

brother of our Vice President's mother.

Theodore Roosevelt was born not rich but in comfortable circumstances, with a proud and honorable family name back of him.

He was largely self educated, but after the high school training he received in New York he went to Harvard, where he distinguished himself as much by strenuous and daring manhood as by his excellence in studies and society debates.

Like Macaulay, he was looked upon as a prospective leader in politics long before he entered public life, and he has more than justified the highest of these expectations.

He was graduated from Harvard in 1880, and after spending a year in travel and study came to his home to find himself in demand for active party service and leadership.

From his youth he has been a leader. Nature made him one and he has developed and exhibited powers of command which are rarely equalled.

He was elected to the New York Legislature in 1882 and served there conspicuously for five years.

He then resigned it to become champion of many reform measures, and is the real author of New York's present civil service law.

He was defeated for the mayoralty of New York in 1886 as the candidate of the reform party.

In 1889 President Harrison appointed him a member of the United States Civil Service Commission, an office which he held as President of the Board until May, 1893.

He was the author, advocate, promoter and President of the New York City Board of Police Commissioners in 1895.

When the war with Spain broke out he organized his famous Rough Riders.

In 1898 he was elected Governor of New York.

Before the expiration of his term as Governor he was nominated for Vice-President.

ROOSEVELT'S TRIBUTE TO LEE.

In his "Life of Thomas H. Benton" Theodore Roosevelt says of General Lee and his soldiers:

"The decline of the militant spirit in the Northwest during the first half of this century was much to be regretted.

"To it is due more than to any other cause the undoubted average individual inferiority of the Northern compared to the Southern troops; at any rate, at the beginning of the war of the rebellion. The Southerners by their whole mode of living, their habits, and their love of outdoor sports, kept up their war-like spirit; while in the North the so-called upper classes developed along the lines of a wealthy and timid bourgeois type, measuring everything by a mercantile standard (a peculiarly debasing one by itself), and submitting to be ruled in local affairs by low foreign mobs, and in national matters by their arrogant Southern kinsmen. The militant spirit of these last certainly stood them in good stead in the Civil War. The world has never seen better soldiers than those who followed Lee; and their leader will, undoubtedly, rank as without an exception the very greatest of all the great captains that the English speaking peoples have brought forth—and this, although the last and chief of his antagonists, may himself claim to stand as the full equal of Marlborough and Wellington."

CATTLE AND HORSES DIE.

Dr. Tait Butler Returns from Camden—His Investigation.

Dr. Tait Butler, the State veterinarian, returned yesterday from Camden county, where he went to investigate the disease among horses and cattle which was reported to the department of agriculture.

The disease among horses was the same as that in Dare, which is separated from Camden by the sound. The cattle, Dr. Butler discovered, were suffering from Texas, or tick fever. About 25 horses and some 50 or 60 cows died in the county.

Dr. Butler says that the disease among horses, which has been declared to be staggers or cerebrospinal meningitis, is not contagious. He stated that the disease developed from local conditions, resulting from moulded fodder or bad water. There is no way to treat the disease, the only remedy being the removal of the cause.

However, the disease, both among horses and cattle is disappearing.—Raleigh Post.

FROM THE BUSINESS MANAGER'S DESK.

In a letter just received from Hon. John W. Atwater, regarding the cotton seed oil trust and the fight against it, he says: "I think our people will be united and fight this trust as we did the jute trust. They shall not have a seed from my gin at their 12 cents per bushel rate."

Mr. J. P. Honeycutt, of Harnett county, was in to see us last week. He says crops are very poor in his section. He thinks his crop the best in the neighborhood and says he attributes it to the use of cotton seed. He says he sold his seed one year only; that year he sold at 33 1/2 cents per bushel, and is sure he lost money by it, as he has not been able to produce as good crosspince as he did before. He will not sell his seed any more, unless forced to it by the sheriff.

Last season the cotton seed market opened at Rich Square at about 24 cents per bushel. With a short crop of cotton this year, and the price of cotton seed products and other commodities which they take the place of or enter into the manufacture of such as lard and feed stuff, from 10 to 33 per cent. higher than last year, cotton seed ought to sell for not less than 30 cents per bushel this fall. But the American Oil Co. and the Fertilizer Trust, otherwise known as the Virginia and Carolina Chemical Co., have bought up the cotton seed oil mills and are not likely to pay full value for cotton seed. Farmers have it in their power to check the greed of the trusts, but without organization they can do nothing.—Roanoke-Chowan Times.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

Attention is called to the dispatch and call from the Farmers' Alliance to be found on the first page, which shows what the Cotton Oil Trust proposes to do with the farmer in attempting to control the price of cotton seed.

The farmers "busted up" the bagging trust, and if they will organize and not force their cotton seed on the market too rapidly they can dictate the price of seed to the mill men.

The profits in the cotton seed oil industry are very large, and a reasonable part of this profit the mill men should be willing to share with the farmer. But the farmer will never get it unless he organizes to control the price of his seed just as the mill men are forming a trust to buy the seed at the lowest possible prices. The Alliance is now doing a good work. It is out of politics and likely to stay out of politics as an organization for all time to come; but it is doing business now in its legitimate sphere, that is, seeking to improve the condition of the farmers by getting them to organize against the rapacious trusts, that would grind them to powder.—Wilson Times.

COMMISSIONER PATTERSON'S VIEWS.

The following letter from Commissioner Patterson was received just too late to appear in our last issue:

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 16, 1901.

In view of the concerted efforts which it seems from the published despatches are now being made by the leading purchasers of cotton seed of Louisiana, Mississippi and other cotton producing States to fix a market price for seed far below the present price, and for much less than the probable output of the present crop ought to command—especially so when the extreme shortness of the corn crop is considered—action ought to be taken by the farmers to counteract these unfair schemes and to secure for their seed product such values as conditions properly warrant.

I am informed that efforts along this line will be made in other Southern States, and I therefore most heartily endorse the call issued by Mr. T. B. Parker, Secretary of the North Carolina State Alliance, for a meeting of the farmers in their respective counties on Saturday the 21st inst., to select delegates to attend a State meeting in Raleigh on Wednesday, the 25th inst.,.

When men for selfish purposes combine together to "fix" prices to be paid for farm products far below the true value of such products by shutting off competition, it is time for farmers to take some action to defeat such nefarious schemes, and to "fix" themselves in such position as to be able to hold their products until the natural law of supply and demand can have its legitimate sway.

Respectfully,  
S. L. PATTERSON,  
Commissioner of Agriculture.

WAKE COUNTY COTTON FARMERS MEET.

Pursuant to call of Secretary Parker, of the State Alliance, a meeting of cotton farmers of Wake county was held in The Progressive Farmer office, Saturday 21st, 1 p. m.

The meeting organized by electing M. T. Leach Chairman, and C. H. Poe Secretary. The objects of the meeting were stated by Commissioner Patterson. He also stated that the fertilizing value of each bushel of cotton seed, at prices usually paid for commercial fertilizers, exceeds 20 cents. Prof. J. M. Johnson, who was present, endorsed this view. Short talks were also made by Mr. J. T. Broughton, W. H. Chappell and others. After appointing delegates to represent the county at the State meeting to be held here next Wednesday, the convention adjourned. All farmers and ginners in the county that can possibly do so were also urged to attend this State meeting.

THE TRUST'S LATEST.

Trying to Make a Deal to Prevent Competition.

Mr. Duke, of the American Tobacco Company, is now in Europe. It was reported yesterday that he had telegraphed for Mr. W. W. Fuller, attorney of the company, and Mr. Walker, private manager. It is suggested that, instead of going to Europe on a pleasure trip, Mr. Duke has gone to close a deal with leading tobacco exporters in Great Britain. The export trade is the only competition now that prevents a perfect monopoly of most grades of tobacco by the American Tobacco Company. If the Trust can combine with the exporters, they have the tobacco farmers completely at their mercy.

This report has caused quite a flurry in the tobacco markets of the State. If it goes through, and the Trust rides itself of the competition of the exporters, it can shut up the tobacco warehouses and say to the farmers: "You can take so much for your tobacco," and if the farmers decline, then there will be no other purchaser.

A few years ago Capt. E. J. Parrish was sent by the American Tobacco Company to Japan to effect a deal whereby the competition from Japan could be cut off, as well as to sell the product of the Trust. He has been largely successful. If Mr. Duke and Mr. Fuller can effect a deal with the largest European exporters of tobacco so as to put an end to competition, then the tobacco farmers are in a deep hole.—Exchange.

MEXICANS GREATLY INTERESTED

In the Future Policy of President Roosevelt as Recently Outlined.

MEXICO CITY, September 17.—The Associated Press account of the declared policy of President Roosevelt excited great interest here. The president's declaration in favor of better steamship communication with Mexican Pacific ports and the building of an isthmian canal was well received, for it is believed that the construction of the canal will promote the growth and prosperity of the west coast. It is generally believed that the relations between the Mexican and the American governments will continue to be as friendly under President Roosevelt as during the incumbency of President McKinley.

El Universal publishes a leading article by Senor Dublan Montenosite, in which he alleges that during the Spanish war he had an interview with President Roosevelt, then Assistant Secretary of the Navy and that Roosevelt said that Mexico must either absorb Central America or be in turn absorbed by the United States. This article has caused some gossip.

One remarkable feature of the comment on McKinley's assassination is the sympathy shown by the Spanish residents who had come to respect McKinley as a sincere friend of Spain and magnanimous in the hour of victory.

Rev. W. D. Hubbard, of Raleigh, N. C., will lecture at Leesville High School Friday evening, Oct. 4, 1901, at 7:30. A large crowd is expected to be present.

\$20.00 AN ACRE.

Twenty dollars an acre, the manufacturers assert, is only a fair estimate of the amount McCormick machines will add to the value of your corn crop. These machines enable you to save the fodder and stalks, a valuable portion of the crop, which heretofore have gone to waste.

Write to the nearest McCormick agent or the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago, U. S. A., for beautifully illustrated book entitled "King Corn," mailed free.

FARMERS: AND: OTHERS: PLEASE: TAKE: NOTICE.

We will insure your Gin House and other property against loss by fire.  
Will pay you \$12.50 a week if you get sick, your family \$5,000 if you get killed.  
Will go on your bond or write you a Life Policy in the best Life Insurance Company in the world—the Great Mutual Life of New York.

HUSTLING AGENTS WANTED.  
James C. Blasingame & Bro.,  
OFFICE: 509 TUCKER BUILDING, RALEIGH, N. C.

DEBNAM-KINSEY SCHOOL, LA GRANGE, N. C.

LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.  
Military, FALL SESSION BEGINS SEPTEMBER 24, 1901. Fifty-Three Boarding Pupils, Twelve Counties and two States represented past Session. Pupils surrounded by the best instruction. Expenses per half term \$55. No incidentals. Write for beautiful Register.  
J. E. DEBNAM, Superintendent.

THE STATE FAIR, PREMIUM OFFERS TO BUSINESS AGENTS.

Raleigh, October 22nd to 26th.  
The Twentieth Century Fair, at Raleigh, under Gen. W. R. Cox, President, offers Ten Thousand Dollars in Premiums. The great part of this is for field products and Live Stock. Fine displays of improved breeds of Farm Animals and the best labor-saving Agricultural Implements. Systems of Wire Fencing on Exhibition, in actual use.

The colleges and schools of the State contribute to the fine Educational Department. Addresses nightly at capitol by prominent speakers. Trials of Speed Daily and many pleasing attractions. Very low rates on railroads. Send for premium lists and make entries, without charge. Many nice prizes in Ladies' Work, Art, etc. Write for full information to Joseph E. Pogue, Sec'y.

Grand Races between pacing Ostrich, hitched to sulky, and a horse, and also by a running Ostrich against Horse.  
Free for all, Running Race by gentleman riding their own horses, non professional, for fine Saddle and Equipment, on Tuesday, October 22nd.

The person ordering the greatest number of the Improved High Arm Alliance Sewing Machines through this office from August 1, 1901, to August 1, 1902, will be given FREE one Improved High Arm Alliance Sewing Machine.

To the person sending in the second largest number of orders will be given FREE one Hillsboro Sewing Machine.

To the person sending in the third largest number of orders will be given FREE either a No. 1 Set Buggy Harness or a No. 1 Boss Washing Machine.

To the lady sending in the largest number of orders for the above Sewing Machines will be given \$5 in cash. This is in addition to the above Premium Offers.

Begin in time now and you may win.  
T. B. PARKER, S. B. A.,  
HILLSBORO, N. C.

LIFE OF MCKINLEY will sell by sands.

Agents will make from \$5.00 to \$20.00 per day. \$1.50 book, best author, best terms, freight paid, outfit free. Send ten cents in stamps to pay postage, and begin at once; circulars free.

ATLANTA BOOK AND BIBLE HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.



Baptist Female University RALEIGH, N. C.

New Main Building—Three Club Buildings—All Modern Improvements—Perfect Sanitary Conditions—Hot and Cold Baths.  
Within one square of Governor's Mansion on one side, and of the Capital and State Library on the other. Twenty teachers (5 men and 15 women) each devoting entire time to one subject. Director of Music and teacher of Violin studied nine years in America and sixteen in Brussels, Berlin and Paris. Principal of Voice Department prize graduate teacher in Gottschalk Lyric School, Chicago.  
1901 Session Enrollment, 253. New Session Opens Sept. 4, 1901. Board, Room, Tuition, and all fees, \$167.50 per school year. For further information, address,  
R. T. VANN, President, RALEIGH, N. C.

Gleason's Horse Book.

Prof. Oscar R. Gleason,  
400 PAGES, 130 ILLUSTRATIONS.  
Renowned throughout America and recognized by the United States Government as the most expert and successful horseman of the age. The whole work comprises—  
History—  
Breeding, Training, Breaking, Driving, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, Doctoring, Telling Age, and General care of the Horse



This remarkable work was first sold exclusively by agents at \$2 per copy. A new edition has been issued which contains ever word and every illustration in the \$2 edition, but is printed on lighter paper and has a heavy, tough paper binding.  
We are prepared to make this great offer: Send us \$1 in new subscriptions (not your own) to THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER or \$3 in renewals (other than your own) and we will send you a copy free prepaid.  
We will send any one a copy of this work and The Progressive Farmer per year for only \$1.25. First come, first served. Order at once.  
Address: THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER, RALEIGH, N. C.

ALLIANCE PRICE-LIST.

SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

GROCERIES.

Sewing Machines—  
Improved Alliance.....18 00  
Empress, Drop Head.....17 00  
Hillsboro.....15 00  
Coffee, Arabicas, roasted— per lb  
100 lbs.....12 00  
50 lbs.....12 00  
38 lbs.....12 33  
Coffee, Green—  
Prime Lacuira.....12  
Rio.....12  
Good Rio.....11 1/2  
Medium Rio.....11  
Low Grade Rio.....10 1/2

Flour—  
Blair's Best.....\$4 25  
Fancy.....3 75  
Dandy.....3 75  
Winner.....3 40  
Princess.....3 00  
Sugar and Molasses—  
Granulated Sugar.....5 55  
No. 7, very light brown.....5  
No. 8, light brown.....4 75  
No. 10, brown.....4 50  
No. 1 Porto Rico Molasses.....22  
No. 2 Porto Rico.....22  
Fancy Porto Rico.....22  
Vanilla Drip Syrup.....22  
White Rose Corn Syrup.....22  
Molasses and Syrup in 1/2 barrels 2c. per gallon above bbl. prices.

Oil—  
Kerosene, Alladin.....19 1/2  
Standard White.....11  
Black Pepper, best sifted.....15  
Soda, Baking—  
12 lbs keg.....12  
Bl Carb, Nickel pkgs., 40 lbs per case.....3 40  
Bl Carb, in assorted pkgs., 60 lb case.....3 50  
Starch, Celluloid, per 1/2 case.....3 50  
Elastic Starch, per 1/2 case.....1 85  
Ivory Starch, per 1/2 case.....2 50

Tobacco—  
Plum Tobacco.....38  
Grape.....38  
Figs.....38  
Battle Ax.....38  
Grits and Hominy—  
Per barrel.....2 70  
" bag.....1 40  
Rolled Oats—  
Per barrel.....3 80  
" 1/2.....2 25  
Lake Fish—  
100 lb keg.....3 00  
" 50 lb.....2 50

Lard—  
Pure Lard, in tierces.....5 74  
Compound Lard in tierces.....7  
The above Lard in following packages—  
Tubs, 50 lbs, 3/4c. over tierces.....65  
Tubs, 25 lbs, 3/4c. over tierces.....65  
Pails, 20 lbs, 3/4c. over tierces.....65  
Cans, gross weight—  
50 lb. case of 4 cans, 3/4c. over tierces.....65  
20 lb. case of 4 cans, 3/4c. over tierces.....65  
10 lb. case of 6 cans, 3/4c. over tierces.....65

SEEDS.  
Crimson Clover, Choice, per bushel.....\$4.00  
" Trade Mark.....4.55  
Dwarf Essex Rape, per pound.....12  
Winter Rye, per bushel.....75  
German Millet (bags 15c. extra).....1.05  
" Choice, per bushel.....1.15  
" Trade Mark.....1.15  
Hungarian Millet.....1.65

COLD STORAGE SEED POTATOES.  
Early Rose, for July planting, per bbl.....\$3.00  
Empire State, (Late), per bbl.....3.00  
Carman No. 3.....3.00  
Turnip Seed—  
5c. per ounce, 15c. per 1/2 pound.  
40c. per pound by mail.

HARDWARE.  
Dixie Plows, Boy.....1 00  
Stonewall, Cotton Plow.....1 05  
Climax.....1 05  
Malleable Clavises, per dozen.....65  
Plow bolts, per lb.....2 50  
Back Band, web, good, per roll.....2 50  
B. E. Buckles, per dozen.....75  
Plow Singletrees.....2 25  
Plow Lines, good, per pair.....1 75  
" common, per pair.....1 4

Clark's Outaway Harrows,  
Solid Disk Harrows—(Prices on application).  
Smith's Pat. Feed Cutters.....\$2 50  
Cook Stoves—  
No. 7-18, with ware.....11 00  
No. 7-20, ".....12 00  
No. 8-18, ".....12 00  
No. 8-20, ".....12 00  
No. 9-20, ".....13 00

Poultry Netting—  
12 inch wide, per roll.....60  
24 " " ".....1 20  
36 " " ".....1 80  
48 " " ".....2 40  
60 " " ".....3 00  
72 " " ".....3 60

Wire Field Fencing—(Prices on application).  
Smooth and Barbed Wire.....3 80  
Dump Carts—  
No. 14, 2 1/2 skeln.....20 00  
No. 16, 3 ".....22 00

Steel Axle—  
No. 2, 1 1/2 inch axle.....21 00  
No. 2, 1 3/4 ".....23 00  
No. 2, 1 1/2 " skeln.....23 00  
No. 2, 1 3/4 " skeln.....25 00  
No. 10, 2 1/2 inch skeln.....29 50  
No. 12, 2 3/4 inch skeln.....29 50

Steel Axle—  
No. 9, 1 1/2 inch.....23 50  
No. 11, 1 3/4 inch.....25 50  
No. 13, 1 1/2 inch.....28 50  
Two-Horse Wagon, Thimble Skeln—  
No. 2, 2 1/2 inch skeln.....32 50  
No. 4, 3 ".....38 50  
No. 6, 3 1/2 ".....50 50

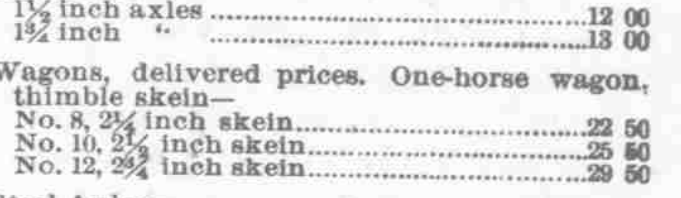
Steel Axle—  
No. 3, 1 1/2 inch.....23 50  
No. 5, 1 3/4 inch.....40 50  
No. 7, 2 inch.....51 50

Buggies and Harness  
Prices on application.  
Shovels—  
Good, each.....1 00  
Common each.....80  
Iron Age Cultivators.....3 8  
Field Hoes, per dozen.....4 0  
Barbed Wire, per 100 lbs.....6 8  
Write for prices on anything you want.

T. B. PARKER, S. B. A.,  
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Farm Wagon Economy.

The economy of this proposition is not all found in the very reasonable price of the wagon itself, but in the great amount of labor it will save, and its great durability. The Electric Wheel Co. who make this Electric Handy Wagon and the now famous Electric Wheels, have solved the problem of a successful and durable low down wagon at a reasonable price.



ELECTRIC  
This wagon is composed of the best material throughout—white hickory axles, steel wheels, steel hubs, etc. Guaranteed to carry 400 lbs. These Electric Steel Wheels are made to fit any wagon, and make practically a new wagon out of the old one. They can be had in any height desired and any width of tire up to 8 inches. With an extra set of these wheels a farmer can interchange them with his regular wheels and have a high or low down wagon at will. Write for catalogue of the full "Electric Wheel Co., Box 93, Quincy Ill.