WEEKLY RALEIGH REGISTER, AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

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RALEIGH REGISTER.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Tuesday, November 27, 1846.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.

On Friday last, Hon. GEORGE E. BADGER was elected by the Legislature, a Senator of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. WILLIAM H. HAYWOOD, Jr. And, on Saturday last, Hon. WILLIE P. MANGUM was re-elected to the seat, which he, at present, fills with such distinguished ability.

Honor, say we, to the firmness and independence of the great Whig party of North Carolina! In elevating *such* men, they have honored both themselves and the State. GEORGE E. BADGER and WILLIE P. MANGUM! What State in the Union will be represented with greater ability than North Carolina?—And what son of the Old North, who reads of their glowing eloquence in the Senate Chamber, will not proudly say—"I, too, am a North Carolinian."

Of Mr. MANGUM, it is unnecessary to speak. He has long been before the public eye, and he is well known and appreciated. But Mr. BADGER, though valued and honored at home, is not so extensively known throughout the Union. Having no aspirations for political preferment, he has never been in public life, except for a short time during Gen. HARRISON's Administration. But there he became distinguished, not only for the ability with which he administered the Naval Department of the Government, but for his prompt resignation of the seals of Office, when he could no longer hold them without a violation of the obligations which he owed to *himself*, as a man of honor, and to the *Whig party*, as the representative of its integrity and purity. And if he had never done any thing else to endear him to the Whig party, *that act alone*, is sufficient to justify the manifestation of attachment, and of esteem and confidence, exhibited towards him by the Representatives of that party in the Legislature.

It is a coincidence worthy of remark, that in both instances where office has been conferred upon Mr. BADGER, it has been done not only without his solicitation, but under circumstances which rendered it very doubtful, whether he would yield to the wishes of the appointing power. When selected by Gen. HARRISON, as a member of his Cabinet, he accepted, most reluctantly, we know, the trust conferred upon him; and, now, while absent from the City, without ever intimating to any human being, that he would accept the appointment, the high, the responsible, the proud position of U. S. Senator has been tendered to him. It is our belief, that he *will* accept—that he cannot decline an office, bestowed under circumstances so honorable to his character, so gratifying to his feelings. He cannot, he *will* not, subject himself to the imputation of insensibility to kindness, or of indifference to the public welfare.

We are almost afraid to trust our feelings of attachment to the man, to speak of him in this connection; but we will say this—that, in the distinguished body, of which he is soon we trust, to become a member, not one will be found his superior, in all those qualities of both *head* and *heart*, which constitute true greatness, and this opinion will be endorsed by the whole country, before his term expires.

In conclusion, we must add, that in this whole matter of electing Senators, the members of both branches have acted *as became Whigs*. Discarding all personal preferences, giving up all local attachments, they went for the *unity* of the Whig party, and the glory and honor of North Carolina. There were several gentlemen spoken of as candidates, who had strong claims upon their friends; but they yielded them all up, upon the Altar of their country's interest. They are comparatively young men, imbued with the laudable ambition of making themselves known to fame. Let them bide their time. Their disinterestedness and patriotism will yet have their reward.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

On Friday last, WILLIAM HILL, Esq., was *unanimously* re-elected Secretary of State, for the ensuing two years. This is, indeed, a compliment, which no man, we are sure, feels more sensibly than the venerable recipient of Legislative favor. If fidelity in the discharge of his duties, exact system in business and great promptitude in the performance of duty, ever entitled a public servant to the flattering compliment Secretary HILL has received from the Legislature, we accord only justice to the selection, when we say that a better one could not have been made.

☞ We regret to state, that Mr. KRIMMINGER, of Cabarrus, is confined to his lodgings in this City, by indisposition. This accounts for his name not appearing in the vote for Senators.

The absence of Dr. BOND, of Bertie, also, on the first vote for Senator, was occasioned by indisposition.

LOCO FOCO NOMINEES.

The Locos in the Legislature ran Mr. ASA BIGGS against Mr. BADGER, and Gen. McKAY, against Mr. MANGUM. Whether they would have nominated the General, if they had had the majority, we cannot say, but we are confident BIGGS would not have been thought of. He was run this time, they say, to *endorse his attack* on Senator HAYWOOD. If the *endorsers* fare as badly as the *Principal* did, in that attack, they will have no cause of gratulation.

☞ We would call the attention of all those interested, to the Advertisement of Mr. WM. R. ACTON, relative to a new invention, called "*The Tailor's Transfer.*" From the commendations we have heard bestowed upon it, by those competent to judge, we should infer, that the invention is one of great utility, and worthy of investigation and trial by every Tailor.

HAVE YOU TESTED THEM?

Have you tried KRAUSE's Aromatic and Honey Dew *Tobacco*, and his numerous brands of magnificent *Segars*? If not, delay no longer—a trial will be the best recommendation of these articles.

THE FIRST DEBATE.

We are pleased to see a spirit of courtesy and good nature in the intercourse of members of the Legislature, even on party questions, which augurs well in these somewhat stormy times. On Saturday last, a specimen of this spirit occurred in the Senate.

Mr. FRANCIS introduced a Resolution appointing a Committee to inform Mr. BADGER of his election as Senator, and *to request his acceptance.*

Mr. WADDELL immediately rose, and suggested that it might be rather too much to ask the Democratic members of the Senate to ask Mr. B. to *accept an office* for which they had not voted for him in the election. And stated that in 1836, he remembered that a notification was given to Mr. STRANGE of his election by the Speakers of the two Houses, without a request to accept; and Mr. W. intimated that it would be in good taste now, as well as right in itself, to give a similar notification to Mr. B. omitting the request.

Whereupon, Mr. CAMERON moved an amendment to the Resolution, by striking out the request to accept.

This motion brought Mr. FRANCIS to his feet, who stated that he had copied *literally* a Resolution of the Session of 1842, passed by the *Democratic* Senate of that year, and applied to the very gentleman whose unexpired term Mr. B. was elected to fill.

Mr. WADDELL then stated that, as there was so decided a precedent for this course, established too, by *Democratic* authority, and by many of the very distinguished Senators now in that Hall, he could not disregard the very high authority and binding force of this precedent. He was not for annulling established usages, and should feel himself compelled to conform to the practice of his distinguished friends over the way, and trusted that they would not now spurn the chalice which his friend from Haywood commended to their lips. If it was right and in good taste, in 1842, it could not be less so now. He certainly would not impute such inconsistency to his Democratic friends, as to suppose that they could now reject scornfully the measure for which they voted so unanimously in 1842. Let them preserve their consistency, &c.

Mr. STREET thought this a small matter, not worth the debate it had occasioned. He was willing to vote for it—he saw no harm in it. Mr. BADGER was elected, and though not by his vote, he thought that asking him to accept was a mere matter of courtesy, not at all inconsistent with a previous opposition to his election. He was glad though, (and here he seemed a little—a *very little*, spiteful,) that his Whig friends had been looking over the Journals of 1842. There were many good things in that Journal. They had found one which had pleased them. He hoped they would continue the search, and find other footprints, which would lead them in the good old Democratic paths, &c.

Mr. WILSON thought the Resolution itself was entirely unnecessary. The law provided that the Senator elect should receive a certificate of his election before he could take his seat, and *that* he deemed a sufficient notification. An informal notification would amount to nothing—it would not even dispense with the necessity for the certificate, and he presumed that it would give to the distinguished Senator elect, no information which he had not before. His personal and political friends could with more propriety, in a more private way, press Mr. BADGER to accept the appointment, &c. He preferred leaving it to them, and he had no doubt that they would do their duty in the premises, &c.

This called up Mr. FRANCIS again, who was just getting under good head-way, his eye sparkling with fun, and his whole face beaming with good humor, when

Mr. CAMERON, the mover of the amendment, arose, and, stating that his motion had accomplished its object, in having raised a good tempered discussion, he withdrew his amendment, and the debate was ended.

The Resolution was then passed without amendment, by a considerable majority.

RE-DISTRICTING THE STATE.

It will be seen, that so much of the Governor's Message, as relates to re-modelling the arrangement of the Congressional Districts, has been referred to a Select Committee. This Committee, we have no doubt, after due deliberation, will report an arrangement of Districts so just and equitable, that no reasonable man can find fault with it. They will be so arranged as to reflect the popular will, but there will be no attempt to associate discordant interests, for the purpose merely of making a Whig District, as the Loco Focos did in 1842; or, in other words, there will be no *gerrymandering*.

And, we are satisfied, from an interchange of sentiment with the Whig members of our Legislature, that when such a just arrangement of the Districts is reported, *a majority* of the Legislature will sustain and adopt it. And why? 1st. Because the Loco Focos perpetrated a flagrant act of injustice in 1842. And, 2d, the Whigs are bound to redress the wrong; and if, as we know they will, the Whigs consult in their arrangement of the Districts, justice, convenience, and population, they will be sustained not only by their own party, but by a respectable portion of their opponents. It is said, that the Loco Focos, if ever they regain power, will re-instate the Districts, or *gerrymander* them worse. We do not believe, they will ever have the chance; but, if they do, let them alter the new arrangement, *if they dare!*

THAT FLAG.

We are pleased to see that the Legislature have ordered the *National* Flag to be kept floating to the breeze, while either branch of the General Assembly is in Session. We like the idea. As we write, we can look out upon its majestic folds playing in the breeze, and feel that kindling of enthusiasm which the sight of that Banner ever awakens in the heart of an American. We say then—

Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's *Banner* streaming o'er us!

☞ In announcing the election of Speaker, we spoke of Mr. COURTS, as from Surry. He formerly resided in that County, but now represents *Rockingham*.

OUR "CURIOSITY SHOP."

The following "curiosities" we offer for general circulation, and if they are duly honored, we may give currency to some more "Mint Sauce," at our leisure:

A *Hare* from the head of the Potomac.
A quill from the wing of the Flying Dutchman.
Some ashes from the nest of a Phœnix.
A *draught* of air, from the wind that blows nobody any good.
A shift, made for the "Song of a Shirt."
A note of the firm of DOMBEY & SON.
A wick from the Lamp of ALLADIN.
A skin of the flint of a Texan Rifle.
Some malt from "the house that Jack built."
A *butt* from an Irish bull.
An answer to the question, who is J. K. Polk?
A hoop from the bucket that we must all kick.
The bill for mending Secretary Marcy's breeches *marked paid*—a very great curiosity.
The axe that the Woodman spared the tree with.
A sign-post on the Road to Folly.
The plough-share which makes the furrows of Time.
A blast from the horn of plenty.
The portrait of a man who pays his printer and returns a borrowed umbrella!
A word from the Tongue of Time.
The collar of the cloak of sin.
A rod from the house of correction.
A lesson in the School of Adversity.
A bit of experience picked up in the Vale of Tears.
A Daguerreotype of the man in the moon.

THE BEGINNING AND THE END.

The Whigs are now fighting, in fact, the great battle of 1848. The victories recently achieved by the Whigs, therefore, have unusal importance attached to them. They will decide the next Presidential contest. Every sensible man must see this. The glorious Whig triumphs of 1838 were the precursors of the great Whig *avalanche* of 1840; and the Whig successes of 1846 will surely result in a brilliant Whig victory in 1848. Who will be lukewarm, when he thinks of this connection?

APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR OF ALABAMA.

His Excellency, JOSHUA L. MARTIN, has appointed GEORGE LITTLE, Esq. of this City, Commissioner for the State of North Carolina, for taking proof of Deeds, Depositions and other Instruments in writing, to be used in the State of Alabama.

VIRGIN GOLD.

We saw in possession of Dr. F. J. KROS, of Montgomery, a few days since, a most beautiful specimen of Virgin Gold, found in Island Creek, in that County. It weighed 142 pennyweights.

BETTER STILL.

Under this appropriate caption the "Philadelphia Inquirer" states, that not only have the Whigs of Pennsylvania, at the late election, secured a majority in the State Legislature, but they have, besides, secured a majority of the Whigs in the State Senate *for three years to come.* This the Inquirer shows by a statement of facts and moral certainties which lead directly to this conclusion.

GEN. WOOL'S COMMAND.

As every thing, connected with the Army, is, at this time, a subject of interest to the Country, we publish an extract from a letter, just received from an Officer under Gen. Wool's command, to a gentleman in this State who has kindly permitted us to take a copy:

Camp on the left bank of the Rio Grande,
Texas, or Tamaulipas, Oct. 10th, 1846.

The morning of my departure from San Antonio (Sept. 29th) I received your letter of the 12th of August. I had no time then to answer it and have had but little leisure since. We reached this place on the 5th just before noon. We were met at the shore by a flag of truce, with a letter from the Alcade of Presidio Rio Grande, requesting that the inhabitants of the place might be treated with clemency as they were neutral in the contest, and not bearing arms against the United States. The General made a satisfactory reply and the messenger returned. We then pitched our tents on the Texas side. On yesterday a Squadron of the 2d Dragoons crossed over, the ford having in the meantime been discovered practicable, and formed an encampment two or three miles beyond the town. On this expedition I was a volunteer. The great river of the North, as the Mexicans call it, is here two hundred and seventy-two yards wide, and about four feet three inches deep. The current is rapid, but the bottom being hard, it is forded without much difficulty.—The water is very much like that of the Missouri and lower Mississippi. I entered the river just after the Colonel of Dragoons, passed him on the route and was the first of the party in Mexico.

The village of Presidio is about five miles from the ford, and is approached by a road winding through a dense growth of Musquect trees. Just before reaching it, you come upon the ruins of an old Church, which is in a much more dilipidated condition, than we have heretofore seen. The village resembles in many respects San Antonio. The houses are without floors, and but one story high. The streets are cleaner than the Texan town, but there are no indications of industry or prosperity; and if it were not Presidio it would be San Antonio. Our entrance was made with colours flying and bugles sounding. The Band played Hail Columbia on the march, and when we halted at the Plaza, they struck up Yankee Doodle. The whole people seemed to be in motion. The Square was surrounded by bare headed women and broad brimmed men, and children in all varieties of costume down to none at all. After continuing with the Dragoons to their encampment nearly eight miles from the river, in company with one other Officer, I returned. The doors and windows of the town had been deserted and though we occasionally caught the gaze of a dark eyed Senorita, to one of whom I ventured upon a military bow, which was most sweetly acknowledged, or of a more elderly Matron, but few persons were seen in comparison with those on our arrival.

We heard the day of our arrival here, that Monterey had fallen into the hands of Gen. Taylor.—We have no official knowledge of the fact, but presume it may be true. What effect this may have upon the War is not very apparent, though if the Mexicans were not the most wilfully blinded people in the world, or the government the most knavish, they would at once commence negotiations, and in the language of Cardinal Wolsey, exclaim to us, "Here take an inventory of all I have!"

P. S. Oct. 11. An express leaves in a few minutes. We cross the river to-day, and shall wait on the other side for the remainder of the force, now at, and on its way from San Antonio. We may be there a week, possibly longer.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, *November 19th.*

THE WHININGS OF LOCO FOCOISM.

It is certainly very amusing to hear the "causes" which chagrined and awfully disappointed Locofocoism assigns for the merciless rout it has just suffered in New York. The animal, true to its natural instinct, is seldom at a loss for an expedient to cover its disgrace. Candor forms no part of its character, it will never "own up," but, on the contrary, industriously employs all those arts of tergiversation and misrepresentation, in which it is so proficiently versed, in order, if possible, to diminish the magnitude of the brilliant and efficient triumph of its opponents, as well as to conceal its own amply apparent turpitude and regret, at the summary overthrow the Whigs have felt it their duty to administer to its administration of public affairs in this State. Thus, "Anti-Rentism, not the Whig party, *per se*, has defeated the Democracy," is howled out by some disappointed Tammany Hall oracle, while another exclaims, "Whig money was profusely scattered all over the State, from Buffalo to Montauk Point to bring about the result," and a third gravely declares his opinion, that "the severe rain storm, prevalent during election day, undoubtedly prevented many Democratic voters attending the polls." Now, they who attribute the victory of the Whigs to Anti-Rent votes are either *politicians* uttering a most wilful and deliberate untruth, because it is well known that the Whig party proper, with pen, and by word of mouth, however deprecated and condemned the Anti-Rent movement, from its inception down to the present time—and if Anti-Rent votes have been cast for Jonas Young, *they were cast at least without any solicitation on his part, or on the part of his friends.* Can Silas Wright say as much? No! Though the irresistible force of an enlightened public opinion condemned the cold-blooded murderer of an Officer of the Law, (Sheriff Sagely, whose assassination, and the extraordinary circumstance connected therewith, we all remember yet freshly,) while in the execution of his duty among those some Anti-Renters, and notwithstanding that upwards of a dozen were sentenced to long terms of imprisonment for their rebellious conduct, *Gov. Wright, about three months prior to the Election, threw open their prison doors, and granted them a free and unconditional pardon, at the same time,* unquestionably with the understanding that thereafter, they and their friends should ally themselves with the "democracy," and endeavor to re-elect their benefactor, Governor for another two years. Lieut. Gov. Gardiner also, has not been idle in demagoguing with these Anti-Renters, for evidence of which, I need only refer you to a letter he wrote some of them, a week or two prior to the election. With these undeniable facts before them, with how bad a grace, then, does such a lying charge come from that quarter! Equally malevolent and untrue is the old story about Whig money corrupting the ballot box—It is too absurd to deserve a denial—too silly, even, to merit contempt. It reminds one of the old bugbear, "British Gold," Locofocoism got up to frighten the people from voting for Gen. Harrison. But, mark! what a compliment is here paid to the people of the State of New York: "Bought up!" "Corrupted by *Whig money*"! [see the "N. Y. Globe," the day following election,] etc. etc. There have no doubt been a great many so-called Democrats who, two years ago, contributed to put Silas Wright & Co. into power, that in the late contest voted for Young. A careful analysis of the political character of every County in the State, proves this fact. Probably, it is to these recreants the "Globe" and other Locofoco prints, particularly refer, for Whigs do not sell their right of suffrage, as is commonly the case on election days in this City, with a certain class of the *Democratic* party who vegetate about the Five Points District, *for a glass of liquor*, or some such mercenary consideration. Then, as to that terrible rain storm' that terrified the hitherto unterrified democracy. I would ask, who ever knew a New York *Democrat*, afraid of mud or dirty weather? Nonsense! A pitiful pretext that, gentlemen! Here, in this City, at all events, "bare-footed" ones, as well as the Alms-house people, not heeding the peltings of the pitiless storm, did their duty well enough to give "Cass" between 4,000 and 5,000 majority! Besides, you have always considered a stormy election day a good omen of Democratic success—"silk stockings," being too fine, you know, to venture out at the polls. Why, then, charge the elements with your defeat? To conclude—did Anti-Rentism vanquish the party in Pennsylvania, in New Jersey, and Ohio? did that influence increase Whig majorities in Massachusetts? No! Nor did "Wall street funds," nor a rain storm either, but the disgust of the American People, at the disreputable character of their National Government, prompted, as a prelude to its final overthrow, (when its time comes,) the deserved flagellation of its political adherents in the councils of the different States, and accomplished the revolution that has swept over the land—to its purification, it is to be hoped.

You cannot have forgotten the ridiculous farce enacted some three months ago by C. J. D. Stevenson and his redoubtable California Regiment of volunteers. The mystery of the gentleman's precipitate exit is now explained, and another act in the comedy is about to be performed. It seems that the President on the very day the squadron sailed, determined to deprive him of his command, on account of the trouble between him and the volunteers, for a friend of the Colonel's, on learning it immediately sent him notice, through the Telegraph, of the President's resolution. Stevenson, took the hint, and hence his unceremonious, and, at the time, unaccountably hasty departure. It seems, however, Mr. Polk will have his way in the matter, for you will perceive he has appointed a Col. Mason to supersede Col. S. Mason designs to charter a vessel to take him to Chagres immediately, thence he will cross to the Pacific, and taking one of the government vessels, will undoubtedly reach San Francisco before Stevenson and his crew. This story, and I believe is correct, notwithstanding it is said in some quarters, that Col. Mason goes out as Governor of California."

The Whigs held a grand celebration fete, in honor of their late victory, in the Park on Tuesday evening, directly in front of the City Hall, in one of the rooms of which, directly fronting the animated scene, sat, in evening Session, the Locofoco Common Council. The members did very little public business that night, I ween. The glare of the fireworks, the deafening roar of cannon, and the glad shouts and huzzas of fully five thousand people without, cast a sadness and a gloom over the unhappy spirits within, which occasioned an early adjournment. It was a rich scene.

The Sword which the State of Louisiana intends presenting to General Taylor, is now exhibiting in the window of one of our Broadway Jewelry Stores. It was designed by Hyde & Goodrich, of New Orleans, and manufactured by C. P. Ames, of Springfield, Mass.

The ship "Rappahannock," arrived here yesterday from Liverpool with 510 passengers, mostly Irish, all in a most deplorable condition. Most of them, it is stated, are paupers, in a state of utter destitution and disease. On the passage *fourteen* died, and were thrown overboard; and shortly, after the vessel arrived at the dock, the Coroner was called to hold an inquest on the body of the 15th, a young woman, named Eliza McCormick, who was taken sick but two days previous to her death. The Ship herself is in a most filthy condition, and the authorities have been much concerned to permit her to come up to the City. Sad, sad, indeed, are the scenes presented every day, on the arrival of these Cargoes of human beings.

RICHMOND.

CALL OF TROOPS.

Requisitions have been sent out from the War Department, calling into the service of the United States nine additional regiments of Volunteers to serve during the war with Mexico, unless sooner discharged. They are asked for from the following States.

One regiment of infantry from Massachusetts;
One regiment of infantry from the State of New York;
One regiment of infantry from Pennsylvania;
One regiment of infantry from Virginia;
One regiment of infantry from North Carolina;
One regiment of infantry from South Carolina;
One regiment of infantry from Louisiana;
One regiment of infantry from Mississippi, and
One regiment of mounted men from Texas.

MARRIED,

In Warren County, on Tuesday morning the 17th instant, Rev. Thomas S. Campbell, of this City, to Miss Elizabeth D. Collins, daughter of Michael Collins, Esq.

At the residence of Dr. James Reilley, in Oxford, on the 5th of November, by the Rev. Joseph J. Reilley, Col. Richard O. Britten, of Bertie, N. C. to Mrs. Martha P. Kennon.

In Fayetteville, by the Rev. Mr. Buxton, Dr. John C. Williams, to Miss Isabella D. Husske, daughter of John Husske, Esq. Also, by the Rev. Mr. Buxton, Mr. William Gibboney, of Wytheville, Va., to Miss Caroline A., daughter of Mr. Jame Kyle.

In Wilmington, by the Rev. Mr. Capers, Mr. Edwin T. Love, to Miss Julia McTaggart. Also, by the Rev. Dr. Drane, Mr. Wm. Hunington, to Miss Harriet Sophia Brown, daughter of Alex. Thomas, W. Brown.

GENUINE SCOTCH ALE,

OF the finest quality, in Pint Bottles, daily expected at PESCUD's Drug Store.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate,

By A. Whitney.

On TUESDAY, 12th January 1847, North Side of the Custom House, at 11 o'clock, will be sold, without any reserve whatever, by order of the Executors of the Estate of Robert Fleming,

All that extensive three story BRICK TENEMENT and LOT OF LAND, with appurtenances thereto, known as the Hotel formerly Norris's, and late Dr. Boyd's, situate at the Southwest corner of King and George-streets, having been profitably kept as such for the last 30 years, measuring and containing in front on King-street (63) sixty three feet; on George street (180) one hundred and eighty feet, and on the South line (176) one hundred and seventy six feet, be the same more or less; numbered (1) one.

ALSO,

All that three story BRICK TENEMENT and LOT OF LAND, adjoining to the South of the corner, measuring and containing in front on King street as also on the back line (each 31 ft. 6 in.) thirty-one feet 6 inches; in depth on the north line (176 ft. 6 in.) one hundred and seventy six feet six inches, and in depth on the south line (179 ft. 9 in.) one hundred and seventy nine feet nine inches, be the same more or less; numbered (2) two.

ALSO,

All that two story BRICK TENEMENT and LOT OF LAND, adjoining to the south of the above; measuring and containing in front on King-street, (31 ft. 6 in.) thirty one feet six inches, and in depth (175) one hundred and seventy five feet, be the same more or less, with a large brick Back Store, and a large gateway to the South, numbered (3) three.

ALSO,

All that Vacant LOT OF LAND, situate on the West side of King street, a few doors above Boundary street, adjoining to the north of Samuel Wiley's, occupied as a wagon yard; measuring and containing in front on King street (70 ft. 10 in.) seventy feet ten inches, and in depth (169 ft. 10 in.) one hundred and sixty feet ten inches, be the same more or less, numbered (4) four.

The whole of the above property is now under rent to good tenants, except the Hotel, to which immediate possession can be had, and the premises can be inspected at any time.

N. B.—The Hotel has been established for the last thirty years past, and under proper management can be made a profitable investment, as it has always been a favorite house with the merchants and travellers from the interior of this State, and those of North Carolina and Georgia.

Terms of sale will be made known in a future advertisement, and the purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

☞ The Columbia South Carolina Temperance Advocate, the Chronicle and Sentinel, Augusta, will please copy and merit (twice a week until Thursday, January 7th, 1847, and send from each Office two papers containing the advertisement, and their bills to my self for payment.

A. WHITNEY, Auctioneer and Broker,
No. 13, Cumberland-st., Charleston, S. C.
Nov. 13. Pr. Advt $18. 91—d7

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—GREENE COUNTY.—In Equity, Fall Term, 1846.

Peter E. Hines, Attorney of Asa Jones, Jemima Jones, and Gardner Jones, and Bethany his wife,

vs.

Theophilus Dail, Ex'r of Thomas Dail, and Wade Butts, Adm'r of Elizabeth Graff, and Alligood Olds, and Sally his wife, Gatsey McCay, Reuben Raules, and Minerva his wife, James Spivey, and Rebecca his wife, and Sally, Bethany and John O. Dail and Jolly and Thomas Olds, and Floyd Albritton and Pinkey his wife, and Gideon, Thomas and Arthur Olds, and Minerva Olds and William, John and Thomas Dail, and Jefferson, Dickerson, Madison, Elias, Albert Dail, and Dicey, wife of Reddick Barfield.

In this case, it appearing that the Defendants Alligood Olds, and Sally his wife, Gatsey McCay, Reuben Raules and Minerva his wife, James Spivey, and Rebecca his wife, Sally, Bethany and John O. Dail, and Jolly and Thomas Olds, and Floyd Albritton, and Pinkey his wife and Gideon, Thomas and Arthur Olds, and William, John and Thomas Dail, and Jefferson, Dickerson, Madison, Elias, Albert Dail, and Dicey, wife of Reddick Barfield, are non residents of the State of North Carolina: I, Charles Edwards, Clerk and Master in Equity for the County of Greene, do according to the act of Assembly in such case made, by this advertisement, to be inserted in the Raleigh Register six weeks, hereby notify the before mentioned non-resident Defendants, to appear before his Honor, the Judge of the Superior Court of Law and Equity, at the next Term of said Court, to be held for the County of Greene, at the Court House in Snow Hill, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in March next and plead, answer or demur to Complainants' Bill of complaints; otherwise, the same will be taken as confessed by them, and heard *ex parte*.

Witness, Chas. Edwards, Clerk and Master of said Court at Office in said County, the 2nd Monday after the 4th Monday of September, A. D., 1846.

CHAS EDWARDS, C. M. E.

[Pr. Adv. $9.] 94—6w

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE, formerly occupied by NANCY BAILEY, dec'd., is offered for Rent the ensuing year, possession to be given the first of January. Terms moderate.

Also, the small House at Hayti, occupied by Eli Gragston, possession of which will be immediately given. Apply at this Office.

Raleigh, Nov. 23, 1846. 94 5t

MILBURY ACADEMY.

THIS Institution is now under the control of the Subscriber, who has purchased the premises, and intends making it a permanent School. It is 7 miles Northeast of Louisburg in a very healthy, intelligent, and moral community, and within half a mile of a Church, at which there will be preaching two or three times a month. Lectures on Moral and Literary subjects will be occasionally delivered.—Having for several years been liberally patronised elsewhere, I shall still exert myself to merit the patronage of those who wish their sons thoroughly instructed. Students will be prepared to enter Colleges, an advanced class, if required,) or for business of any kind. *Cheap* board can be had in highly respectable families, convenient to the Academy. The Subscriber will take several boys at $2 per month.

Tuition.—Latin, Greek, and the higher Mathematical and English Branches, $15 per session.
Common English Branches, 10 " "

The Spring Session will commence on the 12th of January next. TURNER M. JONES.
Principal.

Midway, Franklin county, Nov. 19, 1846. 91 5t

EDGEWORTH FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE Winter Term will commence on the 14th of December, and close the Scholastic year, on the 13th of May, with the graduation of the Senior Class.

Music, Drawing and Painting, the Ancient and Modern Languages, and the several branches of Science, are entrusted to experienced, professional Instructors, who devote their whole time to the Improvement of their Pupils.

The Edifice and accommodations are ample for 35 Boarders, most of whom complete a liberal and ornamental education. These, with the daughters of the principal families of Greensboro', form classes of moderate size in each of the four years, into which the prescribed course is distributed.

Good order, kind feelings, and great improvement, are the well known characteristics of Edgeworth.

The expenses are $75 for Instruction, Board, Washing, Fuel, Light, &c. $20 for Music, 20 for Oil Painting; $10 for Drawing, and either of the Languages.

Many Patrons, most competent to judge, have expressed their surprise, that an Institution of so high a character, and limited number of pupils, can be sustained at the above prices.

Letters for further information can be addressed to Gov. Morehead, the founder of the Institution, or to the Rev. Professor Morgan, the Principal.

Greensboro', N. C. Nov. 17. 91—d8t.

ROUGH AND READY.

RINGGOLDS' POCKET COMPANION.

THOSE who love a gold of first rate chewing Tobacco, can be gratified by calling on the Subscriber, and asking for the above Brands—manufactured by Rambaut & Davis, Petersburg, Virginia, and for sale by P. F. PESCUD, Druggist.

Raleigh, Nov. 23. 94

☞ **I am Weekly receiving** *additional supplies, of Medicines, Paints, Oils, and other articles in my line, and am prepared to supply Physicians, Merchants, and the Public generally, on the most accommodating terms. Prescriptions and family recipes, carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day and night, with neatness and despatch.*

P. F. PESCUD, Druggist.
Nov. 23. 94

"A FEW MORE OF THE SAME SORT LEFT."

CALL and procure a Bottle of that Old Port Wine, (warranted to be the PURE JUICE,) and acknowledged by all who have given it a trial, as *very good.*—Price 75 cents per Bottle—$8 per dozen. P. F. PESCUD, Druggist.
Nov. 23. 94

Caution.

ALL persons are cautioned against trading for a Note on A. W. Lewis, John Smith, W. W. White and Redding Sims, for $300, given in 1841, subject to two credits, one of $72, and one of $67; I will pay a reasonable Reward for its recovery.

SION BROWN.
Nov. 20th, 1846. 91—4tp

Twelve College Sermons; a few copies on hand at the N. C. Book Store.
Nov. 20th, 1846. 94

The Opal for 1847. Edited by John Keese, and illustrated by John G. Chapman, with some of the most elegant mezzotints ever executed by that talented Artist; much enlarged in form and improved in style.

H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store, Raleigh.
Nov. 20, 1846. 94

Sale of Silver Mine.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue and in pursuance of a Deed of Trust, legally executed on the 11th day of October, 1843, by WASHINGTON MINING COMPANY to John Taylor, Jr., and Roswell A. King, for the purpose of securing certain Debts therein specified, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 22nd, 23rd and 24th of December, 1846 at the WASHINGTON MINE, in the County of Davidson, in North Carolina (commonly known as the Silver or Lead Mine,) will be sold at Public Sale to the highest bidder, upon a credit of six and twelve months, the said Washington Mine, and Mining Utensils, implements and apparatus appertaining thereunto—consisting of two Tracts of Land. The first containing one hundred and sixty-seven acres, which includes said VALUABLE MINE now in operation, and from which has been taken of SILVER and Lead, the amount of nearly **two hundred thousand dollars,** and which for several years has given constant employment to from forty to fifty hands, and said Land now containing FOUR SMELTING furnaces and Shafts thereon, which have been sunk 200 feet. There is also upon said Tract sixty houses, and other convenient buildings for the use of said Mine; also two Store houses.

The second Tract contains three hundred acres adjoining the former.

There will also be sold at the same time and place, seven or eight hundred dollars worth of Store Goods. Also, eight or ten head of horses, geese, harness, &c.

A quantity of **valuable Ores** raised from the Mine, and a quantity ready for Smelting. Also, Beds and Furniture, and a great variety of other articles.

Also, some BEAUTIFUL and VALUABLE SPECIMENS extracted from said Mine, and some Metal ready for Market.

Bond and security will be required, and due attention given by the undersigned.

JOHN TAYLOR Jr. } Trustees,
ROSWELL A. KING. }
Nov. 21. $6 94—wt15D