends.
In Randolph county, on the 2d ult. Mr. Joseph Gibson to Miss Minerva Bunting; and, on the 5th, Mr. Henry Hill to Miss Lucretia Henley.
In Iredell county on the 18th ult. Mr. David H. Bedell, of Burke county, to Miss Marina Wallace.
At Washington City, on the 25th ult. the Hon. Augustus H. Shepherd, a Representative in Congress from this State, to Miss Martha Turner youngest daughter of Mrs. Mary Turner, of that city.

DIED.
In this city on Friday morning last, at the residence of Gayin Hoge, Esq. the Rt. Rev. JONAS STARK HAYES, D. D. Bishop of the Prot. Episcopal Church in North-Carolina, in the 58th year of his age. During a long illness, which from the first, he was persuaded was a "sickness unto death," he manifested a perfect and Christian resignation to the will of God, and looked forward to his approaching dissolution with a calmness and intrepidity inspired only by an unwavering faith, and a steadfast hope in the mercy of God through the atonement of Christ. Retaining his confidence in the principles which he had so ably maintained, unimpaired to the last, and exhibiting in his conversation and deportment an impressive example of the power of the Gospel—in the full possession of his reason, he resigned his soul into the hands of his Redeemer and his God, and thus closed his Christian course in a manner becoming the eminent character which he had sustained as a Minister of Jesus Christ.
On Saturday evening his remains were attended by a very numerous collection of the citizens, to the Episcopal church and interred within the consecrated burial service being performed by the Rev. Geo. W. Freeman, Rector of the church.
In York District, S. C. on the 25th January, Mrs. Nancy Winston, consort of George Winston, and daughter of the late Rev. Bartholomew Fuller, of Franklin county in this State.
In New-York on the 17th inst. Col. Henry Rutgers, aged 85.
At Marseilles, France, where he had gone with the hope of recovering his health, Mr. Nathaniel H. Carter, a scholar and a poet, formerly editor of the New York Statesman.

\$15 REWARD.
ESCAPED from the Jail of Beaufort county, on the night of the 24th instant, MILES SPIER, CHURCHILL, PURSER, & THOMAS PERRY. The sum of Ten Dollars will be given for the apprehension of Spier, Five Dollars for Perry, and Five Cents for Purser. Spier is a brother to Robert Spier who was tried at Newbern for the murder of John Williams. Spier is a man of small stature, thin visage, sallow complexion, and has a down look when spoken to. He was born and raised in Pitt county, but has lately resided in Beaufort. He is well known in both counties. He was committed at the last Term of Beaufort County Court, on a charge of grand larceny. Perry is about 18 years of age, thick set, light complexion, and speaks quick. He is a native of Currituck county, and was committed under a Capias on a charge of assault and battery. Purser is so well known in this county, that a particular description of him is deemed unnecessary.

Feb. 25, 1830. 57 3t

State of North-Carolina.

Wake County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
February Term, 1830.

John Depe and wife Gilly, Aaron Johnson, Allen Johnson, John Singletary and wife Mary Ann, and William Johnson.

Berry Johnson, Gray Johnson, and Matthew Coma, and wife Sally.

Petition for division of negroes Ben & Lucy. It having been made appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants in this petition named, have removed beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that unless the defendants Berry Johnson, Gray Johnson, and Matthew Coma and wife Sally, come forward on or before the next term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake at the Court-House in Raleigh on the third Monday of May next, then and there to show cause (if any they have) why said petition shall not have partition and division in said negro slaves—It will be considered pro confesso on the part of said defendants, and the prayer of said petitioners granted, and a decree made accordingly.
By order,
B. S. KING, C. C.

Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery,

CLASS, No. 1.

Draws in Richmond on Wednesday 10th March.

Send your orders to Hewson's office, Petersburg, where has been sold and paid, within the last month, several little fortunes.
All adventurers must take notice, that for the small sum of \$5 may be remitted by return of mail, either of the following Splendid Capitals.

SCHEME.

1	capital prize of 20,000 Dollars
1	4,830 Dollars
5	prizes of 1,000 Dollars
5	500 Dollars
5	400 Dollars
10	300 Dollars
10	200 Dollars
35	100 Dollars
100	40 Dollars

20's—15's—10's—&c. &c.

60 No. Lottery 10 Drawn Ballots.

Tickets \$5—Halves 2 50, Quarters 1 25.

Tickets for sale by the package or single ticket in a great variety of lucky numbers. At the prompt pay-office of

B. W. HEWSON,

Petersburg, Va.

Where was sold and paid in a whole ticket, Nos. 11, 17, 32, in the Richmond Dock Lottery class 4. Also 44, 47, 53, a capital prize of 10,000 Dollars.
All prizes cashed immediately at the Emporium of Luck.

HEWSON'S OFFICE.

MANAGERS' OFFICE,

Dismal Swamp Lottery,

CLASS 2.

To be drawn at Richmond on the 20th day of March, (this month.)

60 Number Lottery—10 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	of \$20,000 is \$20,000
1	4,830 4,830
5	1,000 5,000

Besides \$500, 400, 300, 200, 100, &c. &c.

Whole Tickets \$5, Halves 2 50, Quarters 1 25.

Dismal Swamp Lottery,

CLASS 3.

To be drawn at Richmond 31st March, (this month.)

54 Number Lottery—8 Drawn Ballots.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

\$30,000 going for \$19.

1 Prize of \$30,000

1 10,000

1 5,000

1 4,000

1 3,000

1 2,452

5 1,000

5 800

10 500

10 400

10 300

10 200

Besides \$100, 80, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, and 10.

Tickets \$10, Halves 5, Quarters 2 50.

A package of whole may be had for \$175, and is compelled to draw \$80, and may draw any of the above Capitals.

Address your orders (post paid) to

YATES & MCINTYRE.

NOTICE.

The Virginia and North-Carolina

Transportation Company's

STEAM BOAT

PETERSBURG,

CAPT. J. W. McREA,

Will in addition to her other duties, make due

trip to and from Newbern, N. C. leaving Elizabeth City every Tuesday evening after the

arrival of the Stage from Norfolk, and Newbern on every Friday, to commence running on Tuesday the 16th March next.

Fare for Passengers \$8—Freight on moderate terms.

Feb. 20. 55

Annual Meeting.

THE first Annual Meeting of the North-Carolina Baptist Benevolent Society, is to be held in Greenville, Pitt county, commencing the Friday before the fourth Sabbath in March next, at which time and place, all friendly to said Society are solicited to attend.

At the last meeting of the Board of Managers, it was Resolved, that Friday, the first day of the meeting, be observed as a day of Fasting and Prayer. It is hoped that this day will be particularly regarded by all who wish the prosperity of said Evangelical Institution.

Raleigh, Feb. 10, 1830. 50 1m

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to me by John H. Steveler, of Burke county, to secure the payment of certain debts therein mentioned, I shall proceed to sell to the highest bidder, in Morganton, on the 22d day of March next, (Superior Court week), the following Property, viz:

A Tract of Land situated about two miles south from Morganton & on the public road leading from Morganton to Rutherfordton, and on which the said J. H. Steveler now lives; containing five hundred acres more or less. Also, the undivided half of the six hundred and forty acres tract of land granted to M. Brittain and Wm. B. Craig, it being Craig's part, adjoining Eliza Dorsey, on the waters of Silver Creek, about six miles from Brindletown or Gold Region. The road from Morganton to Rutherfordton runs through a part of this tract.

On the first tract there is an excellent brick dwelling house and kitchen of the same, and all necessary out-buildings; fine meadows and considerable cleared land in a high state of cultivation and good repair. The other tract is chiefly woodland.

Persons who wish to purchase can examine the premises, by application to J. H. Steveler, or the Subscriber.

Also nine likely Negroes, consisting of men, women and children, and considerable other Property, Stock, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Also, an excellent Library.
The conditions of the sale are—for the lands, 12 months credit; the negroes and other property, 6 months; by the purchasers giving bond and approved security.

M. BRITAIN, Trustee.

February 22, 1830. 53 3t