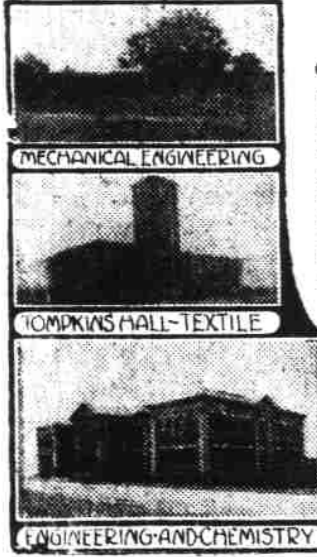


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FINISHING UP N. MAIN SCHOOL

Splendid and Modern Building Will Be Ready for September Opening of School—Work Again Starts on W. Ward School.

The finishing touches are now being put on the North Main Street school building and everything will be in readiness for the opening of this school in September. The interior work is practically finished and the basement rooms are now being finished and cement steps placed. This is one of the best small school houses in the state and will be a great convenience to the citizens in that section of the city.

Work has again begun on the West Ward school, this having been held up some time on account of the contractor being unable to get material. It is believed work will go unhindered until this splendid school building is completed. However, it will be impossible to have it ready for the opening of school in September.

Summer Dates of Interest to Rowan People.

- July 19, Southern Conference Lutheran church, St. Matthew's church. August 1, Stirewalt-Fless-Yost reunion, Mt. Hope church. August 2, Nazareth Home Orphanage picnic, Crescent. August 3rd, Morgan Township S. S. Convention, Wyatt's Grove church. August 3-5, Northern Conference Lutheran church, Gibsonville. August 6th, Salisbury Township S. S. Convention, Haven Lutheran church. August 7, Locke Township S. S. Convention, Salem E. L. church. August 10, Gold Hill Township S. S. Convention, Organ church.

It is hoped for the recent great endowments of medical colleges that they will cure us more generally of the diseases we have instead of discovering more.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A SPLENDID TONIC

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui and is Now Well.

"Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago," says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of this place, "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side. My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there. I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

"This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble. I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic. Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

What is LAX-FOS? LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA. A Digestive Liquid Laxative, Cathartic and Liver Tonic. Contains Cascara Bark, Blue Flag Root, Rhubarb Root, Black Root, May Apple Root, Senna Leaves and Pepsin. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe. S.C.

No. 666. This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Colomel and does not gripe or sicken. S.C.

N. C. WILL FURNISH FIFTEEN THOUSAND

State's Share in New Draft Army Will Be More Than Fifteen Thousand Men.

FIRST GUARDSMEN TO BE CALLED OUT SUNDAY

Army Draft Bill Does Not Provide for Listing the Men However Before Aug. 5th.

(By Associated Press.) Raleigh, July 13.—The war department announces that North Carolina will furnish 15,974 men for the draft army.

General Bliss on the Assignment. Washington, July 13.—Major General Bliss, chief of staff, has before him a list of assignments of the National guard as distributed among the camps.

It was submitted by the war department after the selection of the last three of the sixteen sites in Charlotte, Hattysburg, Miss., and Alexandria, La. The recommendation of the bureau will not be made public pending action by Gen. Bliss.

Sunday is the day set for the calling out of the first guardsmen into service, though the draft clause of the defense act will not be applied to Guardsmen until August 5th. In a few days the movement will be, in supplies already been moved.

The fact that the guard is to be under training even before drawing for the selective army begins, indicates that of the men drawn the first to see service will be those assigned to fill vacancies in the guard or the regulars. Presumably the first men turned into the army by this process will go to these two forces and they may be under orders to join their regiment less than two weeks.

No announcement has been made as to the course to be followed with guard regiments already in the federal service and which are doing valuable work in guarding property all over the country.

Some Interesting Army Figures. Washington, July 13.—Formal announcement was made by the War Department today that 687,000 men will be selected from those registered on June 5th for the first national guard army and to fill vacancies in the national guard and the regular army.

The quota of men which each state will be required to furnish from those registered on June 5th include North Carolina 15,974, South Carolina 10,081, Virginia 13,795. The table from which the net quota was compiled shows enlistments in the national guard and regular army to June 30th will be allowed as credit. Instructions to governors of the several States from the Secretary of War accompany the table and directs the governors of the various States to allot the State's quota as given among the exemption boards in the districts so that each board will know exactly the number of men to be furnished by the district in filling the State's quota.

Contrary to expectations the governors are allowed to credit for the total strength of the national guard, including all those men who were in service prior to April 1st and who have been retained.

Figures are given as follows for the total strength of the national guard April 1, 1917, 164,292. Enlisted in the national guard between April 1st and June 30th, 183,719. Enlisted in the regular army between April 1st and June 30, 117,974. Total credits allowed for, 465,985. This means, according to the estimate of government officials, that the United States now has enrolled or under arms approximately 467,000 men classed as war volunteers and therefore constitutes the credits to be allowed States from which enlisted.

May Draw Early Next Week. Washington, July 13.—Preparations for the final act in the organization of the new national army went forward rapidly today, indicating that despite delay it might be possible to hold early next week the drawing which will establish the order by which nearly ten million registrants will appear before the exemption boards.

Probably 4,000 of the 4,569 local exemption boards have completed organization, given the serial number to cards in the district and filed certified copies of the numerical lists. The office of Provost General Marshall Crowder had received 3,800 lists up to early today and undoubtedly hundreds were in the mails. It is stated authoritatively that as soon as the last board has reported to the adjutant general of the State the Federal government could begin the draw. The fact that all numerical lists were either in Washington or in the mail will be sufficient, and it will not be necessary for all to reach Washington.

French Vessels Sunk. Paris, July 13.—Three French merchantmen of more 1,600 tons and one under that were sunk in the week ending July 8 by mines or submarines, the admiralty announces.

The French chamber of deputies ordered employers in the military and dressmaking trades to give their employees the Saturday half-holiday.

Seeing how much Paris enjoyed it this year, Berlin may try celebrating our Fourth of July in 1918.—Macon Telegraph.

ASSIGNMENT OF NATIONAL GUARDS

Where the Soldier Boys Will Go to be Trained for Service—Rowan County Will Furnish Her Share of the Men for Draft—About 250.

As was published a day or two ago the state of North Carolina will be called on for nearly sixteen thousand men for the draft army. The local board estimates that on this basis Rowan county will have to yield about 250 men, and something like half of these come from Salisbury.

According to the plan of drawing it will require some time to get the desired number, for of the men drafted a large number will be one reason or another exempted. The camps are not ready and may not be made ready for the whole number to be drafted, and no doubt it is deliberately planned that the drawing be drawn out over considerable period of time.

The Assignment of Guardsmen. According to a Washington dispatch of last night, the 29th, the national guardsmen will be assigned to training camps as indicated below:

Fifth division, comprising troops from Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Vermont, to Charlotte, N. C. Sixth division, troops from New York state, Spartanburg, S. C. Seventh division, Pennsylvania, troops to Augusta, Ga. Eighth division, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia troops to Annapolis, Ala.

Ninth division, North and South Carolina and Tennessee troops, to Greenville, S. C. Tenth division, Alabama, Georgia and Florida troops, to Macon, Ga.

Eleventh division, Michigan and Wisconsin troops, to Waco, Texas. Twelfth division, Illinois troops, to Houston, Texas.

Thirteenth division, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska troops, to Deming, N. M. Fourteenth division, Kansas and Missouri troops, to Fort Sil, Okla. Fifteenth division, Texas and Oklahoma troops, to Fort Worth, Texas.

Sixteenth division, Ohio and West Virginia troops, to Montgomery, Ala. Seventeenth division, Kentucky and Indiana troops, to Hattysburg, Miss. Eighteenth division, Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana troops, to Alexandria, La.

Nineteenth division, California, Utah, Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico and Nevada troops, to Linda Vista, Cal. Twentieth division, Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho, and Wyoming troops, to Palo Alto, Cal.

SIXTEEN SUFFRAGISTS PICKETS ARRESTED IN WASHINGTON

Attempted to Stage a Picketing Scene at the White House Gates—Taken to Police Headquarters and Required to Put Up Bail—Carried Banners With Numerous Inscriptions.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, July 14.—Sixteen suffragists of the Woman's Party attempted to stage a picket demonstration at the White House gates today in celebration of the fall of the bastille and were promptly arrested and taken to jail. Each gave bail in the sum of \$25 to appear at police station Monday morning for trial on the charge of impeding traffic.

There was virtually no disorder and a crowd of about 1,000 gathered for the widely advertised show and contented themselves with hooting and jeering as the police escorted the women away.

From a building near the approach to the White House grounds three groups went out, one to the east gate, one to the west gate and the third at the east gate to replace the members of the first section if they were arrested. In each instance the police endeavored to persuade the marchers to move on before making arrests. Banners were carried and these bore various inscriptions including the motto of the French revolutionists: "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity."

LIQUOR CANT BE TRANSPORTED

Department of Justice Holds That It Cannot Be Carried in Person, by Common Carrier or Private Conveyance. Washington, July 13.—Every form of liquor transportation into dry territory, is forbidden, whether on the person, by common carrier, by private conveyance or in baggage, according to instructions sent to United States attorneys throughout the country by the department of justice today.

A BAD SPRING FOR WOMEN.

The late cold and damp spring seem to have been particularly severe on the health of women, and many are suffering from backache, rheumatic pains, aches and pains in sides, joints and muscles, lumbago and other ailments caused by overworked or disordered kidneys or bladder. Mrs. T. J. Bucknell, Hardy, Neb., writes: "I am recovering from an attack of lumbago by the aid of Foley Kidney Pills. They surely help me." Women seem peculiarly liable to kidney trouble, and no symptom should be neglected.—Sold everywhere.

DANCE AT SPENCER THURSDAY NIGHT

Second of a Series of Dances Given by the Cotillion Club—Spencer Board to Meet Tonight for Annual Reports.

(By A. W. Hicks.)

Spencer, July 13.—The second of a series of dances being given by the Spencer Cotillion Club, recently organized here, was given Thursday night and was enjoyed by some forty young folks from this and other places. Music for the occasion was furnished by a string band and the dancing continued from 9 to 12 o'clock. Those who participated in the event included Miss Neomi Cornelison, Lucille Lentz, Vivian Miller, Pearl Benton, Maggie Gary, Vivian Gary, Helen McCormick, Mary McCormick, Ada Worsham, Alma Dorsett, Anna Allen, and Vivian Washburn; Messrs. Frank Falls, Ben Cornelison, John Cruise, Dewey Dorsett, Clyde Kizziah, Oliver Barnett, Roscoe Chapman, Herman VanCanon, Geo. Conrad, Geo. Younce, (Ralph) Lentz, Ned Prettyman, Bill Kizziah, Ed. McCormick, C. L. Beam, Bob Devereaux, W. W. Spurgeon, and Ed. Sweetman. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Brockton, Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Suggs, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Sweetman, Mrs. J. E. McCormick, Mrs. J. B. Worsham and Dr. F. G. Sigman.

The Spencer board of aldermen will be in session tonight when the annual report of the past year will be made public by the special auditing committee which has had charge of the books for some weeks. It is stated that the report will show some marked changes and increases in some of the important items in the statement.

FAULTY SWEET POTATO STORAGE-HOUSE PLAN.

The Department of Agriculture Learns Southern Sweet Potato Growers Are Paying Exorbitant Prices for Right to Use Patent Systems.

Washington, July 13.—There is no mystery about building a satisfactory storage house for sweet potatoes. Southern farmers who are paying large prices for patented plans and equipment alleged to provide the only successful way of storing sweet potatoes, are being defrauded. Specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture whose attention recently has been called to instances in which farmers paid as high as \$750 for a set of plans, do not hesitate to brand such activities as plain huckaberry. Plans of houses that incorporate the simple principles of storage and common sense methods of construction, and which have proved successful by years of careful trial, are furnished free by the Department of Agriculture to any farmer who will ask for them.

Because reports have been made and circulated in the South that storage houses recommended by the Department of Agriculture are not satisfactory, it is believed necessary, now that the time to provide adequate storage for the coming harvest is at hand, to correct such statements. One man with plans to sell has said that the shrinkage of sweet potatoes stored in houses designed by the Government is from 16 to 20 per cent, while in houses of his design there is practically no shrinkage. The fallacy of such a claim, Department specialists point out, lies in the fact that shrinkage is essential to good keeping of the potatoes. Sweet potatoes stored in the type of house recommended by the Department shrink from 8 to 10 per cent—in weight, not bulk—by reason of evaporation of surplus moisture. Proper curing of sweet potatoes means getting rid of surplus moisture, and type of house which the specialists suggest accomplishes this by combining the ordinary principles of good ventilation with common sense methods of construction.

Storage houses built according to plans suggested by the Department of Agriculture have been in use in every state of the South for five or six years. The Department has no knowledge of failure in any house built and operated strictly according to recommendations. Four years of investigation with one hundred houses under observation showed that the average loss by decay, after an average storage of 124 days, was less than 2.1-2 per cent. In determining this loss personally graded the potatoes in each house—a total of 288,000 bushels. Every potato that had a decayed spot was thrown out and classed as decayed. In each case the potatoes were harvested, stored and cared for by farmers. In the Department's own storage house at Arlington, Virginia, sweet potatoes stored in October last year and removed the latter part of June showed a loss of less than one per cent.

Farmers intending to build storage houses should write to the Department of Agriculture for Farmers Bulletin 548, "Storing and Marketing Sweet Potatoes." This bulletin gives plans and lists of materials needed and also tells how to convert buildings such as abandoned tenant houses into storage quarters.

Inasmuch as a good many years ago it was possible to stop profiteering, it would seem that it ought to be possible to stop profiteering.—Indianapolis News.

MR. MILTON BURIED THURSDAY EVENING

One of the Largest Attended Services and Burials Ever Witnessed in Albemarle—One of the Most Honored of Stanlys Citizens Laid to Rest.

Albemarle, July 12.—One of the largest crowds ever attending a funeral in Stanly county was present at the funeral of S. H. Milton, of this county, today at 2:30 o'clock. The funeral services were conducted at the home on North Second street by Rev. J. E. Gay, pastor of Central Methodist church, of which the deceased was a member. The remains were interred by the W. O. W. in the old Albemarle cemetery.

Mr. Milton was one of Stanly county's most useful citizens; was the father of a large family; and had served in many positions of trust. He was for a number of years Clerk of the Superior Court of Stanly county. Has represented Stanly county in the lower house of the General Assembly, and has represented his district in the State senate.

He was a man who always had a due regard for the poor fellow who was down and out and these attended his funeral in large numbers, many of them having quit their plows for miles throughout the county to be present at the funeral. All during the forenoon hours as the body lay a corpse at the Milton home numbers of men from the laboring districts of the town and the surrounding farming sections came, some of them with patched pantaloons and overalls, requesting to view the remains.

Mr. Milton during his early life accumulated quite an estate, but this, of course, has been no doubt considerably decreased on account of his natural inclination to help those in trouble. There is no doubt but that he has bonded more men out of jail, endorsed more notes of poor men than any man who has ever lived in the county in its past history. Mr. Milton was not only popular with the poor class, but numbered his friends among all classes in this county.

Mr. Milton leaves surviving him a widow and nine children, these being: Henry Milton, of Monroe; Mrs. Dewey Rose of Salisbury; Mrs. Hugh Davis, of Winston-Salem; Mrs. Martinio, of Chicago; Mrs. Lawson, of Wilmington; Walter, Clifton and Cecil Milton of this place.

CAMP FOR CHARLOTTE.

The Queen City Gets the Army Camp That Was Set Down to Fayetteville—Washington Officials Authorize the Change on General Wood's Recommendation.

Washington, July 12.—Secretary Baker took final action in the matter of the transfer of the military camp from Fayetteville to Charlotte this afternoon, giving formal approval to General Wood's recommendation for reasons already stated. The Charlotte Camp will get the fifth division, composed of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Connecticut troops, thirty thousand men in all.

In addition, there will be an aviation camp of 2,500 men and 1,200 aeroplanes. Twelve thousand horses is another item in the Charlotte camp.

Conservative estimates place the monthly payroll at \$1,225,000. The more enthusiastic say \$1,500,000.

Encampment affairs are now about concluded. North Carolina troops will go to Greenville, along with those of South Carolina and Tennessee, constituting the ninth division.

The tenth division, composed of Alabama, Georgia and Florida, will go to Macon. The sixteenth, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Kentucky, will go to Augusta. The eighth, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia, goes to Spartanburg. The eighteenth, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi, goes to Montgomery.

TO PAY ALLEN \$5,500.

J. E. Ehrd Fined \$250 for Assault on Superintendent of Schools at Monroe and Must Make Reparation. Monroe, July 12.—The case of the state against J. E. Ehrd, of Monroe, charging him with assault upon the highway with a deadly instrument with intent to kill Prof. R. W. Allen on the morning of June 15, was tried before the recorder in Monroe Wednesday when Mr. Ehrd submitted to a charge of assault and battery with a deadly instrument and was fined by the recorder the sum of \$250 and costs in the case. In submitting to the charge Mr. Ehrd agreed to make reparation for his deed by paying Prof. Allen the sum of \$5,500.

State Jewelers to Meet. (By Associated Press.) Durham, July 13.—W. G. Frazier of this city, secretary of the North Carolina Retail Jewelers Association, has issued the program for the 12th annual convention of the organization which is to be held at Wrightsville Beach July 17-8. W. B. Morris of Gastonia is president of the association.

REVENUE OFFICERS MAKE BIG RAID

Plant for the Manufacture of Stills and Appliances Located in Yadkin County.

WAS BEING CONDUCTED IN BLACKSMITH SHOP

A Still Site Also Located and a Large Quantity of Blockade Liquor Was Destroyed.

Revenue Officers Thursday made another big raid in Yadkin county, this time locating and destroying what they believe to have been the backbone of the illicit liquor making business in that section. The party was composed of Revenue Officers F. C. Talbot and W. C. Lisk of Salisbury, Revenue Officer J. M. Newton of Thomasville, ex-Sheriff Sprinkle of Davie and ex-chief of police B. F. Cauble of Salisbury. These men left Salisbury early Thursday morning, with the exception of ex-sheriff Sprinkle, he joining the party at Mocksville. They then proceeded to a point in Yadkin county near Huntsville and four miles northwest of Courtney, in the same county.

Beginning the raid they soon located a place where they found a 51 gallon and a 30 gallon barrel, each containing a quantity of liquor, also several jugs of liquor and one 15 gallon keg of the same beverage. All of this was destroyed.

The raid was then continued and at another point in that vicinity the officers came across a regular plant for the manufacture of stills and liquor making outfits. This was being conducted in an old blacksmith shop. There was an abundance of scrap copper and two complete outfits were found here also several partially completed. The two stills ready for setting up and putting in operation were of 160 and 110 gallon capacity. Everything was on hand for turning out these plants and there was evidence that the "factory" had been doing a good business. In a building close by was found a lot of fermenters and in the woods was discovered numerous holes and dugouts where whiskey and stills had been hid. All of these fermenters were destroyed and the holes and dugouts filled up.

Before arriving at the still outfit "factory" the officers saw several people taking to the woods but these were not taken. The "factory" outfit and stills were placed on an automobile truck and brought to Salisbury late Thursday and the load attracted considerable attention as it passed through the streets. This paraphernalia was stored in the basement of the Federal building and will be destroyed.

In the taking of this plant for the making of stills the officers believe they have broken the backbone of illicit distilling in that section of Yadkin county. The joy of a number of people in that section and along the route to Salisbury was plainly evident by the applause greeting the officers by a number of women and children as they journeyed to Salisbury with the big stills and other appliances loaded on the truck.

The officers state that the blockade has no difficulty in disposing of their product, that the time has about passed when they have to deliver it themselves. Parties patrolling these stills are so anxious to get hold of the liquor that they go after it in automobiles and other vehicles themselves. There is always a ready market for this blockade stuff, as well as the stills and other articles to be used in its making.

BROODED OVER WAR; SUICIDES.

Jack Mitchell, a Young Man of Ireddell County, Ends His Life by Drinking Poison.

Statesville, July 11.—Jack Mitchell, a young white man of north Ireddell, committed suicide this morning by drinking a quantity of poison. Mitchell recently became demented from brooding over the war. He was under treatment at a local hospital for a short while, his condition becoming improved. This morning while he was alone in the house he drank poison from a bottle which had been left in a closet. Death ensued in half an hour. His wife and two small children survive. The deceased was 34 years of age; before he became demented he was an excellent citizen.

Crippled Dog Killed.

Wednesday night either a street car or a train ran over a small black pup at the North Main street crossing, cutting off the dog's right hind leg between the knee and body. The dog lay around the vicinity all day yesterday and last night in suffering and Policeman Harrison this morning was notified of its condition and ended its suffering by shooting.

Major Pridden in Command.

By Associated Press.) Raleigh, July 13.—Major Claude L. Pridden of the medical corps of the North Carolina National Guard, commissioned by the war department to organize an infantry company for the new regiment of field artillery has completed the work and placed in command, it was announced from the adjutant general's office today.