COURS ARE THE PLANS OF PAIR DELIGHTFUL PEACE, UNWARP'D BY PARTY RAGE, TO LIVE LIKE BROTHERS'

PUBLISHED EVERT TUESDAY, By Joseph Gales & Son.

## TERMS.

THEE DOLLARS per annum; one half in advance. the Paper discontinued at the expiration of the year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until countermanded.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

exceeding sixteen lines, will be inserted thre times for a Dollar; and twenty-five cents for each have said on this subject. subsequent publication: those of greater length, in marked on them, they will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

## DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

- Tuesday, Feb. 25, 1834.

United States -

the table, to enable the Senator from blue book, and that have contributed to the opinions of the people, republican as will be the opinion of the country. result had been to add-strength to his first | indignation.

the part of the Executive.

Mr. M. said he had known Mr. Carson a confiding community. long and intimately, and he believed the estimate he had formed of him, was held in common by all who knew him-that a man of higher honor, purer principles, and a warmer heart, perhaps, does not live, and of whom it may be said, truly and emphatically, that he is "without fear, and without reproach. That he is wholly incapable of assailing this or any other Administration, for acts that his sound judgment does not disapprove. If there be any ground for the imputation that these resolutions emanated from mere partisan effocts, we shall probably have evidence of it in another branch of Congress. Let us, before we make too certain of it, see what will be the vote of the member representing that district.

Mr. M. said he knew that honorable member well; he knew him to be a warmly attached triend to the Administration, and that he would regret the adoption by it of any line of policy, from which a

Those who do not, either at the time of subscribing. he knew the honorable member by his as to do it reverence." or subsequently, give notice of their wish to have firmness of purpose; and the sterling As we have no man, or set of men, who ther for peckniary or political speculation And yet, in the presence of the Senate. The President and his counsels, as it were. character of his virtues was equal to any control public opinion, at will, so I think -either to make and before the country, I declare it as my in the palms of their hands? Who does

So firm, said Mr. M. is my belief, that and independence of our citizens. The Senate having, on motion of Mr. profit by the offices, the contracts or the sure.

lutions came in a form so usual, and with- look for the public sentiment. I do not ed nothing in affirming that she would be al so unpretending, that he had not ex- mean, said Mr. M. to convey the idea, found steadily supporting her principles. ed much debate, and had been assailed whole course of the Administration in re- lic benefactors, which distinguished a geon various grounds; and especially that ference to the deposites. I know full nerous and honorable people; she might they had emanated from partisan zeal, well there is such a party; small I be- occasionally err, under the influence of a tion of the resolutions, that they had been most as dangerous as poison, with its eye count upon her support, who were them adopted, as he had been informed, with- steadily fixed upon the elevation of the selves untrue to those principles; occaout distinction of party, and that they Executive favorite, and its heart upon the sional aberrations, or slight delinquenmight be regarded as embodying the sen- loaves and fishes, and flesh pots, and all cies, she might generously overlook; but, He had, since that statement was made, as it will continue to defend every act of | That State had suffered as little of peavailed himself schulously of al! the means the Administration, so long as there is a cuniary distress from the removal of the of information within his reach, and he fair prospect that it will ride out in safe- deposites and the destruction of confihad seen letters that morning; and, the ty and in triumph the storm of the public dence consequent upon the violence and

public sentiment in the mountain region of others, out of the pale of this party, ho- lantic border. Perhaps, from circum North-Carolina, and to enable him to nest and honorable men, who support this stances peculiar to herself, she had su state, with confidence, that a similar sen- measure. I know that there are some in- fered less than any other-certainly much timent prevaded a large majority of the fluenced by strong prejudices against the less than her sister States to the North entire State. The resolutions did not, Bank, or strong attachment to the Chief and East. The whole amount of debt therefore, in his opinion, emanate from Magistrate, who are as incredulous of in that State, foreign and domestic, was partisan feeling, and party prejudice, but merit, on the part of the former, as they perhaps much smaller than it had been were the result of a strong sense of the are slow to admit error, on the part of for several years, and yet, by reason of general inconvenience, not to say distress, the latter. But, sir, if I do not mistake the gradual winding up of the business brought upon that portion of the country the signs of the times, this party, active, of all the local illinks, there had been a by the usurpation and abuse of power on lindefatigable, and concentrated, as it is ; sort of stricture, not to say uneasiness, in sustained, as it is, by the countenance money matters. The shock given to pub-Mr. M. said his information deceived and patronage of the Federal Govern- lic confidence—the entire uncertainty as him most grossly, if, throughout the whole ment, will be beaten and overwhelmed to the future-had unquestionably increas-State of North-Carolina, the approach to by that great undisciplined corps of mili- ed that uneasiness. The evils of that act unanimity in opposition to the Adminis- itia, the tree and sovereign people. Sir, tration upon the Deposite question, is not we are unaccustomed to that political dis- every part of the interior, and must be wholly unparalleled upon any other great cipline by which, in other States, whole felt with more or less severity. But the question emanating from an Executive of communities change front at the word of opposition of that State, to this measure, command, with the celerity and precision did not arise from a feeling of distress-The remark in reference to a supposed that a battalion may be wheeled in the for that opposition existed before the condisappointed political character, he could open field. We are mere militia; we sequences of the measure were felt at all not misunderstand, and was compelled to refuse the drill, and hold in contempt the -but it rested upon a deep sense of vio regard it as exceedingly unjust, and still political tactician. We have no central lated law, the startling pretensions of more unkind. He understood it to refer agency which kindly takes from the shoul- power, and the manifest tendency to the to his honorable and most excellent friend, ders of the people the burthens of self- isolation of all power in the hands of one Mr. Carson, lately a member of the other government. We have no Junto of pa- man. He regarded it as highly honorable so well known here, and so truly appre- vernment for the paltry equivalent of the mercenary considerations, but by a feeling ciated, that no hand would be found to people's money only. We recognize no of justice, and her love and veneration aim a shaft unkindly at him. It is true, organizations, unknown to the Constitution and the laws. North ing all the ects of power? the remark was accompanied with the ad- tion, to ride and rule over the laws ; to Carolina was emphatically a law-loving mission that he was an honorable man, manufacture public opinion ; to order and and law-abiding State. Not the worshipwell entitled to all respect, but yet it to club the wits of dishonest men; to per of idols and the devotee of power-

Sir, we have seen in the history of other States, and great States too, that bad men ed, ambitious, and unprincipled, which, and acting in phalanx, and by concert, se-

usurpation which marked the whole proimpressions, in reference to the state of Nor do I mean to say that there are not cedure, as perhaps any other on the Atwere moving apace, and were pervading part of power, as ready to yield obedience

to rightful authority. Nothing (said Mr. M.) indicates more the true character of this controversy .ship of every county, controlled public rubbish that encumbers it and this whole far from it. I have feared, to guard it ef- denunciations of a profligate Press.

sense of duty to his constituents would quinade, the sport of the wit, the butt of nor the President and Congress together, | favorite to the Presidency? How many compel him to depart. That he was well the wag, and the scorn of honest citizens. have the shadow of right to raise money, would believe under this administration Magistrate I am not sure. But who beacquainted with the sentiments of his It would be an organization without pow- by taxing the People, to lend either to his of their own choice, that those who in fact lieves that the policy of the President is district, and would truly represent them, er, a Government without subjects-a or their friends; nor have they any right manage the system, regard the gratifica-like prevailing policy of the Administradid not admit of question. Mr. M. said. mere caput mortuum with " none so poor to use money, after it is raised, for their tion of the ambition of one man, as whol- tion? Who does not see that a certain benefit or the benefit of their friends, ei- ly above any questions of public interest? great party, and, I fear, a bad party, holds exigency. to the performance of every no man, or set of men, can transfer, at Presidents. And fet, no one can shul solemn conviction, that such is the fact. not see that the policy of that party is duty. We shall see what his course will will, popularity to another. I regard the his eyes to the fact, that the whole strug- Sir, if the whole country could look in- eminently that of noncommittal? that it be, and if I am not greatly mistaken, said idea that the suffrage of North-Carolina gle here, is o take the public money from to this stupendous laboratory, within these watches the currents of public opinion; Mr. M. it will fully vindicate all that I can be transferred to the Executive favo- the place designated by law, and to give ten miles square, and comprehend at a and emberks with an eye single to the obrite. as deeply insulting to the intelligence the use of it to certain affiliated Banks. glance the complicated springs of action, jects of personal ambition? that the dethat must of necessity, be more or less how much of selfish ambition, how little feets of sagacity are sought to be supplied proportion. If the number of insertions be not the state of public sentiment in the west- I know that the opinion is entertained, controlled by a political party. In the of patriotism, how much of mere merce- by after thoughts, a sort of humbur, (parern part of North-Carolina, is as I have and warmly cherished, but I think it is worst period of the Roman empire, the nary calculation-and see too, by whose don the word, its lowness is upon a level, represented it, that I do not believe a founded in a profound misconception of imperial purple was put up at auction by hands and for whose interest the Govern- with the policy it is intended to indicate.) tittle of conflicting testimony can be pro- the character of our people. They can the prætorian guards. God forbid that ment is controlled -- it might bring an aw- by sturdy applications to the passions and dwced from a source that may be regard- not, they will not, be transferred—they we shall ever see the time in this country ful day of reckoning to those whose hearts gullibility of the public? ed as wholly impartial. I know, sir, that will judge and decide for themselves - when trained political cohorts shall seize are now hardened against the distresses Sir, in this question of the deposites. if you look to those who live and make wisely, I trust; independently, I am upon the public moneys to open the way of the people. But, sir, the country will their sagacity has deeple failed them to the Presidency by corruption; when not see it. Men may not prove recreant To rifle the Bank of the Deposites, under Mangum, resumed the consideration of a bounties of the Government, you may get The people of that State had borne much, the patronage of the Government shall be to their trusts, but the whole extent of a charges deeply affecting its parity, the Memorial presented by him, some days any sort of testimony. The blue book they were less excitable than some of their combined with the People's money, to buse and corruption will not, cannot, be Buck, which is supposed to be so very

grinst the measure of the removal of the of this or any other Administration. It making upon the measure of the removal of the object siest thing in the world, and in the deep Public Deposites from the Bank of the is their vocation. It may be regarded at not be safely carried. It had been stated tion. The Ergument has been exhausted, of the opposition is to put out the men and financial wisdom of the Executive advishead quarters as a part of their duty .- by his honorable colleague, and doubtless and the pretexts, I do not say the reasons, principles of this administration. That ers. to remove a few millions of dollars Mr. MANGUM rose, and said, that he Those tens and hundreds of thousands of from his conviction of its truth, "that he of the Administration for this measure, is a serious charge, and demands examina- from one side of the street to the other, had, upon a former occasion, moved to dollars, in the shape of extras to mail had no doubt that North-Carolina would have been witerly annih lated. That is tion. To put out the principles of this did not abstract the money from the coun-

ministration is now in its second term and President as not unfavorable to her favo- horsed; that the country will not consent it must live out the time for which it is rite system ; while in the South, we took to undergo so much distress and suffering. and had been vindicated, if not conceiv. lieve it to be; but by force of a severe generous enthusiasm, or temporary excite- elected—a conger continuance of it un- good heart from encouraging intimations, merely to try an "experiment." They ed, by a disappointed political character. drill and exact discipline, it will be felt ment; but, in the long run she would be der the present Chief Magistrate is not and supported with energy and zeal the must retrace—they cannot go on for they Something was said of "pot house politi- in all its evolutions, and is by no means found on the side of hose great principles contemplated by any one. What motive present Chief Magistrate, believing, as we will die in their tracks. The People cians," and "miserable petitions." Mr. to be despised. A party animated by a that had marked every period of her his- then, can of e have, causelessly—and, in- did, that he was with us in feeling and have borne much; they may vet bear M. said he had stated, upon the presenta- principle of ambition, as active and al- tory-and none might be so bold as to deed, unless under the influence of a stern principle. The history of subsequent more; but let their oppressurs beware of necessity - w place himself in the op- times, may tell how deep were the delu- driving this experiment too far. position? No motive can be assigned, sions of a confiding people. The scenes Mr. M. said he did not believe that in On the con rary, every consideration of of the last winter, if they shall ever be any country, where laws were known and prudence, ef personal, advancement, or truly pourtrayed, will exhibit in vivid co- acted upon, a people had ever, in a time timents of a large majority of the intelli- those good things, that come in the train depend upon it, that no man, or set of individual rase, conspire to recommend fors, the deep and deliberate betrayal of of profound peace, been so suddents gent and substantial freemen of that fine of power. That party defends the vio- men, who habitually disregard her print that he should take the direction of the the trusting South. and prosperous region of North-Carolina. lent and lawless seizure of the deposites, ciples, can safely count upon her support times, and loat gently down upon the The principles of this administration! state of the highest prosperity into one of popularity das known to have been great, this administration has put forward no ease, by famine, or by the elements, necessarily have to encounter precon- crescences, restore economy, and bring a free people could not be exempt from a ceived partialities, and to brook the mis- back the Government to a sound, simple deep feeling of uneasiness and discontent, object-when fealty shall not be secured it before the country.

It would live only in doggered or in pas. object is safety. Neither the President, wholly suburdinate to the elevation of their istic of the present Administration.

ago, from a number of citizens of Burke can furnish you with those whose " name more mercurial neighbors; but there was bring into power an Executive favorite. realized. The truth, the whole truth and unpopular, and by a President so strong county. North-Carolina, remonstrating is legion," to defend any and every act a point beyond which the experiment now I shall define, said Mr. M. going in nothing but the truth, cannot be known. In popularity, was supposed to be the ca-

lay the memorial and resolutions upon contractors, that deface and blacken the always sustain the Administration! That ought not to be try, and therefore could produce no diffidone, if those principles are sound, and culty. Financial sages! Wise money Pennsylvania to proceed in the debate cripple the whole post office establish they were, were decidedly against domes. It has been said, that a great effort is conservative of the great interests of the changers! It never occurred to them upon the principal question. Remarks ment, so as nearly to put it on the parish, tic foes, as well as foreign enemies, and making to put out of power particular country. The principles of this admin- that the country could doubt their wisdoms having been made by several gentlemen, would be a rich equivalent for a good would support the Government against men, and, is the them, to put out or to istration! I have looked not inattentively or that the country would feel the slightwhich, in his judgment, required a spe- word or good service in a moment of need. both." It became Mr. M. to speak with put down the principles of this administration for est shock in public confidence. The cific notice; he gave that direction to the It is not to those who live by Government modesty in regard to his State, but of her tration, and to bring others into power several years. I had supposed, until af affiliated and favorite Banks would use subject with the view of resuming the con- pay, that I look for public sentiment; virtue for consistency, and a steadfast ad- with opposite or different principles ter the re-election of the President, that these moneys in a way to refresh the subject with the view of resulting the tereson to the principles, he might speak, My views have not taken so wide a scope, the tendency of those principles was con- whole party, and sustain it, and draw to the state of the business and convenience harder the times, the more they buy for as he should only echo the voice of her My object it to check, if possible, bold servative. It is true, that I was not enof the Senate would allow. No earlier their money. It is to the people, the real whole history. He should then feel that and lawless usurpation, and to avert from tirely sure that I precisely comprehended might be necessary to bear into power the occasion having offered, he would now people; not office holders or contractors; he had assumed a weighty responsibility, the country the evils consequent upon it the views of themen in power. The South favorite. proceed to bestow that brief notice on the but to the people, who have nothing to to affirm of his State. that she would al- -to arrest the deep and wide-spread dis- was laboring and sinking under the Tariff But the power behind the throne, greatsubject, which the remarks of gentlemen ask from the Government but justice and ways support any man, or any administers so painfully experienced in some system; our people looked with eagerness er than the throne itself, will begin to seemed necessarily to suggest. The reso- moderation and a wise economy, that I tration. But he should feel that he risk- quarters, and supposed find that it has been a little too bold \$ What mitive, asked Mr. M. can any the administration. It is certain, how-liberty, and that the popularity of no man pected they would receive more than a that there is no party in North-Carolina, She, in common with her sisters, was un- gentleman have especially from his State, ever, that by reason of the imperfection can bear every thing." The managers passing notice. They had, however, elicit- that supports with zeal and anxiety the der the influence of that devotion to pub. to throw hitself into the ranks of oppo- of language, or from some other cause, will find that they cannot get along with sition to this Administration? The Ad Pennsylvania regarded the views of the the present policy; that they will be un-

> current of he President's popularity .- As far as I know, and I make the decla- wide-spread and general distress . If In the State from which he came, that ration under a full sense of responsibility, these calamities had been inflicted by dis-It was a cor lidence given to him sudden principle as a test principle, as a party men's minds would be brought to bear ly, but vocuntarily. If recent events principle, except the principles of electhem with calmness and philosophy. But have deeply alarmed; not to say shaken tions and of office. The administration when inflicted through mere wantonness that confidence, yet it may supposed still came into power as a reforming administor vindictiveness, or for the accomplishto be strong; opposition, therefore, will tration, to cut down abuses, lop off ex- ment of schemes of avarice or ambition, representations and calumnies of a ser- and healthful action. The great ques- nor long restrained from the expression of vile and degraded press-a press, in its tions before the country were-tariff, in- a deep indignation. ramification, penetrating every portion ternal improvement, and economy, and of the Con ederacy-drilled and discip- abuse of executive patronage. I am bold memorial. lined-moved by an impulse from the to say, that not a single pledge, either ex-

of the public man are sought to be acted ministration were required to support, was gum,) had imposed on him the necessity of making on by the perrorism of denunciation? - the principle of office. Is the fact not so? a few observations in reply. Does not every one see that independence Will any one rise in his place and deliv Mr. B. said, he would take occasion, before be and manliness are not the virtues required? it and give the exception? You might no doubt unintentional, into which his colleague had That submission to the drall is exacted? be tariff or anti-tariff, internal improve- fallen, in the course of the remarks which be had That he must go the whole length in ad- ment or anti-internal improvement, for or just made, in attributing to him an expression, when vancing that great primary object of the against economy, Bank or anti-Bank, this subject was some time ago under discussion. managers the election of the successor and yet a good Jackson man, a member of which he had never used, and altogether disclained the Executive favorite—or make up his the political Church, in full communion, the State which he in past represented, would have mind to me to the denunciations of the of- so long as you would vote for all nomina- prevented his making. House. He had hoped that his friend was triots who kindly assume the toils of Go- to his State, that she was moved, not by they are, by that portion of the press, of those who would sustain all the views to, that the State of North-Carolina " would always which as yet has never faltered in defend- of the Executive in relation to office. - sustain the Administration," but he had taken occa-Upon these great national questions, some sion to say, that "he himself had no doubt that North-Carolina would sustain the Administration; Sir, it is fot a slight matter to take a po. of which almost shook this Confederacy which expression he had used in reference to the sition here wainst the acts of this Admin- to its deepest foundations, the friends of great question which was now agitating the country, istration; and it is feared, that the over the Administration were not required to and which had grown out of the removal of the pubsounded in his ears as harsh and unkind. seize upon the Government and plunder but as firm to resist usurpations on the prudence of timidity of public servants, hold any principles in common; but if up- he Deposites. [Here, Mr. Maxoux asked leave to too often permit the outrages of power to on a nomination to a land office or a for- explain, and the floor having been yielded him, he pass without rebuke rather than incur the eign mission, or any subordinate situation speech of Mr. B. as reported in that paper, to which known penalties of resisting them. upon which the Executive had set his heart he had referred.] Mr. Brown resumed, and said, Sir, thousands and tens of thousands of for the accommodation of his friend, one that the expression attributed to him, in the report have established regencies, self-constitu- clearly the unsoundness of the times than our honestand industrious citizens are in should venture to express his dissent, wo of his remarks in the Intelligencer, which paper, he a state of profound ignorance of the enor- betide the presumptuous act, he might would say, had generally treated him with fair by means of perfect organization, com. Strip it of all extraneous matter-of the mous, the mous, the mouse abuses and corrup- look out for the flaming sword of Execuprehending every county, and every town. mystification of language, and remove the tions of the Government. They live too tive vengeance, or prepare for the deep himself to revise the notes of any of the reporters.

> mand, or be proscribed by the ruthless is needed, to lend either to partisan listened to with utter incredulity, or re- open, everything unsettled, to lean as the would sustain the Administration on this question, which in its issue, he should have believed, involved despotism. A sort of political Procrus- Banks or political partisans. The law partied as a mere visionary.
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> The law partied as a mere visionary.
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> The law partied as a mere visionary.
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> The law partied as a mere visionary.
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> It is something the south of the south to make the most of every interest, by playing off against each the notion and parties of constitutions, in their purity, from the south and perfect obe- Bank, mainly for safe keeping, and for made to see, as clearly as I think I see by playing off against each the notion and particle around to these principles. thence, the only tests of excellence. Sir, a safe and easy transmission to the different sections, to effect har, which had distinguished her culture in all the great we have he such regency, we can have ferent points of the country where it is none. It cannot live among us in power. It cannot live among us in power. The great practically control the Government, as elections, have been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then, and he still believed, that there was a fem and the country where it is not been eminently character—then the country where it is not been eminently character—then the country where it is not been eminently character—then the country where it is not been eminently character—then the country where it is not been eminently character—the country where it is n

That such is flie temper of the Chief

they saw it in the principles avowed by that the people have yet a strong sense of

thrown, by the will of one man, from a

Mr. M. moved the reference of the

centre—a rady organ of every slander press or implied, by the opponents of the after the discussion which this subject had already and calumn ; and a sure echo of Execu- late and friends of the present adminis- undergone in the Senate, and from the period of tive denungrations. Does not every one tration, has been redeemed. This is a time which had elapsed since that discussion, that it see and fee hat when the allurements and strong declaration, and yet I feel pre- would not have again been revived. He expressed blandishmel its of power shall fail of their pared, when invited to the trial, to prove for him to claim any more of the time and attention by flattery reward, or the hope of reward-that the fears or the weakness the deposites, which the friends of the ad- had fallen from his honorable colleague, (Mr. Man-

and justice in reporting his remarks, was one which had not been used by him. He soldom troubled before their publication, as to my thing which he opinion, subdued all spirit of resistance. deposite question is a contest for the use fectually against abuse. The public eye Sir, this Administration has had no fix- said here in debate. He bad looked over his remarks of the public money for the purposes of is not sufficiently turned upon the Govern- ed principles, upon which it has steadily very hastily, as given by the reporter of the Intellicured an ocho from every organ; even the gain-to make interest out of it. It is a ment except for its favors & its patronage. acted upon any of these great subjects .- gencer, before they were published in that paper, most diminutive, to the expressed will of the central Justo. Illustrious talent, ripe experience, & well-tried patriotism, must fall into the ranks, bow to the central power and wheelet the most are the power are the po tral power, and wheel at the word of com- from the pockets of the people, before it would be denounced as a calumniator, no settled policy. To keep every thing press the opinion, that the State of North-Carolina

determined spirit of patriotiem in our corner, which