

Public Meeting.

CONVENTION is to be held at Salisbury, on the 10th day of October, in reference to the construction of a Rail Road from the Yadkin to the Roanoke. It is desirable that Wake County should be represented in that Convention, and with a view to the appointment of delegates, a meeting will be held at the Court-house in Raleigh, on Monday of our Superior Court, when, it is hoped, there will be a general attendance of the citizens of the County.



THE REGISTER.

RALEIGH, No. 6. Tuesday, September 6, 1836.

Republican Whig Ticket. LEIGH L. WHITE, for President. JOHN TYLER, for Vice-President.

WHITE ELECTORS.

- 1st District, Alfred Webb, of Rutherford, 2d " Col. Anderson Mitchell, Wilkes, 3d " Wm. J. Alexander, Mecklenburg, 4th " John Giles, Rowan, 5th " John L. Lessor, Rockingham, 6th " John M. Morehead, Guilford, 7th " Hon. John D. Toomer, Cumberland, 8th " Dr. James S. Smith, Orange, 9th " Charles Manly, Wake, 10th " Dr. Willie Perry, Franklin, 11th " Wm. W. Cherry, Bertie, 12th " Gen. J. O. K. Williams, Beaufort, 13th " John L. Bailey, Pasquotank, 14th " Blount Coleman, Lenoir, 15th " Jeremiah Pearsall, Duplin.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the table which we published week before last, compiled as it was in haste, several inaccuracies occurred, though we endeavored to guard against them. We now submit a classification of parties in the Legislature, which, from all the lights within our reach, we believe to be perfectly accurate. Our only design is to give a correct statement to the public, and, we think, we may safely defy any one to detect an error in that which follows:

SENATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

The following Districts are represented by Whites viz:—Washington and Tyrrell—Perquimans and Pasquotank—Northampton—Hertford—Halifax—Pitt—Hyde and Beaufort—Carteret and Jones—Chatham, Granville—Person—Brunswick, Bladen & Columbus—Robeson & Richmond—Anson Cabarrus—Moore & Montgomery—Orange—Randolph—Guilford—Stokes—Rowan—Davidson—Wilkes and Ashe—Iredell—Rutherford—Buncombe, Haywood and Macon—26.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Table with columns for Whigs and Yanks, listing names of representatives for various districts.

ACTUAL MAJORITY.

The "STAR" has increased GOV. DUDLEY'S majority to 3,140, the returns from Wilkes and Gates having been incorrectly given in our table. It is sufficient for all practical purposes, to know that the Whig Governor is elected by a majority rising Five Thousand.

WHIGS.

Whigs. If so, it will fit parties in the House, and still leave the Whigs the benefit of their 4 majority in the Senate—a majority large enough to carry out the principles of the party. If every man will stick fast to his integrity, which we cannot permit ourselves to doubt.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.

We understand that an unfortunate circumstance took place in this city on Saturday evening last, by which Mr. Thacher Cotton lost his life. The circumstances are detailed before the Coroner's Inquest in these: About half past 9, the report of a pistol was heard in the street near the upper corner of the Steamboat Hotel, kept by Mr. Lane; immediately after a groan was heard, and the cry "you've killed me!" Mr. Cotton then came into the bar room of the Hotel, stating that he had been shot and wounded for a moment and a Physician to examine him. Medical attendance was immediately furnished.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.

We are gratified to state, that there is every reason for the hope, that no other case of Small-pox or Varioloid will occur. One of the persons mentioned in our last, as having been removed to the Hospital, has been discharged, the symptoms, which induced

his removal, having entirely disappeared. There is only one case there now, and that in a convalescent state. The alarm which at first pervaded our community has altogether subsided, and business has resumed its wonted channel.

Since the above paragraph was in type, the subjoined communication from Mr. DEVEREUX came to hand, which illustrates so forcibly the efficacy of Vaccination, in protecting the human system from the most loathsome of all diseases, that we make room for it in this paper:

Masses, Emmons.—It is well known in this vicinity, that my father's family and my own have, for the last two months, been much afflicted with the Small-pox. I have heard with much surprise, that there is some incipitation in the inhabitants of this place to submit to Vaccination. In the hope of removing this prejudice, I am induced to send you the following statement. I do it the more readily, as it may be more easily understood, than if it proceeded from one of the Faculty.

The united families at the time the disease prevailed, consisted of thirty-four. Of these, four had had the Small-pox, twenty-two had been vaccinated, and eight were, as far as I can ascertain, without any protection whatever. Of the latter, all had the disease in greater or less degrees of severity—four fatally. Of those who had been vaccinated one had a severe eruptive disease, but entirely free from any dangerous symptoms. Opinions are at variance whether this was genuine Small-pox, or that disease called by Physicians, Varioloid. Supposing it to be Small-pox, Vaccination failed in one case out of twenty-two. Of the remaining persons who had been vaccinated, all were more or less exposed to infection, some as much so as possible, and of them three had an eruptive disease, which was pronounced to be the Varioloid, but those for whom this is written, will understand me when I say that it was trifling when compared with the Small-pox, and milder than the common Chicken-pox. Of those who were thought to be protected by the Small-pox, one had the Varioloid, and this case was more severe than any of the others, excepting the doubtful one above mentioned.

Permit me to recapitulate the results. Of the persons who had neither had the Small-pox, nor been vaccinated, none escaped and half of the cases terminated fatally. Vaccination failed in one case out of twenty-two. Of the remaining twenty-one cases, six out of seven escaped entirely, and the seventh was very slightly affected. The Small-pox protected but three out of four.

If this statement will induce one head of a family to submit to Vaccination, I shall be compensated for preparing, and you for printing it. Respectfully, yours, T. P. DEVEREUX.

Mr. Pinckney and Gen. Jackson.—We are informed, on authority which we credit, that Gen. Jackson recently expressed great solicitude for Mr. Pinckney's re-election, saying it was more important to him than any election in the South. A letter to that effect has been received in our city from a person who heard the sentiment expressed.—Charleston Mercury.

Mr. Pinckney and Abolition.—Mr. Pinckney boasts by his report to have checked Abolition fanaticism at the North, as well as political fanaticism at the South. Does he not know that this is an unfounded boast—that the Abolitionists are as active as ever? Has he not seen that the Supreme Court of New Jersey have decided that a Southern master cannot recover his runaway slave in that State? Has he not seen that Garrison's Emancipator boasts that his Resolution about the District of Columbia, has yielded all that the Abolitionists aimed to gain, "more than they hoped to gain at the late session of Congress," and decries his Report as "the whine of an old woman?" Is he aware that within a very few days, more than a thousand new members have sent in their subscriptions to the Abolition Society in New York? And if he is not aware, we can inform him, that we are informed from a source which leaves no room for doubt, that the Abolition Party are now widely agitating on the basis of his Resolution, as we shall soon see proved upon the floor of Congress.—R.

MISSISSIPPI.—There is, we believe, no general Election of State officers in Mississippi this year. In the county of Hinds, however, two vacancies in its representation in the Legislature made necessary a special Election, which took place early in this month, and of which the Clinton Gazette furnishes us the following account.

"With heartfelt joy we are enabled to announce the triumph of the White cause, in the election held on Monday and Tuesday last, for Representatives in the State Legislature from the county of Hinds. This may appear strange to persons at a distance—particularly those who have marked the notes of preparation which our political enemies have sounded in our ears for several weeks past. Prepared for the struggle, with their hired presses in readiness to teem with the news of a glorious Van Buren triumph," the following is the result:

Moore and Phillips, (Whites) 1,426 Roberts and Green, (V. Buren) 515

This defeat has struck terror in the ranks of the Magician, and they look forward to the future with the most gloomy forebodings. They have reason in their madness. The people are coming; the scroll is on the wall."

Senator Bedford Brown, of North-Carolina, was highly elated with the result of the election in Caswell (Caswell) which gave something less than a thousand Van Buren majority, that, in the language of a writer in the Milton Spectator "he rose from his seat, near the centre of the spacious and splendid Court room, and in his usual masterly style of eloquence, surrounded by hundreds of his fellow-citizens, called their attention to the important election of Governor just held," &c. &c. The speaker's eulogist are doubtless worthy of each other: But what will Mr. Bedford Brown say when the returns from other counties shall flow in upon him, and show that old Rip Van Winkle has indeed tipped, & thrown off the Van Buren shackles? Will he resign his seat in the Senate? You represent Lynchburg Virg.

Mr. CLAY was invited to the Barbecue given by the Whigs of Cincinnati to their Representative in Congress, Mr. STORER. He declined the invitation, but sent the following toast: "The distribution of the surplus revenue. The brightest ray of light, during seven years of political darkness."

Kentucky Election.—The Frankfort Commonwealth extra, under date of the 18th August, contains the official returns complete of the late election in Kentucky. From these we find that the aggregate vote for Governor was for CLARK 38,587; FLOURNOY 30,491; Majority for CLARK 8,096. For Lieut. Governor, WICKLIFFE'S majority over HISE is 8,338.

In the State Legislature, the Whigs have in the Senate 24 members and their opponents 14. In the House of Representatives, the Whigs have 58 certain, and 42 are supposed to be friendly to the present Administration. Whig majority on joint ballot, TWENTY-SIX.

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The Nashville Republican of the 13th inst. states that in Dickson county, Tenn. on the preceding Monday, such a quantity of rain fell during a space of seven hours that stock of all kinds, fences, dwelling-houses, iron works, and indeed every thing within the range of the flood was swept away. Two families on Yellow Creek perished, with the exception of one negro, who saved himself by ascending a tree. It is said that nearly every furnace and forge in the county is entirely destroyed or materially injured.

Great Freshet.—The Richmond Whig gives the following account of a great Freshet in James River. Thursday was a cloudy day, but not remarkably so. A little before day on Friday morning, it commenced raining here, and rained nearly all Friday with steadiness; nothing however to alarm. On Saturday morning, it was observed with surprise, that there was a fresh in James River. The River continued to rise until after night, and attained a height exceeding by 3 inches, the fresh of last June. The fall of rain in a given time in the Mountains must have been great beyond modern recollection, as from appearances here, we give it but 24 hours, if so much, to have fallen in. It is the greatest fresh since August 1814, at the very period that Washington City was occupied by the British.

We hear of much damage. Thirty feet of the Rail Road embankment, a couple of miles beyond Taylorsville, has been swept away, and two miles from the North thus far missed. Ground Squirrel Bridge on the South Anna, that has withstood the floods of thirty years on that easily excited River, we understand has been carried away. So has been Beaverdam Bridge on Beaverdam Creek, in Gooseland, a newly erected and solid structure. The Canal was broke in two places on Dr. Trent's Farm in Gooseland, by the mere immense fall of rain. The tobacco on James River, and we doubt not on the water courses generally, had been swept fore and aft, just ready too, for the knife. The corn we hope, has escaped with less injury, as to be materially injured, the water must have reached the ear.

This is the fourth distinct fresh in James River since the 23rd May last. It looks as if the River gods were resolved upon destroying cultivation and re-establishing their silvan reign. We have never known in 30 years, a rise in the River so totally unexpected. A spring fresh and a fall fresh, all in the same year, we believe unknown to experience or tradition. In the great fresh of 1772, it was slightly cloudy in this part of Virginia for three days, but not rain enough to wet a man in his shirt sleeves. Wind at the South East, as unless it be, there is never a great fresh. We hear of great individual loss. There has been a good deal in tobacco and timber at Ricketts.

An Editor in Mobile complains, and we think justly too, of the general high prices of all the necessaries and luxuries of life—among which he names the following articles, viz:

- Peaches, 16 for . . . 1 00 Potatoes (Irish) per 100 lbs . . . 1 00 Do do " basket, . . . 4 50 Turkeys, per pair, . . . 12 00 Milk, per gallon, . . . 1 00

Meat, he observes, is very high, but does not give the price; but fresh beef, we understand, is from 18 to 25 cents per lb. These prices we think enormous, particularly in a country so famed, and justly too, for its productions as this—where, with proper attention, all the necessaries of life could be produced with less labor and more abundant, than perhaps any other country on the continent. Yet, we can inform our friend of the "Advertiser," that the people of Mobile are not the only ones that are laboring under the same difficulty—as the following prices in this place, will show:

- Corn, per bushel, . . . \$2 00 Fodder, per 100 lbs . . . 2 00 Flour, per barrel, . . . 15 00 Bacon, per cwt. . . 18 00 Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl . . . 18 00 Pork, . . . 25 00 Sugar, per cwt. . . 17 00 Coffee, " " . . . 20 00

We name these as the leading articles, but every thing else, in the provision line, is generally in the same proportion. Greensboro' Sentinel.

Having copied from the Danville Reporter, the paragraph alluded to in the following Communication, we willingly comply with the request to republish it:— From the Roanoke Advocate.

HALIFAX, Aug. 27. Mr. WARR.—On my return from the southwest a few days since, my attention was called to an extract from the Danville Reporter, stating that General Jackson had addressed a letter to my Father, the late H. G. BURTON, which letter contained a promise to appoint him Governor of Texas. The letter it is said was found amongst the papers of the deceased. This I pronounce unequivocally to be false; no examination has yet been made of the papers and letters belonging to Governor Burton, and had such a letter been in existence it could not have thus come to light. Indeed I look upon this statement, which has been so early published and republished by the Editorial fraternity of the Opposition Press, as a malignant attempt to wish the fame of an illustrious individual—like the Reporter I can well exclaim, "what next?" "What a state of things does it disclose" when we behold the Press perverted, from a medium of truth and knowledge, to a vehicle of slander. The very sanctuaries of the grave is violated and the names of the dead invoked, to appear upon the political arena, to detract from the fame of the living. I hope the Danville Reporter will give this an insertion, as well as the other papers which have published the extract alluded to, in order that the misrepresentations may be corrected, and the public mind not misled. Yours truly, R. A. BURTON, P. C.

It is rumored that Gen. David Newland will accompany Gen. Henderson to Texas, as an emigrant.—Rutherford Gaz.

FOR THIS REGISTER.

INSTRUCTIONS.

Messrs Editors.—As the Van Buren party have been harping about Instructions, and saying every thing of Judge Mangum (but calling him a gentleman) I wish to know what they now say about Instructions. I have always contended that the People were the only source, and possessed the only power to give Instructions. But the Vanites would say there was no way of getting the opinions of the People on the subject. They also expressed their willingness to abide by what a majority of the freemen of the State should say. This was my doctrine before the election, and is yet, and I hope ever will be. Now I contend, that a majority of the People have said, by their late vote for Governor, that Judge Mangum's course was correct, and I further say, that if the Vanites act up to their own doctrine (advanced before the election) they will vote for a Whig Senator; and I say to Mr. Brown—"After your course, as it is the wish of the People, who have a right to speak and who have spoken in a voice not to be misunderstood." But I still say, that the Legislature have no right to instruct their Senators. The People only have the right; and I am proud that, once in every two years, the freemen of North Carolina will express by their votes, what their opinions of men and measures are.

Messrs Gales & Son.—The following Anecdote was related to the writer not long since, by a gentleman recently from Alabama, who will vouch for its authenticity. Being in the Store of a gentleman who had removed from this State, when another gentleman came in who was likewise an emigrant from North Carolina, the latter seeing that the former had just received the Raleigh papers, enquired this news from the old North State? The owner of the Store replied that the Legislature had elected DONALD SARGENT Governor. A negro man standing at the counter trading, hearing the reply, and being himself from North Carolina, turned round and exhibiting his double row of ivory, observed with a hearty "ho, ho, ho!" "Is Massa Dubbs 'lected at last?" J. W. S.

DEATHS.

In this City, on Tuesday last, of Bilious Fever Mr. William Lobb, Stone cutter—a native of Cornwall, England. In Wentworth, Rockingham county, on the 25th ult. ALBERT E. HAYNES, Esq. Senior Editor of the Greensboro' Patriot. He left his home on the Monday morning previous, apparently in his usual health and spirits, but was taken violently ill on Thursday morning, of a bilious cholera, and paid the debt of nature the next evening. His death was sudden, unexpected and distressing. He has left an affectionate family of a parent, brothers and sisters besides numerous relations, who will long and intensely mourn his early fate. And his generous and open heart had made him a host of friends who will always know and regret his loss. He was a son, a brother, and a friend, indeed. At Greensboro', Guilford County, on the 27th ult. of bilious Cholera, Christopher Manning, Esq. There was (says the Patriot) perhaps the most general and sincere grief on the death of this gentleman, that has ever been exhibited in our village. He was a professing Christian and a member of the Presbyterian Church. Many a weary traveller, who has experienced the hospitalities of his Hotel, can testify to his social manners and easy deportment. And all accord to him the merit of the most free and unaffected benevolence. It may be emphatically said of Mr. Manning, that he was a man whom the community will miss.

LINE OF PACKETS TO FAYETTEVILLE.

The Schooners CAROLINE and CALEB NICHOLS.

Steamer WILMINGTON and TOW BOATS. Will take measure ment Goods at New-York and deliver them at Fayetteville, at the established rates, free of all other charges. Heavy Goods will be taken as above specified, except that they will at times, when the river is very low, be subject to storage and delay of storing, which we trust will be seldom required, as the Steamers and Tow Boats are of the newest construction and light draught of water. The Goods at the owner's risk, the same as in the hands of forward ing merchants. Freight payable on delivery at Fayetteville. All persons shipping Goods by the above line, will please hand a list of the Goods shipped to Messrs. Hallett & Brown, so as to advise me. WILLIAM DODD, Proprietor. WILKINS & BLEDEN, Agents at Fayetteville. August 18, 1836. 431.

TORAIL ROAD CONTRACTORS AND CANALLERS.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, 45 Cart and Horses, 2 Heavy Teams, four Horses each, 1 Large Wagon, 2 Small Wagons. And all other articles necessary for heavy work. The above to be seen on the Greensville and Roanoke Rail Road, and to be delivered on the 25th of October. Terms, 12 months for application paper. The subscribers can be seen at Alexandria, D. C. until the 12th September, after that on the Work. ROGERS & ROGERS, 431.

5 CENTS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 19th of August, a small boy, aged 14 years, and about 4 feet 6 inches high, by the name of WILLIAM HENDERSON BRINKLEY. Any person who will return him to me, in the City of Raleigh, Wake county, North-Carolina, shall receive the above reward. All persons are warned from harboring him under the penalties of the law. MARK