

Readers of This Paper, Please Vote for the Two Amendments Tomorrow.

YADKIN VALLEY HERALD

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\$1.50 A YEAR AND WORTH IT.

SALISBURY, NORTH CAROLINA,

TUESDAY, NOV. 4, 1918.

\$1.50 A YEAR AND WORTH IT.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

AUSTRIAN ARMISTICE TERMS ARE MADE PUBLIC HUNGARIAN POPULATION VOTE ON REPUBLIC OR MONARCHY Americans Capture 5,000 German Prisoners and Make Advance

AUSTRIA IS UTTERLY STRIPPED OF POWER

Dual Monarchy Completely Shorn of All Her Military Facilities and Concessions Granted.

SIMULTANEOUSLY ANNOUNCED OVER WORLD

Must Demobilize, Give Up War Vessels and Permit Use Railways in Operation vs. Huns.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 4.—The terms of armistice under which Austro-Hungarian armies laid down arms today have been received in full at the state department. They will be made public during the day.

Terms Announced Simultaneously.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Terms of armistice under which the land and sea forces of what was once the Austro-Hungarian empire laid down arms were announced simultaneously in Washington and the allied capitals. They accomplish complete surrender and open Austro-Hungarian territory for American and allied operations against Germany.

From this drastic document, it may be stated, may be gleaned an accurate outline of conditions nearing completion in the supreme war council at Versailles under which Germany may have a cessation of hostilities.

The terms under which the debacle on the Italian front ended today at 3 p. m. (9 a. m. Eastern United States time) include, complete demobilization of all Austrian forces, surrender one-half of all military and artillery equipment, the occupation by American and allied forces of such strategic places as may later be selected, the use of Austrian railways for operations against Germany, the evacuation of all invaded territory, leaving behind of all equipment and supplies, including coal, the surrender of a portion of the Austrian surface and submarine fleet and the disarmament of the others under American and allied control, the surrender of all German submarines in Austrian waters, and repatriation of allied and American prisoners without reciprocity.

The evacuation of territory roughly corresponding to the boundary lines claimed by Italy under the Italian ultimatum or treaty of London program.

The right of occupation by allied forces is reserved, local authorities to maintain order under allied supervision.

The terms of the armistice will be carried out under the direction of Marshal Foch, who will designate material to be turned over and supervise the movement of the Austro-Hungarian forces to the rear.

All German troops in Austria-Hungary, Italy or the Balkans must be out or interned within 15 days. Destruction of any property by retreating forces is specifically forbidden.

Ships to be surrendered include 15 medium Austrian submarines, three battleships, three light cruisers, nine destroyers, 12 torpedo boats, one mine layer and six Danube monitors to be demilitarized by the allies. Other war craft is to be concentrated and dismantled under allied direction.

Free navigation of all Austrian waters by both war and commerce fleets of the allies is provided for. The Danube route is to be kept open by the occupation or dismantling of fortresses to be selected by the allied commander.

The existing blockade of the allies against Austria remains unchaned. Austrian ships being liable to capture where found except when a commission to be named later provides otherwise.

All enemy naval aircraft is to be put out of commission and concentrated under allied control.

All Austrian harbors and other equipment in occupied Italian ports are to be left untouched. All fortresses protecting Austrian naval bases or stations are to be occupied and the arsenal at Pola is specifically surrendered.

All allied craft held by Austria is to be returned immediately. The only organized military forces Austria will be permitted to retain is limited to that necessary to maintain order in her own borders.

HUNGARIAN PEOPLE VOTE ON REPUBLIC

Population of Hungary, Including Women, to Pass On Question of Republic or Monarchy.

HUN SOCIALISTS DISSATISFIED WITH PROCLAMATION

Establishment of Allied Grand Court to Try Those Guilty of Crimes in the War is Favored.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 4.—The population of Hungary a month hence will take a public vote to decide the question of a monarchy or a republic, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. In the balloting the women will have the same electoral rights as the men.

Not Satisfied With Emperor's Proclamation

London, Nov. 4.—The German socialists are not satisfied with Emperor William's proclamation issued Sunday, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. The Vorwaerts says: "The manifesto will not in any way change the standpoint of the socialists nor weaken the demand for abdication."

Dr. Adler Released Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—Dr. Frederick Adler, who killed Austrian Premier Sturegh on October 21, 1916, has been released from prison, according to Vienna advices.

Allied Grand Court London, Nov. 4.—The establishment of a Grand Court of allied representatives, civil and military, for the purpose of trying those guilty of crime during the war was advocated by Sir Frederick Edward Smith, British attorney general in an interview in the Daily Express.

Emperor Charles to Abdicate Basel Switzerland, Nov. 4.—Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has determined to abdicate and will retire to Switzerland, German newspapers say.

To Liberate Prisoners London, Nov. 4.—Every person imprisoned during the war for sedition or treason against the state and conduct of the war and high treason and rebellion will be released, it is officially announced in Vienna, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam.

Takes Charge German Bohemian Government Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—Josef Pellingner, a deputy in the Austrian lower house, yesterday took charge of German Bohemia, according to a dispatch from Reichenberg, Bohemia.

Famous Educator Dead (By Associated Press.)

Ithica, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Dr. A. D. White, Cornell University's first president, former ambassador to Germany and minister to Russia, died here today at his home as the result of a stroke of paralysis which he suffered Friday. The funeral will be held Thursday, November 7, the 88th anniversary of Dr. White's birthday.

RUSSIA REFUSES TO PAY INDEMNITY

After Having Paid Two Installments to Germany She Orders the Transportation of Gold and Bank Notes Stopped.

(By Associated Press.) Copenhagen, Nov. 4.—The indications are that Russia will refuse to pay any further indemnity to Germany, according to the Frankfort Gazette. The newspaper says Russia, which has paid two installments of war indemnity, has stopped the transportation of gold and bank notes to Germany. "Evidently," adds the Gazette, "she will not pay the last part of the indemnity."

DEALING GERMAN SMASHING BLOWS

Collapse of Present Enemy Defense Positions on This Front Appears to Be Near at Hand.

HAIG LAUNCHES NEW ATTACK AT VALENCIENNES

General Pershing's Armies Pressing Forward East and West of Meuse and Germans Leave.

(By Associated Press.)

Smashing blows are being dealt the Germans on the western front and the collapse of the present enemy defense positions appears to be close at hand. In the Italian theater hostilities were to end today at 3 p. m.—9 o'clock Monday morning, Eastern United States time—but up to that hour the Italian and allied forces continued to press the Austrians on the entire front, the advices indicated.

On the northern end of the French front General Haig on Monday launched a new attack south of the Scheldt in the region of Valenciennes. The operations began successfully on a wide front and this vital sector of the German position is in great peril. The French army maintains its pressure but the fighting activity is less than that of Sunday and last week.

German artillery has been active along the Aisne front, probably protecting an enemy regiment, which is inevitable in view of the allied success north and east.

General Pershing's armies are pressing forward east and west of the Meuse and the Germans are not prepared to make a stand.

Stanley and the gap in which his lines are being encircled and its fall would appear to be near.

In the center of the sector west of the Meuse the American first army has driven forward to Sommeville, 13 miles south of Sedan, the most important German railway center between Metz and Metz.

W. S. S.

Ashville's First Snow (By Associated Press.)

Ashville, Nov. 4.—The first snow of the season in this section greeted Ashville this morning on Pisgah and other nearby mountains. The snow fall was light but it could be plainly seen by the people of the city. Two killing frosts occurred the past few days, although the weather is ideal for fall.

W. S. S.

PRIZES FOR GROWING GOOD CROPS OF COTTON AND CORN

The Farm Journal, a monthly agricultural paper of Philadelphia, Pa., announced the appropriation of \$10,500 in cash, and 15 medals, which will be given for the best fields of corn, cotton, wheat, potatoes, oats and alfalfa harvested during the year of 1919. For each of these crops a first second and third prize of \$1,000, \$500 and \$250, with a medal, will be awarded. Any person may compete. Practically the only provision is that the land must not be irrigated, and the prizes are given for yields from five acres, and the crop harvested during the coming year.

Farmers in North Carolina will be especially interested in the prizes offered for cotton and corn, and many of them can make strong competition for the money on wheat, oats and potatoes.

These prizes are well worth working for, not only because of their great monetary value, but even where a prize is not won the man is repaid by an increased yield of crops. In calling this contest to the attention of North Carolina farmers, the agricultural extension service believes that there are farmers in the state who can win these prizes if they will go after them, because they have the soil and climate necessary. North Carolina should be well represented in the contest.

W. S. S.

Mr. Lee L. Idings has gone to Hot Springs, Ark., for a month's treatment for rheumatism.

W. S. S. Don't use terra-cotta flues except lining for chimneys of brick laid flat way. The fire hazard is too great.

GERMANS SORELY FARRASSED NOW

Everywhere on the Western Front the Allies are Pounding the Enemy. Americans Advance with French.

(By Associated Press.)

In France and Belgium the Germans are being sorely harassed by the British, French, Americans and Belgians, and there are indications that a debacle is about to occur.

The Argonne massif, which has proved a great obstacle to the advance of the French and Americans, at last has been cleared of the enemy, and the entire line appears to be crumbling. American airmen report that the enemy in front of the Americans are retreating northward, that the roads are densely packed with troops, artillery and transports.

Likewise southeast of Valenciennes the Germans are retreating before the British, who are in close pursuit and taking numerous prisoners. North of the Aisne in Champagne the French continue their pressure and have taken several important villages, large numbers of prisoners and great quantities of war stores.

The advance of the Americans and French on the southern part of the battlefield, taken in conjunction with the operations of Field Marshal Haig and the Belgians in the north, threatens to prove the culminating blow to Germany's attempts to hold ground in France or Belgium. Indeed, it is not improbable if the advance from the greater portion of the German army will be trapped before the men can reach their border. The situation of the Germans seemingly is a critical one.

W. S. S.

SENATOR OVERMAN BELIEVES IN WILSON

Senator Overman, who is at his home in this city, said last night: "I think the New York Herald is mistaken. I am certain that we will get more senators than are given the democrats in the forecast. I am satisfied that we will elect senators in Nebraska and Colorado, both of which states the Herald gives to the republicans, and we will get others that they do not concede, in close states."

"As for the house, the democrats will control that by at least 10 majority, and possibly 15."

"What about North Carolina?" the senator was asked.

"North Carolina will send a solid democratic delegation to congress," the senator replied. "The only district that can be called close is the tenth, and the democrats will carry that district by a larger majority than is generally expected."

"The President's proposal is bearing fruit. The people look to him today as the strongest man in the world theater, and no partisan politics will prevent the thinking people from sending him a congress that will support his ideas, because his ideas are the ones that have successfully conducted and won the greatest war in history."

W. S. S.

The fall cleaning for fire-prevention is important. Remember, Clean-up Week is November 4-9. Help Insurance Commissioner and Fire Marshal James R. Young in this big conservation effort.

CUTTING THE GARMENT TO SUIT THE CLOTH

During this week and until the post can get worked back to normal conditions it will be possible for us only to handle the usual run of big news and the advertisements that require little work. Practically 50 per cent. of our mechanical force is in bed and with the keenest interest in the war and an election Tuesday, it will be possible for us to handle little outside the war and election news. Articles headed in for publication, all class and kind, will have to wait over or go by entirely.

ARMISTICE WITH AUSTRIA WAS SIGNED BY DIAZ SUNDAY, EFFECTIVE TODAY AT 3 P. M.

London, Nov. 3.—(6:12 p. m.)—An armistice with Austria was signed this afternoon by General Diaz, the Italian commander-in-chief, according to an official announcement made here this evening. The text of the statement reads: "A telephone message has been received from the prime minister in Paris saying that news has just come that Austria-Hungary, the last

AUSTRIA IS OUT WITH THIS DAY

Armistice Conditions Offered by Allied Nations Accepted and Signed on Sunday.

GERMANS IN RETREAT STAND ALONE IN FIGHT

The Position of Germany is Critical and the Week May Bring Something New.

(By Associated Press.)

Austria-Hungary is out of the war. Deserted by her last ally, Germany fights alone a battle which means ultimate defeat or abject surrender.

After days of pleading, an armistice has been granted Austria-Hungary, whose badly defeated armies in the Italian theater are staggering homeward under the violence of the blows of the entente troops.

Trent, in Austrian Tyrol, which the Italians always have claimed as their own, has been captured by them; Trieste, Austria's principal seaport on the Adriatic, over which there has been such bitter fighting, now flies the Italian flag, and Belgrade, capital of Serbia, has been recaptured by the Serbians.

In France and Belgium the Germans are being sorely harassed by the British, and there are indications that a debacle is about to occur.

Germans are in Retreat The Argonne massif, which has proved a great obstacle to the advance of the French and Americans, at last has been cleared of the enemy, and the entire line appears to be crumbling. American airmen report that the enemy in front of the Americans are retreating northward, that the roads are densely packed with troops, artillery and transports.

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North of the Aisne in Champagne the French continue their pressure and have taken several important villages, large numbers of prisoners and great quantities of war stores.

The advance of the Americans and French on the southern part of the battlefield, taken in conjunction with the operations of Field Marshal Haig and the Belgians in the north, threatens to prove the culminating blow to Germany's attempts to hold ground in France or Belgium. Indeed, it is not improbable if the advance from the south continues as rapid as it is, the greater portion of the German army will be trapped before the men can reach their border.

German Position Critical

The situation of the Germans seemingly is a critical one. Although the Austro-Hungarians have been given an armistice they are still being bitterly attacked by the Italians, British, French, American and Czechoslovak troops in the mountains and on the plains and will continue under chastisement until Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when a cessation of hostilities will take place.

Entire regiments are surrendering to the Italians in the mountains and large numbers of the enemy are being made prisoner on the plains. Heavy casualties are being inflicted on the retreating troops. Many additional towns have been reclaimed.

In their swift drive against the Austro-Hungarians the allied forces have up to the present taken more than 100,000 prisoners and have captured more than 2,200 guns. So rapid has been the advance over the plains that Italian cavalry already has crossed the Tagliamento river, and entered Udine.

W. S. S.

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W. S. S. Vienna, Via London, Nov. 3.—"In the Italian theater of the war our troops have ceased hostilities on the basis of an armistice which has been concluded," says the war office communication issued today.

"The conditions of the armistice will be announced in a later communication."

W. S. S. Clean-up Week, November 4-9, observe it and reap the reward in greater industry from less and improve health conditions.

GERMAN RESERVES ABOUT ALL GONE

Emperor's Armies Are in a Serious Condition Owing to Inability to Shorten Their Lines.

YEAR'S HUN CASUALTIES RUN TO 2,500,000

Low Grade Weapons Are Now Being Used by German Youths of Class of 1920 Are in Line.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 4.—Military authorities who three weeks ago were skeptical over the return of peace because of the military situation are convinced that the German army is in a serious condition owing to its inability to shorten its line and produce fresh reserves.

It is pointed out that German casualties this year have amounted to 2,500,000 of which 1,000,000 are permanent casualties. Last March Germany had 80 fresh divisions of reserves which had not been in line for a month. Now German reserves consist of 60 divisions, only seven of which have had as much as a fortnight rest and none has had as much as a month, which is considered the maximum for an efficient force.

German divisions are now appearing in the fighting line with many hundreds of rifles below the German normal of 6,700. On October 3 regiments in 40 or 50 divisions were reduced from a 4th company to a 3rd company basis. Many youths of the 1920 class, which Germany wished to hold to spring, are now in the field. This is Germany's last man power hope. It is estimated that Germany had 180,000 guns in July, a third of which have been lost. The number of guns and batteries have been reduced and some batteries equipped with third rate weapons.

W. S. S.

ANOTHER REVENUE RAID IN STANLY

Revenue Officer Dry and Deputies Blalock and Frisco and Officer McSwain Take a 100 Gallon Outfit.

New Albemarle Policeman

Albemarle, Nov. 2.—Somebody near Mission in the western end of this county was halted in a large effort to fight the Spanish "flu" with booze today, when Revenue Officer S. P. Dry of this place, assisted by Deputies Tom Blalock and T. F. Crisco and Officer C. P. McSwain captured his complete equipment, a large 100 gallon still with all fixtures and about 150 gallons of beer. The evidences in the nature of heat, etc., at the plant convinced the officers that a big 100 gallon run of "flu" remedy was pulled off last night, and that the owners had just succeeded in getting away with it before the officers arrived. The still was one of the largest ever captured by officers in this county, and was just one of the many which are thought to be yet in hiding in this section. Three others not quite so large, have been brought into Albemarle during the last 10 days.

Henry Troutman has been appointed on the city police force to take the place of Officer S. P. Dry, who recently resigned to take a place in the government service. Mr. Troutman will serve as a night officer. He commenced the discharge of his duties last night.

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AMERICANS TAKE DOMINATING HILLS

Pershing's First Army Brings Under Fire of Heavy Guns Important Hun Railway Points.

RAILWAY AND AIRPLANE HANGERS ARE ATTACKED

Germans Maintained Activity With Artillery and Machine Guns Throughout the Night.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 4.—The first American army has captured dominating heights from the Germans northwest of Verdun and brought under fire of its heavy guns the important railway at Montmedy, Longuyon and Conflans, General Pershing reports in his Sunday evening communication, announcing an advance for the first army of 12 miles on an eight mile front in three days. Prisoners captured number more than 5,000 and guns more than 100.

In the action has been regular and national army troops from Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, New Mexico, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia and the District of Columbia.

Germans Maintain Activity Paris, Nov. 4.—The Germans maintained activity with artillery and machine guns throughout last night on the entire front of 15 miles on the Aisne between Reims and Sedan, according to a war office report.

Railways Attacked By British London, Nov. 4.—Railways and air-ship hangers in the region east of Metz were attacked today by British independent air forces, says an official statement this afternoon.

Hostilities Between Polish and Ruthenians Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—Warsaw newspapers say hostilities have broken out between Polish and Ruthenian Ukrain troops. The latter is supported by German-Austrian regiments and captured Lemberg in Galicia November 1. Przemysl is in the hands of the Ruthenians. An Austrian army commanded by General Haus, in whose ranks is Archduke William, is reported to be advancing on Rawruska and Zarnow.

Over 20,000 More Prisoners London, Nov. 4.—More than 20,000 prisoners and several hundred guns were taken by the 48th British division operating on the Asiago plateau toward Trentino, it is announced in an official statement by the war office today. On the Venetian plain affecting a crossing of the Tagliamento river included the 32nd American regiment.

Americans Extend Attack Washington, Nov. 4.—The American first army continues to advance northwest of Verdun and extended its attack today to the east bank of the Meuse. General Pershing reported that all towns on the west bank of the river south of Halles have been captured.

W. S. S. A SPECIAL SHOP TRAIN

Will Operate One Hour Late Tomorrow Morning From Salisbury to Spencer to Accommodate Voters

Officials of the Spencer shops announce today that a special shop train will be operated from Salisbury to Spencer tomorrow morning one hour behind the regular shop train in order to give those employees at the shops who live in Salisbury an opportunity to vote.

The regular shop train will leave Salisbury on time to carry those who do not wish to vote but all who desire to vote may do so and catch the second train to the shops an hour later.

W. S. S. Mrs. Blaylock Improving

There was possibly not a happier convalescent in the city yesterday than Mrs. Earle Blaylock, when her husband, Corp. Earle Blaylock, of Camp Jackson, arrived in the city to spend two precious hours with her.

For the past 14 days Mrs. Blaylock has been desperately ill with influenza but she is improving very nicely and was allowed to sit up a short time yesterday.

W. S. S. Clean-up Week, November 4-9, observe it and reap the reward in greater industry from less and improve health conditions.