## RADDICHER RUCKSTUR

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1890.

from the Intendant of Police, a meeting of the citizens was held on Saturday last, for the purpose of entering into arrangements for the celebration of the approaching Anniversary of American Independence. A general Committee was appointed to prescribe the order of celebra tion, with directions to render the same public, through the medium of the papers. This will be done so soon as the arrangements are completed.

We are authorized to announce TURNER Pullen, Esq. as a candidate to represent this county in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly. We are requested, also, to say, that Mr. P. will be necessarily absent for a few weeks, but will return in time to visit his friends in different parts of the county, before the Election.

The President's Veto. - We regret that we have not room for President Jackson's Message, in which he states at very considerable length, the reasons for his refusal to sign the bill authorizing a subscription to the stock of the Washington and Maysville Turnpike Road Company. We suspect, the President could have pursued no course, so little calculated to conciliate, as the one he has adopted .--Whilst he affirms the power of the General Government over the subject of Internal Improvements, he contends that it insists on discrimination between the obdisappoint the latitudinarians, who affirm | printed, however, and we shall see. the power, in its broadest sense? This say nothing of the downright enmity those States most interested in the meas-This feeling begins already to develop itself. In the debate which occur-Mr. STANBERRY, a Jackson member from Ohio, was constrained by the force of facts, to assert that the President's mes sage was " an electioneering document."

Mr. McDuffies Report .- We intend in a few days, to commence the re-publication in the Register of this able document -the best State paper that has issued from the halls of Congress, during the present session.

The Indian Bill.—We amounced in a postscript to our last paper, the passage of this bill by a trembling majority of five votes-a result which we fear, has been the effect, rather of party feeling than grave deliberation. Some of our cotemporaries consider this bill as sacrificing the Indians to the rapacity of the Southern States, whilst others repel the idea of force being employed against them and contend that its object is to promote their voluntary emigration and thereby to betbill state as a sufficient reason for its paspendent governments within the limits of removed. the States, dangerous to their sovereigninstead of opposing their efforts at civili- M. Bailv, removed. zation. We have a copy of the hill before us and annex a synopsis of its pro-President to have so much territory as belongs to the U.S. west of the Misssissippi, not included in any State, "divided into a suitable number of districts, for the reception of such tribes or nations kins, removed. of Indians as may choose to exchange the lands where they now reside, and remove there," &c. The territory which they receive in exchange to the West, is to be guaranteed to them. They are to be paid for their improvements on the lands which they leave-they are to be aided in their transportation and to receive subsistence for the first year, -and the last clause appropriates the sum of \$500, 000 for the purpose of giving effect to the Act. If the Indians become extinct or

bandon the lands, they are to revert to he United States. Some of those unfriendly to the bill,

say further, that the 2500,000 stipulated was North-Carolina, on the occasion al- fact may give the party in South-Carolina ment and that no one can foresee the extent to which the Treasury may be put Fourth of July -- Pursuant to a notice in requisition, to meet the demand incurred by the bill.

Of our Representatives, Messrs. Alston, Carson, Conner, Hall, Potter, Rencher, W. B. Sheppard and Speight voted for and Messrs. Barringer, Deberry, A. H. Shepperd and Williams against the

bills had passed the House of Representatives and had been read twice in the Senate. We feel greatly encouraged at the prospect of their final passage.

A bill was reported from the committee of Commerce, and had passed the House of Representatives, in relation to our Colonial trade, predicated on the confidential message of the President, mentioned in the Postscript to our last. From the tenor of the bill, it would seem that there is some hope of recovering the benefit of the West-India trade, though the late arrival at New-York, brings no intelligence on the subject. We trust, that the parade made on the occasion by the President, may not serve as another illustration of "the mountain in labor."

The Fourth Auditor has made a report, in answer to the resolution submitted by Mr. Carson, respecting the accounts of Mrs. Heber, to a friend in New-York .-Miles King & th elate Purser Timberlake. should be restricted in its exercise. He What the nature of the Report is, we do shop. not know, though judging from the oppojects to be selected for operation, under sition made to its printing and from certhis power; denies the nationality of the tain remarks which fell from Mr. Whitparticular object embraced in this bill, tlesey, in relation thereto, it is an unfair River. He was one of three on a sailing and disputes the expediency of entering statement of facts, quite in keeping with party, when a flaw of wind capsized the upon an extensive system of Internal Im- the character of Mr. Kendall. We half boat, which immediately sunk. Unable provements, in the present state of the fi- suspect, that the generous motive we atnances of the country. Will not the tributed to Mr. Carson in the introductipartial admission of the President, that on of his resolution, was incorrectly im-Congress does possess the power of ma puted. There are unfortunately, but few king appropriations for purposes of Inter- individuals sufficiently high-minded to exnal Improvement, dissatisfy the limited tend even handed justice to political opconstructionists, whilst it will equally ponents. The Auditor's Report is to be

The Maysville and Washington Turnwill be the inevitable consequence, to pike Road bill has been rejected, there not being a constitutional majority (twowhich the President will engender in thirds) in its favor. The vote on the quesby the President, was 96 in favor, and 90 opposed. The whole of our representared on passing the bill, after the veto, tion, with the exception of Mr. Shepard of the Edenton District, voted against its passage. It is stated in the Intelligencer, that the President's Message on this subject, caused great excitement, and that the final action of the House on the bill, was attended with a highly acrimonious doniun.

> Several important confirmations of appointments, have taken place since our last. M. M. Noah who was recently rejected and re-nominated by the President, has like Amos Kendall, rubbed through the Senate, by the casting vote of the Vice President! The vote was 23 to 23.

James B. Thornton, of New Hampshire, has been appointed Second Comptroller of the Treasury, in place of Isaac Hill, rejected; and the appointment has been confirmed by the Senate.

The following other appointments have been recently confirmed by the Senate:

Thomas Gillespie, to be Register of the Land Office for the District of Lands subject to sale at Tiffin, in the State of Ohio, ter their condition. The friends of the in the room of James B. Gardner, who was commissioned during the recess of sage, that the Indians are forming inde- the Senate, and rejected, vice Platt Rush,

Morgan Nevill, to be Receiver of Pubty. The opponents of the bill contend, lic Moneys, for the District of Lands that the faith of treaties requires us to subject to sale at Cincinnati, in the State let the Indians alone and permit them to of Ohio, in the room of Moses Dawson, enjoy the rights they have had from time who was commissioned during the recess immemorial; and that we ought to assist of the Senate, and rejected, vice Andrew

Goods for the Port of New-orleans, in the visions. The first section authorises the State of Louisiana, vice Abraham H. Inskeep, removed.

William S. Coe, to be Appraiser of Goods for the Port of New-York, in the State of New-York, vice Frederick Jen-

We have already stated that when the question was taken upon Mr. Buchanan's amendment to Mr. Mallary's new Tariff Bill, the South-Carolina Delegation withdrew and refused to vote.-We now also learn that all the Georgia Delegation except one, all from North-Carolina except five, and most of the Members from Virginia. also withdrew and refused to vote, and of those from Georgia and North-Carolina who did vote, not one voted in favor of the bill. Will the Raleigh Register tell us now, whether the Delegates from North-Carolina represent the feelings of their constituents?

The above is from the Charleston Mer- believe. In this State, we have pleasure cury, and our answer is ready. We say without hesitation, never were the feelings and opinions of a State, more mis- Indeed we have heard but a single individrepresented by her Representatives, than ual express a different sentiment.

inded to. We honestly believe, there are not one hundred persons in the State who will either sanction their conduct or the disorganizing doctrines of the Mercury. Are you answered?

Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road. - A correspondent of the National Intelligencer, announces his arrival in Washington, from Baltimore, by way of the above Road ! The whole extent of the line of Rails is 13 miles, over which a single Congress-We have not yet received an horse drew a carriage, weighing more account of the adjournment of Congress. | than a ton, on which there were 28 per-Our intelligence is down to Saturday mor- sons, at the rate of about fifteen miles an ning, at which time the Salt and Molasses hour! This was done too, with much apparent ease, for the traces did not seem half the time to be strained at all.

Free People of Color .- The acting Governor of Louisiana, pursuant to a law of the Legislature, passed March last, has issued a proclamation dated the 24th ultcommanding all free negroes, mulattoes, or other free persons of color, who have come into that State since the first day of January, 1825, to depart therefrom within sixty days after the promulgation of the said act.

Life of Bishop Heber. - The New-York Protestant Episcopal Press has put to press a life of Reginald Heber, late Lord Bishop of Calcutta, by his widow, with a selection from his corresponce, and from his unpublished works. The work will be published from materials sent out by All profits will go to the family of the Bi-

Distressing Casualty .- On Tuesday afternoon last, Jacob Leib, a young man of German birth, was drowned in Neuse to swim, he soon went to the bottom .--The others were rescued by a boat which immediately put off to their relief. The fate of poor Leib is much lamented by all who knew him : he was a mechanic, attached to the dredging boat building here tor our Swash, and was industrious and remarkably ingenious .- Newb. Spect-

Mr. M'Duffie, in his late speech-and it was vigorous and a manly effort-on the Tariff question, distinctly and emphatically avowed, that it was the last time he should ever raise his the 5th of April- After a long debate it ed the iniquitous and oppressive protective sys tem. He also disclaimed all idea of political eftion of its passage, after being returned fect in any thing he said or done. He never had, he said, in his official character, and he never would, support or oppose any measure, or any man or set of men, with a view to party ends and aims. He disdained such tricks and subterfuges-and such unworthy motives. He asked for no place but such as his constituents hail given him; nor would he accept the "im perial scepire," which he described the Presidential office now to be, if he could get it for the seeking! We give nearly his own words, as quoted to us by a correspondent. They are worthy of his high character .- N. Jersey Free-

It will be seen by the above paragraph, that Mr. McDuffie looks upon the Presidency as now administered, as an "imperial sceptre;" and, indeed, we are not surprised that he should so consider it, when we reflect that the majorny of the Senate, having resolved to settle the succession by waiving their own constitutional rights. have, in fact, invested General Jackson with despotic power, and made his office, in the appropriate language of Mr. Mc Duffie, an "imperial sceptre." Balt. Chron.

Virtue Rewarded .- A most extraordinary public meeting has been held in Sumner county. Tennessee, and a Committee appointed to investigate the unpleasant difficulties, that were supposed to have separated Gov. Houston and his wife .-The committee have reported, (and the report was unanimously accepted) that the cause of separation was jealousy on the part of Gov. H .- that his wife was a young lady of excellent family, and exemplary virtue—that Gov. Houston was a "deluded man," and that there is not a semblance of doubt" that his

wife is an "innocent and injured woman." . The Committee also publish a letter from Gov. Houston to Mr. Allen, father of the lady, in which the Governor expresses himself satisfied of the chastity of is wife. The whole is a strange proceeding, but will have a tendency to satisfy public curiosity, and rescue the cha-Sheldon Clark, to be Appraiser of racter of a respectable lady from the foulest suspicions. - Cincinnati American.

> We are sorry to see several of the news papers in South-Carolina teeming with articles on the subject of a dissolution of the Union, proposing all manner of measures looking to an immediate secession of that State from the Union. Some propose a Convention for that purpose; others think that the Legislature can do all that is necessary to effect their object. A letter from Washington suggests that the Governor should not issue writs of election for Representatives to Congress at the next October election. We have not heard what effect the desertion of their places by the present members has had upon public feeling, which was already unfortunately too much excited, though we do not believe it is half as much so among the body of the people, as the papers would have us in saying, that, so far as we have heard, this rash act of the Southern members ha-

some idea of the support they are likely to. receive from this State, should they ever proceed to the extremities which have been threatened .- Fay. Obs.

We learn from the distant papers, that the vote in the House of Representatives, to lay upon the table Mr. Potter's Resolutions concerning the Bank of the United States, has been construed to indicate a disposition hostile to that Institution. If such an impression be entertained, it is proper that it be corrected, We are authorized, by more than one Gentleman, who voted for that disposition of those Resolutions, to state, that nothing was farther from their intention than to give any sanction to the propositions embraced in them; they having voted to lay them our the table, as the readiest and most respectful way of putting them to sleep.

Boxford Bonnets .- Bonnets, of a fach: ionable air, and well adapted to the season, have recently been made, at Boxford, about 25 miles from this city, from rye straw. The first edition of them was carried to New-York and sold to the most fashionable milliners, as English Bonnets, of recent manufacture and importation, at an exorbitant price. The New-York milimers furnished their Buston Correspondents with the new article, and many of them were sold, in this city, at from 12 to 16 dollars. The new English straw bonnets commanded such prices, that the industrious Boxford manufacturers sent in large supplies of them; and they can now be purchased at from S to 4 dollars.

The bonnets are, b th in respect to material and form, very elegant, and well suited to the season. Success to their fair manufactures !- Palladium.

Twenty three days later from Europe.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, May 25.

The Packet ship Canada, Capt. Graham arrived this forenoon, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 23d ult.

Every thing is very quiet in France, & the complaints of the distress in England are greatly subdued, if not entirely hush-

severely ill-his attack being of a billious nature attended by a difficulty of respi-

On the 8th of April the Parliament adjourned over to the 26th.

The motion of Mr. R. Grant, for removing the civil disabilities of the Jews, was brought up in the House of Commons on was carried against the Ministry, by a vote of 115 to 97. The announcement was received with cheers, and a bill was immediately introduced.

Leopold is making preparations for his departure for Greece.

France. - The French papers generally agreed in regarding the dissolution of the Chambers as near at hand, and both parties were preparing for the event.

A report prevailed on the 16th, at Pa ris, that the Chambers were to be immediately dissolved, and that a new one was to be convoked on the 31st of May, the papers of the 17th mention the repetition of the report, but add that it was not

Spain. - By a royal decree, the Salic law has been abolished in Spain, the King on his issue by his present wife, whether male or female. This has created much excitement and given occasion for much reproach, as the Crown may pass from the Bourbon line.

Mr. Hughes has left the Hague for Paris, previously to his repairing to his new post at Stockholm, to which he has lately been appointed by the American Govern-



Office of the National Intelligencer, May 30-2 A. M.

The Editors think that they owe it to heir friends, as far as they can reach them, by this proof sheet, to give them the earliest advice of the following facts :

In the SENATE, to-day, the bill, which had passed the House of Representatives, for reducing the duty on Salt, prospectvely, was passed by a large majority, and wanting only the signature of the President, may be considered a law. In the same manner, the bill to reduce the duty on Molasses, and increase the drawback on Rum exported, was passed by a large majority, and may be considered a law .-In the same manner, the bill, looking to an adaptation of our commercial regulations, contingently, to the opening of in- next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill tercourse, by treaty, with the British Colonies. (after a short time spent in secret session,) was passed by a large majority, and may be considered a law.

In the House of Representatives, the bill to establish the office of Solicitor of the Treasury, which originated in the Senate, was passed.

In the same body, the bill which origi nated in the Senate, for the graduation of the price of Public Lands, was rejected.

In the same body, the bill which contains an appropriation for the continuation of the Cumberland Road, was passed, and may be considered a law.

The Vice President having yesterday retired from the Chair of the Senate for the remainder of the session, the Hon. Samuel Smith, of Maryland, was elected This President of the Senate pro tempore.

SARATOGA POWDERS

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD have just receive ed a tresh supply of Carpenter's Saratoga Powders, for making Saratoga or Congress Spring Water. Also, Maynard and Noves su-perior Seidlitz, Rochelle and Soda Powders. Raleigh, June 1, 1830.

LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTE of hand on Sion Rogers for Nine Dollars given as well as I recollect sometime in September last, payable the 25th of December following, to the Subscriber hereot. I therefore forwarn all persons trading for said Note, or the maker thereof paying off the same except to myself.

B. B. BUFFALOE. Wake county, May 29th, 1830.

THE Subscriber will be situated by and after the 15th September, at Weldon, (Palls of Roanoke) as Commission and Forwarding Merchant. He will be well prepared for the Storing of all articles ascending as well as those descending the river : and his prices for forwarding Cotton, Flour and Tobacco, will be less than the

MEMICAN HUNT.

WE, the undersigned, Merchants in Norfolk, take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Hunz to our friends and the public, who send their Crops by way of Weldon to market, as a gentletleman of the strictest honor. We have no dount but that he will make a valuable agent, and request all those who favor us with Consignments to send them through his hands.

W. & E. TOWNES & CO. JOHN B. ROY, JAMES GORDON, ANDREW HARRIS.

May 29.

82 2t North-Carolina-Wake County. Richard Smith ve. Henry Jones. Original Attachment.

N attachment having issued at the suit of the A above plaintiff, against the defendant, which has been levied on property of said defendant in the hands of the Sheriff of said county-Notice is hereby given, that further proceedings is stayed on said attachment for the space of thirty days, when, if said Henry Jones do not uppear and replevy or plead, judgment final will be entered up against him

WESTON R. GALES, J. P. May 31, 1830.

Wanted Immediately,

TEACHER, to take charge of Pomons A-A cademy, 14 miles North east of Raleigh. The situation is very healthy, the water good, Illness of the King. - The King has been the Teacher should possess the following qualifications, viz : understand the English & Latin Languages, and have some knowledge of Mathematics, and besof undoubted moral character .-To such an one, a salary will be given equal in amount to \$300.

Apply to the Editors of the Register, to Wm. Roles, Esq. Postmaster at Roles Store, Wake, one of the Trustees, or to Seth Jones. Esq. Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

Raleigh, April 29.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS for Sale his HOUSE & LOTS in the Town of Oxford, with the LAND adjoining about 200 acres—of which about 60 acres are Woodland. The House is 52 by 40 feet, commodious, and well finished throughout having 4 rooms with fire places on each floor, with a wide passage on each-a garret distributed into closets and two comfortable rooms; and a cellar under the whole divided into several apartments. It is situated in a most beautiful grove of Oaks ? attached to it is a large Falling Garden furnished with fruits selectedfrom the north an Ice-House constructed of rock-a stone Spring-House a Well of excellent water in the yard-an Office in the yard suitable for a Lawyer, and every necessary Outhouse, all in good repair.

Also, a TANYARD now in operation, which might give employment to 8 or 10 hands, having 10s acres of land attached to it; and on the premises is a comfortable two story Dwelling, with every convenience for a family residence. better constructed Yard is seldem seen any where. This property will be disposed of ou reasonable and accommodating terms.

THO. B. LITTLEJOHN. Oxford, Sept. 1. State of North-Carolina,

Granville County. Superior Court of Equity-Spring Term, 1830. Robert B. Gilliam, Adm'r, &c.

Thomas H. Willie & Thomas N. Pulliam, Adm'rs of John and James Pittard. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,

that Thomas N. Pulliam, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six successive weeks, that the said Thomas N. Pulliam appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Courthouse in Oxford, on the first Monday of September next, and plead, answer, or demur to the said bill of complaint, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte. Witness, Thomas B. Littlejohn, Clerk & Master of said Court, the first Monday of March,

THO. B. LITTLEJOHN, C. M. E. Pr. adv. \$2 75.

State of North-Carolina. Granville County. Superior Court of Equity-Spring Term, 1830.

Willie M. Spears & James Richards, Executors of John N. Boswell, dec'd. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that James Richards, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State : It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six successive weeks, that the said James Richards appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Courthouse in Oxford, on the first Monday of September of complaint, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte.

Witness, Thomas H. Littlejohn, Clerk & Master of said Court, the first Monday of March, A. D. 1830.

THO. B. LITTLEJOHN, C. M. E. North Carolina-Granville County. John Bullock, Ex'or of William Bullock, dec.

Richard Bullock & others. Superior Court of Equity—Spring Term, 1830.

I appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William B. Inge, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State. in the Raleigh Register for arx successive weeks, that unless the said William B. Ingo appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Courthouse in Oxford, on the first Monday of September next, and plead, answer, or demur, to the bill of complaint, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte.

Witness, Thomas B. Littlejohn, Clerk and Master of said Court, the first Monday of Murch, A. D. 1830.

THO. B. LITTLEJOHN, C. M. E.