

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Democracy is all right because it is all right.

Charlotte Democrats have formed an "Anti-Force Bill Club."

Does high protection benefit the working men? Ask the people of Homestead, Pa.

The Democratic central executive committee elected Robert H. Cowan, of Pittsboro, secretary.

The educational qualification in Mississippi has put the white voters of that State in the majority.

Why not call him Blacklaw Reid? He wants the Force bill passed to put the South under negro dominion.

Another congressional candidate in the old Fifth may be looked for. The Prohibitionists will put a man out.

Jim Weaver and Jim Fields are the nominees of the Omaha convention. But the Third party cannot break into the white house the worn-out old jimmies.

With four candidates in the field—Democratic, People's party and two Republican—lively times in this congressional district are in store. The present political mess breaks the record.

Mr. Carnegie cannot contribute enough money to the Republican corruption fund to counteract the effect of the Homestead tragedy. His help to the Democratic cause is unexpected and unintentional, but it goes.

Election "stickers"—things of paper and gum—have been in use in the South for years. We can stand them, but we draw the line at the sharp, steel "stickers" the Republicans with their Force bill want to send down this way.

Granville has two candidates for congressional honors. And a Granville man will represent the Fifth District of North Carolina in the next National House of Representatives. And the name of that Granville man is Hon. A. H. A. Williams, the Democrat.

DEMOCRACY AND TRUSTS.

The Democracy, which is the real party of the people, is out and out opposed to trust. It is using every means in its power to crush out these giant monopolies. An important action in this direction was taken in Congress a few days ago, the following account of which we get from the Durham Sun, and which shows that our staunch and tireless representative Hon. A. H. A. Williams is doing his whole duty:

"Representatives Harter, Beaman and Williams (North Carolina,) a majority of the trusts subcommittee of the House Manufactures Committee, have made a report to the full committee. The report says that the subcommittee finds trust, combinations and associations in control of the production, distribution and prices of very many of the most important articles of general consumption in the United States. The consequences are wholly bad and absolutely without any redeeming feature whatever. Prices to the consumer are increased, while the wages and occupation of those persons employed by the trusts are rendered less remunerative. Condemning all past and existing legislation in regard to trusts as insufficient and impracticable, the subcommittee recommends and requests the full committee to petition the House of Representatives to take such prompt action as will result in placing upon the free list without delay (and permit their importation without obligation to pay any tariff taxes whatever) all articles the manufacture, price, sale, or distribution of which is, or may come, under the control or direction of any trust, association or combination whatever."

Owen, Barbour & Smith have the largest assortment of Buggies shown in this section of the State. They make a specialty of vehicles and will sell you as close as any one.

RADS SPLIT AT GREENSBORO.

Both Settle and Amis Nominated for Congress.

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 14.—Thomas Settle, of Reidsville, was nominated for Congress in the Fifth District today by a vote of 134 to 3. The convention was organized with Mr. Mangum, of Durham, chairman. The Amis men took exception to some of the rulings of the temporary chairman, and Walkes Carey, of Caswell, introduced resolutions that as the convention appeared not in a mood to harmonize that they adjourn until some future time. This produced a storm of opposition from the Settle rank and resolutions were downed. Carey then arose, and calling to his friend to follow him, bolted the convention followed by nearly all of the negroes.

Mr. Ray, of Reidsville, placed Mr. Settle in nomination, but as all the Amis men had bolted his name was not placed in nomination. The roll of counties being called, three of the number refused to cast their vote. By this time the convention was in a perfect uproar, the negroes yelling out, "You'll hear from us in November," etc.

W. P. Bynum, of this county, was nominated elector for this district.

Mr. Settle, in his speech of acceptance, denounced Hon. John Brower, of Surry, as the traitor who had caused the split in the convention today.

Another convention was held by the bolters, who were from Granville, Person, Caswell, Orange and a part of Durham, and they nominated unanimously Rufus Amis, of Granville.

Strikes Under McKinleyism.

The strike at Homestead, with the resulting riot and bloodshed, is one of the most instructive object-lessons that has yet been furnished of the practical effects and workings of the McKinley Tariff act. The country was promised by the advocates of McKinleyism an era of unexampled prosperity and a general increase of wages along the whole line if the McKinley bill should be enacted into law. It was so enacted and the fruits of nearly two years of its operation are before the country.

The man whose wages have been increased in consequence of the passage of that bill has not yet been found, although he has been sought throughout the length and breadth of the land. From a hundred platforms campaign orators have demanded that he be pointed out. He has been advertised for through the columns of the daily press, with great persistence, but he has not been discovered. He has no existence.

But the men whose wages have been reduced since the McKinley act went into effect are legion. These have been no instant of time since the McKinley tariff act went into effect that there has not been in progress, somewhere within the United States, a strike against a proposed reduction of wages in some protected industry.

The Weekly World will publish today an extensive article, occupying more than ten columns of space, setting forth in great detail the dates, places, number involved and the causes of these strikes. It is a startling array of facts, gathered by much labor and expense, and is a complete refutation of the claim that high tariff make high wages.

There have been 473 of these strikes.—New York World.

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The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. G. Hall. mch.4-1y

A battle occurred at Frisco mine and Gem mine at the town of Gem, Idaho, Monday morning, between 5 and 6 o'clock, between union miners and non-union miners. The fight lasted several hours and four men were killed. The Frisco mine was blown up during the fight and is a complete wreck. After the mine was blown up the non-union men of the Frisco mine hung out a flag of truce. Hostilities then ceased and about sixty men surrendered.

Mr. Stevenson has a letter from Mr. Cleveland which invites him and his family to visit the Cleavelands at Gray Gables. Mr. Stevenson will accept the invitation after he has met the notification committee in New York July 20.

SUBSTANCE OF THE FORCE BILL.

Few persons have read the Federal election or Force Bill, as passed by the Republican House in the last Congress, because of its length. It made a pamphlet of seventy-six pages. The following, reprinted from the New York Sun, gives the substance of that infamous bill:

Chief supervisors of elections in judicial districts are charged with the execution of the law, which is to apply to Federal elections in cities of 20,000 inhabitants and upward, and in entire congressional districts exclusive of such cities upon application to the supervisor of 100 voters, or in counties and parishes forming a part of a congressional district upon application from fifty voters. The supervisors are to guard, scrutinize, and supervise registration and every act or incident connected with registration and plans for ascertaining who are legal voters. Upon notice from the chief supervisors the United States circuit courts are required to open for the purpose of transacting registration and election matters.

The supervisors are to be appointed by the circuit courts—three in each election district or voting precinct, only two of whom are to be of the same political party. These supervisors are to attend all registrations in their districts, challenge persons, personally inspect and copy the original registration-books and papers, attend elections, and detect and expose the improper or wrongful manipulation of the lists. In case of failure of local election officers to put the statutory oath to a challenged voter, and to pass at once upon his qualifications, then the supervisors are to apply the test and receive and deposit the vote, making a list of all such challenges. They are also to personally inspect ballot-boxes before elections, keep independent polllists, and enclose rejected votes (endorsed with the name of the voter) in envelopes. In addition to these duties, the supervisors are required to make—in towns of 20,000 people and upward—a thorough house-to-house canvass before election, to inform voters upon inquiry where and in what box to deposit their ballots, and to scrutinize naturalizations.

In canvassing the vote the State laws are to govern, except: All ballots are to be counted by tens, first by an inspector of election and second by a supervisor, the local election officers and the supervisors keeping separate tally-sheets, which are to be compared and the result publicly announced. Ballots deposited in the wrong box are to be counted. Returns are to be made by the supervisors in duplicate to the clerks of the United States circuit courts and to the chief supervisor who is to tabulate and refer them to the United States Board of Canvassers of the congressional vote, which is to be appointed by the United States Circuit Court, and consisting of three citizens of the State and persons of good repute, not more than two of whom are to be of the same political party. The board is to convene on November 15th each even year and is to declare and certify the result of the election and send one return to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, one to the Governor of the State, and one to the proper chief supervisor of elections. The Clerk of the House is to place upon the roll of members-elect the names of the persons declared elected by the United States canvassers, in case there is a difference in the result reached by them and by the State election officers. A penalty of between \$1,000 and \$5,000 is provided in case the clerk neglects this duty.

All ballot-boxes are to be clearly inscribed with their nature, and boxes are to be kept in plain sight and open to inspection. Bribery or attempted bribery of voters or election officers is made punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment for not more than five years or both. Like severe penalties are provided for false registration and voting repeating, coercion of supervisors or voters, improper conduct of election officers, false canvassing, ballot-box stuffing, fraudulent ballot distribution, resistance to a supervisor's lawful commands, breach of the peace at registration or election, intimidation, and almost every kind of election fraud.

It is not necessarily to be supposed that the Republican revolutionists would revive the force bill absolutely as it passed the House in 1890, but certainly the main and worst features of that bill would be in their new bill, with additional sections more infamous yet where the experience of two years' disappointed malice might show them to be needed to secure the perpetuation of Republican misrule.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Town Land Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF MORTGAGE made by B. H. Cozart and wife to N. B. Cannady, trustee, dated May 30th, 1888, and duly recorded in Book 30, pages 357 and 8 in the Registers office for Granville county, N. C., to secure the bond therein mentioned, which bond has not been paid, I will, on the first day of August, next (it being the first Monday) at the court house door in Oxford, N. C., sell to the highest bidder, for cash, all the land mentioned and conveyed in said deed of mortgage, which is situate on the east side of New College street and adjoining the lands of Dr. L. C. Taylor, Fielding Knott and others. Sale at 12 o'clock m.
N. B. CANNADY, Trustee.
July 1.
Oxford, N. C., June 28, 1892.

Sale of Land and Personal Property.

BY VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO AUTHORITY conferred upon me by a certain deed in trust executed by Rufus Garrett and Emma Garrett his wife, recorded in Book 32, page 592, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Granville county, I shall, at 12 o'clock noon, Monday, the 1st day of August, 1892, at the court house door in Oxford, N. C., sell to the highest bidder, for cash, on the property conveyed in said trust deed to-wit: One tract of land in Fishing Creek township, adjoining the lands of Thomas Bobbitt and others, containing 10 acres more or less, one town lot on Hillsboro street in the town of Oxford, two horses and one two-horse wagon. This, the 27th day of June, 1892.
J. H. LONG, Trustee.
July 1.

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