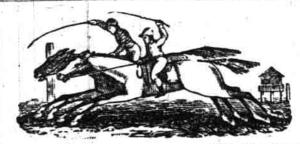
emancipation without it? How long would the emancipated negroes remain satisfied with that? Would any of the Southern States then (the negroes armed and organized) be able to resist their claims to a participation in all their political rights? Would it even stop there? Would they not claim admittance to all the social rights and privileges of a community in which, in some instances, they would compose the majority? Let these who take pleasure in the contemplation of such scenes as must inevitably ollow, finish out the picture. "If I am correct in the principles here

advanced, I support my assertion, that the discussion on the subject of emancipation in the non-slave-holding States, is equally injutions to the slaves and their masters, and that it has no sanction in the principles of the Constitution. I must not be understood to sav. that there is any thing in that instrument which prohibits such discussion. I know there is not. But the man who believes that the claims which his fellow-citizens have upon him, are satisfied by adhering to the letter of the political contract that connects them, must have a very imperfect knowledge of the principles upon which our glorious Union was formed, and by which alone it can be maintained. I mean those feelings of regard and affection which were manifested in the first dawn of our Revolution, which induced every American to think that an inever distant his location, was an injury to himself; which made us, in effect, one people, before we had any paper contract; which induced the venerable Shelby, in the second war for independence, to leave the comforts which age required, to encounter the dangers and privations incident to a wilderness war; which drew from the same quarter the innumerable battalions of volunteers which preceded and followed him; and from the banks of the distant Appomattox, that band of youthful heroes, which has immortalized the appellation by which it was distinguished. Those worthy sons of immortal sires did not stop to enquire into the alleged injustice and immorality of the Indian war. It was sufficient for them to learn their fellow citizens were in danger, that the tomahawk and scalping knife were suspended over the heads of the women and children of Oblo, to induce them to abandon the ease, and, in many instances, the luxury and splendor by which, from infancy, they hid been surrounded, to encounter the fatiques and dangers of war, amidst the horrors of a Canadian winter."



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TAYNESBOROUGH JOCKY CLUB. Waynesborough, for organizing the Club, WILLIAM B. MEARS was elected President, Joun McLeon 1st and John Whigher 2nd Vice President, and James GRISWOLD Treasurer and Secretary.

and continue four days, and that the following purses

First day, \$150-\$15 entrance; Second, 250- 20

400 - 30Third, and included 100- 20 Fourth.

Resolved, That this notice be published in the Stan ton, N C. Courier, Charleston, & C . American Statesman, Petersburg, and Old Dominion, Portsmouth, Va. and Spirit of the Times, New York, with

the following statement: From the very recent organization, it will be impossible to have the contemplated buildings, Club House, &c. erected for the accommodation of such as we hope and expect will visit us on this and future similar meetings; still we promise good Stables and provender, plenty of good Tavern room, and Tables. and Bars by Messrs. Churchill, at Waynesborough, and Borden, at Goldsborough, equal to any, and a Course Track well prepared and perfectly good, although there will not be time to inclose the track other than with post and rail. The Club invite the attention of breeders and sportsmen. Our purses will be materially increased at the future meetings. Observe the convenience of approach to our track, being one mile from the great North and South Rail Road. one and a half from Goldsborough, and one from Waynesborough, and equally distant from Charleston, Petersburg, and Norfolk.

By order of the Club. JAMES GRISWOLD, Secretary.

March 20, 1840. The above mentioned newspapers will each give this advertisement three insertions, and forward their CAVE CHURCHILL, Proprietor

TEW HARDWARE HOUSE, RICH-MOND, VA. - The Subscribers have associated enselves together for the purpose of transacting the general HARDWARE BUSINESS, under the firm of DONNAN, DUNN & Co. Their stand is third house above Messrs. Hubbard Gardiner & Co. Main Street, where they have just opened a beautiful assortment of Goods, part of which are of their own importation. and therefore feel confident the; can sell low as is

We have on hand an excellent assortment of Fos ter's & Ibbotson's Patent Sey thes and Straw Knives, Patent and plain Grass do. 36 to 42 inches, Weeding Hoes \$1 to \$5. Also,

Hilling Hoes, 4 to 8 inches wide These articles are worthy the attention of Merch ants, and we would respectfully invite those visiting the City to give us a call before they purchase.

WM. S. DONNAN. ? Richmond. ANDREW DUNN. DONNAN & DUNN, Petersburg.

A SKETCH of the Life and Public Services of Gen WM. H. HARRISON, of Ohio. pamphlet our theap edition, this day received at the N. C. TURNER & HUGHES. Book Store by March 31.

TATE OF NORTH CAROLINA-Washingon County-In Equity-Spring Term, 1840. Sarah von Keitn v. William Keith : Bill for Divorce. On motion, and it appearing to the Court that two Subpanas to answer the Bill of Complaint issued to Bertie county, against Wm. Keith, have been returned by the Sheriff that he is not to be found in that county; and also, that the said William Keith is not an inhabitant of this State, or not within the jurisdiction of this Court : the tourt doth order that adverlisement be made for thirteen successive weeks in the "Raleigh Register and North Caro ina Gazette," ad-Vising the said William Keith that unless he appear before the said Court, at the Court house in Plymouth, on the second Monday of September next, and plead. answer or demur to the Compla nant's Bill of Complant, it wil be taken pro confesso, and such decree

TH: TURNER, C. & M. E,

When Gen. Jackson first came into power, it was under the cry of "REFORM"-Reform in the expenditures of Government-a reduction of the number of Federal Officers-in short, a complete reformation in every branch of Government. The expenditures of Mr. ADAMS' Administration, which amounted to \$12,-000 were denounced as without a parallel in the history of any nation. But let us see the effect of this Reform. They commenced it in the expenses of the Government, and after ten years of reforming, have reformed the extravagant expenses of Mr. Adams down to \$40,000.000! Next, they reformed the number of they have undertaken to reform, they have reformed in the same way. They have reformed our business, until we have no business! They have reformed our Currency, until they have spoiled it! They have reformed our Exchanges, until they are insufferable !-They have reformed our Treasury, until the Govern-

CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS.

being heard in his own defence; he is never considered guilty until he has had a fair trial! This is perfectly correct, and why should not a similar course be pur sued in cases of debt? Why should a man be punished with imprisonment, before a Jury of his country have declared him to be guilty of some fraud? Why should he be punished, when his only crime is that of being poor? Why insult misfortune, by heaping injury upin most of the States, and in the Government of the

in Florida are not to bite the Indians; they are only to smell them out!

A citizen of Baltimore, whose means of obtaining nformation are ample, writing to JOHN-NEAL, of Portland. Maine, says-

"The Harrison fire from the Prairies has caught and Apple trees. There is not a drinker of cider in

y sued for the arrearages due by him, for subscription, and, in charging the Jury in the case, the Court laid down the law, regulating the obligations between a Publisher and his Subscribers, as follows:

be discontinued, and it continues to be left at his residence, the presumption is, in the absence of any evi-

tice to discontinue it.

Extract of a Letter to the Editor:

murdered his daughter last Summer under circumthan the uncertainty of a Capital execution.

and Democracy. They are, undoubtedly, used by many, without any definite knowledge of their mean-General For, the celebrated French Orator, was asked in the Chamber of Deputies, what he meant, when he applied the term Aristocracy, he replied as follows:

racy is the league, the condition of those who wish to consume without producing, to live without working, to occupy all the offices without being qualified to fill ed them-that is aristocracy!"

drawn here, that there is no necessity of writing underneath the picture-"This is the man, and that the

extract from a speech of Mr. Proffit of Indiana, a

"Mr. Speaker, this passage between my colleague and the gentleman from Pennsylvania, reminds me of a circumstance which occurred in the Indiana Legislature. I had made some remarks, sir, upon a subject of some importance. I was followed by a gentleman in oppomy language. I corrected him, sir. He received my explanation apparently in all sincerity, but continued to misrepresent me. I again, sir, with some little warmth, corrected him; and complained of the course he seemed determined to pursue. The gentleman, after a moment's hesitation, cast an imploring look upon me, and with much candor said: Well, Mr. Profit, I know that you did not exactly use the language attributed to you; but, sir, I have been for six weeks preparing a speech on this subject; and, in order to give it effect, it is necessary for some person to use the language attributed to you. I know of no person who can stand it better than yourself, and so you must excuse me." (Great laughter.)

Do so brother STME. We promise you a hearty an annunciation, the Tories would have de-Whig gripe of the fist, and a mug of HARD CIDER- mounced it as aristocratic, favoring orders of the most fashionable drink, now-a-days, in these parts. nobility, &c .- Fayetteville Observer.

CONGRESS.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, March 31. I found after making my last communication, that the motion made for an adjournment of the House of Representatives till Monday, was not carried. It, of course, met on Saturday. [Mr. W. Thompson first rose, and gave notice, that when Mr. Duncan appeared in the Hall, he should ask leave of the House for five minutes for a personal explanation.]

The Speaker laid before the House, communications from the Secretary of War, Postmaster-General and a Packet in tellation to the New Jersey election.

Mr. Medil (who was entitled to the floor) then addressed the House to the close of the morning hour on the printing question connected with the New Jersey lection, without finishing his speech.

On motion, the House spent the remainder of the lay on a number of bills for the relief of private claimants. The bill to amend an act to remit duties on certain goods destroyed by the great fire in New York in December, 1835, was postponed till the 4th of April.

The Senate did not meet on Saturday.

FOR THE REGISTER. MOST HORRIBLE.

MR. EDITOR: Permit me to call your attention t the title of one of the most diabolical Acts ever passed by law-givers since the times of Abed, Meshack and Abednego. I copy verbatim et liberatim from the his determination to make a servile devotion to party Evening Star of the 28th March.

"LEGISLATURE OF NEW YORK. "IN SENATE

"An act to abolish the office of Commissioner of Deeds for the several towns of this State, and To presoner the duties of the office of Justices of the

Lynch law is milk and honey compared with this. Dissolve Justices of the Peace! When is the act to be carried into operation? In the dog-days, probably men being generally then in the best melting mood. But can the Justices be made to exclaim with Hamlet, "O! that this too too solid flesh would melt. "Thaw and resolve itself into dew." PHIZ.

BARRET G. PAYNE, Esq., a Representative in the Virginia Legislature, in an address to his constituents, offering himself as a candidate for re-election, in which he defines his views, thus speaks of Mr. Van Buren : "I have been slow to give up the man we all or

most of us voted for and would gladly have continued to have supported him; but when I had to choose between giving up him, or deserting my republican principles, as I understand republicanism, I was bound to give him up. * I have supported the administrations of defferson, Madison, Monroe and Jackson,-Mr. Ritchie has often times lately called me the "Old Republican;" but if democratic principles require a man to support a measure which, as Mr. Ritchie says gives "the means of corruption to the President," and makes "two currencies, the better for the officers of the Government, and the baser for the People"-if that is republican, I have been in the dark all my life. * I believe the good of the country requires that Mr. Van Buren should be rebuked for his course, and I shall therefore vote for General Harrison."

EDMUND FONTAINE, Esq., another member of the Legislature of Virginia-who, at the last Presidential election, voted for Mr. Van Buren-has published an "In deciding the question whether I should aban-

don Mr. Van Buren, I too, like my venerable friend, Col. Payne, have been restrained by that reluctance to part with an old friend which we all feel in every condition of life. The patience and long suffering with which we have borne the many acts of which we complain, will, I "trust, have some influence in commending to your approval the judgment we have now formed. Like our forefathers in the days of the Revolution, we have remonstrated again and again-we have trusted that the commanding voice of the People would constrain our President to surrender his will to theirs -but like our forefathers, we have appealed in vain; we have been "fatigued into submission to his measures," and we beheld armies about to be raised, for what we cannot tell, when peace prevails throughout our borders, unless it is to awe into silence all rebels against his authority. We have looked to the President to stay his rash and ruthless hand-but we have me the Sub-Treasury! Our patience and long suffering is exhausted; our hope of relief is extinguished, and with that hope our confidence is gone."

In the conclusion of this address, which our limits will not permit us to publish entire, he says:

"Fellow-citizens, it does not become a man to boast of the purity of his motives-I leave you, therefore, to judge whether any thing but the most solemn convictions of my duty to our beloved country, could have induced me to leave the powerful Administration party to which I was warmly at ached, and expose myself to the unsparing persecution which I have encountered, and am still destined to endure. I have acted under the most solemn sense of the obligations I owe to you and to our posterity. I believe if Mr. Van Buren is re-elected, that the spirit of independence will be chained by the shackles of party despotism to the throne of the President. I have, therefore, no hesitation in supporting Gen. Harrison, whose honesty and disinterested patriotism has never been questionedbelieving that he will arrest the Government in its despotic tendencies, although his opinions do not, in all respects, accord with my own."

An excellent application of a Tory doctrine. - A distinguished citizen, in ordering the Observer, for which he pays four years in advance, remarks, that there is only one point of concurrence between him and Van Buren, viz: that the credit system should be entirely abolished, so far as newspapers are concerned." He has certainly a most happy way of enforcing an argument; and has entirely disarmed our hosthity to the political heresy which he advances. Circumstances like the above, showing the enthusiasm of the Whigs in favor of Harrison and Reform, give us strong confidence that North Carolina will not be behind her Republican sisters in the day of trial. Fayetteville Observer.

out West, it is stated in the Philadelphia Standard, that a few months since a real, red-hot Southwark Loco Foco emigrated to the West and located himself near Alton, Illinois, and ition, who immediately commenced misrepresenting from him which excited as much astonish- proaching Presidential Election. ment among his Southwark friends, as if Martin Van Buren himself had come out for the old Hero. The following is an extract of the letter as published in the above mentioned

gape in astonishment-I'm in earnest. Harrison is all the cry here and you might as well attempt to dam the Mississippi with a pitch fork, as refuse to swim man is as scarce as a Whig used to be in old Southwark. The blood of the western people is up, and tell you they are going for old "Hard Cider," steam boat fashion, and no n. stake."

information reach us-the old North State is on the alert. Whig meetings numerous, individual changes thickening. Even in Lincoln we are gratified to meet with citizens who have dared to think for themselves, and now openly avow their change of sentiment, and opposition to "The powers that be."

YOUNG MENS' MEETING.

At a meeting of Whig Young Men of the City of Raleigh, and County of Wake, held in the Court House on the evening of the 1st of April, 1840, on motion of Mr. Lewis Peck, Gen. D. S. Crenshaw and J. A. Campbell, appointed Secretaries.

The object of the meeting having been briefly explained by Mr. H. W. Miller, on motion, the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to report Resolutions for its action, viz: Messrs. H. W. Miller, George W. Polk, Alfred Williams, John H. Manly, and Dr. John B. Beckwith.

After retiring a short time, the Committee reported through H. W. Miller, the following Preamble and

WHEREAS, we believe that the principles of Civil iberty which have been taught us by our Fathers are put in jeopardy by the corrupt and reckless course of the present Administration, by its determination to carry out, at all hazards, those measures of public policy which the People have pronounced dangerous to their happiness and freedom, by depriving one of the Sovereign States of this Confederacy of her lawful Representation on the floor of Congress, for no other purpose than to gratify the insatiate thirst of party vindictiveness and secure the passage of that odious measure which is to deprive the rook of the fruits of their labor. and place all the moneyed power of the Government in the hands of the Executive, increasing that patronage which is already too great, and thereby enabling him to exercise the most dangerous influence over the Elections, and corrupt the public Press; and also, by the best and surest test of capacity for office, and under this principle sacrificing all who dare be honest enough even to thank for themselves, thereby illustrating the doctrine which is favored and followed by it much more than any principle in our Constitution however sacred, that, "to the victors belong the spoils"-and that whoever can "bend the pregnant hinges of the knee" is worthy of all the thrift that may be subsequent on official servility and fawning. And whereas, we honestly believe that the Anti Republican tendencies of the present Administration-its waste of the public money-its efforts to destroy credit-to reduce the wages of the laborer to the standard in the Despotic the Credit and Institutions of the individual Statesits withholding from the Old States their just share of

be the last to sursender such inestimable privileges. Therefore, resolved, That the course of policy pursued by the present Administration is Anti Republican Public Will, and dangerous to the Public Liberty.

Resolved, That we cannot perceive how one who voted to instruct Rufus King to oppose the admission of any State into the Union without restrictions prohibiting the introduction of Slavery, and who also voted to prohibit the Slave Trade between the States and Florida, can be a sincere advocate of Southern Principles, and particularly would we suspect the motives of a Northern man who, after such votes, could claim

Resolved, That the nomination of Gen. WILLIAM H. HARRISON for the Presidency and JOHN TY-LER for the Vice Presidency of the United States meets our warmest approbation, and that we look with contempt on the efforts which have been made and are now making to injure the character of the former by the circulation of the basest and most daring falsehoods, and we warn our fellow citizens in every section of the looked in vain. Still the cry is, give me power-give Country against such attempts to break down the reputation of a gallant soldier and a de statesman and-call upon them to rebuke attempts to turnish the glory of the nat on by underrating, for political effect, some of the most brilliant exploits in our military history.

M. MOREHEAD, and that his fine talents, Republican simplicity, and devotion to the interest of the State entitle him to the support of his fellow citizens.

Resolved, That we will use every honest means to rescue the Institutions of the Country from the hands of the "Spo.lers," and therefore we approve of the con-McPheeters, Joshua R. Hinton, Col. W. L. Otev. Dr. W. M. Crenshaw, Allen Rogers, Jr. Thos. M. Oliver, S. W. Whiting, C. C. Battle, Henry Dudley, Albert T. Hughes, Ransom Poole, Adam G. Banks, C. F. M. Garnett, G. W. Mordecai, Dr. W. H. McKee, Devereux Bridges, John Powell, John Devereux, Jr. John R.W. Seawell, Dr. John B.Beckwith, Henry Seawell W. H. Jones, Edmund S. Zevely, Hugh McQucen, Lawrens Hinton, T. H. Snow, Richard Seawell, Burrell Buffaloe, E. A. Janney, B. B. Buffaloe, John H. McCullers, W. R. Knight, Henderson Hodge, Vernon Cosby, Green F. Ellen, John W. Cosby, Jackson

the Hon. Edward Stanly, be appointed Delegates to said Convention in behalf of this meeting and the Young men of the Whig Party throughout the State, and that the Secretary inform them thereof, and request their attendance if possible.

Resolved, That our respected Fellow Citizen, Chas. Manly, Esq. having been selected as Elector of this As an evidence of the state of feeling District, is requested to address the People whenever it may be convenient.

of Vigitance for this County, composed of three from each Captain's District, and also a Committee of seven to issue an address to the young men of this County in that a few days since a letter was received relation to the distresses of the Country, and the ap-

the Chairman, whose duty it shall be to correspond with the Whig Young Men in different sections of the State, urging upon them to call meetings and organize more efficiently.

The Resolutions having been read, and the ques-"Huzza for Old Tippecanoe! Nay, you need'nt tion being on their adoption, Mr. Badger rose, by request, and addressed the meeting for nearly two hours, at one moment convulsing his auditory with laughter, with the popular current. Hereabouts, a Van Buren and at the next, as he pourtrayed the enormities of the Administration, kindling their breasts with patriotic zeal against those, whose sole aim seems to be to bow down the energies and cripple the resources of the country. He was frequently compelled to sus-From every source does the most cheering pend his remarks by the rapturous plaudits of the meeting, which continued for some time, after he re-

> at the close of Mr. Badger's speech, each made a few brief remarks. The former paid a glowing compliment to Mr. Badger's zeal and eloquence, in a pecu-

The question was then taken, and the Resolutions were adopted by acclamation.

Under the 9th Resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed by the Chairman, viz: H. W. Miller, Hugh McQueen, Thomas Hicks, George Polk, Weswas called to the Chair, and Messrs. R. W. Seawell ton R. Gales, A. J. Foster, and Dr. William M. Cren-

Under the 10th Resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed, viz: C. C. Battle, S. W. Whiting, J. A. Campbell, C. F. M. Garnett, and Dr. Wil-

D. S. CRENSHAW, Chm'n.

R. W. SEAWELL, Secretaries.
J. A. CAMPBELL,

The CAROLINA GAZETTE will hereafter be under the Editorial charge of Mr. Thomas W. Young. Weldon Hall, Esq. having withdrawn, from a desire to devote his time exclusively to his professional duties. The politics of the Gazette will remain unchanged.

THE CHINCE BUG. - The fears of injury from this pestiferous insect, are, we regret to learn, already realized to some extent in the fields of small grain in the upper counties. The young and tender stalks already exhibit the blighting effects of the visitation. and there is no knowing how extensively their ravages may be felt. We sincerely sympathize with our agricultural friends, who, to the evils of hard times and low prices, are in danger of losing that portion of the fruits of their industry which human agency could not wrest from them.

Fayetteville Observer.

Whilst the infidel mocks at the superstition of the vulgar, insults over their credulous fear, their childish errors and fantastic rites, it does not occur to him to observe, that the most preposterous device, by which the weakest devotee ever believed he was securing the happiness of a future life, is more rational than unconcerned about it. Upon this subject nothing is so absurd as indifference, no folly so contemptible as thoughtlessness and levity .- Paley.

POSTSCRIPT.

WASHINGTON, April 1.

The House of Representatives was principally enaged on Monday in receiving and disposing of petitions, and in attending to business of minor importance. The Senate discussed the bill just received from the House authorizing the issue of Five Millions in Treasury Notes. Messrs. Hubbard, Buchanen. Benton, Webster, Freston and Smith of Indiana, took part the debate. The bill finally passed, The negative votes were Messrs. Benton, Clay, of Ky. Clayton, Davis, Merrick, Preston, Ruggles and White. To-day, Mr. Medill occupied the morning hour in

lefence of the majority of the Committee of Elections against charges made against them by the minority. The bill from the Senate for securing the public money in the hands of the Government Officers was taken up. Mr. Wise thought it ought to be referred to Committee composed of Swartwout and Price. It

was subsequently referred to the Committee of Ways and Means. The bill for securing the freedom of Elections, was next taken up, on which Mr. Bell spoke at considera-

ble length. The Senate again took up Mr. Lumpkin's Resolution for adjourning in May, but after some debate, the subject was laid on the table, 23 votes to 17.

The Cumberland Road bill next came up, when Mr. Wright took the floor in reply to Mr. Clay, of Ale.

MARRIAGES. In Salisbury, by the Rev. Stephen Frontis, Robert

M. Horah, to Amelia B. Ballard. In Columbus, Miss. Major S. F. Butterworth to Miss Mary E. Amis, daughter of Col. John D. Amis. In Lafayette County, Miss., Mr. Allen A. Pittman to Miss Malvina Whitaker, both formerly of Halifax

County, N. C.

DEATHS.

At his Plantation in Mississippi, on the 6th of March, after ten days illness of Congestive Fever, James Frilick, Esq. of this City, a gentleman universally esteemed by all who knew him. At Wadesborough, on the 23d ult., after a most

painful illness of 20 days duration, Claudia, daughter of the Rev. Philip B. Wiley, aged 8 years and 11

In Cumberland, Mr. Neill Buie, in the 71st year of

Silk Worm Eggs, price \$10 per ounce, two crops a year. Call at the N. C. Book Store. TURNER & HUGHES.

Office at Washington, 28th March, 1840. S
BUILDING CONTRACTORS are hereby invied to offer Proposals for erecting a suitable Banking House in this town. By order of the Board. B. RUNY-AN, Cashier.

PENT. - The Dwelling House and Store recently occupied by the Bank of Cape Pear.

Apply to E. II. WINGATE, Cashier.

PATTE large amount now due us, and the difficulty of making collections, renders it nighly proper that we should discontinue the credit system in our business. We, therefore, to avoid the necessity of stating this fact at the counter, give notice, that we shall sell in future for CASH ONLY. W. & A. STITH.

Raleigh, April 1.

C. STATE COURSE.—At a called meeting of the Jockey Club, held on the 30th inst, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of altering the time of holding the Spring meeting of 1840, over the State Course, it was unanmously agreed that the Races should come off on the third Tuesday of April next, instead of the fourth, as percusore advertised.

DAVID McDANIEL, Proprietor. March 31, 1840. The Standard, Petersburg Intelligencer, Wil-

mington Advertiser, and Tarboro' Press will insert the above, together with the previous advertisement, (omitting the Sweepstakes at the Fall meeting) for hree successive weeks, and charge the Proprietor,

HITE SULPHUR WATER —The under-signed announce to the public, that they are extensively engaged in transporting this celebrated Water, both in Bottles and Barrels, as may be desired ov purchasers. They deem it proper to inform the public, that the result of long and careful experience, as fully established the fact, that by carefully depriing the wood of which the barrel is made of all of its acid, and otherwise preparing it for the purpose, the Barrel is rendered completely effectual for transportng and preserving this water in its purity and medical efficiency. Persons wishing the Water in Bettles can obtain it of our wholesale agents, Alex. Daval, Richmond, Va.; Charles Ellis & Co. Philadelphia; Richard Norris, Baltimore; er of the Apothesaries, in Petersburg, Va. Those wishing it in Burrels, must address their orders to the unders gned who will deliver it at any convenient shipping point, to which it may be ordered.

WILLIAM B. CALWELL & Co. White Sulphur Springs, Greenbeier County, Va. March 16. } 27

Fayetteville Observer 6 weeks, and ch

made thereupon, as shall be considered just. Plymouth, N. C., March 16, 1840. 25 13w

THE REGISTER.

"Our's are the plans of fair, delightful peace.
"Unwarp'd by party rage, to live like brothers."

malificie, M. C. FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1840.

FOR GOVERNOR.

JOHN M. MOREHEAD, of Guilford, FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON. One Presidential Term-the integrity of Public

Servants-the safety of the Public Money, and the general good of the PEOPLE. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, JOHN TYLER.

"NEITHER THE STATES WHERE SLAVERY DOES OT EXIST, NOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, CAN, WITHOUT ASSUMPTION OF POWER, ADN jury inflicted upon his fellow-citizens, how- THE VIOLATION OF A SOLEMN COMPACT, DO ANY THING TO REMOVE 4T, WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THOSE WHO ARE IMMEDIATELY INTERESTED."-Gen. Harrison's Speech at Vincennes.

NEW MARKET. We understand that the Proposals offered by Mr DABNEY COSBY to the Board of Commissioners, of this City, for the building of the new Market and Town Hall, have been accepted. The work is to be completed by the first day of August. The Plan submitted by Mr. Cossy is a most beautiful design, and we have no doubt, from his acknowledged skill and taste, that he will add an ornament to our Metropolis, of which

we shall be justly proud.

SUPERIOR COURT. The whole week, thus far, has been occupied with the State's business, though no case affecting life was taken up until Wednesday. On that day, Henry S. Hill was put upon his trial for the murder of Thomas Sorrell. Hill was convicted at our Fall Term of this charge and sentenced to execution; but he applied to the Maryland Pines: it has penetrated the Log Cabins the Supreme Court for a new trial, which was granted. On the present hearing, Mr. Attorney General DANIEL appeared for the State, and Messrs. R. M. SAUNDERS, G. W. HAYWOOD, CHAS. MANLY and D. W. STONE, for the Prisoner. The Jury retired about 9 o'clock, and were out but a few minutes, when they returned

with a verdict of manslaught r. YOUNG MENS' MEETING.

The signs of the times are certainly auspicious for the success of the good cause, if the spirit which animates the Whigs in this city may be considered as extending to their brethren throughout the State. The meeting of the Young Whigs of this place and At a meeting of Randolph Macon Course, near vicinity, which took place at the Court House, on Wednesday night, was decidedly the most respectable as to numbers ever held here. And when the circumstances, under which it convened, are taken Resolved, That the Club hold their first Annual into consideration, we doubt whether a more impos-Races, commencing on the third Tuesday in April, ing political meeting was ever held in the State. It was advertised for seven o'clock of that evening, but the Court remained in session until past nine, in the trial of a Capital case-of course, a large number of persons had gone home, having no expectation that the meeting would be attempted that night. So enthusiastic, however, were the Whigs, that the moment the dard and Register Raleigh, and Advertiser, Wilming- Court adjourned, the bell was rung, and the room was immediately filled by those who, feeling they have a deeper stake in the salvation of the Republic than their Seniors in age, seem determined to make proportionate exertions to deliver the country from the oppression which paralyzes its energies. The proceedings, which will be found in another column, were characterized by the greatest spirit and harmony, and give earnest of the determination with which the young men of North Carolina enter into the contest.

DE GUSTIBUS. The "Standard" does not relish the wit of our Sheep Story.' We thought the application would be rather pungent for the appetite of its Editor. He advises us to leave the Anecdote department, for the future, to Mr. Morengap, which we are very willing to do .-Had he recommended a relinquishment to his Gubernatorial Candidate, we should demur, as we understand that Judge SAUNDIRS is, perhaps, the worst hand to tell a joke that can be started. He tried it both at Pittsboro' and Smithfield, without eliciting, it is said, even a smile from a single individual of his numerous

AMMUNITION WASTED.

.The last "Standard" is brim-full of holy horror, because Gen. HARRISON has declined answering certain queries put to him by the "Oswego Association." The letter was promptly answered by a Committee of Gen. HARRISON'S confidential friends at Cincinnati, who state that it is impossible for the General to answer in person the many letters daily received by him-that having already published his views upon all the exciting and important questions of the day, and those views having undergone no change, it is unnecessary for him to make any further declaration of his principles. The "Standard" is welcome to all

the political capital he can make out of this. QUERE !- Has Mr. VAN BUREN ever answered the interrogatories of the Editor of the "North Car-

SUICIDE.

Mr. THOMAS STOKES, of this County, a man of good character, though in moderate circumstances, committed suicide a few days since, by shooting himself with a gun. He had been ploughing all day, and went to the house just before sun-set, took down his gun, andsoon after, his family were alarmed by the noise of its discharge. He was found in the lock of the fence, with his head literally blown to pieces, and a newly cut twig lying by his side, with which, it is supposed, he had started the trigger. No cause is assigned or conjectured for the act.

The Raleigh Register gives an animated account of the completion of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, and the scenes of business and bustle which will here-The first spare moment we have, we will drop in and lature are not entitled, either by law or cuspay our neighbor of the Register a morning call,

Petersburg Intelligencer.

A SIGN WORTH NOTING. The Grand Jury of Rowan (Mr. FISHER's place of esidence) at the late Superior Court, by a vote of 12 to 5, resolved that HARRISON was worthy, and VAN BUBEN unworthy of the support and confidence of the

REFORM! REFORM! Officers down, by adding between five and six hundred more to the list; and in every thing else, which

ment has actually, like the prodigal spendthrift, to give a note to raise the wind for current expenses!!

In every case of crime, the accused has a chance of on the unfortunate! Yet such is the effect of the law

It is officially announced that the Blood Hounds

A WORD FROM MARYLAND.

RIGHTS OF PUBLISHERS. A Subscriber to a Newspaper in Boston was recent-

1. Where a Subscriber to a Newspaper orders it to dence to the contrary, that it is left by the Subscriber's address to his constituents, in which he says: orders, and upon a promise to pay for it.

2. If a Newspaper is left from day to day, for a person at his place of business, with his knowledge and consent, though without his express request, and if he has reason to believe that it is so left under the belief, though a mistaken one, that he is a Subscriber, and under the expectation that he is to pay for it, in that case he will be bound to pay for it, unless he gives no-

RUTHERFORD, March 25, 1840. "I must give you some faint idea of Gen. HARRIson's prospects in this region generally, and Rutherford County, particularly. The name of 'Old Tip' has inspired the Whigs with fresh zeal and energy, and the freemen of the Mountains will record a verdict in his favor next November, which no Executive edict can set aside. Depend upon it, we are sound to the

WOOD ACQUITTED. JAMES WOOD, of Philadelphia, Confectioner, who stances of great brutality, has been acquitted on the plea of insanity. No wonder that the brutal passions of men are kept under so little restraint, when chances of conviction are next to impossibility. The certainty of ten years' confinement in a Penitentiary, would go farther in restraining the murderer's arm,

ARISTOCRACY.

We hear often, now-a-days, the terms Aristocracy ing; and by others, are designedly misapplied. When "Aristocracy! I will tell you what I mean. Aristoc-

them, to carry off all the honors without having deserv-The portrait of the Administration party is so well

LEGISLATIVE ANECDOTE. The following is an

TITLES .- The Raleigh "Standard" announces "the Hon. Samuel Whitaker," as candidate for the State Senate in Wake County. The members of our State Legistom, to such a title; and we enter a protest against it. If a Whig paper had made such

liam H. M'Kec.

Governments of Europe-its uncalled-for attack upon he proceeds from the Public Lands, and squandering them for the basest election cering purposes-its counenancing the innumerable frauds which have been practiced on the Government by many of its Revenue Collectors, and justifying and even applauding its own organs in their attempts to conceal or palliate such frauds, thereby debasing the public morals, and attempting to deceive the honest Voters of the Country; and above all, its many claims of power, and stretches of prerogative, of late years, so often advanced and so repeatedly acted upon, which were neither demanded by the necessities nor sanctioned by the Constitution of the Country-and its open and wanton contempt of the Public Will so frequently expressed-must inevitably destroy or render worthless, those noble Institutions which have been transmitted to us by our ancestors, and as the Citizens of North Carolina were the first to declare themselves free and independent of the British Crown, and to pledge their lives, fortunes and sacred honors in defence of that freedom, and should

-corrupt in its tendencies-in direct contempt of the Resolved, That Martin Van Buren, by the weak and corrupt way in which he has administered the affairs of this Government, deserves the censure and is un-

worthy of the confidence of a free People. to be friendly to the Institutions of the South.

Resolved, That we approve the nomination of JNO.

templated Convention of Whig Young Men to be held in Baltimore in May next, and appoint the following persons as Delegates, viz: Geo. W. Polk, John W. Harris, James A. Campbell, G. W. Haywood, Augustus J. Foster, W. H. Hood, Gen'l. Crenshaw, W. M. H. Manly, James Boylan, W. J. Clarke, Jr. Alfred Jones, Dr. W. M. Mason, Richard Haywood, Albert Stith, Lewis Peck, Alfred Williams, Thos. T. Hogg.

Resolved, also, That the Hon. Kenneth Rayner and

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a Committee

Resolved, 'That a Committee of five be appointed by

Messrs. Manly and Miller, being loudly called for Whig Banner. | liarly happy manner.