RESESTATE 的調度等消費 AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Ours are the plans of fair delightful peace, unwarp'd by party rage, to live like brothers."

THREE DOLLARS Per Annum, ? ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.

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CONGRESS.

DEBATE IN THE SENATE. Wednesday, Feb. S.

Speech of Mr. Mangum (of N. C.) On Mr. Benton's Resolutions.

Mr. Mangum rose, and said that, until slight diversity of opinion.

The first resolution, in its original form, was novel, bold, and decided; and, in his opinion, eminently inexpedient. It bore of sight those bold and novel features that characterized its original form. It now ons on which either wary or scrupulous gentlemen may stand well screened from responsibility, and say "ay" or "no" with equal impunity. It is now like nothing but itself, unless it may be likened decisive reason wherefore it should be solutions in themselves, they have been in sagacity. made the occasion of discussing much higher and graver matter. Gentlemen had taken a wide and discursive range, and touched every topic that could supply materials for taunt, crimination, and in-

urious comment. The Senate had been assailed for relast night of the session. Our foreign relations, and especially the French war, had been elaborately discussed, and the surplus revenue had been assailed with a surplus revenue, and the surpluses accruing from year to year, are a great prize. control of it, is to retain power in the hands of the present holders, and to wield contempt of a dignified moderation.

these with whom he usually acted. He the three million supply, it was right. -His first impression, strong as it was, had and subsequent developements. Upon

the first hostile demonstration would be this friend, and for whom? For one that struction of fortifications, to frown defi- (Mr. CRITTENDER) may look out for his while the lordly flon would shake the dewinto the Halls of Congress. The question in the first struggles for power, but with a speech wild, subdued, and guard- hair-triggers; and, strange to tell, all of some rock from which he might secureof reprisals upon French commerce was who has a quick eye for the rising sun, distinctly submitted to Congress. Every one of the least intelligence knows that one of the least intelligence knows that

Did that message find an echo in either branch of Congress ? Did its recommendations find favor with any party, either in or out of Congress ? Did not the Senate, by an unanimous vote, resolve that very recently, it had not been his purpose no legislative measure, under the existing to participate in this debate. Indeed, the circumstances, was necessary? Was resolutions immediately under considera. there a single individual in this body tion admitted of but little discussion and found pliant enough to flatter the peculiting the peace of the country?

dies one of that gentleman's felicitous itself, high strung as it was, indicate to sident. conceptions, importing nothing definite, Congress any new cause of apprehension, resenting nothing tangible, disarming or new development, requiring extraorresistance, because it disarms itself. It dinary appropriations for defence and false position. The French Government is a smooth jingle of words, awakening protection? If any such new cause exno precise idea, indicating no defined isted, was it not the bounden duty of the practical views, and sinking entirely out Executive, charged as he is by the Constitution with the care of our foreign relations, to make it known officially to presents one of those comfortable positi- Congress? Will Senators press upon us a state of the question that must necessarily imply a defect of sagacity in the Executive, or a plain dereliction of duty? Such is the inevitable consequence. For, if cause for extraordinary defences existto the Senator from Tennessee, so far as ed, the Executive either did know, or it affirms that things " ought not to stand ought to have known it. If he did know condition that satisfactory explanation exactly as they are." When we shall it, and failed to apprize Congress of it, of the President's message should be come to divide upon it, if we shall vote it was a flagrant dereliction of duty. If upon it at all in its present form, gentle- he did not know it, he was discreditmen will find it difficult, having regard ably deficient in vigilance, sagacity and to its merits, to discover any motive for forecast. The truth is, no such cause its support, or to suggest any precise and existed, nor is there the least ground for imputing to the President, in this respect, rejected. Unimportant as are these re- either dereliction of duty or deficiency Whence came the recommendation for

what purpose did it come? It did not or imaginary, to the French Government come from the Executive; it did not come from any head of department; nor did it come reinforced by the deliberate judge fusing the supply of three millions on the ment of any committee. It came under cover of the darkness of the last night of the session, upon the individual responsibility of a member of another body, (Mr. Cambreleng.) As it was sprung vigor proportioned to the magnitude of upon us under the cover of night, so its the prize. In truth, thirty millions of mysterious end is enveloped in impenetrable darkness. Half of the whole truth has not been told; sir, it never will To retain the surplus, and an unchecked be told. And, sir, what sort of authority is this, upon which the Senate is required to vote this appropriation? To vote a it with an unresisted and irresistible do- supply extraordinary in amount, unconmination, in defiance of constitutional stitutional in its form, in the absence of right, in scorn of ancient usages, and in estimates, and, above all, in the entire absence of the least necessity, either shown or alleged, upon any exhibition of Mr. M. said he had disapproved the di- the fact. This sort of authority may be rection given to most of the debate by deemed sufficient by the "faithful." To me it comes with no title to respect, and had all along felt that Senators exposed scarcely with a claim to decent forbearthemselves to the suspicion of feeling a ance. And for what purpose did it come? of escape from a false position. What six or seven years ago. As this is an insense of weakness in their position, when Was it to sooth the roused sensibilities they suffered themselves to be arraigned of the Executive ? Was it designed as here by a Senator, and they seriously and balm for feelings wounded and pride cha- the calm and conciliatory spirit of that he will give us such lights from time to gravely set about defending themselves fed by discompture? Was it intended as overture. In three days afterwards, on time as his leisure and convenience may against the charge. As to his vote upon an equivalent for the refusal of reprisals? the 14th, this Government sent perempallow. I frankly confess that I am not been strengthened by mature reflection implied in the unconstitutional surrender with, in case the money should not be capital portends throes and convulsions that vote of the Senate depended the uni- tion? Did it look incidentally to the pro- ment, rashly given -- cutting off every country with the force and destructiveform usage of Congress, the integrity of viding of a contingent fund for the sum- channel of communication between the ness of an earthquake. the Constitution, and the peace of the mer campaign? To enlist recruits, and two Governments. Sir, if the three mil- Do we not likewise understand that mit to be arraigned either by Senators force? And did it not look to the embar. tained in the proposition for the grant, has in charge all the peculiar and espesave that constituent body in North-Ca- arouse the fears, excite the hatred, and those measures have brought war? Sir, intricate and complicated machinery? rolina to which he always felt amenable, put in motion all the puppets, " Punch, what have been the conduct and tone of and to which he owed and cherished all the Devil, and all of them," that play in Senators in the confidence of the Adduty and respect. Nor would be under- this great Presidential game. Well may ministration during this session? was brief and eventful, conceived in propush. The watch-fires are kindling on now in the Treasury, but to the expensligacy, nurtured by empiricism, and every hill, from the Potomac to the Baditure of all accruing surpluses in future fore, upon this subject, I take his speech and the breakers ahead?

In its legislative cha brought to its death by sinister designs lize. The white banner is unfurled; years, for the fortification and the arm- as indicating truly the tone and temper Sir, the lion is a noble animal; the ti- co-ordinate with the other branch of Conand crooked policy. The fabled god that countless crowds are thronging to that ing of our Atlantic frontier; contemplated to the ger is a powerful and fearful one; the fox gress. In its executive capacity, it must devoured his offspring was not more cru- standard. The Albany banner yet waves ting a gigantic scheme, hitherto not dream- harshness and offensiveness of the mat- is cunning, stealthy, subtle, remarkable either follow the lead of the Executive, or

upon higher ground. There was no ne- | upon the honest, the steadfast friend of | giving strength, wealth, happiness, and | the Senator is an eloquent and practised the subtle reynard might rob half the tenreprisals by one power upon the commerce found in the heart of man, I feel a strong GRUNDY.) It is difficult to determine stant that our Government is accepting. In a war with France? The French are of another, supposing them to be at all assurance that it will find no echo in the whether his voice is for war, or still for yes, accepting, perforce, the offered me- known to be a gallant, warlike, and powerequal in the resources of defence and bosoms of a just and generous People. peace. There is no one but must per- diation of the British Government. Does ful nation. Our national pride, national annuvance, are as necessarily con- Give us but an open field, a fair contest, ceive that he means to whip up, and the Senator suppose that, when his speech honor, and national safety would all be nected with war, as is the shadow with the People's money locked in the strong keep in the front ranks of the Adminis shall assume a neat pamphlet form, if the staked upon the issue. Might not People box, and the hands of power off, and we tration, go where they may. We learn President, amusing himself with his by universal acclamation, call to the head promise to give a good account of the in- the fact, portentously announced, that he franking privilege, as is his wont, should of the Government the bravest, the ablest, no foothold in Maryland, in Delaware, this discussion, which seems well pitched tribute to the success of the mediation? buzzing favorites in the perfumed chamand, least of all in the great and glorious to bring the public mind up to the war Does the Senator desire war, or does he bers of the great? Would not a common desire peace? If the latter, I can persense of danger beget common counsels, in the North, and the strong holds of the by the Government of Great Britain. Empire State, but the Presidency and the Never has so beautiful a scheme of op- of war, unless it be to subject the surplus hope for honor and safety? It is in the country will be safe from the contamina- erations been so completely marred by revenue to a sort of legislative plunder. contemplation of this state of things-of ar views of the Executive by compromit- tion of their systems, and the blight of an unlacky incident. War, war, horrid Sir, war is resolved on, if war can be had the eminent dangers to the designated their tortuous and sinister policy .- war, engrossed every mind, and employ- under circumstances to carry with it the succession, in the event of war, that I see, But to return. Suppose the three ed every tongue. A French war was patriotic feeling and the enthusiasm of or think I see, the safest guaranty for a Did not the other House, at the very millions had been granted, does any one preferred, if we could have the good luck the country. But war will not come continuance of peace. close of the session, by an unanimous vote. doubt that we would have been in war? to get it. At all events, we must have a Thank God! war cannot now come. I If all apprehension of the French war the impress of its paternity. As it is now abstain from any specific recommendation By the phraseology of the grant, both the war. If not a French war, the Treasury modified at the suggestion of the Senator indicating the slightest apprehension of means and the implied discretion would has charms—a war upon that, as well as from Tennessee, (Mr. Grundy,) it embo- collision? Above all, did the Executive have been placed in the hands of the Pre- the Senate, may afford an amusing inter- rayoring Providence which has made this ate. The dangers of this war, though

had solemnly stipulated the payment of the twenty-five millions of francs. It had not complied; the delay had prohad taken very strong ground; strong expressions were used. The French Government took offence-recalled its minister here-offered passports to ours at that court. The law for complying with the stipulations of the treaty was passed, with a condition annexed not found in the treaty, nor contemplated by it; with a given before the payment should be made. All this was clearly wrong. The position is utterly untenable. I, for one, (said Mr. M.) as an humble American citizen, protest against all or any explanations, in any manner or form whatsoever. If France has any ground of complaint, let her first perform her own duty, pay the money solemnly stipulated by treaty, and then, and not till then. the supply of the three millions, and for demand reparation for any injury, real and People.

In that event, I doubt not that the justice and magnanimity of this Government fearful than the fabled Lernæan hydra, will do every thing compatible with its or, rather, he has cut of his head; but I fear honor to remove heart-burnings and ill- he has not skilfully cauterized the wound. will. In that event, we may well do it, The monster seems to be in a process of without seeming to be stimulated by low resuscitation, as well as hundreds of and mercenary considerations. Looking other lesser but pernicious monsters that to the actual position which France as- seem to have sprung from its blood, sprinsumed, suppose the three million supply kled by the Hercules in the struggle for had been granted, accompanied with unrestrained discretion, what would have been the consequence? Is not the pro- some early day, how the experiment of bability strong, nay, is it not almost cer- suppressing bank rags, and increasing tain, that measures would have been a- the circulation of the gold currency, sucdepted that would have brought war? ceeds. I suppose the proportion of pa-Look to the history of this matter. On per money to the precious metals in cirthe 11th September last, the Duc de culation does not now exceed more than Broglie caused to be laid before the Ex- three or four times that which existed ecutive of this country a paper drawn half a dozen years ago. In other words with signal ability and fairness, and .ob- I suppose the fictitious capital is not viously designed as a pacific overture to more than three or four times greater in this Government, and seeking the means reference to the actual capital than it was was the reception given it? High, cold, teresting experiment under the scientific and haughty. Breathing any thing but superintendence of the Senator, I trust of the purse, the sword and the Constitu- paid : an order hastily, and, in my judg- that may shake the prosperity of this

el than the projectors of this outrage upon the Constitution, the Treasury, the
pacific relations, and the patience of a
betrayed & insulted People. Who doubts
that this fruit of intrings was created by

the Albany banner yet waves ting a gigantic scheme, minerto not dreamnarshness and onensiveness of the many banner yet waves ting a gigantic scheme, minerto not dreamnarshness and onensiveness of the many banner yet waves ting a gigantic scheme, minerto not dreamnarshness and onensiveness of the many banner yet waves ting a gigantic scheme, minerto not dreamter and manner of that speech, as well for his doublings, and nimble dexterities be driven to the exercise of odious and
as to the fine and circumstances under the lion is lord of the woodland domain, unpopular powers. In the former case,
begins to quail before superior numbers. enlightened age, war were the only obthat this fruit of intrings was created by

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as to the time and circumstances under the lion is lord of the woodland domain, unpopular powers. In the former case,
which it was delivered. Sir, Mark Anin peace as well as in war. If, perchance it derives no strength, as there is no astony's speech over the dead body of Cæ
an alliance should be formed between the
cription of merit; in the latter, it has to

triguers on the south of the Potomac -- is not willing "that things shall remain perchance frank a copy to his brother and most warlike? Would any eye be We shall drive them out. They will find exactly as they are." In the midst of Louis Philippe, it would materially con- turned in the hour of danger upon the

lude in these "dull piping times of great country what it is, will continue to less exigent, are but little less interespeace. " This magnanimous offer of meliation on the part of Great Britain, it is understood, has been accepted by the Government ; indeed, it could not be refused. In this state of things, when evduced irritation; the message of 1834 ery consideration of delicacy, in connexion with our own honor, as well as the feelings of the mediator, would seem to dictate, if not profound silence, ve! entire abstinence from every topic of irritation or offensive allusion, the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Buchanan) rises in his place, and delivers the most elaborated and high-toned war speech that has been heard in this Capitol since 1812. He charges, directly and unequi vocally dishonorable equivocation and had faith upon the French Government, in terms the harshest and most offensive. said by the Executive.

Sir, I regard the Senator's speech as an exposition of the views and feelings of the Executive. We perfectly understand the division of labor among the leaders of the party in power. Is it not known that the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Benton) has in charge the " better currency," the bank rags, the yellow jackets, and the public domain? The Senator has strangled the monster, more

its decapitation. I trust the Senator will inform us, a

country. He would not, therefore, sub- to carry the ballot-boxes by fraud or by lions, with the implied discretion con the Senator from New York (Mr. WRIGHT) here, or by the other House, or, strange rassing of an eminent Senator on this had been at the disposition of the Exec- cial interests of the Albany Regency Executive itself. He would submit to Tennessee?" Sir, the position of this sures as strong as those recommended at not all admired the skill and dexterity

has charge of our foreign relations? His either his sweat or his blood.

ceive no reason for keeping up this show looking to energy and ability as the best have never felt a stronger reliance than | shall pass from men's minds, yet a war of at this instant, that an overruling and subjugation will be waged upon the Sen-

I think I see, in the divided and pe- ver of the tendency of political events. culiar interests of the great sections of Sir, the issue of this great struggle is co-operation and the best energies of ev- assult. ery American citizen. I shall feel it my duty, in whatever position I may stand,

But sir, I repeat, that war will not come. The heads of the dominant party office, secures support, and subdues the have peculiar and divided interests, and consequently divided and conflicting counsels. The present head of the Govern. ment, high-toned, bold, daring, impatient, and eminently warlike, is obviously bent upon bringing France to his feet, or trying the hazards of war. His peculiar fice, rank, and station may be held up to views are reinforced and sustained by a tempt the ambitious, and the glitter of numerous, powerful, and, for the most gold to tempt the mercenary. These part, interested corps. Almost the entire official corps, the anxious expectants single individual, upheld and controlled of place, and the greedy seekers of jobs by a single will, capable of indefinite exand contracts, will be found on the side pansion and the minutest contraction, like of the strongest executive measures. War the proboscis of an elephant, now tearing of power to the Executive branch of the up a pin; now overawing and subjugating Government-vast accessions of officers a State Legislature, and now subsidizing and employers to the public service, and a political hack; and all this reinforced a corresponding increase in the expenditure of public money. Besides, the Army and the Navy, opposite in every thing to the mercenary tribe to which I have alluded, will be found on the side of war. Their high military spirit, their love of enterprise, their aversion to the 'cankers of a calm world," and their devotion to As a delicate mode of flattery, by the tory instructions to our charge des affairs without fear that the rapid and unexamstrong expression of unlimited confidence, at Paris to leave that Government forth- pled augmentation of fictitious banking vocation." "The pride, pomp and circumstance of glorious war" have charms for the soldier not to be resisted. We denounced against them? are upon the eve of a Presidential election. The present head of the Govern- passive; it has no patronage or gold to ment, brave, bold, and warlike, is sur- tempt the ambitious or mercenary. It rounded with the halo of glory won in ma- possesses none but mere conservative powthe nominee for the succession is partic- of political breakwater, resisting on the as it might sound to willing ears, by the floor, (Mr. White) "the Cato of East utive, might we not have looked for mea- throughout the Union? And have we ularly distinguished either for military one side the excessive ebullitions of Exspirit or military achievement. Though ecutive ambition, and the waves of a temarraignment by no power under Heaven, pure and distinguished Senator may well the previous session? And would not with which he manages and controls this he reposes under the shade of the laurels porary popular fury on the other. The

that this fruit of intrigue was crushed by the dragged in the mire, if the Hero of ing abundance of the times, instead of sar was a perfect failure compared with lion and the fox, (a most unnatural one, encounter the denunciation of the Exethe hand of its parent?

Mr. M. said he should take his stand

New-Orleans come not to the rescue.— seeking investment in those great lines that of the Senator. But Mark Antony or bettern the tiger and the fox, (less so,) cutive, its retainers, and disappointed that, in time of peace, nominees. Is it not wonderful that, in

cessity for any extraordinary appropria- forty years -a friend through good and ornament to the finest country under the diplomatist. He shows the wounds of ants of the wood, and, by nimbleness of tion. To the close of the last session through evil report; the same firm, fast sun, and impulse to the spirit of enter our sweet country's bleeding honor, foot, and dexterity in doubling, seach. there had not been a word or movement, friend in the log cabin of the wilderness on the part of France, indicating hostile as in the marble walls of a palace; a purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose; nor has there been, to the prefriend too proud and too pure to stoop to purpose.

Friend too proud and too purpose a tongue in every wound, which aforefor security and protection. But if the sent moment. Not a man, woman, or sycophancy, too honest to flatter, and too permanent interests and ties of social said tongues discourse so eloquently that woodland domain should be awakened by child in the United States apprehended straight forward for the crooked ways of life—this abundance is to be poured out they "move the very stones to mu the notes of war, and the tenants of the war at that time, and least of all, that modern policy. To turn his back upon upon the maritime frontier, in the con- tiny;" and my friend from Kentucky wood should prepare for the conflict, made on the part of France. It is true the hero took to his bosom as of yesterday ance towards all the world. A scheme of ploughshares, " less they be conver- drops from his mane, and rouse to mainthat, at the opening of Congress in Dec. One who spurned him in the hour of tri- well worthy of the spirit of the iron age! ted, in the twinkling of an eye, into tain his ancient supremacy, the cunning 1834, the President had thrown a fire-ball bulation; who would have trod upon him And these resolutions are accompanied Bowie knives and the most approved little for would hie him away to the cleft

ting to the calm and philosophical obser-

the dominant party the surest guaranty to determine the fearful question whether of continued peace. I think I see, what this Government shall retain its ancient. I never expected to see, much good, yes federative character, such as the framera the blessing of continued peace, likely of the Constitution designed it to be, or to come from the peculiar and selfish whether it shall be ingulfed in the great interests of the worst party that has maelstrom of consolidation. It is to deever threatened the prosperity of this termine whether the sovereignty of the country with its terrible scourge. States is a mere ideal, visionary concep-Such are the glorious ends that a gra- tion, or whether it is a sensible practical cious and benign Providence works barrier against the excessive action of irout, by the employment of the meanest regular power. In a word, it will deterand basest instruments. But, sir, if mine the question of ascendancy between contrary to all my anticipations, war well-regulated liberty and the irregular shall come, whatever may be my opin- excesses of irresponsible power. Sir, this ions of the wretched, bungling or wicked contest is most unequal, whether viewed designs of its authors, I shall regard it with reference to the characters of the par-He goes a bow shot beyond any thing as no longer a party matter, but as a great ties to it or with reference to their renational question, demanding the zealous sources for defence, annoyance, or open The Executive is essentially active the

Senate necessarily passive. The Executo lend my humble aid to the concentra- tive, in its very unity, possesses a great tion of all the resources of the country to element of strength. As an emanation give vigor to the public arm, and to sus. from the popular will, it possesses great tain, gloriously sustain, the national power, because of its popularity. The power of nomination and appointment, and, yet more, the power of removal from spirit of resistance. It has the expenditure of vast amounts of public money in various forms; the power of creating hope and expectation in the distribution of patronage, and the distribution of money to favorite contractors. The glitter of ofgreat and various powers, centered in a necessarily brings with it vast accessions up an oak by the roots; and now picking and sustained by an unscrupulous press. acting in perfect concept, re-echoing the word of command from the centre upon every hill and in every vale of this great Confederacy; against the shafts of which a long life of virtue and integrity afford no protection; but the higher and more shining the merit, the more certainly will the poisoned arrow be sped . Against all this fearful array of power and influence, how can an individual, or how can the Senate, expect to escape the doom already

The Senate, on the contrary, is merely ny a stricken field . I have not heard that ers. It is a mere staying power-a sort that have sprung upon the glorious field individual Senators have no sympathy or And who does not know that the Sen- of New Orleans, yet I have not learned encouragement beyond the limits of their ator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Buchanan) that he has moistened their roots with respective States, nor, indeed, there, unless they be pliant; or unless, what can take the disgusting task of delineating intrigue be affoat, and under the cover of The Senator from Missouri (Mr. Ben- wary sagacity and polished diplomacy, Suppose war should come, and the Pres- hardly be expected, the virtue and intelthe history of the three million supply, night. It never had more motive and Ton) has brought forward resolutions deriving strength and ornament, as they idential election at hand—who would be ligence of the People shall be able to reits rise, progress, and fall. Its career greater necessity to make a desperate looking not only to the thirty millions do, from a long experience, indicate the called to the helm of the vessel of state, sist this formidable array of Executive

In its legislative character, it is merely