

THE GREAT NATIONAL CONVENTION.

From the Baltimore American of May 5.

We propose to give below some account of yesterday's proceedings, as full and accurate as possible, although any thing like a complete history of so memorable a day, including all details and incidents, would be quite beyond our power in the brief time allowed us now.

The concentration of such a multitude from various points, it may well be supposed, created no small bustle and excitement in our city. It was like the gathering of the clans when the fiery cross sped from hill to hill among the Highlands, and every true heart responded to the summons.

The procession was led by Captain James O. Law, Chief Marshal of the day, and an aid on each side on horseback. He had appointed five assistants; they were Messrs. James H. Melliken, Washington Booth, Charles H. Winder, Levi Fannestock, and J. W. Osborne.

The wronged New Jersey next appeared, and with the free air and fearless port of men, who know their rights and dare maintain them, followed that banner which they have preserved in the hands of the undimmed defender of their rights, their worthy Governor.

The delegation from the Key Stone State was immense, and presented a scene that in itself would dignify the name of a procession. Its approach was indicated by a large white banner, on which was inscribed "KEYSTONE STATE. It is coming."

Another banner had on it a ship with the sentence above—"Labor is Wealth"; and below—"Don't give up the ship." In the rear of the Philadelphia members was carried a transparency, being a full length portrait of Gen. Harrison, encircled by the words—"Honor be to him who defends our Homes and Friends."

The Dauphin County delegation exhibited an elegant banner, on one side of which she announced her principles as "First for Jackson; First for Harrison. Always honest—she gave up Caesar for Rome, and now to the aid of Rome she calls the Cincinnati of the West."

The delegation from Fayette County conveyed a portion of its members in a complete "Log Cabin," built upon wheels and drawn by six horses. Upon the roof, a banner was displayed, inscribed "Laurel Mountain Boys, from Fayette County, Pennsylvania, head of the Mississippi Valley."

The delegation from the State of New York, comprised representatives from all the counties. The banner borne in front had on it the arms of the State, and on the reverse the motto—"The first to adopt—the last to abandon the Constitution."

The delegation from the State of New Jersey, which followed, was distinguished by a large banner inscribed—"Old St. Mary's—the adopted land of Lord Baltimore, and now an advocate of Old Tippecanoe."

Worcester County followed with a banner representing a Log Cabin, and having the inscription—"Harrison and Tyler—Worcester County is pledged to support Maryland."

A portion of the Frederick City Delegation occupied a well built "Log Cabin," drawn by six horses; on the side a placard was suspended with the words—"The Cabin in which this Morus Multicaulis Administration may winter; on another "Sweep the Augean Stable"—for which purpose a most ominous broom discovered itself at the chimney top.

The Young Bloods of Young Howard District the true blood of the Old Maryland line. On the other side was "No reduction of wages."

A large "Log Cabin" from Sharpsburg here diversified the line; it was a most substantial one, built on a frame fixed on six wheels and drawn by eight beautiful horses, each wearing a set of bells.

A man was seated on a barrel of "Hard Cider" behind; on the sides were a number of skins of various animals; in one of the windows a hat without a crown was thrust; cooking utensils and farming implements, with tools peculiar to the labor of the log cabin occupants, abounded about it, and upon the roof an opossum was seen clinging to a branch of a gum tree.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

goblet, overflowing with gold pieces; on the reverse, the words—"The Golden Humboldt." On the next was represented a quantity of mechanic's implements of labor, and on the other side the pithy expression, "Buchanan beware of edge tools."

The Bucks County Delegation followed it with the banner, brief but expressive—Huzza for Old Tippecanoe.

Lancaster County was preceded by a banner that announced herself as "The Gibraltar of the Key Stone State—Good for 4,000 majority for Old Tip."

Adams County was largely represented, her banners having a variety of devices. On the front banner was "Adams Co. Pa. opposed to reducing the wages of the laborer and mechanic."

The Delaware County delegation carried a banner bearing the motto "Tippecanoe—No reduction of wages."

From Pittsburg the delegation was large, and consisted of substantial looking men, with iron of Pennsylvania. They carried a banner consisting of a handsome painting representing Harrison and his staff, and on the reverse a Log Cabin with Harrison at the plough in the foreground.

Mercer County was well represented. The banner of the delegation presented a likeness of Harrison, and around it—"Our candidate—Fort Meigs—The Thames—Tippecanoe—Wm. H. Harrison, the poor man's Friend."

The delegation of this gallant little State, comprised representatives from all the counties. The banner borne in front had on it the arms of the State, and on the reverse the motto—"The first to adopt—the last to abandon the Constitution."

Our own State occupied, of course, a large portion of the line, and was rich in devices and decorations. The Baltimore City Delegation, under the banner of the State, with the motto, "Religious Toleration and Public Liberty," was in the van; they also carried an elegant banner representing the "Battle Monument."

The delegation from St. Mary's, which followed, was distinguished by a large banner inscribed—"Old St. Mary's—the adopted land of Lord Baltimore, and now an advocate of Old Tippecanoe."

Worcester County followed with a banner representing a Log Cabin, and having the inscription—"Harrison and Tyler—Worcester County is pledged to support Maryland."

A portion of the Frederick City Delegation occupied a well built "Log Cabin," drawn by six horses; on the side a placard was suspended with the words—"The Cabin in which this Morus Multicaulis Administration may winter; on another "Sweep the Augean Stable"—for which purpose a most ominous broom discovered itself at the chimney top.

The Young Bloods of Young Howard District the true blood of the Old Maryland line. On the other side was "No reduction of wages."

A large "Log Cabin" from Sharpsburg here diversified the line; it was a most substantial one, built on a frame fixed on six wheels and drawn by eight beautiful horses, each wearing a set of bells.

A man was seated on a barrel of "Hard Cider" behind; on the sides were a number of skins of various animals; in one of the windows a hat without a crown was thrust; cooking utensils and farming implements, with tools peculiar to the labor of the log cabin occupants, abounded about it, and upon the roof an opossum was seen clinging to a branch of a gum tree.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

On the other side of the pithy expression, "Buchanan beware of edge tools." It will be remembered that Mr. Buchanan in the course of a speech some time since, exclaimed—"I would that the whole of New England might hear my voice."

The Bucks County Delegation followed it with the banner, brief but expressive—Huzza for Old Tippecanoe.

Lancaster County was preceded by a banner that announced herself as "The Gibraltar of the Key Stone State—Good for 4,000 majority for Old Tip."

Adams County was largely represented, her banners having a variety of devices. On the front banner was "Adams Co. Pa. opposed to reducing the wages of the laborer and mechanic."

The Delaware County delegation carried a banner bearing the motto "Tippecanoe—No reduction of wages."

From Pittsburg the delegation was large, and consisted of substantial looking men, with iron of Pennsylvania. They carried a banner consisting of a handsome painting representing Harrison and his staff, and on the reverse a Log Cabin with Harrison at the plough in the foreground.

Mercer County was well represented. The banner of the delegation presented a likeness of Harrison, and around it—"Our candidate—Fort Meigs—The Thames—Tippecanoe—Wm. H. Harrison, the poor man's Friend."

The delegation of this gallant little State, comprised representatives from all the counties. The banner borne in front had on it the arms of the State, and on the reverse the motto—"The first to adopt—the last to abandon the Constitution."

Our own State occupied, of course, a large portion of the line, and was rich in devices and decorations. The Baltimore City Delegation, under the banner of the State, with the motto, "Religious Toleration and Public Liberty," was in the van; they also carried an elegant banner representing the "Battle Monument."

The delegation from St. Mary's, which followed, was distinguished by a large banner inscribed—"Old St. Mary's—the adopted land of Lord Baltimore, and now an advocate of Old Tippecanoe."

Worcester County followed with a banner representing a Log Cabin, and having the inscription—"Harrison and Tyler—Worcester County is pledged to support Maryland."

A portion of the Frederick City Delegation occupied a well built "Log Cabin," drawn by six horses; on the side a placard was suspended with the words—"The Cabin in which this Morus Multicaulis Administration may winter; on another "Sweep the Augean Stable"—for which purpose a most ominous broom discovered itself at the chimney top.

The Young Bloods of Young Howard District the true blood of the Old Maryland line. On the other side was "No reduction of wages."

A large "Log Cabin" from Sharpsburg here diversified the line; it was a most substantial one, built on a frame fixed on six wheels and drawn by eight beautiful horses, each wearing a set of bells.

A man was seated on a barrel of "Hard Cider" behind; on the sides were a number of skins of various animals; in one of the windows a hat without a crown was thrust; cooking utensils and farming implements, with tools peculiar to the labor of the log cabin occupants, abounded about it, and upon the roof an opossum was seen clinging to a branch of a gum tree.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

On the other side of the pithy expression, "Buchanan beware of edge tools." It will be remembered that Mr. Buchanan in the course of a speech some time since, exclaimed—"I would that the whole of New England might hear my voice."

The Bucks County Delegation followed it with the banner, brief but expressive—Huzza for Old Tippecanoe.

Lancaster County was preceded by a banner that announced herself as "The Gibraltar of the Key Stone State—Good for 4,000 majority for Old Tip."

Adams County was largely represented, her banners having a variety of devices. On the front banner was "Adams Co. Pa. opposed to reducing the wages of the laborer and mechanic."

The Delaware County delegation carried a banner bearing the motto "Tippecanoe—No reduction of wages."

From Pittsburg the delegation was large, and consisted of substantial looking men, with iron of Pennsylvania. They carried a banner consisting of a handsome painting representing Harrison and his staff, and on the reverse a Log Cabin with Harrison at the plough in the foreground.

Mercer County was well represented. The banner of the delegation presented a likeness of Harrison, and around it—"Our candidate—Fort Meigs—The Thames—Tippecanoe—Wm. H. Harrison, the poor man's Friend."

The delegation of this gallant little State, comprised representatives from all the counties. The banner borne in front had on it the arms of the State, and on the reverse the motto—"The first to adopt—the last to abandon the Constitution."

Our own State occupied, of course, a large portion of the line, and was rich in devices and decorations. The Baltimore City Delegation, under the banner of the State, with the motto, "Religious Toleration and Public Liberty," was in the van; they also carried an elegant banner representing the "Battle Monument."

The delegation from St. Mary's, which followed, was distinguished by a large banner inscribed—"Old St. Mary's—the adopted land of Lord Baltimore, and now an advocate of Old Tippecanoe."

Worcester County followed with a banner representing a Log Cabin, and having the inscription—"Harrison and Tyler—Worcester County is pledged to support Maryland."

A portion of the Frederick City Delegation occupied a well built "Log Cabin," drawn by six horses; on the side a placard was suspended with the words—"The Cabin in which this Morus Multicaulis Administration may winter; on another "Sweep the Augean Stable"—for which purpose a most ominous broom discovered itself at the chimney top.

The Young Bloods of Young Howard District the true blood of the Old Maryland line. On the other side was "No reduction of wages."

A large "Log Cabin" from Sharpsburg here diversified the line; it was a most substantial one, built on a frame fixed on six wheels and drawn by eight beautiful horses, each wearing a set of bells.

A man was seated on a barrel of "Hard Cider" behind; on the sides were a number of skins of various animals; in one of the windows a hat without a crown was thrust; cooking utensils and farming implements, with tools peculiar to the labor of the log cabin occupants, abounded about it, and upon the roof an opossum was seen clinging to a branch of a gum tree.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto—"When our country calls, obey—Cincinnatians."

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed, with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it.

The next made the candid acknowledgment—"The Whigs of Cecil—often beaten, never conquered." Another banner was inscribed—"Hard Cider, Harrison and Reform," and on the other side—"Retrenchment and Reform—No standing army of 200,000 men."

A curious affair followed here, which was immediately preceded by a flag announcing that "Alleghany is coming." It was a huge ball, about ten feet in diameter, which was rolled along by a number of the members of this delegation; the ball was apparently a wooden frame covered with linen painted in divers colors, and bearing a multitude of inscriptions, apt quotations, original stanzas, and pithy sentences, which it was impossible to collect in consequence of the motion of the ball.

The Cumberland delegation was preceded by an elegant satin flag, worked by the ladies of that town. On another flag of the same delegation was the motto: "Buff and Blue—Good and True—For Tippecanoe."

Harford, Cecil, Kent and other Counties were designated by their appropriate banners. The Govanstown District displayed a banner representing a Log Cabin, with the inscription "General Harrison elected to the Presidency by the hard-handed yeomanry."

The delegation from the "ten miles square" was numerous. The members from Washington headed the delegation with a banner representing the Capitol, and a motto, "Insensible alike to blandishments or threats."

A very beautiful banner having a painting of the genius of Columbia, and the inscription, "Columbia the sentinel of the Republic," was second in order. This was followed by a flag with the significant motto—"The liberty of speech, if not the right of suffrage."

Georgetown came next, and exhibited a banner having thereon the appropriate sentences, "As Sentinels on the Tower of Liberty we sound the Alarm"—"Young Whigs to the Rescue;" and on the reverse, "Under the shadow of the throne, the throb of Liberty still beats on."

From Alexandria the delegation was large. Their banner, which was very beautiful, represented a figure on a pedestal, and bore the motto—"Public good our only aim."

Virginia—just fresh from the encounter in which she has added to her renown and given a new zest to the hopes of the American people, and to their confidence in her strength and ability—brought her own good welcome with her welcome news. The delegation was very large. In every respect the flag of the "Old Dominion" and its followers did justice to the plains of the nativity of the gallant Harrison.

The Norfolk Borough Delegation bore a large banner with the picture of the Balance, over which were the words of warning given first to Belshazzar—"Mene, mene, Tekel Upharim"—Thou art weighed in the balance and found wanting." On the opposite side the significant expression "Treasury Pap inoperative."

From Hampshire County there was a considerable delegation with an appropriate banner, and lively green badges.

There was a delegation quite numerous bearing a banner whose familiar motto especially belonged to them—on the front an Eagle was painted among the clouds and lettered above "WISSE'S DISTRICT," on the reverse the hand in hand, with the well known expression which originated with Mr. Wise, and was so interestingly exemplified yesterday—"The Union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union."

This delegation was comprised in one body under the banner of the arms of the State, the motto upon which was—"On Stantly on."

A similar deputation from this State took its place in the line, and hoisted the State banner in the cause. It bore the motto—"The Palmetto resists oppression."

The enthusiasm which has circulated like electricity throughout so large a portion of the Union has not been more thoroughly felt than among the warm temperaments of the sons of the South. Georgia, but a short time since avowing her apathy in the Presidential campaign, has felt the kindly influences of a renewed hope and sends forth her representatives to the Convention; while at home the name of Harrison is cherished as the talisman that is to protect the Union.

Came next, preceded by her armorial standard and presented a goodly array both in number and appearance. The Green Mountain Boys who have ever proved the inflexible supporters of the doctrine of equal rights, received a hearty welcome to our city. We know Vermont and can rely on her, and in the language they have adopted on their flag, we feel assured that "The Green Mountain Boys will do their own voting and their own fighting."

Came with the sable weeds of solemn mourning on her flag, for one of her great and good men has just passed away. This token of respect to the memory of the talented and virtuous Hugh L. White, produced a deep sympathy of feeling on the beholder. The motto of the standard was—"Not that she loved Caesar less, but Rome more."

There was a full delegation from this State, and larger than was expected. The Standard bore the name of "Henry Clay" and the Latin passage "Tanto nomine nullo parvolum." It was no doubt a great gratification to the gentlemen from Kentucky to have the pleasure of meeting their distinguished representative in the Senate, Mr. Clay, at the Convention, as it was to many others.

A band of music as in the order of procession, followed Kentucky, and preceded a large delegation from OHIO.

ty, in which General Harrison resides, followed, bearing a beautiful banner, representing Harrison at the plough; on the reverse a view of Cincinnati, the Ohio River and the landing. They also brought on with them a miniature Log Cabin, about three feet in length, built of the "Buckeye," grown on the farm at North Bend.

A large banner was borne by the Muskingum delegation, to whom it was presented by the Hamilton County delegation, representing a demand of the surrender of Fort Meigs by Proctor, and bearing Gen. Harrison's reply—"Tell your General its capture will do him more honor than a thousand surrenders."

The Convention received some addition to its members from this State under their common arms, and the motto "Sans peur—sans reproche."

A very fine delegation was in attendance from the "Buffalo" State, whose sons have cause to know and to appreciate the gallantry of the man they have publicly honored. The flag was inscribed—"She will cherish in her manhood the defender of her infancy."

A band of music here varied the procession; and it was followed by the delegation from ILLINOIS.

The banner was inscribed "She will teach palace slaves to respect the Log Cabin; at the base—"The Prairies are on fire!"

This delegation followed under the banner of their State, with the pithy motto—"She will soon renounce allegiance to a King."

From this State there was a small delegation to unite with their brethren in the distinguished honors of a day that will ever be brilliant in the civil annals of American History.

A Ship on wheels drawn by four grey horses. Their banner was a representation of Harrison on horseback, and on the reverse a copy of each side of the medal presented to General Harrison by Congress.

A banner bearing on the front a portrait of General Harrison; on the reverse a device illustrating of the currency—a ship in sea phrase "lubberly sailed," a figure at the helm to represent the President and one at the quarter—the Secretary of the Navy. The latter gives the word, "Hard up Matty."

The front banners represented a correct view of North Bend. Harrison, seated on a felled hickory tree with a sickle in his hand, is listening to the announcement of his nomination, as a friend is in the act of reading it from the Harrisburg Telegraph. The words, The Harrison nomination, are above the picture, and on either side, an eagle supporting the national ensign. Upon the reverse, a Log Cabin is painted, on the door of the Cabin, on which are the words: "To Let in 1841. The motto—"We will do our own voting and our own fighting."

This banner represented a beautifully painted figure of Liberty, her foot resting upon a "Sub treasury" chest, which a snake is entwining. The sword in the hand of the figure has penetrated the reptile's head and below it is the quotation, "We have scotched the snake; not killed it;" Above "Pro Patria Nostra;" On the reverse "Commerce, Arts and Manufactures." Another Banner in this Ward bore the words, "No British Whigs, but real Hard Cider Boys;" on the reverse—"4th Ward Tippecanoe Club, Harrison and Reform, Spirit of '76."

Displayed in the foreground of its banner a Log Cabin; in an adjoining field, Gen. Harrison by the side of his plough is attending to the information of his nomination, which a friend imparts, who points to the Capitol in the distance. The motto above, "Cincinnatians of America;" and that below, "From the Plough to the Presidency." On the reverse of the banner the inscription, "Ever Invincible 5th Ward—"Union for the Sake of the Union."

This banner exhibited Harrison in command at Fort Washington; on the reverse his portrait in large, with the words, "Wm. H. Harrison, President of the Union, A. D. 1841." By the will of the People."

This company which was very large, was remarkable by an elegant banner representing the armed shade of Herman, the deliverer of Germany from the Roman sway, extending his hand from the cloud in which the figure is partly enveloped, to welcome the deliverer of America, General Harrison. A Log Cabin is in the distance, and an old soldier helping himself from a barrel of "hard cider" at the door. On the reverse of the banner the words, "Deutscher Tippecanoe Club in Baltimore, For in Formit 1840. Harrison and Verbesserung."

A handsomely painted Log Cabin well finished, with the usual associations. The motto, "In Hoc Vinces." On the back, "7th Ward Tippecanoe Club. No reduction of Wages."

The front of the banner bore the motto, "Harrison and Reform;" in the upper scroll, and beneath, the favorite one of "No reduction in the price of Labor." The centre was occupied by a view of Federal Hill, with a variety of craft playing in the basin. On the reverse in the foreground, a snug Log Cabin, and a barrel of "Hard Cider" at the door. The Capitol was in the perspective.

The advance of the banner of the 9th Ward discovered the interior of a Smith's shop, with the artisan at work. The motto—"No reduction in the price of wages." The bodies of two serpents wind down the sides of the pictures, and the heads intertwined below are suppressed with the exclamation—"No Sub-Treasury!" On the other side a rock, wave beaten, figure of the Constitution; the American Eagle perched thereon. Inscription—"9th Ward Tippecanoe Club—Harrison and Reform."

The banner was adorned with a beautiful fac simile of the medal awarded to the gallant defender of his country, by a grateful country's highest legislative assembly. On the reverse of the banner the epigrammatic sentence, "The Administration say, 'down with the wages of the labouring men,' the labouring men say, 'down with the Administration.'"

The banner represented the Goddess of Liberty ex (Concluded on 4th page.)