

# RALEIGH REGISTER AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair delightful peace, unwarp'd by party rage, to live like brothers."

VOL. XL.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1839.

NO. 43.

JOSEPH GALES & SON,  
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

**TERMS.**  
Subscriptions, three dollars per annum—one half in advance.  
Persons residing without the State will be required to pay the whole amount of the year's subscription in advance.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**  
For every 16 lines (this size type) first insertion one dollar; each subsequent insertion 25 cents.  
Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent. higher and a deduction of 33 per cent. will be made from the regular prices, for advertisers by the year.  
Letters to the Editors must be post-paid.

**A Mistake Corrected.**  
THERE is a rumor at a distance, that I have declined my Agency Business. I have not declined, but still continue my Bank and other Agencies, and have enlarged my Storage room, for the reception and sale of all kinds of Merchandise, and Country Produce privately or at Auction; with the single exception of intoxicating liquors. That critic has killed so many thousands of my fellow-beings, that I don't like to meddle with it.  
WILL PECK.  
Raleigh, July 7, 1839. 3t.  
Newbern Spectator, Wilmington Advertiser, Hillsboro Recorder and Petersburg Intelligencer, will insert three times each, and forward their accounts.  
W. P.

**COMMITTED**  
TWO Person County Jail, the 28th of July last, a bright colored Negro Man, who says his name is PETER. Said Negro is about fifty years old, about six feet high, his right eye out, no other particular mark. He says he belongs to Edward Starky Jones, of Alabama. Said owner is requested to come forward and prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with according to law.  
SAMUEL MORRIS, Jailor.  
Roxboro, August 7th, 1839. 4t-6w.

**ENTERTAINMENT.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER, having been satisfactorily engaged for more than three years in attending to a  
**BOARDING HOUSE,**  
Feels encouraged to say to the public, that her HOUSE AND STABLES are well furnished for the reception and accommodation of those who may be pleased to call.  
E SMITH.  
All the STAGES arrive at and depart from my House, where Seats are secured, and no exertions spared to give general satisfaction to Passengers.  
My Residence is on the corner of Gillespie Street, the Lot formerly occupied by Mrs. Bange, convenient to the Market and near the State Bank.  
Fayetteville, August 14, 1839. 4t-3m.

**West India Produce,**  
TO take place at Norfolk, on Thursday, the 29th August, consisting of  
158 Hhds. St. Croix Sugar, strictly prime  
136 Barrels do. do.  
782 Hhds. Porto Rico SUGAR  
344 Barrels do. do.  
44 Hhds. Cuba do.  
81 Boxes white Havanna do.  
23 do. Brown do. do.  
57 Hhds. Porto Rico Molasses  
30 do. Cuba do.  
120 do. Martinique do.  
80 Barrels Porto Rico Coffee  
2 Puncheons Superior old St. Croix Rum.  
10 do. do. new " "  
The whole imported direct and expressly selected for the retail trade.  
BUTLER & CAMP, Auctioneers.  
H. & W. PANNELL, Auctioneers.  
Norfolk, August 9th, 1839. 1t.  
**No. 26, Liberty Street.**  
New-York, July 19, 1839.

**Huntington & Campbell,**  
Wholesale Dry Goods Merch'ts.  
offer for sale a General Assortment of New Fall Goods. The entire new plan on which they sell, gives great satisfaction.  
July 27, 1839. 39-2m.

**Leather! Leather!**  
The remaining stock of Sole Leather, belonging to the Estate of the late John Rex, will be sold by the Subscriber, as Agent for the Executors, in quantities to suit purchasers.  
WM. THOMPSON.  
Raleigh, August 13, 1839. 3w.

**Fresh Lime For Sale.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand one hundred Casks of fresh Lime, which he will sell for Cash.  
HENRY I. PATTERSON.  
Also, a new BUGGY and Harness, which will be sold low.  
Raleigh, August 14, 1839. 4t-3w

**LOOK HERE!**  
BEING anxious to go to Texas, I offer for sale my fine  
**Morus Multicaulis Orchard.**  
Of three thousand Trees. They are of one, two and three years growth, and will be from six to eight feet high this Season. Speculators and Silk-growers are invited to look at them, as they will have a fine opportunity to get a bargain.  
J. T. C. WIATT.  
Near Raleigh, July 25, 1839.

**For Sale**  
100,000 MULICAULIS BUDS, deliverable here in November next. Those wishing to buy will please make early application.  
THOMAS & JOHN WHITE.  
Warrenton, N. C., August 8, 1839. 4t 3t

## BLANK BOOKS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand a complete assortment of BLANK BOOKS, of every description, made of the finest Linen paper and bound in every style. They invite their friends, and the public in general, to call and examine them. The articles offered are of the first quality, of the most desirable materials, and consist in part of

Ledgers, Double and Single entry. Day Books, long and short Folio. Journals, Invoice Books, Sales do., Bar do., Cash do., Bill, do. Receipt and Record, do. Registers' Records, Minute and Civil Dockets.

Also, all other Books suitable for Clerks of Courts, &c. A large variety of Memorandum Books, in every style of Binding. Private Ledgers, Day Books and Letter do., made of fine paper and neatly bound. A large assortment of Letter and Foolscap Paper, Ruled and Plain, by the Ream or smaller quantity.

Sets of Books made to order at the shortest notice.  
BOOKBINDING, of every description, done with neatness and despatch, at the North Carolina Book Store.  
TURNER & HUGHES,  
No. 1, Cheap Side.  
Raleigh, August, 1839. 4t

## Valuable Building Lots.

PERSONS desirous of securing for themselves eligible BUILDING LOTS near the City of Raleigh, have now an opportunity offered, which will not probably be again presented. On Friday, the 4th of October ensuing, will be offered for sale on the premises,

**Eleven 2 Acre Lots**  
**Twenty-two 4 Acre do.**

Being part of the Tract of Land on which the Episcopal Seminary is situated. To those acquainted with the location, nothing need be said as to its desirable qualities. To those who are not, it may be necessary to say, that the Lots are just without the limits of the Corporation, (and exempt, of course, from City taxes) distant only about half a mile from the Capitol in a Westerly direction, have the natural growth upon them, and are high, dry and airy. There are no Lots in the vicinity so well situated for building, as all must admit who have any knowledge of them. Persons from the low Country, desirous of removing to a healthy retreat in the Summer, have now a rare chance for bargains.

At the same time, the Household and Kitchen Furniture, of every description, belonging to the SCHOOL, comprising a great variety of articles, will also be sold. Terms made known on day of Sale.  
Raleigh, August 16, 1839. 1t.  
Star & Standard, four weeks; Elizabeth City Phoenix, Newbern Spectator, Washington Whig, Fayetteville Observer and Wilmington Chronicle, two weeks each.

## DIRECT IMPORTATION.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have formed a connection in business, under the firm of DICKINSON, SEBRING & STATHAM, as Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Broadcloth, Cassimeres and Vestings, and will open on or about the 1st of September, a complete assortment of Goods, selected by one of their partners in London and Paris, which will comprise every article necessary for Merchant Tailors.  
Store in Meeting, opposite Pearl-street.  
T. DICKINSON,  
E. SEBRING,  
B. STATHAM.  
Charleston, August 10. 4t-6w

## CROSS KEYS COURSE, Southampton County, Virginia.

THE Races over this Course will commence the third Tuesday, the 17th Sept. 1839, and continue four days.  
FIRST DAY—A sweepstake for 3 years old Colts and Fillies, Sub. \$150 each, h. ft. mile heats to name and close the 1st day of September next, 2 or more to make a race—now two subscribers.  
SECOND DAY—Proprietor's purse \$300, free of discount—\$15 entrance.  
THIRD DAY—Jockey Club purse \$500, free of discount—\$20 entrance.  
FOURTH DAY—A sweepstake for 3 year olds, that never won a race, mile heats—Sub. \$100 each, h. ft., 3 or more to make a race.  
Same day—a sweepstake for 2 year olds, one mile; sub. \$100 each, h. ft., 3 or more to make a race; now 2 subs. and many more expected.  
Entries made in any of the above stakes, will be addressed to Sampson C. Reese, Proprietor, Baykin's Depot, Southampton County, Va.  
GEO. B. CAREY, President  
ROBT. RIDLEY, 1st V. Pres'dt.  
JAS. S. FRENCH, 2d V. Pres'dt.  
C. D. BARNHAM, Secretary.  
August 6, 1839. 4t 110s.

## WAKE FOREST LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber has determined to move to the West this Fall, and offers the land on which she resides for sale, containing about 430 Acres.—Also, another Tract, lying near, of 136 Acres.—This Land is in the neighborhood of Wake Forest, 15 miles North of Raleigh—a neighborhood distinguished alike for healthy situation, as well as for Society. The improvements are good and the Land will be sold either separately or together, to suit Purchasers. Those wishing to purchase will please call and examine the premises soon, as I am determined to sell on terms that cannot fail to please.  
ELIZABETH ANN PHILLIPS.  
August 17, 1839. 3w.

## Mr. Colton's Trial.

THE Pamphlet, containing the Documents connected with this trial (including 'Presbiteros') of the Defence of Mr. Colton, and the Speeches of Members of the Presbytery, on both sides, will be published at this office on Saturday next. Subscribers will please send for their copies. A few surplus copies only for sale.  
E. J. HALE.  
Fayetteville, Aug. 14, 1839.

## COMMUNICATIONS.

### FOR THE REGISTER.

DEAR JUNIUS: After resting myself and attending to some private business, since my return from H, I have, in compliance with my promise, re-seated myself at the same old family table to give you the balance sheet of my letter; and nothing but the Governor's, or the arrival of some other important personage, shall prevent me from executing my purpose. My visit to H was short, being confined to a couple of days only. It occurs to my mind, that between you and some of its inhabitants a friendly intercourse once existed, but I suppose distance and time may have weaned you from them, and new acquaintances having formed new friendships, you may have forgotten the old, or esteem them less than the new.

During my stay in that hospitable borough, a report was industriously circulated that your Nephew, HARDWICK, had been engaged in a duel with some jackanapes like himself, and the cause was traced to a certain fair one with whom each became enamored.

Can the report be true? I hope, for the honor of Christianity, and for his reputation's sake, the rumor is groundless. In the world's eye, it is honorable to resent an injury, but it is the essence of Christianity to forgive one.

When will man cease to shed the blood of his fellowman? When will he discover the heinousness of sin and its damning effects? When will he begin to fear God and love the way of holiness? When will he set about reforming his life, and doing that which is lawful and right in the sight of God?

I pause for an answer to these questions. Your old associate COLDEX, not contented with a comfortable subsistence in the State which gave him birth, has gone to seek a larger fortune in the South or West. I wish his expectations may be realized, but I entertain serious fears that he will meet the same mishaps and disappointments as other emigrants have done, in their search after wealth in those newly settled regions. His son, NICHOLAS, who was once much esteemed for his sobriety and moral character, has lost every farthing of his property by associating with the drunkard and gambler, and unless arrested in the heedless course he is now pursuing, he must fall a wretched victim to the detestable crime of Intemperance. Have you a relish for the intoxicating poison? Do you indulge yourself, daily, in one, two or more frequent potations of this murderous liquid, this curse to the soul?

If you have acquired the first, which will most certainly lead to the indulgence of the other, permit me as a friend to, and lover of your soul, to warn you of the fatal consequences resulting from its use. Intemperance begets innumerable evils and is the source from whence discontent, peevishness and every other pernicious passion arises. Imagine to yourself the drunkard's case, his property squandered to the four quarters of the globe, his wife and children beggared, his wretched self the subject of disease, which tho' slow in its progress is certain in its result. He is cut down by death's resistless power, and descends to the grave unregretted and unwept, and his name is soon erased from memory's page.

With nominal Christians, you believe the Bible to be the word and will of God to man. On a careful examination, you will find that sacred and most valuable volume, declares—"No drunkard shall or can enter into the kingdom of Heaven."

Do you believe that solemn declaration emanated from the mind of the ETERNAL and was penned by inspiration? Have you never reflected upon the doom which awaits the drunkard, on committing suicide with the weapon of intemperance? If you have, you cannot, with these truths staring you in the face, handle nor taste the unclean thing—the detestable liquid which has destroyed millions and consigned them to an untimely grave. But if you have commenced a servitude under the direction of Satan, let me beseech you to think awhile on your steps. Look around you and behold the direful effects of intemperance, which is the door through which its votaries pass to the commission of other and more heinous sins. Abandon every evil practice, discard every sinful passion, and with the sincerity of a true penitent, repair to the cross of Calvary and ask an interest in Emanuel's blood. Search the Scriptures diligently and carefully; they will direct you the way to Heaven and teach you the nature of true Religion. You cannot be ignorant of the right way; search for it until you find it, walk in it with a steady and unflinching pace. Life is uncertain, and your journey on earth may be near its close; then no longer delay in making choice of the way of righteousness. A very small portion of time may be remaining to you; then flee to Christ for safety, take his yoke upon you, it is easy to wear, and learn of him the way of salvation, "lest the darkness of death overtake you, before your soul shall have found redemption in his blood."

I recommend the perusal of Baxter's Call to the unconverted, which is a small work, but contains a great deal of something which will benefit your soul if you peruse it with a proper spirit. You must be born again, you must be dead to the world and alive to God, you must cast off the works of darkness and walk in the light which is reflected from

the Son of Righteousness, and which his gospel diffuses; you must hate those things you now love, and love those you now hate; you must exchange earth and earthly things, for God and Heaven, if you wish to be crowned with glory and honour beyond the tomb.

I have now effected my purpose. The task of writing you has been performed, and I hope the advice I have given may be as bread cast upon the waters which may be found after many days."

If my admonitions shall awaken you to a proper view of your situation; if my persuasions shall drive you to repentance, and that ripens into holiness of heart and life, I shall rejoice in God, in being made the humble instrument of bringing one soul from nature's darkness to the marvellous light of the Gospel:

Our days are few, and short at best,  
Then let us all prepare  
To meet in God's eternal rest,  
And nowhere else but there.

May you and I, and all we love,  
Prove faithful to the end,  
We'll then a seat secure above,  
With Christ our constant friend.

Where we shall live and sing God's praise,  
With all our voices, all our powers,  
Look on his glory with amazement,  
And own him ever, always ours.

I shall never cease to pray for you.  
SUMMERFIELD.

### FOR THE REGISTER.

#### EXECUTION OF A YOUTH FOR MURDER, COMMITTED AT A GROCERY, WHILE DRUNK.

By a Minister of the Gospel, in Illinois.

"The evening before his execution, I asked him, if he had any request, to leave behind. "Yes," said he promptly, "Tell every young man not to drink liquor; tell them to fly from it, as the root of all evil—it has brought me to this dungeon, and caused these heavy irons to be bound on my feet and hands." I attended him at the gallows, and before three thousand persons did I hear him, in tones that ought to have melted every heart, tell them that "liquor was the cause by which he was doomed to die." "To use his own words: "You see before you, a young man, 18 years old, who is to die in less than two hours; and what do you think brought him here? I will tell you; it was intoxicating liquor that did it. And in the deepest agony of soul, he would exclaim, "It was liquor, liquor, that brought me to this dreadful end!" He again warned young and old, not to touch liquor; and poor FAIME died with the words upon his lips, "it was liquor that brought me to the gallows!" And Oh! how I wished every grog-seller, could have heard him, and if their hearts were not as hard as a rock, they must have been touched. It made my heart bleed to see the young man sent into eternity by the agency of the spirit-seller."

### CLERICUS.

Bishop Moore left our City on Tuesday last, and proceeded to the North to visit his children and friends.

On Sunday last, he administered the communion to his flock, at the Monumental Church, of which he has been, for twenty-seven years, the Rector.

As he stood in the Chancel, holding in his trembling hand the elements he was about to administer, he paused, and casting a look of tenderness upon the group that knelt around the Chancel, said—

"This is a faithful saying and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners," and it is a blessed thought that this institution of his dying love, which we are now commemorating, was not constituted for angels and saints, but for men and women—it is constituted for beings like ourselves, sinners sensible of their sin, and to those who come to this table deeply and humbly sensible of their deficiencies, this Sacrament will be meat and drink indeed. Come, then, my christian brethren and sisters—cast all your care upon Christ, and he will be to you an all-sufficient Saviour.

"This is a season of the year when many of us are contemplating an absence from home, and according to my usual custom, I have called you together before our departure, to partake once more of the Lord's Supper, that if it should be his sovereign will to permit us to meet no more in this world, we might have the pleasing reflection, that our last interview was at the table of our blessed Lord."

### Southern Churchman.

Two children of John Warren, 4 or 5 miles West of this place, were killed by lightning on the 29th of last month. Both parents were from home. The children, a little boy and girl, were under an apple tree in the yard, the little girl with a knife in her hand, when the lightning struck the tree which it slightly injured. The fluid was probably attracted toward the children by the knife. Both were found lying together lifeless.—Greensborough Patriot.

**Worthy of Attention.**—Persons struck by lightning, if deprived of their senses, and discovered before they recover animation, should immediately have one or two buckets of cold water dashed upon them.—People who have been considered dead, have frequently been restored by this expedient.



## Agricultural.

[From the Rev. Mr. Colman's Second Report on the Agriculture of Massachusetts.]  
EXTRAORDINARY COWS.

"I shall give an account of some remarkable animals which have been found among what are called our native cattle. It is not pretended that they constitute a distinct race or characterize a particular class of animals; but they show at least what materials are within our reach, upon which to build a stock of high character.

A cow of Samuel D. Colt, of Pittsfield, from 1st December to 27th April, 148 days, produced 193 lbs of butter.

A cow owned by R. Campbell, of Pittsfield, has yielded 20 beer qts. of milk per day.

A cow, owned by Hosea Merrill, gave 30 beer quarts of milk per day.  
A cow owned by D. Fenn, of Stockbridge, 8 years old, produced in one week 12 lbs. 9 oz. of butter. During the same time, 10 quarts of milk were sold, and in addition cream and milk were used freely in the family.

A cow owned by Calvin Davis, 4 years old in the Spring of 1838, in 172 days, produced 225 lbs. of butter, and a fatted calf. An accidental injury to the cow, prevented a continuance of making butter.

Two cows of Wm. Dewey, of Alford, in good season, averaged for a length of time, 14 lbs. of butter each per week.

A cow belonging to the late Dr. Hyde, of Stockbridge, for some time produced 14 lbs. of butter per week.

Two cows in Vandensenville, produced 14 lbs. of butter each per week.

A cow belonging to—Milliard, of Egremont, produced 14 lbs. of butter per week.

From two cows belonging to Russell Brown, in Cheshire, besides the free use of milk and cream in the family, 90 lbs. of butter were produced and sold in three weeks, and in four successive weeks, 114 lbs.

A cow owned in Stockbridge, by Mr. Stephen Williams, produced as follows:

In 321 successive days,	331 lbs. butter.
284 " " "	298 " "
306 " " "	213 " "
911 days,	942 lbs.

The above is exclusive of 25 lbs. made while fattening three calves. He adds:—"My method of keeping has been grass only, from spring to fall. In the fall I begin with pumpkins and potatoes, and feed moderately during the time she gives milk.

An account has been kept for only three years; but it would not vary much from the above, for the 12 seasons I have had her, except the present season she has been farrow." The cow is now 18 years old, and will calve about the middle of February.

Two cows owned in Pittsfield, produced each 50 lbs. of milk per day; and one other 32 at a milking.

A cow owned by Thomas Hodges, in North Adams, produced last year 425 lbs. of butter; 400 lbs. of this amount were made in nine months. Her feed consisted of one quart of rye meal and a half peck of potatoes per day, and a very good pasture.

To this list I will add the case of another cow in the neighboring county, whose product must be considered quite as extraordinary. She is owned by Joseph F. Upton, of Ashfield, Franklin county.

From the 1st of April, 1837, to the middle of February, 1838, her product was 335 lbs. 15 oz. From the 9th of May, 1838, to the 28th of December, 1838, she has produced 303 lbs. 3 oz. of butter, and was still making at the rate of one pound per day.

The owner adds: "In the year 1837, I killed my calf at three days old, and gave my cow the skimmed milk through the summer. I commenced the first of Oct. to feed upon potatoes. I gave her about one peck per day boiled, as long as she gave milk. In the year 1838, I fattened my calf and killed it at four weeks old. It weighed 75 pounds. She has had nothing but grass this year, until the first of Oct. since then I have fed her with one peck of boiled potatoes per day. My cow is seven years old last spring." Her winter-keep at present, while giving milk, is as much hay as she will eat, and one peck of boiled potatoes per day. The cows are all of native stock, without any admixture of foreign blood. The three cases of largest product certainly cannot be considered as examples of high feeding. It is extremely desirable that some skillful farmer should, by a judicious selection from such animals as these, endeavor to form an improved race for the dairy. I have already said that this has been attempted by one gentleman in the State.

I will mention an interesting fact, communicated to me by an observing farmer of Stockbridge—Thirty-two years since, he became the possessor of a very productive cow; and has continued the breed to

this day: she has never produced a bad milker, and some of her descendants, owned by other persons in the village, do equal credit to their parentage. The yield of one of them, which came within my knowledge, is twenty quarts per day."

**ARGUMENTS FOR SILK GROWING.**—The Norfolk Herald comes up to the work of pushing on this great business in that quarter, with a vigorous cogent pen.—Alluding to some samples sent him by a friend from Murfreesborough (N. C.) he says:

"If, indeed that portion of our lowland population who attach themselves from childhood to the semi-barbarous occupations of gathering wortleberries to sell—and of crabbing, clamming, fishing, coon and 'possum hunting, etc., for their subsistence, would devote a portion of their time to raising silk worms, they might, with certainty, in the course of a few years, acquire a competence sufficient to keep them beyond the reach of want, and that without half the labor they are compelled to put forth in these vagrant pursuits, which barely keep them beyond the verge of starvation. In a few years the multicaulis mulberry will be abundant, and common as duck-weed, and with the labor of cultivating a few squares of cabbage in his garden, a farmer may raise silk enough from the sale of which to lay up a handsome income, without interfering with his agricultural pursuits. In the mean time, however, while the multicaulis is maturing to this point, the common white mulberry, almost a spontaneous growth about the country, may be used with great advantage and profit, as the quality of the silk which our friend has sent us from Murfreesborough will testify."

**Morus Multicaulis.**—We have just seen a gentleman, who informs us that he has, within a few days, sold 10 acres of Morus Multicaulis, now growing on his place near this city, for thirty eight thousand and some odd hundred dollars.

**Baltimore Post.**  
**Morus Multicaulis.**—We learn that trees are now selling in this market for two cents an eye, and trees from the eye raised this season, will command \$1 per tree, without the root. The cultivation of this plant bids fair to be as profitable as it was the last season. From a recent calculation, it has been ascertained that all the plants in the United States would not supply even the State of Virginia, if silk were to become (as it probably will) a staple of the country.—Edenton Sentinel.

A Doctor going into his boarding house, and not finding dinner ready, exclaimed,—"What! are there no symptoms of dinner yet?" "No appearance," replied a merchant, as a servant appeared with a turkey: "Faith! and a fine token it is," rejoined a Printer.

**Taraxis.**—The Editor of the Barnstable Patriot lately saw a white blackbird, among a large flock which alighted in a wheat field. It was of a snowy whiteness, with the exception of a narrow strip of black on its breast. It was probably an albino.

Does it ever occur to the people, that the tax upon every man, woman, and child, in the United States, for the support of Government, is now one dollar and fifty cents a year more than it was under the administration of John Q. Adams? Thus the man who has a family of ten persons, pays fifteen Dollars a year more towards the support of Government, than he did ten years ago. Is this the "reform" that General Jackson discerned so legibly inscribed upon a certain banner he spoke of, on his inauguration day?—Wilmington Chron.

**POLITICAL JUDGES.**—The Louisville Journal of a late date says: "Several Mississippi Locofocos, and, among the rest, S. J. Gholson, who recently received from the General Government an appointment to a Judgeship, have addressed a letter to Mr. Walker, begging him to become a candidate for re-election to the U. States Senate. Electioneering Judges are becoming the curse of the land. Next to Judge Lynch, they are the greatest nuisance in the country."

**Jeffersonian Democracy.**—"For the appointment to office, the only inquiry should be, is he honest? is he capable? is he faithful to the Constitution?"—Jefferson's Answer to the New Hampshire Remonstrance.]

**Loofoco Democracy.**—"I know he is capable, I know he is faithful and vigilant; but the party to which I belong calls for his removal—therefore I vote for it."—[Ald. Talmadge's remarks on the removal of Mr. Williamson, as Comptroller of the City of New York.]

WILMINGTON, August 13.

**HEALTH OF THE TOWN.**—Our Town has been thus far in the season remarkably healthy. There is no case of bilious, or other fever within our knowledge. In fact the Doctors make a general complaint of dull times. We trust their complaints may be long and frequent.—Chronicle.

"Black stockings of ALL colors," are advertised in an Ohio paper.