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ANOTHER OFFENSIVE BY FRANCO-BRITISH TROOPS GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE OVER GREAT PACKING INDUSTRIES General Crowder Calls For All Registrants in Class One at Once

ANOTHER OFFENSIVE IS BEGUN BY FRANCO-BRITISH TROOPS

East and Southeast of Amiens the French and British Troops Launch a Thrust Against the Germans—Attack is Progressing Satisfactorily—Americans Not Likely Engaged, Although Some of These Brigaded With the French and British May Be Participating in This Latest Allied Thrust.

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, Aug. 8.—Franco-British troops at 5 o'clock this morning began an offensive in the region southeast of Amiens, the war office announces. The attack is developing under favorable conditions.

Attack Under Command of Haig.

London, Aug. 8.—British troops launched an offensive east and southeast of Amiens this morning, says a statement from Field Marshal Haig today.

Early reports indicate that the attack is progressing satisfactorily.

The attack is under the command of Field Marshal Haig and is on a wide front, the statement adds. The troops engaged are the British 4th army and the French 1st army, both of which advanced at dawn.

Americans Not Likely Engaged.

Washington, Aug. 8.—So far as known here early today no American divisions were involved in the Franco-British thrust south and southeast of Amiens.

American troops formerly in the vicinity of the Cantigny sector where the first American attacks resulted in the capture of the town of Cantigny are understood to have been withdrawn many weeks ago.

The troops who captured Cantigny have been engaged in fighting on the Aisne-Marne salient.

Some American units are brigaded with British units, however, and may be participating in the new blow struck by General Foch. It is also possible that Americans are with the French 1st army.

British Take Important Ground.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 8.—In the offensive on the front east of Amiens today the British have taken Hahner wood, Dodo wood and probably have possession of the towns of Marcel Cave and La Motte-En-Santerre.

The line of attack extends roughly from the neighborhood of Morlancourt about three and a half miles southwest of Albert to the Avre valley south of Moreuil.

Details of the fighting are coming to the rear slowly. "Going fine" constitutes the best available information. The British launched the attack in a mist after only three minutes artillery preparation.

Prisoners and Guns Taken.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 8.—11:30 a. m.—The British attacked over a 12-mile front on both sides of the Somme and gained all objectives in four hours and have captured a considerable number of prisoners and guns.

Advance of Three Miles Scored.

London, (Picardy Battlefront) Aug. 8.—According to advices received in London the French and British forces which attacked this morning in the Picardy sector advanced in some places to a depth of more than three miles.

Many Villages Captured.

London, Aug. 8.—A very considerable number of villages have been captured in the Franco-British offensive and substantial progress has been made, according to news received here this afternoon.

Many Tanks Participating.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 8.—The greatest secrecy surrounded the plans for the attack started this morning.

The Germans heavily bombarded the British lines but the shells were ineffective.

Extra Large Numbers of Tanks Accompanied the Storming Troops and Cleared the Way for them in the Gray Light of Dawn and Helped to Overcome Enemy Strong Points.

Tanks Cross Avre Valley. With the British Army, Aug. 8.—(Renter's Dispatch)—French and British tanks crossed the Avre-Luce valley in the new drive this morning. The German positions just south of the Ancre river were heavily attacked by the British. Their assault ex-

tended to the south where the right wing joins the French line. Three-quarters of an hour after the British attacked the Germans the French took up the battle. The main weight of the allied blow was directed against General Von Hutier's 18th army.

Paris, Aug. 8.—There was a further bombardment of Paris region by the German long range gun today.

Enemy Offers Resistance.

On the French Front in France, Aug. 8.—A combined attack by the British and French was begun at dawn today along the front between Albert and Montdidier. Satisfactory progress is being made despite strong enemy resistance.

The assault began exactly at dawn on a front of between 40 and 50 kilometers and success was scored immediately. The British advanced toward Cerisy-Gailly on the south side of the Somme east of Sailly Laurette and Marcel Cave. The French advanced at the same time in the direction of Denium and Aubercourt.

German Tank Captured and Repaired by the French



This German tank was captured during the thick of the recent fighting. It was put in order again after twelve days' work under enemy fire and brought back to the rear line. This French official photograph shows the French crew which put the tank in order.

ALL OF CLASS ONE MEN ARE CALLED

Local Draft Board Gets Instructions to Call Out Every Man in the First Class.

THESE WILL INCLUDE THE REGISTRANTS OF 1918.

Presumed That Like Orders Have Been Sent to Every Board Throughout the Country.

The Rowan Draft Board in the matter of the Selective Service today received official instructions from Washington to call for military service at once all men in class one, including those of the 1918 registration. It is presumed that this same order went to all draft boards throughout the country. This order will be put into effect by the local board at once and a list of the men to be summoned immediately will probably be ready for publication tomorrow.

There are only a very few men in class one of the 1917 registrants, but there are 106 in class one of the men registering on June 5, 1918, known as the 1918 class.

The last call issued by the local board for colored registrants cleaned up class one of these.

The calling out of the full class one of 1918 seems to indicate that a very large number of young men will go into training this month and that the overseas movement will continue as during July, if not increased.

Just what effect this call will have on the men in classes two, three and four is not stated. These will be the only ones left to be called should another call be made before the registration of men from 18 to 21 and from 31 to 45, even if the proposed bill should pass.

W S S
ROOSEVELT GRAVE MARKED.

Wooden Cross at Head of a Mound Says "Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt, Buried by Germans."

With the American Army on the Vesle, Wednesday, Aug. 7.—On a wooden cross at the head of a grave at the edge of the wood at Chamery, east of Fere-en-Tardenois, is an inscription reading:

"Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt. Buried by the Germans."

Around Merisel and Mereuil the German resistance is terrific.

Along the French front the artillery preparations lasted 40 minutes after which the troops left the trenches with wonderful dash. Before eight o'clock considerable progress was reported and the first objective obtained.

The prisoners taken by the British are so numerous that they have difficulty in handling them.

WAIT AMERICA'S POST-WAR PLAN

England and France Anxious for United States Adherence to Economic Curb They Propose—Agreement is Essential.

By JUDSON C. WELLS
(Staff Correspondent of The Globe. Copyright, 1918, by N. Y. Globe.)
Washington, Aug. 7.—If anybody can obtain an X-ray picture of President Wilson's mind celebrating about commercial and economic policies after the war, several foreign offices stand ready to pay a fancy price for it.

Speaking of the Paris economic conference and its proposals for economic pressure on Germany to make it "be good" after the war, Premier Lloyd George the other day said to a group of British manufacturers:

"Up to the present time America has expressed no opinion upon them and it is virtually important that the policy of America and that of this country shall be in complete agreement on economic as well as other problems. An agreement among the allies means that the economic fate of the world will be in the hands of the great allied powers federated together at present."

The succession of efforts which Great Britain has made to secure a commitment of the American government to some common policy on this matter has been in progress for many months. Not by direct suggestion and inquiry, but through the curiously undiplomatic procedure of exchanging speeches—which has become the common method of developing international opinion and understanding during the present war.

Among the entente nations this has been regarded at all stages as a war of peoples engaged in a common cause. If a question arose among the governments, it was necessary not only to effect a meeting of governmental minds, but to make sure that the various peoples were acquiescent with that agreement.

So it has become a recognized practice for a statesman of one country to make a speech outlining a general attitude, and then wait for the press of his and allied countries to bring indication of the drift of sentiment toward the suggestions. If it becomes apparent presently that opinion was friendly, the spokesman of other states would presently deliver addresses recording themselves in har-

A PEACE FEELING NOW BY BULGARIA

Playing Particularly Upon the Friendly State of Great Britain and America.

POSSIBLE PEACE MOVE OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED

Bulgaria is Employing the Old Method of Blackmailing Her Allies for Personal Gain.

(By Associated Press.)
Athens, Aug. 8.—Bulgaria is engaged in a peace offensive, synchronizing with the German movement in the same direction, according to the former minister of foreign affairs. She is playing particularly upon the friendly sentiment existing at least on the part of Great Britain and the United States, he asserts.

"The rumors of possible about-face on the part of Bulgaria have been confirmed by our minister of agriculture, who has returned from London where he went on a special mission," declared M. Capapanos in an interview printed in the Messenger of that city. "Bulgaria is employing the old method of blackmailing her allies in order to obtain the largest possible sections of territory of her neighbor and to exploit internal Philo-Bulgarian illusions in America and England, a process which has been employed, particularly of late," asserted M. Capapanos.

W S S
ANOTHER HOT WAVE ESCHEDED

Weather Man Must Have Thought the First Big Drive Was Not Sufficient and Orders Another.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, Aug. 8.—Thunder showers are expected tonight to cool the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast region where the scorching heat wave persisted today after temporary relief last night through widely scattered wind and rain storms.

Only temporary relief is in sight, the bureau forecasters say, for another "low" is developing over Albert and is coming eastward, threatening to send the mercury up to marks equal to the record set yesterday and Tuesday.

Thus agreement was effected among rational opinions, and the policy shadowed forth in this manner came to have international importance, quite as significant as agreements reached in the old days of secret diplomacy through the exchange

(Continued on page six.)

TAKING OVER OF MEAT INDUSTRY OF COUNTRY IS NOW PROPOSED

Federal Trade Commission Recommends That President Take This Step—Charged That Five Great Packing Concerns Are "Unfairly and Illegally" Using Their Offices—White House Makes Public Report of the Committee.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 8.—Government acquisition and control of all the principal stock yards, cold storage plants, warehouses, refrigerator and cattle cars was recommended today to President Wilson by the Federal Trade Commission, to destroy a monopoly which it declares Swift & Company, Armour & Company, Morris & Company, Wilson & Company, and the Cuddahy Company exercise, not only over the meat industries of the country but over other necessary food supplies.

The committee's report is based upon an exhaustive hearing conducted recently in many cities and made public today through the White House. It has been in the hands of the President since July 5th.

The charge is that the offices of the five packing companies "have been and are being unfairly and illegally used" to manipulate the live stock markets;

To restrict inter-State and international supplies of food;

To control prices of dressed meats and other foods;

To defraud both the producers of food and the consumers;

To crush effective competition;

To secure special privileges from railroads, stock yard companies, municipalities and to profiteer.

CASUALTY LIST TODAY IS 345

Of This Number 133 Were Killed in Action and 17 Died Wounds One Died Airplane Accident.

ONLY 4 NORTH CAROLINA BOYS IN THE LIST

Three of These Were Members of the Army and One Was With the Marine Corps.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, August 8.—The army casualty list today shows:
Killed in action, 131.
Died of wounds, 16.
Died of airplane accident, 1.
Wounded severely, 62.
Wounded, degree undetermined, 22.
Total, 237.

The following from North Carolina are included in the list:

Private Joseph L. Pearce, of Selma, died of wounds.
Private Rosler Gouge, of Bakersville, was killed severely.
Private Buy P. Rose, of New Bern, wounded severely.

Marine Casualty List.

The marine list today shows:
Killed in action, 2.
Died of wounds, 1.
Wounded severely, 20.
Wounded, degree undetermined, 74.
Wounded slightly, 1.
Missing, 10.
Total, 108.

Corporal Fred O. Black, of Charlotte, is the only North Carolinian in the marine casualty list. He was wounded severely.

W S S
Writings by the former dentist of the Kaiser should at least be authentic, for it is indisputable that what he got pertaining to the Kaiser he got out of his own mouth.

Hundreds of mothers in Sioux Falls, S. D., have petitioned the school board to regulate the entire high school girls with a view of curbing extravagance in dress during wartime.

W S S
The Railway Mail Association, an organization of railway mail clerks, has opened its membership to women. Some seem to think dishonesty is the best paying policy.

NO INITIATIVE FOR THE ENEMY

General Foch Will Not Permit the Germans to Recuperate From Terrible Beating.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS MARKS ATTACKS TODAY

Germans Retired to Positions Before Which Rivers Offer Particular Protection.

(By Associated Press.)
British and French troops attacked this morning from Albert northeast of Amiens to Montdidier on the Avre south of Amiens, the front of attack being approximately 25 miles.

Message reports from the field indicate that the allies advanced to a depth of about two miles south of the Vesle and have probably taken the villages of Marcel Cave and La Motte-En-Santerre.

This new attack was launched exactly three weeks after Foch's masterly counter offensive against the west side of the Soissons-Rheims salient and had been expected since Germans were driven back from the Aisne-Vesle.

It is not believed the allied commanders will permit the initiative to pass to the enemy after the stunning defeat administered along the Marne. General Foch is known to be an offensive fighter and it was predicted a new blow would fall on the German lines before they could reorganize their shattered divisions behind the Vesle and the Aisne.

Germany seems to have had knowledge of the plans of the allied commander-in-chief for during the last 10 days they have carried out three reorganizations on the northern sector of their lines, two of these in the Picardy salient, one on each side along the Ancre river and the other along the Avre north of Montdidier. In both cases the enemy retired to positions before which the rivers offered particular protection.

W S S
In these days of financial stress it is a genuine relief to approach a slot machine and discover that you still can still buy something for a penny. New York Tribune.