

Why the Reputation of the Bates Steel Mule for Durability?

HERE is a larger proportion of steel and hardened working parts used in the construction of the Bates Steel Mule than probably in any other tractor manufactured in America today.

The powerful motor and rugged transmission of the Bates Steel Mule are put together as a unit power plant that cannot be racked or twisted by any action of the rough ground over which the machine must travel.

The two oscillating Crawlers attached to the solid powerplant are independently flexible to conform to the rough surface of the ground. This practically eliminates all internal strains and greatly contributes to the long life of the working parts. All rotating parts of the Bates Steel Mule, with the exception of those in the motor, run on nickel steel Roller Bearings, eliminating practically all friction and wear.

Bates Crawler Shoes have hardened steel parts and are 100% oversize - that's why they last for years. The front wheels make easy steering and comfortable riding.

> you are not acquainted with the Bates Steel Mule aler in your territory, write direct to factory.

Fast Plowing for Cotton Seed Bed



Grind Your Own Grain

and make money grinding for others, with a pearl-filnt, native buhr grist mill. 25 per cent, lighter running. Wick oiling bearings. Ball bearing division positively will not let stones drift together. Better production greater capacity. production, greater capacity, better screening, better cleaning, cool running.

Williams Improved and

Liberty Grist Mills Produce greater capacity of a very high grade of table meal, grits, buck-wheat and graham flour. Also chops for stock feed, from all kinds of grain. Will operate with much less power than other makes. Write for our illustrated cata-logue which gives detailed description of







Carolina and Virginia

is sweeping over the North and West is now reaching the South in formidable proportions.

On Saturday, November 27, the Virginia Farm Bureau will hold its first immediate steps that are far-reaching annual meeting in Roanoke, Va., at We shall not accomplish much until the auditorium of the Association of we start work on bedrock. The Cali-Commerce. E. H. Sanders, of Max- fornia prune and apricot growers have meadows, Va., is president, and E. K. set a fundamental example in cooper-Coyner, Marion, Va., secretary.

Last week at Salisbury, N. C., the North Carolina State Federation of bacco and cotton associations for the Farm Bureaus was organized with the purpose of selling the entire crops. Of following officers: President, B. B. course, we cannot hope to get all of Miller, of Rowan; first vice-president, each crop, and I would suggest an J. A. Young, Guilford; second vice-

Farm Bureaus Organizing in North Tobacco Growers Ready to Sign

THE farm bureau movement which THE county agent in one of North Carolina's foremost tobacco counties in a letter to the Editor of The Progressive Farmer says:

"In my opinion, we need to take ative marketing.

"My suggestion is to start both toassociation plan which would permit president, D. J. Lybrook, Forsyth; sec- working conditions to be established

WHAT SOME OF OUR FARMERS ARE THINKING

FTHERE is any doubt that our farmers are thinking about their present situation and are ready for a real business organization that will act instead of talk, such letters as these will soon convince the skeptical. Now is the time for farm bureaus to get under way and for cotton organisations to justify their existence by getting down to business.

Phil Campbell, Ala., November 16, 1920.

Editor, The Progressive Farmer:

In and during the present price decline in all the farm produce the farmer produced to sell, we fell upon our knees and cried out very loudly to our Congressmen, Senators and our President. We have appealed to the merchants and the bankers of the country for aid, but alas! they hear us not, when in other times they were our best friends. It reminds me of a lesson that I learned when I was a schoolboy. A little hare lived in the woods and in time of peace had many friends—the cow, horse and sheep and calf and even the goat were her friends. But as time passed. the hounds chased the poor thing, causing her to seek safety. She went to her friends, but trouble was near; all her friends had an excuse, so she took to her heels and was soon out of danger. We farmers of the South find ourselves in the same condition. Everybody was our friend, but now nobody wants to be.

The farmers met at Washington, the bankers at New Orleans; the American Cotton Association was formed. All this has been done for the farmers-not in action, but in talk and resolution. It is time to quit talking and arguing. Trouble is here, so let us take a lesson from the hare and take ourselves out of danger. We must not depend on our "friends." We must organize and unite among ourselves, enter into ironclad contracts on the California plan, and all be willing to agree to market our crops, especially cotton, through a thoroughly systematic, scientific cotton marketing organization, controlled by cotton growers only and managed by the best and most honest business talent to be had in the marketing world. We must put honest, active leaders to look out for our interests that will serve us instead of helping the bears of Wall Street in our destruction. We want Action-we must have Action now.

> Yours truly J. H. GARRISON.

Supply, Ark., November 13, 1920.

Editors, The Progressive Farmer Gentlemen:

Find stamp enclosed for which please put me in touch with the Cotton Growers' Organization, also tell me how to proceed toward local organization.

I am sure the farmers are ripe for organization here, and it is up to some one to take the initial step.

I read the contract published in your last issue and believe it to be the most practical solution of the problem yet offered.

Yours very truly, E. L. MORRIS.

retary, J. M. Gray, Asheville; treas- only when 75 per cent of the crop has urer, J. L. Fisher, Rowan; directors, been secured, I believe if our farm-L. L. Roberts, Madison; W. H. Pharr, ers understand that the association Mecklenburg; W. B. Crawford, Iredell; L. C. Arrow, Gaston; Mr. Morehouse, Wilkes; Mr. Leonard, David-period of five years or more, they will son. The following 10 counties have already organized farm bureaus: Guilford, Davidson, Rowan, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Rutherford, Iredell, Forsyth, Wilkes, and Madison. Six secured. In my opinion, hundreds of other counties were-represented at the state meeting.

In the North and West, the farm bureau is acting as the general farmers' organization, with special branches for marketing grain, marketing livestock, and other business matters. In Texas, the farm bureau and state cotton organizations have just been merged, the cotton association becoming the cotton branch of the state farm bureau. It now looks as though nearly every Western state and most of the Southern states will be organized in the farm bureau movement before the big national meeting at Indianapolis December 6, 7, and 8.

will not attempt to handle the products until 75 per cent of it is pledged for a gladly join the association. Such an understanding would show the farmer at once that the association will not be so weak that results cannot be signatures could immediately be obtained in this county for such a plan

of marketing tobacco. "The one big faculty which now stands in the way is the lack of strong county and state farm oureaus to sponsor and put on foot such organ-

ization. "If North Carolina had fifty to seventy-five thousand Jureau members, it would be comparatively easy to put marketing associations across. I believe it can be done without them, but I also believe it can be done more keep everlastingly hammering on the organization of the farm bureau."