

WAR SAVING STAMPS ENCOURAGE THRIFT WITH CHILDREN

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AMERICAN TALK

The women of France, who so courageously and patiently have aided their men and their country in stemming the German invasion, today are suffering from hardship and sacrifice. The most crying of their needs, and the most urgent, are food and coal. There is a serious shortage of each. Many of these are mothers with children who are crying for bread the mothers cannot provide. There are many other children who are orphans, who are hungry and homeless.

The French Heroes Fund is undertaking faithful and efficient work to relieve these conditions of distress. We ask you to help this organization by sending us some money for these women and children who bear the heaviest burden without complaint. And we beg for a monthly pledge from you that the work may be continued so long as the need exists. Every cent given in response to this appeal will be remitted to France without the deduction of one cent for expenses of any kind.

Who could refuse such a plea? Only God knows how much these heroic women and children of France have suffered. It is the finest sort of Americanism to send a check to the relief of these fine women. Make checks payable to James A. Blair, Jr., and mail it to 360 Madison avenue, New York.

An English clergyman was addressing a large American audience. He began by saying—"The finest thing in the world today is France," and there was a tremendous applause.

Help the man who helps you, back the man who is representing you. What would you think of a manufacturer, or wholesale dealer who would send a traveling salesman out to sell goods, to travel, incur large expenses, and then would fail to support him? You would think the house ought to be closed up and the manager sent to an insane asylum. What of a nation that sends an army across the waters to represent it and fails to support that army? The nation is you and me, the support must come from you and from me. Are we doing our full duty? Never get rid of that thought.

The women and children of Europe have suffered the full shock of this world tragedy. They have been murdered, outraged brutally, beastly by burly brutes that frothed at the mouth like mad men under the whip of Purseian hellishness. To their rescue, to their relief America must go. And this war means saving our women and children from this horrible world tragedy. A like fate would fall upon our children in their innocent helplessness and on our dear women if we refuse to do our part.

This phase of the war has not come home to us as it should have. We have left it with others to send aid and cheer and comfort, and life itself to the destitute ones of various sections of Europe. How many of us have read of these things and immediately sat down and mailed a check? Is it not of our business? It is a call laid at the very door of every man and woman and child in America. There is no escape from the responsibility.

Millions of American pennies are going from American children to aid the poverty stricken, the starving children of France, Belgium, Poland, Serbia and Persia. Millions more must go before we are able to square our obligation. And while the children are engaging their little hands in this God-blessed work, the fathers and mothers should be doing something in larger figures than pennies.

BIG, RICH AMERICA has done much. But BIG, SELFISH AMERICA has not begun to do the full share of her duty.

France is today in the center of every heart. That heroic land and people are loved by all. To France the world looks with heartfelt devotion, for that blessed people have done the world its greatest service. A few dollars sent to France will help. Millions sent from America would not repay the debt we owe, and it would be like bread cast on the waters—to return and bless.

Let France know that we appreciate that we are capable of large things.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Senator Overman's bill for the appointment of an additional Federal judge in the Western North Carolina District was today ordered reported by the Senate judiciary committee.

SHIP YARD STRIKE IN N. Y. ENDED

AMERICANS GIVING ALLIES VALUABLE ASSISTANCE

SHIPYARD WORKERS STRIKE NOW OVER

Men Are Returning to Work as Fast as They Can Be Notified of the Change in Situation.

GRIEVANCES SETTLED BY WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD

W. L. Hutcheson, Head of Carpenters, Announces He Will Endeavor to Get the Men Back.

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Feb. 18.—The strike of the Atlantic shipbuilding yards on government contracts is over according to a statement made this morning by John Rice, national organizer of the brotherhood of carpenters and joiners. Several thousand of men are expected to return to work tomorrow.

About 300 of the workers returned to their work this morning according to the estimate of Mr. Rice.

In the yards at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Jersey City, Elizabeth City, Newark and New York about 6,000 men quit this morning, according to the announcement made by Mr. Rice, because they were unaware of the fact that the brotherhood president, W. L. Hutcheson, had written to the letter from President Wilson and announced that he would endeavor to influence the strikers to resume work pending a settlement of their grievances by the wage adjustment board. Many of these 6,000 were later informed of the situation and returned to the yards. Mr. Rice said that during the day every effort would be made to get in touch with the others. A mass meeting of striking carpenters has been called in Brooklyn this afternoon and at this gathering these men will be instructed to return to work, Mr. Rice said.

Strikers Ordered to Return.
New York, Feb. 17.—A message signed by William L. Hutcheson, carpenter and head of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners was sent to President Wilson tonight assuring him that representatives of the union had been instructed to use their influence to have the strikers return to work at once.

W S S
DIPLOMATS RECALLED
NEW MINISTER NAMED

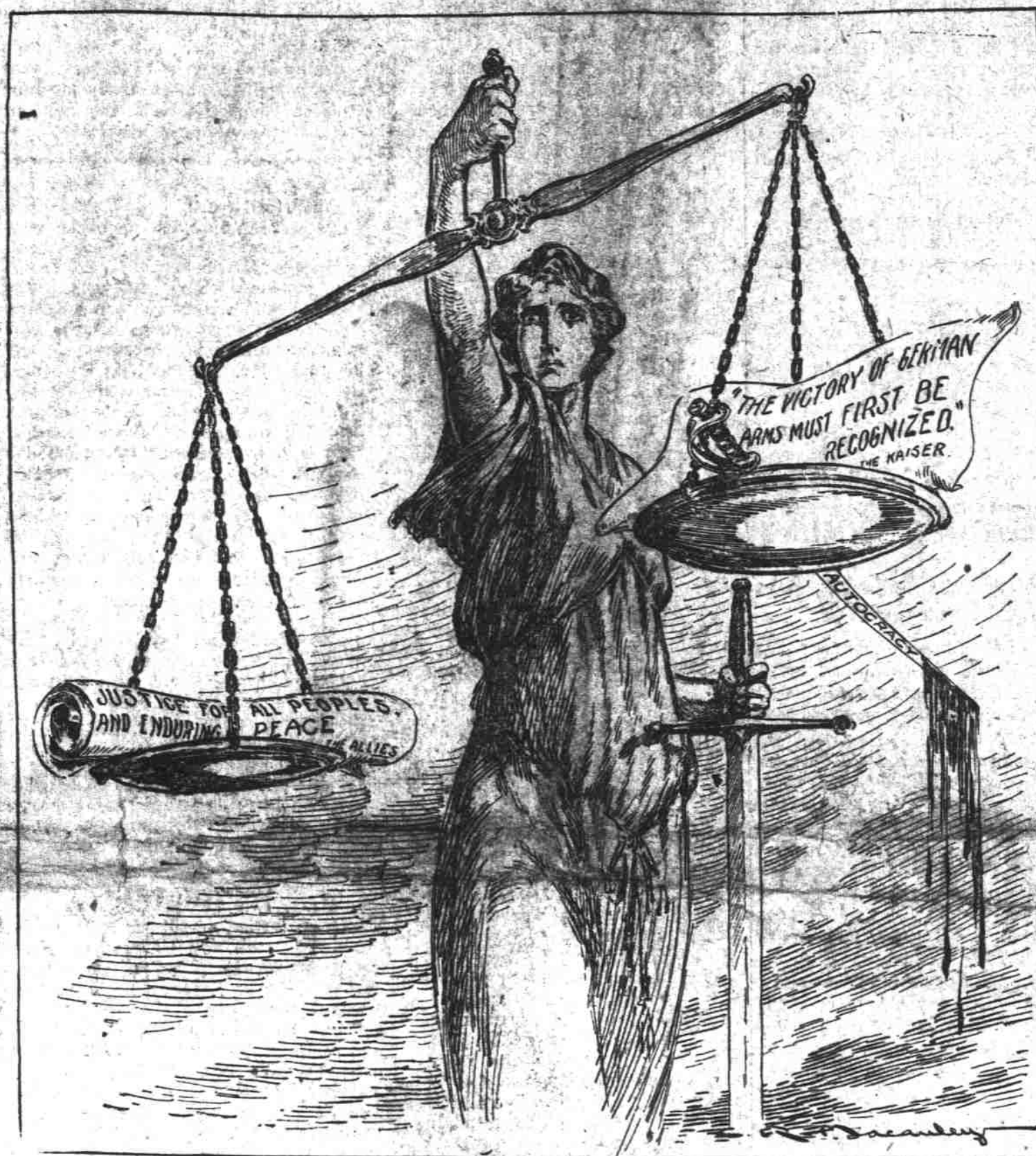
Washington, Feb. 18.—Foreign minister Trotsky of the Bolshevik government has withdrawn the appointment of John Reed to be consul general at New York. Ambassador Francis has made this report to the state department.

Mr. Reid is now at Stockholm on his way to the United States, where he is under indictment for violation of the espionage laws. His alleged offense was in writing certain articles against the enforcement of the draft. The question of his arrest has not given rise to any controversy between the United States government and the Bolsheviks, although threats are reported to have been made that Russia would hold Ambassador Francis responsible for his safety.

New Japanese Minister.
Viscount Kikujiro Ishii has been appointed ambassador for Japan at Washington and will succeed Ambassador Sato who returns to Tokio to assume a place on the unassigned roll of diplomacy.

W S S
EXECUTIVES BEFORE BOARD.
In the Matter of the Railroad Wage Scale They Say They Desire to Furnish Information, Not Opposing the Same.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Feb. 18.—Railroad executives who appeared before the railroad wage commission today said that they were present not to oppose the wage demands made by the employees but to give whatever information they could that would be of service to the commission in making recommendations for increases.



THE SWORD MUST BE BROKEN.

DEEP, SERIOUS SCHISM BETWEEN AUSTRIA-HUNGARY-GERMANY OVER ARMISTICE

Termination of Armistice Between Central Powers and Russia and Renewal of State of War Causing Breach of Our Enemies—Germany is Warned Against Reopening of Hostilities by Austrian Press—One Leading Paper Says "War is in the Main Finished and For One of Our Antagonists it Has Virtually Not Begun."

(By Associated Press.)
London, Feb. 18.—A deep, serious schism has been created between Germany and Austria-Hungary by the termination of the armistice between the central powers and Russia and the renewal of a state of war, according to a Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co. The Austrian press, continues the correspondent, is warning Germany against reopening of hostilities in which the Austrians do not wish to participate.

The semi-official Frendblatt is silent but the Neue Freie Presse is quoted as pointing out that the Austrian monarchy no longer borders on Russia and is not like Germany, compelled to resume warfare. The only thing the Austrians might do against their will, says the newspaper, is to protect free connection between the monarchy and the Ukraine. The Die Zeit, which has intimate connection with the Austro-Hungarian foreign office, is reported by the correspondent as contending that Count Czernin, the foreign minister, can continue to act as negotiator with

the west "for our monarchy." Continuing the paper says: "The war is in the main finished and for one of our antagonists it has virtually not begun. Millions of thinking people are pointing to Count Czernin and President Wilson."

The article concludes with a sentence which the correspondent intends as being plainly addressed to Germany:

"From our side the predisposition to positive negotiations has never been interrupted and it is to be hoped the negotiations will not be interrupted with from our side."

Stockholm, Feb. 18.—The German minority Socialists are dissatisfied from any connection or sympathy with the Bolsheviks in an article in the Socialist organ, Voerwaertz of Berlin by Otto Braun. He charges that the Russian delegates at Brest-Litovsk did not intend to utilize the treaty to arrange peace but rather to extend the revolution to territory of the central powers.

"The hope of the Bolsheviks for a speedy revolution in Germany is an insane delusion," he says. Continuing Braun says, "They apply Rus-

sian patents to German conditions which are about a century more advanced in economic, political and other matters. There is no soil in Germany in which the revolutionary methods of the Bolshevik can thrive."

"German Socialists," says Braun, "sharply condemn the methods of the Bolshevik. We must draw a broad line between ourselves and the Bolshevik."

W S S
CONFER POWER IN WILSON.

President to Appoint Directors of Finance Corporation Bill Instead of Mr. McAdoo.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Feb. 18.—Amendment of the war finance corporation bill so as to give President Wilson instead of Secretary McAdoo power to appoint directors of the corporation was unanimously decided upon today by the senate finance committee.

W S S
Secretary Daniels' Son Promoted.
(By Associated Press.)
Philadelphia, Feb. 18.—Joseph Daniels, Jr., son of the Secretary of the Navy, has been commissioned as second lieutenant in the marine corps. Young Daniels enlisted last fall as a private.

HUNDREDS KILLED IN ODESSA BATTLE

City Bombed by Warships is the Report Obtained Through Dispatches Arriving Late.

POLISH TROOPS DEFEAT BOLSHEVIC AT BOVUISK

Rumanians Control the Akerman District—Kiev Casualties Are 4,000 Killed, 7,000 Wounded.

(By Associated Press.)
Petrograd, Feb. 9.—In a battle at Odessa Sunday between the Bolsheviks and Moderates hundreds of people were killed. The city was "bombed by warships."

Polish Troops Defeat Bolsheviks.
Petrograd, Feb. 9.—Polish troops defeated the Bolsheviks at Bovuisk, 85 miles southeast of Minsk. Other Poles advanced toward Smolensk.

The Rumanians control the Akerman district of Bessarabia and threaten Odessa.

The casualties at Kiev are estimated at 4,000 killed and 7,000 wounded.

Bolsheviks Take Kiev.
Petrograd, Feb. 18.—Kiev, one of the principal cities of the Ukraine, was captured by the Bolsheviks on Friday after bloody street fighting. The streets are filled with the dead and wounded.

While the fighting was at its height the city was bombed by Bolsheviks.

W S S
SEC. WAR BAKER HURRIES TO CAPITAL

Leaving Augusta This Afternoon He States He Will Be Compelled to Rush to Washington.

NO INTIMATION OF NATURE OF THE HURRY UP CALL

War Secretary Will Not Stop in Charlotte or Visit Other Camps in the South at This Time.

(By Associated Press.)
Augusta, Ga., Feb. 18.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, accompanied by Surgeon General Gorgas, Lieutenant Chas. L. Furbush and Major Wm. H. Welsh, medical officers, spent the day in Augusta and during the morning made an inspection of Camp Hancock.

Secretary Baker described as "newspaper talk" the statement accredited to him in which he was quoted as saying that because of the heat it might be necessary to move some of the Southern camps to the North this summer. He denied that there was such a possibility.

Mr. Baker and party will go direct from Augusta to Washington. The secretary stated that it was necessary for him to return to the capital at once and that his plans would not permit of a stop over at any points en route. He offered no explanation as to his decision not to stop at Charlotte other than that urgent business demanded that he immediately return to Washington.

Will Not Stop at Camp Greene.
Macon, Ga., Feb. 17.—Secretary of War Baker, who was here today for a visit at Camp Wheeler, will also visit Camp Hancock at Augusta, and will then return to Washington. It had been expected that he would also inspect Camp Greene at Charlotte, N. C., about which camp's continuance there is doubt, but the secretary said tonight he would not stop there.

During his visit to Camp Wheeler the war secretary inspected grounds and base hospital and also reviewed the division. The secretary praised conditions at the camp, including the hospital.

At Milledgeville tonight, where Secretary Baker's train stopped 10 minutes, he made a brief address to the students of the Georgia Military Academy.

AMERICANS ARE IMPORTANT FACTOR

As Fighting Increases the Importance of American Troops in France is More Appreciated.

ENEMY FAILS TO OUTWIT THE AMERICAN SOLDIERS

Fighting in Russia and Ukraine Reported—Germany is Sending Troops to Aid Rada.

(By Associated Press.)
Stockholm, Feb. 78.—The Germans resumed war measures against Russia today, the Social Democrats states. Their first objective is the seizure of Estonia and Livonia, it declares.

As the time for more active military operations on the western battle front approaches the American expeditionary forces are widening their field of activity along the line. Not only do the Americans hold a sector of the line to the east of St. Mihiel, where the German artillery has been strong, but they have helped the French in Champagne and the American infantry in company with the French are holding the most famous front of the world.

It is not disclosed what and where this front is.

The Americans are well equipped to deal with the enemy and their officers say the only fault they can find is the disposition of the men to act too hastily in their anxiety to get to the enemy. They are hard to restrain.

On the American sector the Germans have tried especially hard by resorting to various methods to outwit the new comers, but all in vain. Their raids have had no effect. The enemy has attacked, he has destroyed telephone lines and signals, he has charged his entanglements with electricity, but all to no effect, for the Americans have out-manoeuvred him every time.

The artillery has been active at various points on the British front. The British airmen have been very active dropping bombs and downing enemy planes. Seventeen German airplanes were brought down Saturday and others were disabled. The British lost five.

Communications with Petrograd have been restored and reports tell of serious rioting there indicating that the Bolshevik authority is weakening. Another ultimatum has been sent to Rumanian. This time the Rumanians are asked to evacuate Bessarabia and permit Russian troops to pass through.

Kiev which until a few days ago was the capital of Ukraine is the center of much fighting and it is reported that the Germans have sent troops to the aid of the Ukrainian rada.

16 Killed, 37 Injured.
London, Feb. 18.—The casualties in Sunday night's air raid were 16 killed and 37 injured, it was officially announced this afternoon.

HUNDRED PEOPLE KILLED IN BATTLE IN PETROGRAD

Petrograd, Monday, Feb. 11.—(By the Associated Press.)—In an all night battle during which jewelry stores in the capital were pillaged by marauding soldiers about 100 persons were killed. Forty thousand German and Austrian prisoners, who were freed by the councils of workmen and soldiers' delegates in smaller Russian towns, now are in Petrograd homeless and in danger of starving as a result of the riots.

W S S
Naval Estimate for Next Year.
(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Feb. 18.—A supplemental estimate for the navy for the next fiscal year aggregating \$280,077,152 for ammunition, reserve supplies, pay and other purposes was submitted to the House today.