

THE REGISTER. "Our's are the plans of fair, delightful peace. "Unwarp"d by party rage, to live like brothers."

BARBECIE, M. C. FRIDAY, MAY S, 1840.

FOR GOVERNOR, IOHN M. MOREHEAD, of Guilford.

FOR PRESIDENT, WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.

one Presidential Term-the integrity of Publi Servants-the safety of the Public Money, and the general good of the PEOPLE.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, JOHN TYLER.

"NEITHER THE STATES WHERE SLAVERY DOES NOT EXIST, NOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, CAN, WITHOUT ASSUMPTION OF POWER, AND THE VIOLATION OF & SOLEMN COMPACT, DO ANY THING TO REMOVE IT, WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THOSE WHO ARE IMMEDIATELY INTERESTED."-Gen. Harrison's Speech at Vincennes.

WHIG ELECTORS.

Our list will soon be full. The following selections have been made by the District Conventions so far : No. 1. Col. CHARLES McDowell, of Burke county. 2. Gen. JAS. WELLBORN, of Wilkes. 3. DAVID RANSOUR, of Lincoln. 5. JAMES MEBANE, of Caswell. 6. Hon. ABRAHAM RENCHER, of Chatham. 7. JOHN B. KELLY, of Moore. 8. Dr. JAMES S. SMITH, of Orange. 9. CHARLES MANLY, of Wake. 11. WM. W. CHERRY, of Bertie. 14. JAMES W. BRYAN, of Carteret. 15. DANIEL B. BAKER, of New-Hanover. Conventions will be held in the remaining Districts in a few days.

A meeting of the subscribers, and others

YOUNG MENS' CONVENTION. They come as the winds come, when forests are rended; They eome as the waves come, when navies are stranded. The GREAT Baltimore Convention has been held, and never before, in this country, has there been so immense a gathering of the People. The number of dant. Delegates is variously estimated at from ten to fifteen thousand, whilst the whole crowd at Canton, where the Addresses were delivered, is stated at twenty-five thousand ? This seems almost incredible, and yet all the accounts concur in representing this to be about the number. When a free people thus rally for the

overthrow of a corrupt Administration, what power can withstand them ? None, none-and we consider the result of the next Presidential Election as certain and fixed as fate itself. HARRISON will be our next President. Nothing can prevent it, but his death, and we confide too sincerely in a superintending Providence, to believe that his thread of life will be severed, until he becomes the instrument of deliverance to a great but oppressed people. Call this cant, or superstition,

or what you will, we firmly believe it. We must postpone until our next, the graphic ac-

count given by the Baltimore Papers, of the imposing Pageant-an account which will be read with a thrill of feeling by every true-hearted Whig. For the present, we will only state that Delegates were in attendance from every State in the Union, and the District of Columbia, in greater or less force. Massachusetts, alone, sent 1200 Delegates! The Delegates from each State had its appropriate banner, trophies, &c. There were also in the Procession several Log Cabins, decorated with all the fixtures belonging to the residence of a Western Farmer-such as Stag-Antlers Beaver-traps, &c. Hard Cider flowed freely, and hunt ing shirts were all the go. When the Procession arrived at their place of destination, the first incident was the formal introduction of distinguished men from the different States. After this, it was regularly open ed by a most eloquent Prayer from the Rev. Dr. Bas comb. The assembly was then addressed by the Hon. Daniel Webster, Henry Clay, John Sergeant, Wm. C. Preston, Henry A. Wise, and other gentlemen of distinction from the different States. During the Speeches, and all the proceedings at Canton, peace and good order reigned. At three o'clock P. M. the various delegations assembled around their banners and took up the line of march for the City, where they

all landed at about four o'clock in the afternoon. JOHN V. L. MAHON, of Baltimore, was chosen Pres ident, assisted by a Vice President from each State.-There was, also, a Secretary from each. J. R. GIL-LIAM was the Vice President from North Carolina,

STILL LATER.

The GREAT WESTERN arrived at New York, on the 2d inst. with London dates to the 15th of April. The news is almost entirely without interest. Cotton seems still on the decline, though Money is abun-

The British government are evidently intent on oushing hostilities against China, though but in a mall majority when their policy was discussed in the House of Commons. The subject was evidently treated as a party question and not a political onc.

A BRIGHT GENIUS.

An individual by the name of WILLIAM PIRON, was nominated a few days since at Charlotte, Meckenburg, as a Candidate to represent that County in the Senate of the State Legislature. The "Journal," of that place, publishes the following Communication from Mr. Pyron, which exhibits in bold relief the transcendant qualifications of this Van Buren aspi-

Mr. Editor -Sa: As a friend to the Peace & Harmoney amongst the Citizens of the County of Mecklenburg I Hope you Will give Plase to the following Lines in your Collems-viz-Being Lately addressed By a ficticious Wrighter on the Subject of the Devision of the County of Mecklenburg and other Matters known to the Wrighter, therefore My ficticious Correspondent is Earnestly Requested to address Me in His Proppor Name in order that I May answer Him, or I Shall Publish His Letter at Length

With My own Comment Annexed, &c. WM. PYRON.

March 12, 1840.

rant :-

"OLD VIRGINNY."

The returns are now complete, with the exception of Scerr County, and the victory is most triumphant. Virginia is now, emphatically, a Harrison State. Her Governor is a Harrison man-her Senate is tied-her House of Delegates is for Harrison' by a large majority-her popular vote is for Harrison, by thousands .-Well done, Virginia, thou mother of States. Many matrons have done virtuously, but thou excellest them

We subjoin a list of Counties, showing in which of them the Whigs have succeeded, and in which, the Locos

The Whigs have carried Accomack 2, Albemarle 2, Amherst 1, Augusta 2, Buckingham 2, Bedford 2, Berkeley 2, Campbell 2, Caroline 1, Charles City and New Kent 1, Culpeper 1, Charlotte 1, Cumberland 1 Elizabeth City and Warwick 1, Essex 1, Fauquier 2; Fluvanna 1, Franklin 2, Frederick 1, Favette and Nicholas 1, Gloucester 1, Greenbrier 1, Henrico 1, Hanover 1, Hampshire 2, Hardy 1, Henry 1, James City. York and Williamsburg 1, Jefferson 2, King George 1, Kenawha 1, Lancaster and Richmond 1, Lewis and Braxton 1, Loudoun 3, Morgan 1, Marshall 1, Nansemond 1, Norfolk County 2, Norfolk Borough 1, Nottoway 1, Northampton 1, Nelson 1, Ohio 1, Petersburg 1, Princes Ann 1, Powhatan 1, Prince Edward 1, Patrick 1, Pittsylvania 2, Rappahannock 1, Richmond City 1, Randolph 1, Rockbridge 2, Spottsylvania 1, Wood 1, Westmoreland 1, Wythe 1, Tyler 1 -74. The Locos have carried Amelia 1, Alleghany 1, Brunswick 2, Bath 1, Brooke 1, Botetourt 1, Chesterfield 1, Clarke and Warren 1, Cabell 1, Dinwiddie Fairfax 1, Frederick 1, Floyd 1, Goochland 1, Greensville 1, Grayson 1, Giles and Mercer 1, Harrison 1 Halifax 2, Lee 1, Logan 1, Louisa 1, Lunenburg 1, Madison 1, Mecklenburg 2, Monroe 1, Monongalia 2, Montgomery &c. 1, Matthews &c. 1, Mason and Jackson 1, Northumberland 1, Orange and Green 1, Prince his second choice. This statement was bluntly de- George 1, Prince William 1, Page 1, Pocahontas 1, Preston 1, Pendleton 1, Russel 1, Rockingham 2, Roanoke 1, Southampton 1, Stafford 1, Sussex 1, Surry 1, Shenandoah 2, Smyth 1, Tazewell 1, Washington 1-58.

CONGRESS.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE. WASHINGTON, May 4.

The House continued in session on Friday night. discussing the General Appropriation bill until 11 o'clock, and, on Saturday morning, the House, without taking up any other business, at once resolved

itself into a Committee of the whole on this bill. number of amendments were offered, on which long debates were had. The principal amendment was proposed by Mr. Stanly, to strike out an appropriation for the salaries to Charges to Belgium and Naples, on the ground that Messrs. Maxey and Throop, who fill those offices, had been grossly negligent in the discharge of their duty when formerly entrusted with office. Mr. Dromgoole said, that was no reason why our relations with Belgium and Naples should cease. Mr. Stanly did not wish this; but by withholding the salaries of these men. to compel the President to do, what he would never do otherwise, remove unfaithful public officers, who were his own political advocates. Mr. Dromgoole insisted, that withholding a Minister's salary, did put an end, while it continued to our intercourse with the nation to whom such Min-

ister was sent. Mr. Graham animadverted on the conduct of Mr. Throop, (Charge to Naples) who had been reported as the chief cause of Swartwout's defalcation-they were twin brothers, he said, in that fraud. He would as soon vote for a salary to Swartwout as to Throop. Mr. Graves asked, if the King of England were to appoint a high-wayman Minister to the United States, if the British Parliament would vield its right to withhold the appropriation of his salary ? The power of appropriation was given to Congress as a check on the Executive, and ought to be so used. Mr. Smith, of Maine, denied that the item in the bill involved at all the qualifications of the incumbents of the offices about to be abolished. He called the attention of gentlemen to a case of culpable neglect and extravagance which, he said, had once excited the attention of the whole country. He alluded to the appointment of Gen. W. H. Harrison as Minister to Columbia, who remained six months at his palace at North Bend, after he had received his outlit and advance of salary. Mr. White said, it was untrue that Gen. Harrison remained six mouths at home after his appointment to Columbia; it was untrue that he received his outfit and salary; and it was untrue that he was in his cabin when he received the appointment. He had been at Washington for months, when he was appointed. He returned home only to prepare to set out on his mission. He did not receive any part of his salary ; but his outfit only. As soon

as he had arranged his affairs at home, he repaired to Columbia, but Gen. Jackson made him his first victim, by recalling him home before he had time to excute any portion of the business of his mission. At length, the motion to strike out this appropriation, was negatived, there being about 26 votes for it. The bill having been gone through, Mr. Jones

noved that the Committee rise, and report the bill, with the amendments, to the House ; which was carried, nem con. and the Committee rose accordingly. Mr. Turney moved the previous question, which was seconded, and Mr. L. Williams demanded the

Yeas and Nays, which were ordered, and stood 110 to

FOR THE REGISTER.

Mr. GALES : I perceive from the Newspapers printed in your City, that the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road is completed and now in full operation. This is a work of great magnitude, whether considered in regard to the cost of its construction, the difficulties and obstacles the Company have had to encounter, or the intmense benefits which it will confer. not only on your City, but on a very large portion of the State .--To that portion of the State, lying immediately West of Raleigh, it will be the means not only of affording a cheap and speedy transportation of its produce to Market, but will, in fact, be creating a new Market, or rather add new ones to those already existing .-Heretofore, most of the produce West of Raleigh has been sent to Fayetteville-now, the Farmers will have the option either of that Market, or of Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk in Virginia. The Raleigh and Guston Road will also afford great facilities to the travelling public. Its connection at Petersburg with the Richmond Road, and with the Road to City Point, will give Passengers a choice of two routes going North from Petersburg, either of which will give them as much speed and comfort as they could reasonably desire. In casting my eye over the Map of the Western part of this State, and the Eastern portion of Tennessee, it appears to me that the travel, North from those sections of the country, would find the route by the way of your City, and thence by the Rail Road, the most expeditious, cheap and comfortable, that can be found. I think nothing is wanting to induce the travel from all that portion of Tennessee, East of Knoxville at least, from adopting the route above mentioned, but the establishment of a good line of four horse Post Coaches, connecting directly the central parts of North Carolina with those of Tennessee. Being pretty well acquainted with the Western section of our State, I will suggest a route for a Stage line, which is not only much nearer but much better than any on which Stages are now established. It is from Greensboro' or Salem, by Huntsville, Hamptonville, Wilkesboro', Jefferson, in N.C. Taylorsville, Elizabethton and Jonesboro' to Knoxville, Tenn. By reference to the most approved Maps, it will be perceived that the commencing and terminating points of the route here

indicated are nearly on the same parallel of latitude, while most of the intervening points are also on the same parallel-there being no one of them diverging more than from five to eight miles from it. The only naterial inclination from a direct line, is at that point, where the Road after passing Wilkesboro', pursues North-westerly direction until it passes the Blue Ridge, when it again-gradually resumes the former parallel.

The inclination here spoken of, is probably not so great

EXTENSIVE FORGERIES .- Our community was this morning thrown into considerable excitement arising from whispers and surmises relative to forgeries said to have been made vesterday, as reported, on every bank in our city and liberties. Upon making inquiry we ascertained the following facts: It appears that accounts have been opened in the several banks in the names of Vanarsdale. and Roberts, Steiner and Wood, and George B. McKee and Co. all of whom, if we understood correctly, had given their residence at No. 42 Walnut street. Yesterday, checks were drawn by Vanarsdale and Roberts, and deposited by one or other of the above mentioned firms, with the word "Good" written thereon, and the name of the teller forged .----The check exhibited to us was remarkably well done. After depositing these checks, the amount was then drawn out without suspicion. When the banks, as usual, made their exchanges this morning the fraud was detected; but too late to secure the offenders. as they had availed themselves of one or other of the many facilities our city affords, for making an escape. It also appears that no such firms have ever done business at No. 42 Walnut street. The amount of money obtained by these forgeries, we could not ascertain; but report says, not far short of twenty thousand .- Philadelphia Gazette.

MARRIAGES.

In this City, on Wednesday evening last, by Henry B. Hayes, Esq. Mr. SEAWELL A. LITILE to Miss ELIZA M. WHITAKER.

THE MARKETS. WHOLESALE PRICES.]

RALEIGH, May 8. Bacon 8 a 9; Beeswax 17 a 20; Bale Rope 8 a 10: Coffee 13 a 15; Cotton 7 a 8; Cotton Yarn 15 a 26; Cotton Bagging 15 a 20; Corn 50; Meal 50; Flour \$44 a \$5; Flax Seed \$1; Brown Sugar 10 a 12; Loaf. do. 18 a 20 ; Tallow 10 ; Whiskey 40 a 45.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 6. Bacon 71 a 8; Beeswax 23 a 25; Bale Rope 8 10: Coffee 124 a 134; Cotton 6 a 74; Cotton Yarn 18 a 24; Cotton Bagging 16 a 20; Corn 60 a 65; Flour \$4 a \$5; Flax Seed 90 u \$1 00; Brown Sugar 7 a 12; Loaf do. 18 a 20; Salt (sack) \$24 \$23; Tallow 11; Whiskey 35 a 37.

WILMINGTON, April 29. Bacon 8 a 9: Beeswax 22 a 23; Coffee 11 a 12; Cotton 6 a 61; Corn 50 a 55; Meal 70 a 80; Fleer 41-a 51; Brown Sugar 71 a 10; Salt (bushel) 48 a 50; Tallow 12 a 121; Molasses 26 a 37; Whiskey 40 a 42.

PETERSBURG, May 7. Corros Market dull. We quote 65 a 87 at en treme prices-average sales at 81 cents. TUBACCO .- The receipts of this article are large and the quality inferior, with a decline in price. We quote Lugs \$2 a \$31; Leaf \$3 60 a \$6 75. WHEAT .- Scarce and dull, \$1 for best white. BACON.-New 101 a 11 cents, old 71 a 9 cents.

ested in the proposed Rail Road celebration, is particularly requested at the Court House, this evening, (Friday) at 8 o'clock!

THE DANIEL DINNER.

The Complimentary Dinner to Gen. BEVELLY DANIEL, late Marshal of the United States, will "come off" to-morrow at COMAN's Spring, at 3 o'clock.

FEDERAL COURT.

The Spring Term of the United States Court for the District of North Carolina will commence in this City, on Tuesday next, the 12th instant.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. Gen. SAMUEL F. PATTERSON, of Wilkes, formerly State Treasurer, has been appointed President of our Rail Road, vice GRORGE W. MORDECAL, Esq. resigned, and has entered upon the duties of his office. We consider it a fortunate circumstance for the interests of the Company, that in losing the clear head and indefatigable perseverance of Mr. MORDECAI, they have been able to secure the services of a gentleman, whose practical talents and business habits so pre-eminently qualify him for the station which he fills.

MAIL DERANGEMENT.

Unless the "Standard" receives its exchange papers | " who is in the right." more regularly, we shall certainly make a representation to Axos on the subject. There must have been a total non-intercourse between that candid Journal and the Virginia papers, for its Editor has not yet heard of the tremendous Whig victory there !

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THE SPARTAN BAND.

In the counties of Caswell, Edgecomb and Warren, the Whig party, in numerical strength, bears but small proportion to their opponents. But so far from being borne down or carried away by a majority, resembling in volume and force a mighty cataract, like the Camomile flower, they seem to flourish, the more they are trodden upon. In no section of North Carolina, are the Whigs more zealous, united and determined, than in the counties above mentioned. We have just received in manuscript, the substance of a Speech delivered at a recent Whig meeting in Warren, by RICHARD DAVISON, Esq., which, at the request of our friends there, we shall take great pleasure in publishing in the REGISTER. It is what may be emphatically called a STRONG SPEECH ; and we have no where seen the subject of the Currency handled in so masterly a manner. We bespeak for it, when published, an attentive perusal.

SAUCE FOR THE GOUSE, &c.

The Loco Foco Presses abuse Gen. Harrison without stint, because, when interrogated about his opinions on Slavery, he refers to his' Vincennes Speech, as containing in full his views on that subject. Is not this course preferable to giving a formal written reply to every meddling busy-body, who chooses to question thim? Certainly it is, and is the very course pursued by Mr. Van Buren. Since his famous Letter to Sher-

rod Williams, he has constantly declined to reply to those who have sought to know his opinions upon this or that detached point in politics, save by referring the enquirers to that exposition of his opinions. And

and the Secretary, WILLIAM MARCELLUS MCPHER TERS, of this City.

We are pained to state that one of the Marshals of the day was killed, during the Procession. While moving down Baltimore street, some persons injudiciously exhibited an effigy with a red petticoat on .-Mr. Loughlin left the ranks with the intention of taking it from them, and he received a blow with a stick over his head; the blow so staggered him, that he fell backward and struck his head against the curb-stone,

thereby fracturing his skull, which caused his death in a few minutes.

WHO IS IN THE RIGHT !

Soon after the commencement of the Gubernatorial canvass, we stated, upon the authority of rumor, and our own impressions on the subject, that after the defeat of Mr. Crawford for the Presidency, Judge Saunders greatly preferred Mr. Adams to Gen. Jackson, as nied by the "Standard," and we immediately retracted our assertion, supposing that the Editor of that paper had spoken advisedly, and having no disposition to do Judge Saunders injustice. The last "Star,"

however, revives the subject and boldly reiterates the charge. We append an extract, and wait to see

"It will be remembered by many of our readers, that Judge Saunders has flatly denied the truth of the charge that he ever preferred Mr. Adams to General Jackson for the Presidency of the United States. If the Judge is correct in his representation of the matter, there is a very considerable number of intelligent and respectable citizens in the Congressional District which he formerly represented, who are entirely wrong. We have it on the authority of a gentleman of the highest respectability, that, during the canvass of 1824, when Messrs. Crawford, Adams, Jackson, and Clay, were before the American people for the Presidency, Judge Saunders did openly avow, before the people of his district, and that repeatedly, that MR. CRAWFORD WAS HIS FIRST CHOICE, AND MR. ADAMS HIS SECOND CHOICE FOR THE CHIEF MAGISTRACY OF THE UNION."

HARRISON'S PROSPECTS.

Under this head, in the last "Standard," we find an article on the subject of the next Presidential Election, in which the Editor says with a gravity, which is really amusing, that "it is not believed, that Gen. Harrison is reasonably certain of obtaining the vote of any State in the Union !" One would think this bad enough, but on the back of it, a list of 20 States is given, the Electoral vote of all of which, it is said, will go for Van Buren, and among them, we find Ohio, New York, Virginia, Rhode Island, Indiana, Louisiana, &c. Really, the "Standard" must have more regard to probability in its statements, or it will cease to be authority even with the Locos themselves. What sort of a bonus will the Editor demand, to use his influence, to persuade some of his monied friends to back his judgment with their funds? If he can only get any of them up to the scratch, there will be no hazard in predicting where the "vinegar faces" will be found next fall, to which he so facetiously al-

> " BOCK AGEN." Gen. CARROLL, a candidate upon the Loco Foco

ludes.

DR. DUNCAN'S DISTRICT.

Col. N. G. Pendleton, a sound and able man, and one of the staunchest personal and political friends of General Harrison, has been nominated as the Whig candidate for Congress, in the district now mis-represented by Dr. Duncan. We consider it a settled question that Duncan will be defeated by a decisive majority. The actual changes in this district in consequence of Gen. Harrison's nomination, are sufficient to justify this belief. Col. Pendleton lacked less than 200 votes of an election in 1838-his majority in 1840, ought to be five hundred. As a gentleman of character and in- Connecticut. fluence, he will confer honor upon a City, which, du-Rhode Island, ring latter years, has been so foully disgraced in the National legislature.

CHEERING NEWS.

Indiana. We find in the " Charleston Courier," the following *Illinois, Missouri, extract of a Letter from North-Carolina, which is en-Tennen Me. tirely in keeping with our own accounts: N. Carolina,

Morganton, April, 1840. Vermont, "Politics run high-I never have seen such an ex-. Maine, citement in old Burke. Many of our most respectable *Georgia, opponents have abandoned the administration ranks, Maryland, and rallied under the Harrison flag-among others the S. Carolina, venerable Col. C., so long one of the main pillars of the Van Buren party, he has come out in full strength for Gen. H. Now is the time to redeem the country from its political thraldom. Every Whig in this section is up and doing. We are about erecting a log cabin in the public square, and furnishing it with plenty of the right stuff, good hard Cider. You may be sure of a strong vote for Old Tip in this county. Yours, truly

Extract of a Letter, dated

Cabarrus County, April 29. " The good cause of Harrison and Tyler is going ahead in this County. We are Whig, but we desire to be more Whig. If the changes continue in this County, until the election, there will be but a small

their debts, and refusing to discount, and that they do

The main question was then put on the several amendments, and they were all concurred in. The bill was then ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, and was afterwards read a third time and passed. Mr. Briggs moved a Resolution for a meeting of the House on Monday at 8 o'clock, with the view of adjourning over till Thursday, to allow for the cleaning of the Hall, taking up carpets, &c.) which, after some objection, was carried-107 votes to 23. So that there will be a recess of three days, in which time the Locos, I hope, will digest the accumulation of spleen

caused by the result of the Virginia Elections, and come to their deliberations again in a better temper. If making figures would elect General Harrison, the Whigs would carry the day .- [Florence Gazette.

And if figures would elect Mr. Van Buren, he would be elected without an effort, for his friends do nothing else but figure for him .- See Last Standard.

Fauetteville, May 6. THE MAILS .- The community has experienced, for the last six weeks, great injustice from the present

arrangement of the mail, arising, apparently, out of the total neglect of the Post Master General to avail himself of the facilities afforded by the completion of the Kaleigh and Gaston Rail Road. It is actually 36 hours from the time the Northern mail arrives at Raleigh, before it is delivered from the Post Office in this town! The distance is 59 miles. This happens thus: The mail arrives at Raleigh between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening: It is stopped there until 8 the next morning ; arrives at this place at 9 at night, and of course is not delivered till the morning. Is it not an object worthy of the attention of our citizens to have this evil remedied ? We ought to have the mail delivered just 24 hours earlier .- [Observer.

ELECTIONS .- The following table will be found handy as a matter of reference. It has been compiled with great care, a

and i	is belie	ved to b	e accurate	:
State Election.			Presiden'l Elec.	
March 10			November 2	
	Ap		**	3
2.0		15	**	18
		23	**	2
		ly 6	- 24	3
	Augu		**	9
		. 3	64	2
		" 3	**	2
		" 3	**	2
		3	c 4	2
		" 6		19
in August Sep. 1				12
			• 6	10
" 14				2
October 5			**	- 22
		" 7	**	
"12 "13			by Legislature.	
			November 6	
		"13		
ovem. 23 and 24			" 23 and 24	
44	3	4	" 3	and 4
	-			2

Massachusetts" 10 *Delawarc, Those States marked with a star, choose members of Congress on the same day that State officers are The Electors meet at the capitols of the respective

States in which they are chosen, on the second day of December, and give in their ballots for President and Vice President.

The Democratic Republican States Rights

as it is at other passes of the Mountain leading from North Carolina to Tennessee, and is rendered necessary at all the passes, in order to avoid crossing at right angles the lateral ridges which diverge in a South-easterly direction from the main Blue Ridge. It is also a fact, susceptible of the clearest proof, that the Road from Greensboro', via Salem and Wilkesboro', to the base of the Blue Ridge, a distance of more than one hundred miles is not surpassed by any natural road of the same extent to be found in any upland portion of the United States. And, from the point last mentioned, until the Mountains are cleared, the Road is fully equal to that passing over the same description of country on any of the other routes connecting North Carolina and Tennessee. There is now, I understand, a two horse hack running tri-weekly on the line here spoken of, and which is said to be well sustained; but

I think the Postmaster-General would have advanced the public interest much more, if he had established a four, instead of a two horse Stage. I have no doubt that travellers from the Eastern part of Tennessee, in going North, would find it to their advantage, even to take the Stage line at Wythe Court House, across the Mountain to Salem, and thence to Raleigh, and by the Rail Road, instead of going down the Valley of Virginia to Winchester, and thence by Rail Road to Baltimore. By the former route, I am confident they would reach Baltimore at least a day sooner, and pass over a much better Road-for every one who has travelled it knows, that the Road through the Valley of Virginia is one of the worst perhaps in the U. States. There is, also, another route, on which four horse Post Coaches are established, equal or perhaps superior to the one last mentioned, to-wit: from Knoxville, by Newport, Warm Springs, Asheville, Rutherfordton, Lincolnton and Salisbury, to Raleigh. Thus you will perceive, that without the establishment of the four horse line, first spoken of, there are three lines of Stages connecting Tennessee and North Carolina, cither of which affords all the usual facilities of Stage travelling, and which will conduct the traveller to the Rail Road at Raleigh, from whence he can go with the speed of a Whirlwind to the Northern Cities. A TRAVELLER.

NEW YORK, MAY 2.

The Aspects of the times .-- We have at length arrived at what should be the very acme of the business season, yet business is languid and unpromising. The Southern Spring Trade of our City is nearly over, and has proved lighter than that of any one of the last twenty years-far lighter than that of 1837. Of the Merchants, only a slender proportion have the means of discharging their department. pressing liabilities; of the remainder, a large share can with difficulty keep up the appearance of solvency,-and many more cannot or will not increase their indebtedness by any considerable purchases. Trade is seriously curtailed wherever it is not paralized; and the number of hopeless failures since Petersburg or Richmond. Merchants and others, who men are a queer set. They select Electors, December, not only in this City but through- will give him standing orders for the delivery of their

RAIL ROAD NOTICE .- The third Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Raleigh on Monday, the first day of June next. A punctual attendance is requested in person or by proxy. By order of the Board.

S. F. PATTERSON, Pres't. 38-3w. Raleigh, May 6, 1840. Petersburg Intelligencer 3 wecks.

MILITARY NOTICE.-Attention Officers of the 35th Regiment of North Carolina Militia ! You are hereby ordered to appear at the Baptist Grove, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock the last Saturday of May instant, being the 30th day, fully uniformed and equipped for Regimental Drill and Court Martial. Herein fail not. R W. L. OTEY, Col. Com. Raleigh, May 7. 38.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE .- Intending to remove to another part of the City, I offer for sale my present Residence on Fayetteville street. To persons, not acquainted with the premises, it may be remarked that the Lot on which the Dwelling House is situated, contains about half an acre, in the heart of the business of the place, has an excellent Well and Ice House in the yard, and all convenient offices and out houses. The Dwelling is in the form of an L, is well arranged for the accommodution of a large family, and all in excellent repair. Appurtenant to the Dwelling, but on the opposite side of the street, is another half acre on which are situated a good Garden, Stables, Granary, Carriago House &c. &c.

A very liberal credit will be given to the purchaser. CHAS. MANLY. if desired.

Raleigh May 6th, 1840. 38-The Washington Whig, and Wilmington Advertiser, will please insert 4 times and send their bills to me .- C. M.

PHENIX OFFICE, ELIZABETH CITY, FOR SALE .- The whole or one half of this Office will be sold to a Goon WHIG. To any one wishing to purchase, the most liberal credit will be given. This office presents great inducements to a man of practical business habits. The only reason which induces the proprietor to dispose of all or half of his interest, is that by so doing will relieve himself from the business part of the concern and thus be enabled to devote his attention more to the editorial

CARD .- The Subscriber takes the liberty to inform the Merchants and citizens of the City of Raleigh, that he has procured a Horse and Dray, for the purpose of delivering Merchandise, &c. in any part of the City, to all those who shall honor him with their custom, at the usual prices paid in THE BANKS.-The Tories contend that the before their Baltimore Convention has nom- out the State, and we believe throughout Goods, will find it to their advantage, because he is Banks have caused all the hard times, by calling in inated their candidates. They appoint men those sections of the Union not essentially the Agent of the Rail Road Company, and is the first their debfs and refusing to discount and that their debts and refusing to discount and that there are the sections of the Union not essentially and the there are the sections of the Union not essentially and the there are the sections of the Union not essentially and the there are the sections of the Union not essentially and the there are the sections of the Union not essentially and the there are the sections of the Union not essentially are to have are the sections of the Union not essentially are to have a section and the there are the section are the section and the there are the section are the section and the there are the section are the section and the section are the section are the section and the section are to be placed on their ticket before they have bankrupt before, exceeds that of any four liver them at the door of those to whom they belong. without the necessity of troubling them to call at the

The public's humble servant

Raleigh, May 1st, 1840.

*Pennsylvania, Ohio. New York, No * New Jersey, Mississippi, Michigan, Arkansas,

State.

Virginia,

Alabama,

Kentucky,

Louisiana.

N. Hampshire.

when recently written to by WALTER F. LEAKE, Esq. ed to his Inaugural Address and to his Letter to the Shocco Committee. Let us then hear no more of Gen, Harrison's non-committul course.

A DISGRACED STATE.

The "Natchez Free Trader" states, that in conse-Mississippi to make provision by taxation or loan, to place. incet the two instalments due on the sale of the Planter's Bank stock, and the semi-annual interest for the others not yet due, payable in London, the State of Mississippi is doomed to suffer protest before the next session of the Legislature, on instalment and interest to an aggregate amount of \$496.710.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT. The Legislature of New York has expunged the last remnant of that barbarous law which authorizes imprisonment for debt. No man can now be imprisoned in that State for any thing but crime.

Electoral Ticket of Tennessee, has backed out from what was his response ? Did he answer the simple the drive. A few weeks ago, he made publicly a sequestion propounded, categorically ? No-he referr- ries of charges against Gen. HAURISON, and, through the Newspapers, challenged the Whigs to a public discussion of those charges. Col. Joses, the Whig Elector, accepted his challenge, met him, completely routed him at every point, and put him to utter shame .--Thereupon, the Gen., alledging the want of documents

or something else, withdrew from the canvass, and the quence of the neglect and refusal of the Legislature of Loco Focos have put up a Mr. Andrew Ewing in his

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

The Packet Ship, Silvie de Grasse, arrived at New York on the 2d inst. brings news from Paris to the first of April, and from Havre to the second ; four days later than we have received by the way of Liverpool. The Paris papers contain nothing interesting. The accounts from Africa were favorable. The French had gained some important advantages. There was no improvement in Cotton at Havre; inferior qualities had declined a little, but ordinary and good qualities were firm.

this to break down the Administration. Now we a ticket ! !- Whig Banner.

have heretofore asked the question, and have found no one to answer it. If this be the object of the Banks, why don't those banks which are managed by friends of the Administration, counteract the operations of the others, by lending out their money freely ?

Let it not be pretended, that there are no banks managed by friends of the Administration. Look at the Banks of Virginia, on our North, and all, or nearly all, of the Banks of South Carolina on our South. Are these States exempt from the hard times ? No: they are worse off than North Carolina.

The fact is, that not a Bank in the United States, from Maine to Louisiana, no matter by what party it is managed, can dare to extend its business. The measures of the Administration have destroyed conidence, and compelled capitalists, whether banks or ndividuals, to contract instead of expanding. Weragain call for an answer to the above question, from some of those who can rail against banks by the hour. If it is not answered, will not the people see through the delusion attempted to be palmed off upon them .- [Fayetteville Observer.

The freight on a barrel of flour from New York to Liverpool, Eugland, is only 2s. 6d.

Thomas L. Clingman, Esq., is a candidate to represent the Senatorial district, of Henderson, Buncombe, Haywood, Macon and Cherokee.

John Gray Bynum, Esq., is a candidate to represent Rutherford in the Senate. Ibid.

ua Roberts, Esq., a native of this County, bids fair to be curtai'ed in proportion. will take sole charge of the political department. Under the control of such men as Messrs. Roberts and McAnally, the Messenger cannot fail to advance the good cause of truth in the West .- Ibid.

Hops .- What a miserable wretch is he who must survive his hopes! Nothing remains when that day comes, but to sit down and weep like Alexander, when he wanted other worlds to conquer. Congricue.

months preceding since 1819. The tide of pecuniary disasters has at length reached Depot. He hopes for a liberal share of patronage, the fountain head; the importers of our City as he has been at considerable expense, and his motto are einbarrassed, and have suffered enormous shall be " Promptitude and Perseverance." losses ; their foreign correspondents have suffered through them and have taken the alarm; so that the circle of American credit abroad is reduced to the narrowest dimensions. Of course, our importations of foreign goods in The Highland Messenger will be issued 1840 will be remarkably light-we hope not in less than a fortnight from this time. Josh- half so heavy as in 1839. Domestic trade New Yorker.

> We commence this week the publication of Mr. Badger's speech. It is only necessary for us to say that, at such a time as this, for such a man as Judge Badger to take the field with such language on his tongue, is sufficient guaranty that his eloquent sentiments ed .- Greensborough Patriot.

and thorough bred Race Horse Flexible, and the high bred American Race Horse Tuskeno, one of the finest looking Horses in the Country, will stand at Wilton the present season (1840.) For terms, ED. H. CARTER. see handbills. Wilton, Granville County, N. C. } 22-12: March 1, 1840. Slast month, a SORREL MARE four years eld

O BREEDERS OF HORSES .- The imported

JOHN ZIEGENFUSS.

37-3t.

this Spring, about four feet two inches high, her loft hind leg white and a blaze in her face. Any information respecting her will be thankfully received, and if delivered to me at J. W. Harris', Wake Forest N. C. will be extensively read and deeply ponder- a reasonable reward will be paid. W. F. FORT April 20, 1840.