THE

Whig and Advocate.

SALISBURY, N. C.:

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1855.

Office on Main street, a few doors Northeast of the Court House.

☞ **H. Hogan Helper, Esq.,** is the authorized Agent of the Whig & Advocate, and will attend to the obtaining and settlement of subscriptions and Office accounts.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of Miller & James (the Editors and Proprietors of the Whig and Advocate) is dissolved from this date, by mutual consent.

September 21st, 1855.

G. A. Miller, (the Senior Editor) has disposed of his interest in the Office to James F. Bell jr. late the Junior Editor of the Carolina Watchman. By special agreement G. A. Miller has consented to conduct the editorial department of the Whig and Advocate until the 30th of October next at which time the 3d Vol. of the paper will expire and he will close his editorial connection with the paper and State.

All persons indebted to the late Firm of Miller and James are earnestly requested to pay up immediately to Bell and James, and those who have claims against the Firm will present them for payment and settlement to the Firm of Bell and James.

HUMOR IN WOMAN.

Humor, says Webster, "is a quality of the imagination which gives to ideas a wild or fantastic turn, and tends to excite laughter or mirth by ludicrous images or representations." Have the female sex this quality? We would be glad if some of our cotemporaries would answer this question to the satisfaction of the public. We have seen Women of wit, of common sense, of fine imaginations, of exquisite sensibilities, but never, a female humorist. We can easily conceive that a Woman might write a Novel equal or superior to Walter Scott, or weave into song, verses as undying as Milton or Shakspeare—but no female brain ever has, and we believe never will, give to life and immortality, such creations as Hudibras, Don Quixote or Irvings Knickerbocker's History of New York. Women seldom joke, and never tell anecdotes with any just appreciation of the ludicrous—their talents may incline them "from grave to gay, from witty to severe" but never to that sly, mental power which kills folly and vice on the wing, more by the side wing, than the point of the shaft. Shakspeare, who sketched his characters from life, has not portrayed a single female humorist. He has given to the world a heartless and ambitious Lady Macbeth, a fiendlike Regan and Goneril, a loving Juliet and a faithful Desdemona—but no female Falstaff.

We know in writing this article, we are playing with edged tools, but being half sick, and politics at this time having lost much of its vitality, we concluded to strike a string which ever gives out a fresh and joyful sound—Woman! We hope we will not be met with that *jubilee* of praise, nor that cataract of criticism which a *long* time ago befel a certain editorial wight here, for presuming to pen an article on a similar subject. If so, we excuse ourself in advance, by saying we are absent this week at Davie Superior Court. If this is not sufficient, we reckon our Devil will stand up to the rack, fire or no fire. Now, if any one chooses to attack us in our intrenched position, all we have to say is, let him fire away—and fall back—let him single out from the pen of the Historian, Poet or Novelist a female humorist, and we will declare on our corporal that we are—in error! There is much virtue in this article, if it could only be seen and extracted—but it will require sharp eyes to see, and strong teeth to bring it out.

FORCE OF HABIT.

Two singular instances of the force of habit came under our observation on Friday morning last, during the progress of the fire. The first we shall mention, was the usual question we put to our Junior of a morning—"Have you been to the Post Office?" when at the time the Post Office was nothing but a bank of ashes and flames—and the second was the seeing of Dr. Sill, Sr., walking near the ruins of his burning tenement with his lighted lantern—the same which has guided his dignified and industrious foot-steps for so many years through storm and darkness. Such is the force of habit! Who can calculate its power, either for good or evil? Let the young beware!

MAIL AGENT.

OBADIAH WOODSON, Esq., has received the appointment of Mail Agent, on the Western end of the N. C. Rail Road. We are pleased to announce so good an appointment to this important post. We are sure no more careful, correct, and faithful man, to every responsibility of office could be found in the State.

☞ The Rowan County Agricultural Society will hold its annual Fair at O. G. Foard's Mineral Spring, on the second Thursday in October.

"WOOD LEAF," is the name of a new Post Office just established on the Wilkesboro' road, eight or nine miles west of this place, Mr. Daniel Wood, P. M.

FIRE.

THE Dwelling, Outhouses, and Drug Store of Drs. Sill & Sill, the Post-Office and a building adjoining the Post-Office (the property of John I. Shaver Esq.,) and the Law-Office of A. H. Caldwell, Esq., were consumed by fire in this town, on last Friday morning. The fire originated in the Drug Store of Drs. Sill & Sill about one or two o'clock A. M., and public opinion at the time we go to Press, is devided whether it was caused by accident or whether it was the work of some black-hearted incendiary.

The sufferers have the heart-felt sympathies of this community and we hope their wants will be considered and their losses supplied with the same noble disinterestedness and alacrity which was exhibited by the Fire Company and the citizens and strangers generally who were present, in staying the ravages of the devouring element. The slaves too, (as we have always noticed on such occasions) did their duty with promptness and fidelity.

The brick store house now occupied by W. J. Mills, Esq., is considerably injured by the cracking of the wall on the side exposed to the fire, and Mr. Mills is otherwise a loser by damage and mutilation to his books and other effects and a temporary suspension of his business.

The Court House and Mansion Hotel, and possibly nearly the whole town was saved from utter destruction by the human efforts made, aided by the Providential calmness of the wind. No lives were lost, or any serious personal injuries inflicted.

☞ EVERETT, the celebrated Magician, and his company, performed to a pleased and crowded house here on Friday and Saturday nights last.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—A State Convention of this Order is to meet at Raleigh on October 15th.

☞ "BLACKWOOD" for September, is received.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—The committee appointed by the late Lexington (Missouri) Convention have issued an address to the people of the United States, denouncing the sending of emigrants to Kansas by societies in the free States, as dangerous and calculated to circumscribe slavery to its present limits, and defeat the true intent of the Nebraska bill. The address also declares that the rejection of Kansas as a slave State would be a gross insult to the South: an assertion that slavery is incompatible with Republicanism, and an equivocal step towards disunion. The document is signed by J. A. Napton, late supreme Judge; Sterling Price, the present Governor of Missouri, and Mordecai Oliver, a member of Congress from that State.

WOODS HOLE, Mass., Sept. 24.—The schooner Joseph James, from Georgetown, South Carolina, bound to Bangor, was picked up near the Great Rip and brought into Edgartown, the captain and crew being all down with the yellow fever and unable to navigate.

ENGLISH COLLEGE AT ROME.—The Pope having determined to found an English College at Rome, to supply the want of Clergymen of the Romish faith in England and the United States, a general collection has been taken up in all the Roman Catholic churches and chapels of that country in aid of the project.

RAIL ROAD BURNT.—We learn from Adams & Co.'s Express messenger, who runs between Charleston and this city, that about a hundred yards of the South Carolina Railroad were consumed by fire yesterday, at or near Ross's station, distant about thirty miles from Charleston. The fire was communicated from the adjoining woods, and was accidental. The passengers and baggage were transferred from the up-train to the down-train, and experienced but little delay. *Columbia Times.*

ATTEMPT TO MURDER.—On Tuesday last the Editor of the Georgia Citizen, Dr. L. F. W. Andrews, was assaulted by the Editor of the Georgia Telegraph and three other individuals, with clubs and severely beaten. Dr. Andrews says he had never used any personalities towards his assailant and never had any personal difficulty with him prior to the assault; hence he believes that the attempt to murder was because of defence of the Principles of the American Party, of which he claims to be a member. The assaulting party had rendezvoused at a dram shop kept by an Irish Catholic. *Columbia Times.*

MORTALITY—The number of deaths in New York, last week, was 825, a decrease of 107; in Boston 91, a decrease of 34; in Philadelphia 205, an increase of 13; and in Baltimore 103, a decrerse of 20 from the previous week.

CHOLERA IN KANSAS.—Malignant Cholera has made its appearance opposite St. Joseph's Missouri.

The Fever at Norfolk.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26.

The Yellow Fever at Norfolk and Portsmouth is now abating—the cool weather having had a favorable effect.

Yellow Fever at the South.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24.

The yellow fever epidemic here has ceased. There were 214 deaths last week, including 89 from yellow fever.

The disease is, however, bad at Alexandria, and along the Red, Ouachita and Atchafalaya Rivers.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.

Cotton is unchanged. Sales of 1,600 bales. Flour steady. Wheat unchanged. Turpentine firmer. Rosin steady. Rice quiet.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer America.

FALL OF SEBASTOPOL!!

HALIFAX, Sept. 27.

The steamer America has arrived, with Liverpool dates of September 15.

She brings the important news that Sebastopol was taken by the Allies, on the 8th, after three days' bombardment and six unsuccessful assaults.

The loss of the allies was 30,000 men. The French lost five generals, including Bosquet. The Russians evacuated the town, after blowing up the defences, sinking the ships and burning the houses. Nothing but smouldering ruins were left.

The allies were marching along the coast to cut off the retreat of the Russian army.

Cotton was easier, owing to an advance in the Bank rates of interest. Sales of the week 46,000 balas.

Breadstuffs dull and unchanged. Consols 90¼.

Second Despatch.

Of the sales of cotton during the week, speculators took 6,000.

The advance in the rate of interest is to 4½ per cent., and another advance was expected.

Advices from Manchester were less favorable.

Wheat had advanced 1d. The weather was favorable and the crops promising.

Provisions were dull and unchanged in price. Sugar had advanced 1s.

Money was more stringent.

The steamer Pacific arrived out on the 15th.

The loss in the storming of Sebastopol was 15,000 men on the side of the Allies, and 15,000 on that of the Russians. This is the statement of the French and English journals, from whom these reports are derived.

Immense materials of war fell into the hands of the Allies.

It is stated that the Allied Generals have received orders to demand the unconditional surrender of all Russian troops, stores and defences, including Odessa.

Further by the America.

The intelligence of the fall of Sebastopol was received at London with extravagant demonstrations of joy. The fact was officially announced in the theatre and all public places.

Sebastopol was attacked on the morning of the 8th at four different points. The French under Bosquet assailed the Malakoff, the English attacked the Redan, and combined force of English, French and Sardinians assaulted the Central Bastions. All these attacks were made simultaneously, with great energy and spirit, supported by a terrific cannonade, but the assailants nevertheless were six times thrown back with terrible slaughter. Finally, however the divisions of Bosquet and McMahon succeeded in effecting a lodgement in the Malakoff, and the Russians finding all efforts to drive them out fruitless, evacuated the south side of Sebastopol, destroying everything, and leaving nothing but ruins behind. They crossed the harbor to the north side, destroying the bridges behind them. After the capture of the Malakoff, Gen. De Sales attempted twice to take the Central Bastion, but was driven back by the Russians with frightful loss.

Gen. Bosquet to whom the honors of the day are principally due, perished in the final assault. The losses of the allies were enormous.

The following are the despatches relating to this great event:

Gen. Simpson telegraphs on the 9th that the south side of Sebastopol was in the hands of the allies; the Russians having evacuated the place on the preceeding evening, after exploding their magazines, setting fire to the town, and burning all their shipping except three steamers. The bridge communicating with the north side was destroyed by the retiring Russians.

The French Minister of War says: "Karabelnia, and the south side of Sebastopol have ceased to exist. The enemy, perceiving our solid occupation, evacuted the place, after blowing up nearly all the defences.

Prince Gortschakoff, the Russian commander, telegraphs on the 9th as follows: "The defenders of Sebastopol, after sustaining 'a fire of hell' for three days, and repulsing six assaults, could not drive the enemy from the Malakoff. Our brave troops resisted to the last extremity, and the enemy found nothing in the southern part of Sebastopol but blood-stained ruins."

The successful assault on Sebastopol was made by the divisions of Generals Bosquet and McMahon.

The allies were doing great damage along the Sea Azoff. They had destroyed Russian merchandize valued at several millions.

The last despatch relative to Sebastopol is dated at Paris on Saturday, and states that 25,000 allies had left Balaklava for the north side of Sebastopol, and that the Russians were in full retreat. Other accounts, however, state that the Russians were in possession of all the forts on the north side, and that the fleets could not enter the harbor until Fort Constantine was reduced.

Bellemere, who attempted to assassinate Napoleon, was clearly shown to be insane, and will not therefore be tried, but will be sent to an asylum.

It is reported that Austria has offered to meditate between Denmark and the United States.

The Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.

There were 40 deaths from yellow fever at Vicksburg last week, and 20 at Canton, Miss.

FURTHER ACCOUNTS FROM SEBASTOPOL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.

All the accounts relative to the fall of Sebastopol emanate from the Governments of France and England, with the exception of Prince Gortschakoff's despatch. It is generally conceded that the allies hold the city proper, embracing the works on the south side, while the Russians hold the promotory and forts on the north side of the harbor. The works on the north side are immensely strong, and it is generally understood that the Russians will defend them to the last extremity, contesting every inch of ground. The report in London that the Russians were falling back upon Bachti Serai is not credited. The Paris papers are discussing the question whether the south side of Sebastopol can be held by the allies while the Russians hold the forts on the north side. The aggregate loss of life in the battle of the 8th is estimated at something between 30 and 40,000.

Further by the America.

Admiral Brunat telegraphs on the 10th that the mind cannot conceive the multiplicity of the works of defence, which by far exceed anything in the annals of war.

The capture of the Malakoff placed in the hands of the Allies immense materials.

On the 12th, he says the Allies were hastening preparations to prevent Gortschakoff's retreat inland.

The Moniteur says the French lost 2,000 in killed and 4,500 wounded, and the English 2,000 killed and wounded.

Gortschakaff says 500 Russians were wounded in the attack, and 100 killed in crossing the Bay. The accounts are very indefinite and contradictory.

The Brussels "Du Nord" says that Sebastopol of the south has been replaced by Sebastopol of the north, a formidable position, bristling with innumerable guns, which a compact army will henceforward defend. Gortschakoff, by a momentary sacrifice, avoided the useless effusion of blood, preserved his army, and placed it in a situation which enables him to command the south side of the harbor.

Later from Havana.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER GRANADA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.

The steamer Granada, with Havana dates of the 28th, has arrrived. She brings no news of moment. Sugar has further advanced—brown 7½ a 7¾ cents.

Mail Contract.

WASHINGRON, Sept. 25.

The railroads between Washington and New York to-day came back to their old time of starting, having failed to induce the Department to forward the mails from this city an hour and a half earlier. The whole affair is looked upon here as a futile attempt to compel the Department to withdraw the mail contract from the Virginia Central Road.

Grand Masonic Celebration in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 24.

It is estimated that thirty thousand persons, principally ladies, visited the new Masonic Hall to-day, and about one hundred thousand during the four days it has been open to the public. The Masons are making great preparations for the dedicatory on Wednesday next. The procession is to be very grand, and a banquet will be given in the evening to the delegates from Grand Lodges in other States who may be present by invitation.

Charleston Market.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 27.

Sales of cotton for the week 3,500 bales, at a decline of ⅛ a ⅛ cent. Receipts 75,000 bales. Stock 6,800 bales. Rice unchanged. Wheat advanced 2 a 5 cents. Flour unchanged.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.

Cotton is dull, at ½ cent decline. Sales of 4,250 bales.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.

Cotton is dull—sales of 200 bales. Flour firm.—Ohio $7.87. Wheat is unsettled. Corn is lower. Turpentine is heavy—crude firm. Rosin quiet. Rice steady.

Charleston Markit.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 28.

Sales to-day of two thousand bales Cotton, at yesterday's rates.

MARRIAGES.

MARRIED—In this County, on the 20th ultimo, by Jesse Thomason, Esq., Mr. CHARLES B. DICKSON, to Miss SARAH ANN GRAHAM.

In this County, on the 27th ultmo, by Jesse Thomasson, Esq., Mr. JOHN BARGER, to Miss MARGARET BRIGGS.

In Alton, Texas, on the 28th of August last, by Rev. S. A. Venters, D. D., Dr. F. A. CASH, formerly of Huntsville, N. C., to Miss MARGARET LOVEJOY, daughter of John L. Lovejoy, an old settler of Texas.

In Iredell County, on the 19th ult., by Rev'd P. H. Dalton, Mr. AULSTON DAVIDSON, to Miss PRUDENCE B., daughter of J. Newton Morrison, Esq.

DEATHS.

DIED—In this Town, on the 29th ult., FREDERICK, son of Dr. John Swann, aged 3 years and 6 months.

In Canton, Mississippi, on the 2d day of September, Mrs. SLAUGHTER, widow of the late Wm. H. Slaughter, aged 80 years.

MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY, BY W. J. MILLS.

SALISBURY Oct. 3, 1855.

Apples, (dried)	62½	Nails,	6½ a 7½
Bacon,	12 a 14	Oats,	25 a 30
Cotton,	6½ a 9	Irish Potatoes	40 a 45
Cotton Yarn,	75 a 80	Sweet "	60
Coffee,	14½ a 15	Sugar, brown	10 a 12
Corn,	50 a 55	Do. loaf,	12½ 13
Beeswax,	20	Salt, per sack	$3
Butter,	12 a 15	Tallow,	12
Flour, bbl.	$5¾ 6½	Wheat,	90 a $1
Feathers, lb.	35 a 37½	Pork,	5½ a 6
Iron,	4 a 5	Chickens, per dz.	$1½ 1½
Linseed Oil,	$1	Eggs,	6½ a 8
Molasses,	50 a 60	Lard,	9½ a 10
	Whiskey 50 a 60.		

Land for Sale!

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Equity, obtained at last Spring Term, I shall offer for public sale, at the Court House, in Salisbury, on the 6th day of November next, being Tuesday of November Court week,

600 ACRES OF LAND,

lying on Third Creek, adjoining the Lands of W. B. Wood, deceased, and others. Said lands will be sold upon the petition of B. B. Roberts, Guardian of Sarah E. and James A. McDonald.

Terms of sale twelve months credit, bond and security.

L. BLACKMER, C.M.E.

October 3, 1855—6t46 (Printers fee $3)

Land and Mill for Sale.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY IS here presented by the subscriber to any one wishing to purchase the above property. The tract consists of

150 ACRES,

of the best Land in Rowan County, about half of which is most splendidly timbered, and the other is under a high state of cultivation. On the tract is also a large and excellent meadow.

THE MILL

is newly repaired, and is situated at a good distance from any other mill, and has heretofore commanded an extensive patronage. Its situation, in the midst of as fine grain growing land as there is in the country, would make it a safe investment to any one desiring to purchase such property.

The land lies thirteen miles west of Salisbury, adjoining the lands of Maria Cowan, Robert Harris and others. Terms will be made accommodating to the purchaser, if application be made soon to me at my ressdence six miles west of Salisbury, on the Lincoln road. For further particulars apply as above.

RICHARD H. COWAN.

October 3, 1855. tf 46

Great Excitement

IN SALISBURY

About Fall and Winter

GOODS!

RICHWINE & HARRISON

HAVE now ready for Wholesale and Retail, the largest STOCK OF GOODS they ever had the pleasure of offering, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Jeans, Kerseys, Flannels, Linseys, Alpacas, Colergs, Persian Twills, Merinos, Persian and other Delains, Silks, Ginghams, Calicoes, Cotton and Linen Shirting, Sheeting, Diaper, Towelling, Ladies silk, merino and cloth Cloaks, Talmas and Mantillas, embroidered and plain collars, undersleeves, handkerchiefs, hosiery and gloves, Bonnets, ribbon, plain and figured, shawls, bed, crib and negro blankets, woolen hoods, comforts and coats, carpeting, crockery, hardware and cutlery, groceries, and the largest stock of Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, boots, shoes, linen shirts and collars, silk, wool and cotton shirts and drawers, gloves and hosiery, silk and linen neck and pocket handkerchiefs, neck stocks, ties and comforts, kid and buck, dress and riding gauntletts, buggy and hand umbrellas, travelling bags, trunks, riding, carriage and wagon whips, which have been carefully selected and bought before the late advance on goods, and will be sold cheap for cash, or on short credit to punctual dealers.

Flour, bacon, corn and other country produce taken at the highest market prices in exchange for goods.

We return our grateful thanks to a generous public for the liberal patronage we have received, and by selling goods cheap, hope to merit an increase of business.

MARTIN RICHWINE,
SAM'L R. HARRISON.

Salisbury, Oct. 3, 1855 3m46

Ague and Fever Pills.

AGUE AND FEVER POSITIVELY CURED!!!

The Greatest Remedy ever discovered for the CURE OF FEVER AND AGUE.

For sale at J. H. Enniss' Book Store.

NO one need be troubled with AGUE and FEVER a single day, if they will use the above Remedy, which has been tried by hundreds of persons without a single case of failure! Price 50 cts. a box, or two boxes mailed for $1 free of postage.

Oct. 3, 46

FOR SALE

A FIRST RATE GUITAR. For further particulars, apply at this Office.

Oct. 3 46

WESTERN N. C. RAIL ROAD.

NOTICE is given;—that there will be a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company in Salisbury on Thursday the 4th day of October next.

Sept, 24, 1855. 45—tf.

STEAM SAW MILL!

THE following are the rates for which LUMBER will be sold:

All Lumber over 30 feet, $15 per 1000 feet,
All " under 30 and over 20, 12½ "
All " under 20 feet, 10 "

The above is for Scantling and all heavy Lumber.

Plank, $10 per 1000 feet, board measure.

Weatherboarding and Ceiling, $10 per 1000 feet.

Paling and 4 inch slats, ⅞ or 1 inch, 50 cents per 100 running feet.

Paling and 3 inch by ⅞ or 1 inch, 40 cents per 100 feet running measure.

First quality selected and heart lumber, 25 per cent over the above rates, delivered at the mill.

Cash payments required in all cases as the lumber is delivered, or when called for; and if not punctually paid on demand, ten per cent more will be added to the bill; as cash is absolutely required to carry on the work.

All orders for lumber will be filled as soon as it can be possibly done, and as good lumber furnished as can be had in this country.

WILLIAM LOCKE.

P. S. All communications directed to the subscriber at Salisbury. W. L.

Sept. 26, 1855 1y45

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER

WARE MANUFACTORY.

A. KRIMMINGER

HAVING this day bought the interest of W. Brown, will continue to carry on the above business and furnish all article in its various branches, and will always keep on hand an assortment of Tin, Japan, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. House Roofing and Guttering promptly executed and warranted good. He would especially call attention to the large supply of Cooking Stoves which he now has on hand, of all kinds and sizes, at as low prices as they can be bought in the State. Merchants, Pedlars and others are invited to give him a call, as he is determined to sell the above articles cheaper than any other house in the State.

Country produce, old pewter and old copper, taken in exchange for work.

Salisbury, July 22, 1855.—1y:41

DR. CHAS. T. POWE,

HAVING permanently located in Salisbury, respectfully tenders his professional services to the public. Office, Cowan's Building.

Salsbury, Aug. 29, 1855.—tf:41

A SPLENDID assortment of HATS and CAPS, fall style, receiving by

JNO. A. WEIRMAN & PRICE.

Salsbury, Sept. 12. 1855.—43.

NEW MUSIC JUST received and for sale at J. H. Enniss' Book Store, among which may be found some choice pieces just issued. For sale cheap. 15

WITNESS TICKETS
For sale at this Office.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

CABINET WARE ROOMS,

ON MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, N. C.

WE, the undersigned, having entered into copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

CABINET BUSINESS,

in Salisbury, we respectfully solicit the attention of the people of the surrounding country, and the public generally, to favor us with a call. Our rooms are opposite the Rowan House, at the old and well known stand of Rowzee & Co., where we have, and keep constantly on hand, a splendid assortment of Furniture, and are constantly manufacturing it in the latest, neatest, and best styles. We are prepared to do all kinds of turning in the wood line at a short notice. All those that want turning done will find it to their interest to give us a trial. Those wanting anything in our line will please give us a call and hear our prices, for we are determined to sell low for cash. We keep constantly on hand Dressing Bureaus, plain do. d., French Bedsteads, Common do. do., Rocking Chairs, Sofas, Dining Tables, Secretaries and Bookcases, Ladies Workstands, Wardrobes, Corner Cupboards, Washstands, Candlestands, Patent Shower Baths &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of Coffins constantly kept on hand. Repairing done at a short notice.

WM. WILHELM,
HENRY MOORE.

Salisbury, N. C., Sept. 19, 1855. 44—1y.

JNO. A. WEIRMAN & PRICE,

Merchant Tailors,

ARE now receiving a most splendid Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Cassemeres and Vestings; Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Stocks, Napoleon Ties, Shirts, Collars, Suspenders, &c., &c.

In short a most complete assortment of new

FURNISHING GOODS,

all of which will be sold on most reasonable terms. As to quality and price, we challenge all competition. Call and examine for yourselves. JNO. A. WEIRMAN & PRICE.

Salisbury, Sept. 12, 1855.—43.

Important, Amusing, Instructive, Substantial Book.

THE LAND OF GOLD.

REALITY versus Fiction, being a truthful account of life and times in California by H. R. Helper.

Copies mailed free of Postage for $1.50.

Address J. H. Enniss, Bookseller, Salsbury, N. C.

Sept. 12, 1855. 4?—tf.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale the property in Salisbury known as the "Hildebrand Lots." They lie on main street, in the great South West Square—two front and two back lots, each to measure 63 by 210 feet, with a pass-way 9 feet wide, to be run clear through.

Persons wishing to settle permanently in Salisbury, will not soon again have so fair a chance of purchasing as is here offered. A credit of one, two or three years will be given, (if desired.)

If not disposed of privately, these Lots will be sold, separately, at public auction, at the Court House, in Salisbury, on TUESDAY of the next Rowan Superior Court [the 27th of November.] RUFUS BARRINGER.

Sept. 19, 1855.—44. Concord, N. C.

$25 REWARD!

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the 3rd instant, a negro boy named

HENRY,

about 5 feet high, 22 years old, dark black, and whiskers all over his face.

I will give a reward of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS, for his apprehension and delivery to me, fourteen miles west of Salisbury, close to O. G. Foard's new mill, or if lodged in any jail, so that I get him. SAMUEL KNOX.

Sept. 5, 1855.—3t.:pd:42.

MECHANICS,

Inventors and Manufacturers.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

ELEVENTH YEAR!

THE ELEVENTH VOLUME of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN commences September 16, next. It is an Illustrated Periodical—devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts, Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interests which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance.

Its general contents embrace notices of the latest and best Scientific, Mechanical, Chemical and Agricultural discoveries—with Editorial comments explaining their application; notices of new processes in all branches of Manufactures; Practical hints on Machinery; information as to Steam, and all processes to which it is applicable; also Mining, Millwrighting, Dyeing, and all arts involving Chemical Science; Engineering, Architecture, Comprehensive Scientific Memoranda, Proceedings of scientific Bodies, Accounts of Exhibition—together with news and information upon thousands of other subjects.

Reports of U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of all the Patent Claims. These claims are published in the Scientific American in advance of all other papers.

Mechanics, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Manufacturers, Agriculturalists, and people in every profession of life, will find the Scientific American to be of great value in their respective callings.

The Scientific American is published once a week: Every number contains Eight large quarter pages, forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings.

TERMS! TERMS!!

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Fifteen Copies for Twelve Months,	$22
Twenty Copies for Twelve Months,	$28

☞ Southern, Western and Canada Money taken at par for subscriptions, or Post Office Stamps taken at their par value. Letters should be directed (invariably post paid) to

MUNN & CO.,
128 Fulton street, New York.

August 29, 1855.—4:41

YADKIN NAVIGATION

COMPANY.

THE subscription required by the Charter of the Company having been subscribed by the State, it becomes our duty to notify the stockholders to

Meet for the purpose of Organization, &c.

The stockholders of the said Company will therefore take notice, that on

Saturday the 20th of October next,

there will be a general meeting of the Stockholders of the said Company at the Town of Mocksville, for the purposes aforesaid.

Given under our hands this 19th of Sept. 1855.

TYRE GLENN,
JAMES CALLOWAY,
HENRY WALSER,
RICHARD GWYN,
JACOB CORRELL,
ROBERT ELLIS,
P. W. HAIRSTON,
W. HOLT,
Commissioners.

Sept. 26, 1855—4t45

PROSPECTUS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

The North Carolina Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, having determined to issue a weekly paper bearing the above name, the subscribers are authorized to issue this prospectus.

It is intended to publish a *family newspaper*, which, while it shall be religious in tone and sentiment, and maintain the doctrines and usages of the Methodist Church, shall be devoted to *all the interests of North Carolina*, and furnish intelligence for every class of readers. In *size* and *appearance* the new periodical is to be equal to any of our Church papers, while it will surpass them in adaptedness to the wants of our people. The entire insufficiency of the existing "Advocates" to the necessities of our position forces us to the publication of our own paper, and we confidently expect the hearty co-operation of the Members of our Church in all parts of the State and Conference, and hope to make the paper so interesting and instructive as to attract patronage from the public generally.

The "Advocate" will be published at $1.50 a year and the first number will be issued as early as practicable after the next Session of our Conference. It is believed that the publication will be commenced on the 1st of January, 1856. It is desirable that as large a subscription as possible be obtained before the Conference and the Ministers and all others interested in the enterprise are respectfully ueged to secure and forward the names and address of subscribers, particular attention being paid to correctness in writing the names of persons, post offices and Counties. Those who may have no opportunity of subscribing through the agency of our Ministers may write directly to Rev. Wm. E. Pell, Fayetteville, N. C.

The payment will be expected upon the issue of the first number. The location of the publishing office will be determined at the Session of Conference.

WM. E. PELL,
WM. CARTER,
R. T. HEPLIN,
M. H. WILSON,
WM. BARRINGER, } COMMITTEE.

July, 1855.

☞ All the newspapers in North Carolina are respectfully requested to give this prospectus an insertion until November and the "Advocate," when established; will take pleasure in exchanging editorial courtesies.

JONESVILLE MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMIES.

REV. W. L. VAN EATON, Principal.
D. S. COCHERHAM, Assistant.
MISS SARAH R. FROST,
In charge of the Female Department.
MISS ROCINDA J. DOUGHERTY,
In charge of the Musical Department.

THE twenty-second session of these schools will open on Wednesday the 1st July. It is important that all young ladies and gentlemen wishing to enter, be present on the first day of the session, or as soon as circumstances will permit.

Tuition per session varies from $5 to $12 50.

Good board at the different boarding houses erected for accommodation of the students, can be had for $30 per session.

Those entering during the session will be charged $1 50 per week and every thing furnished except candles.

EXTRAS:

Music, with the use of instrument,	$15 00
Drawing and French, each	5 00
Painting in oil colors,	10 00

For further information, address the Principal at Jonesville, Yadkin County, N. C., and catalogues will be sent free of charge.

June 22, 1855 3m 32

Private Boarding School

FOR GIRLS.

LINCOLNTON, N. C.

MRS. WILLIAM J. ALEXANDER, Principal.

THE Third session will commence on the 1st of October. Mrs. Alexander is now ready to receive boarders into her family. Parents are assured that the strictest attention will be paid to the manners, habits and principles of their daughters, and every necessary care bestowed to promote their health and happiness. The course of study embraces the usual branches of a thorough English Education, together with the French Language, Music and Drawing.

TERMS:

Senior Department,	$15 00
Junior,	12 00
Music on the Piano;	20 00
Guitar,	5 00
French,	12 00
Fine Needlework,	5 00
Boarding per month,	9 00

August 22, 1855. 40

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

EARLY COPIES SECURED.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, CONTINUE to republish the following British Periodicals, viz:

1 *The London Quarterly*, (*Conservative.*)
2 *The Edinburg Review*, (*Whig.*)
3 *The North British Review*, (*Free Church.*)
4 *The Westminister Review*, (*Liberal.*)
5 *Blackwood's Edinburg Review*, (*Troy.*)

* The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the forthcoming year. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

*** Arrangements are now permanently made for the receipt of Early Sheets from the British Publishers, by which we are enabled to place all our reprints in the hands of subscribers, about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this involves a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as heretofore, viz:

	Per annum.
For any one of the four Reviews.	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews.	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews.	7 00
For any four of the Reviews.	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine.	3 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews.	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews.	10 00

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CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent, from the above Reviews will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for 30 Dollars; and so on.

POSTAGE.

In all the principal Cities and Towns, those works will be delivered, through Agents, free of postage. When sent by mail, the postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for "Blackwood," and but fourteen cents a year for each of the Reviews.

Remittances and communications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
4 Gold Street, New York.

PLEASE NOTICE THIS!

THE subscriber wishing to retire from the Tailoring and Clothing Business, requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle, by the first of December next. As this is considered to be ample time, there will be no indulgence given after that date. HORACE BEARD.

N. B.—A small Stock of Clothing on hand, which will be disposed of on very low terms.

August 29, 1855.—tdec:41

WANTED

10,000

Bushels WHEAT.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase Ten Thousand bushels of WHEAT, for which he will pay cash, at the highest market price.

MICHAEL BROWN.

Salisbury, July 6, 1855. 34