Saturday, August 17, 1912.]
Irish jigs start up. There is nothing like them-nothing. The old proerb holds good in musif. God is good to the Irish" for if He placed burdens on their shoulders He put music in their hearts.
Then there are our fireside songs "Dixie," "Old Kentucky Home," "Old Black Joe," and hundreds of others, and when a phondgraph plays any or all of them, I shall sit in a trance listening and dreaming, and it will make no difference whose clothe eed mending nor what we'll have for dinner nor how tall the weeds are in the garden, for through the gate of music I shall have entered the country that the Irish call "Tir na' nog" and others call it the Land of Eternal Youth, and some call it the Land of Heart's Desire.

Chrysanthemums Give Both Pleasure and Profit.
H VERY woman is ambitious to have, a little spending money of her own, and I know of no more pleasant way of earning it at home than raising chrysanthemums fo sale, both the plants and the blooms

For several years I have been cultivating them for my own pleas ure and to exhibit at our annua show. Having found a demand for the blooms at these shows, I have been gradually adding to my stock the finest varieties to be obtained My collection now includes the larg est grown as well as many novelties
Chrysanthemums require a little more care than most flowers, but they are so responsive to any atten tion that one is well paid for the extra care.
After the blooms are cut in the fall, I cover the roots with stable manure which not only 'serves as a blank protect the from the cold, but also prepares the ground for next year's plants.
In the spring I get from six to a dozen shoots from each root, and those I do not need I can easily sell. I am very careful to keep my varieties separate so that each plant I sell is true to name.

I gladly give my neighbors as many plants as they wish.

The love of flowers is a very strong bond between neighbors, and I would cultivate it as much as possible.

Chrysanthemums are very coarse feeders and require plenty of manure and moisture. I tie each plant to a stake, and keep them budded through the summer, allowing only one or two blooms to each-plant. With this treatment, I get some very fine specimens which are always in demand.

When the buds begin to show color, aside from the monetary value, I feel fully repaid for all my care in the pleasure the blooms give me and my neighbors.

MRS. ELIAS EARLE.
Townville, S. C.

## How to Start Geraniums.

$T^{H I S}$ (August) is the month to blooming. Cover the pot with small pebbles to the depth of an inch. Use good but not very rich soil. In making the opening to insert slip fill the cavity with sand, put in slip, press down and water well at the time, but allow plant to get dry before watering again. Place in the sun and if they wither do not be alarmed. Water again and the plants will revive. Geraniums require plenty of sunshine to mature and continued water and shade will cause them to rotthe complaint of many people.

A slip put in for each of our neighbors well tended will make a beautiful gift at Christmas, and will cost very little; even the time devoted to their attention will not as expense, tin cans may be used,

## NATURE.


$A^{S}$ a fond mother, when the day is o'er,
Leads by the hand her little child to bed,
Half willing, half reluctant to be led, And leave his broken playthings on the floor,
Still gazing at them through the open doos
Nor wholly reassured and comforted
By promises of others in their stead,
Which, tho more splendid, may not please him more.
So Nature deals with us, and takes away
Oun laythings one by one, and by the hand
Leads us to rest so gently, that we go
Scarce knowing if we wish to go or or stay,
Being too full of sleep to understand
How far the unknown transcends the what we know.
-Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.
will hang on memory's wall will be
the dear little spot that all the flowers loved, tucked snugly away behind the hill.

MISS KATE V. WOFFORD.

## Timely Recipes.

## TOMATO MUSTARD



## "Fern Hollow."

MRS. Patterson's recent article mind brought many things to my forgotten. The stories told to Margaret reminded me of my own "fairy days" when there was a story con nected with every flower and leat nected with every flower and leaf about them I made one real story about them, I made one and told it
to my younger brothers and sisters.
There was a dear little spot tucked away down in our pasture where we told our stories. We loved it and bestowed our most fanciful name on it. We called it "Fern Hollow."

Perhaps the reason we loved it so well was because of its quietness. There was scarcely ever a sound in our "Fern Hollow." Even the branch that encircled it like a huge arm ran quieter there. Perhaps you will say that there were no rocks nor falls to make the sound but we believed that it was the influence of the place. Even the little red-headed, freckled-faced boy who was not reached often through his emotions said that, "he wouldn't mind being good in Fern Hollow.
It was here that we made the acquaintance of "The Arabian Nights" and other fairy stories. Whether it was the influence of the place, tha stories, or both, I do not know, but I remember some blissful conversations held with the flowers, thinking that they understood.

It was here, also that we met and loved the knights and ladies of long ago. Especially we loved the stories of the Crusaders. Immediately we forsook the conversation with flowers and became warriors. We bent small pine trees and mounted them. We found adventure a plenty and I shall never forget the thrills of rapture that ran up and down my spinal column in the satisfaction of duty well done, when I rescued a stunted, beaten-down dogwood from the clutches of a bramble brier.

Those were happy days that will never be forgotten. Dear old "Fern Hollow," tho grown up from disuse, Is still the same cool quiet spot where children wanted to be good. We have not forgotten after all and one of the best loved pictures that Cut corn thin and scrape the cob. Put in
giass jar filing nearly full and finlsh fllling
with warm water. Screw top on, not tight, with warm water. Screw top on, not tight,
without rubber. Set jars in vessel with a cover and a cloth under the jars to prevent
breaking. Let the water in the vessel come breaking. Let the water in the vessel come
about half-way of the Jars. Boil briskly
for three hours, remove jars for three hours, remove jars from vessel,
put the rubber on and seal. Put back in
vessel and boil about 30 minutes. Remove from vessel, tighten lids again and put in
a dark place.-Mrs. T. M. McKay, Vicks-
burg, Misa

BAKED APPLE AND NUTS. The old-time baked apple is muchly improved by baking with nuts. Wash and
core the fruit, peeling, if you do not care
for the baked peeling. In the cevity each apple put a level tablespoon of sugar
each a and a teaspoon of chopped nuts. Sprinkle
the apples light1y with clnnamon or nut-
meg, pour water into the pan allowing a cupful to every two. apples. Ban allowing a slowly
until tender and. Berve hot or cold with
cream.-Mrs. W.
Miss. Mulling, Cliftonville, cream.
Miss.

APPLE MERINGUE.
For this the fruit is baked as usual. mallows, jelly or marmalade. The meringue is made from the whites of two eggs for
every half pound of sugar. The egg is
beaten until stiff beaten untll stiff and dry, then the sugg is
added a little at a time unti all uused up.
After flavoring with a good faverlan it After flavoring with a good flavoring. it it
poured over thee apples and browned inghtly
in a quick oven.-Mrs. W. S. Mulling, C1 tonville, Miss.

## APPLE AMBER

Chop $\%$ pound of apples that have been
peeled and cored, and 4 ounces of suet Mix these into 6 , annces of bread of suet. 2 each of flour and sugar, and add 2 well
beaten eggs and a 11 ttle grated lemon beaten eggs and a ittle grated lemon peel
and nutmeg. Butter a plain mold, and after
beating the batter well turn it into the mold beating the batter well turn it into the mold and tie a cloth over the top. Put a astand
into the bottom of the kettie and set the
pudding dish on top of that. then poren pudding dis
boiling wat
reaches with

aking care not to let the water get hours,
Mrs. W. S. Mullins, Cliftonville, Miss.

## TOMATO JAM

Half pound of sugar to 1 pound of tomafor 24 hours; remove juice and strainn; put
the porcelain kettle, bring to and hi porcelain kettle, bring to a boli put and
skim: then put back the tomatoes with a skim; then put back the tomatoes with a
handful of stick elmnamon (tied in a cloth): atir constantly (never leaving in for a sec-
ond). About ten minuten before removing from the fire take out the cernnamon bag
and add 1 teacupful good vinegar to 1 gal lon of Jam. Boll untll ft winegar to not geparate.
Place in fars when cold. N .


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