

# THE DAILY UNION BANNER.

SALISBURY, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1865.

NO. 23.

VOL. I.

## Terms of Subscription to the Union Banner.

Our paper will be published daily at the following rates in Federal currency: Daily paper, six months, \$5.00; Daily paper, three months, \$3.00; Weekly paper one year, \$3.00; News agents FIVE DOLLARS per hundred. Single copies at the office 10 cts.

### Advertising Rates.

All advertisements will be charged ONE DOLLAR a square of ten lines or less, small type, for each insertion, and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction made to monthly advertisers. No advertisements inserted unless paid for in advance.

The name of no subscriber entered on our books unless paid for in advance. All letters concerning the office must be addressed to J. J. STEWART, PUBLISHER.

## INCORRECT EVIDENCE.

In the New York Herald of May 31st, we find what is reported to be the evidence of L. F. Bates, of this place, (Superintendent of the Express Company,) at the assassination trial in Washington city. Mr. Bates is reported as testifying that Jefferson Davis, when in Charlotte, read a dispatch to the crowd announcing the assassination of President Lincoln, and after reading it made the remark "If it were to be done it were better that it were well done." Certainly Mr. Bates is incorrectly reported, for we know of our own knowledge, as do dozens of other citizens of this place, that Mr. Davis did not read the dispatch to the crowd assembled to hear him speak. Just as he (Davis) concluded a short speech, or near the close of the speech (which was made immediately on his arrival here) the dispatch was handed to him; he looked at it, remarked in a low tone, "this is an extraordinary communication," and then handed it to a citizen standing near, who read it to the crowd. Mr. Davis did not allude to the matter in his speech nor make any remark about it except the one we have stated, which was a mere expression of astonishment; nor did he authorize the reading of the dispatch to the crowd. This statement can be substantiated by many of our citizens who were present. We know nothing about what occurred after Mr. Davis went into Mr. Bates' house, but we do know that Mr. Bates' statement of what took place on his steps or in front of his house is incorrect. And we are told by many persons that Mr. Bates was not present when the dispatch was read or when Mr. Davis made his speech. We repeat, certainly Mr. Bates' evidence is incorrectly reported.—Charlotte Democrat.

From the Charlotte Democrat:  
**A DENIAL.**  
RALEIGH, N. C. June 2, 1865.

### Editor of Democrat:

The servant boy who was with Jefferson Davis when he was captured has returned to this place and says that Mr. Davis was not disguised in female apparel when he was captured—that he had on the clothing he was in the habit of wearing, and when the alarm was given, and as Mr. Davis started to leave the tent, Mrs. Davis threw her shawl over his head or shoulders.

The name of the servant boy is, I am informed, Jim Jones, and accompanied Mr. Davis from Charlotte until he was captured and landed at Fortress Monroe. He is known here in Raleigh to be truthful and of good character. X.

## LETTER FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

Camp near Alexander, Va., May 19, 1865.  
DEAR BOWMAN: I am just arrived. All my army will be in to-day. I have been lost to the world in the woods for some time. Yet on arriving at the "settlements" found I have made quite a stir, among the people at home, and that the most sinister motives have been ascribed to me.

I have made frequent official reports of my official action in all public matters, and all of them have been carefully suppressed, while the most ridiculous nonsense has been industriously spread abroad through all the newspapers. Well, you know what importance I attach to such matters, and that I have been too long fighting with the real Rebels with muskets in their hands to be scared by mere non-combatants, no matter how high their civil rank or station.

It is amusing to observe how brave and firm some men become when all

danger is past. I have noticed on fields of battle brave men never insult the captured or mutilate the dead; but cowards and laggards always do. I cannot recall the act, but Shakespeare records how poor Falstaff, the prince of cowards and wits, rising from a figured death, stabbed again the dead Percy and carried the carcass aloft in triumph to prove his valor. So now, when the rebellion in our land is dead, many Falstaffs appear to brandish the evidence of their valor and seek to win applause, and appropriate honors for deeds that never were done.

As to myself, I ask no popularity, no reward; but I have the War Department to publish my official letters and reports. I assert that my official reports have been purposely suppressed, while all the power of the press has been malignantly turned against me.

I do want peace and security and the return to law and justice from Maine to the Rio Grande; and if it does not exist now substantially, it is for State reasons beyond my comprehension. It may be thought strange that one who has no fame but as a soldier should have been so careful to try to restore the civil power of the Government and the peaceful jurisdiction of the Federal Courts; but it is difficult to discover in that fact any just cause of offense to an enlightened and free people. But when men choose to slander and injure others, they can easily invent the facts for the purpose when the proposed victim is far away, engaged in public service of their own bidding. But there is consolation in knowing that though truth lies in the bottom of a well, the Yankees have perseverance enough to get to that bottom.

Yours, truly,  
W. T. SHERMAN.

## From the Augusta Constitutionalist. ADDRESS TO THE FREEDMEN.

The negro population of our city and vicinity assembled en masse, yesterday morning, upon the Parade Ground, to listen to an address from Rev. Dr. French, of Ohio, who for three years and a half, has been laboring on the coast of South Carolina as a government agent and missionary for the freedmen.

A handsome stand was erected under the shadow of a group of beautiful trees, covered with an awning and beautifully decorated with flowers and evergreens. Several national flags were suspended above the speaker's head.

Upon the stand, in addition to the representatives of the Government, we noticed Bishop Pierce, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and Hon. R. M. May, Mayor of the city.

The attendance was large and embraced all the various classes of our colored people. Here was the surly, black-visaged plantation hand, and the comely well-garmented, sleek house servant—good old Auntie who ejaculated "bress de Lord" and cried "hallelujah" with all the fervor of camp-meeting enthusiasm, spruce mulatto dames and demoiselles little pinnacines in the arms of mothers—every phase and color of our once peculiar institution.

We regret our inability to report the address of Dr. French, as no facilities were afforded reporters. It was an exceedingly timely, well tempered, just and considerate speech and we have no question but that it will exercise the happiest influence over the negroes.

He announced at the outset that they were free, and the enunciation was greeted with the liveliest demonstrations of applause. But he proceeded to enforce the duties and requirements of them in their new condition as freedmen, and urged them by all possible considerations of Christian and personal liberty not to throw away the great boon which Almighty God had vouchsafed to them.

Their primary and chief duty, said he, was to stick by their former masters—to remain on the planta-

tions and at the homes where they had been engaged—to work for themselves and demonstrate that they were worthy of liberty. Idleness, theft and lying, of which many were guilty, would not be tolerated any more in the future than it had been done in the past. They must be industrious—must cultivate the social virtues, and above all, be true to their masters and mistresses.

The relations of the colored people to their former masters was dwelt upon by the reverend speaker for some time, and most excellent advice given. The willingness to remain in their present condition free with old masters was tested by a vote, and unanimously concurred in.

In behalf of our community, who are so vitally interested in this great revolution of the labor system, we thank Dr. French for his earnest, well considered and opposite presentation of the whole case to the blacks. He is evidently a candid gentleman, who has the interest of all classes at heart.

Many of the Northern papers are showing their spiteful, revengeful feelings, by continuing to abuse the South and southern people after all opposition to the United States has ceased, and when they know that the southern people have no power to resist such an insult. One paper—Harper's or Frank Leslie's—has a caricature of southern females, with false statements and false representations. This is a very poor way to re-establish good feeling between the two sections. We are sure that no brave Northern man, who has met the southern people in battle, approve the conduct of such northern editors as now take occasion to abuse and insult us. So far as our knowledge extends, we have found the U. S. troops, officers and men, now quartered among us, polite, respectful, liberal and gentlemanly—they seem to earnestly desire that by-gones should be bygones, and that all again become friends; it is the politicians and shade-officers (or at least some of them) who are now abusing southern people and demanding their degradation and ruin. For their benefit we copy an extract from Gen. Sherman's letter dated "Camp near Alexandria, Va., May 19, 1865," as follows:

"It is amusing to observe how brave and firm some men become when all danger is past. I have noticed on fields of battle brave men never insult the captured or mutilate the dead; but cowards and laggards always do. I cannot now recall the act, but Shakespeare records how poor Falstaff, the prince of cowards and wits, rising from a figured death stabbed again the dead Percy and carried the carcass aloft in triumph to prove his valor. So now, when the rebellion in our land is dead, many Falstaffs appear to brandish the evidence of their valor and seek to win applause, and appropriate honors for the deeds that never were done."—Charlotte Democrat.

Rumor has it that there is a prospect of an early addition to the family of General Tom Thumb. It is also said that Commodore Nutt and Miss Minnie Warren are about to be married.

## STOLEN,

ON THE NIGHT OF THE 5th JUNE. A horse, 16 hands high, white grey, red spot on the left side of the neck, shod before, a lively riding horse, had a racking hopping gait. He was last heard of in Salisbury. Any information left with the subscriber, two miles from Brinkles Ferry, or Wm. Smith in Salisbury, will be suitably rewarded. Supposed to be stolen by a rebel soldier or citizen.  
T. C. WYATT.  
Salisbury, June 8, '65. 31-22

## MICHAEL BROWN.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
Salisbury, N. C. June 7, 1865. 11-21

## NEWSPAPER ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.

THE PRESENT PROPRIETOR BEING desirous of devoting his time to other business, offers for sale

DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN AND weekly catawba journal

Together with everything connected with and belonging to the publication of the said Newspapers.

In the office are one large Power Press, (Northrop Cylinder) three Washington Hand Presses, and one Ruggie's Card Press—all in good order—and a very large quantity of type and materials of all kinds.

The 'Bulletin' and 'Catawba Journal' are old established papers—were in operation before the war—and have always enjoyed a liberal patronage.

To one acquainted with the business this presents one of the finest openings North or South. The position of Charlotte, in the midst of a country unsurpassed in rich agricultural and mineral productions; the centre of a net work of railroads, all of which will doubtless soon be in successful operation, warrants us in the assertion that it is destined at no distant day to become one of the most flourishing and prosperous inland towns in the Southern State.

An immediate application will secure a bargain. Address  
PROF. DAILY BULLETIN,  
May 30, '65. Charlotte N. C.

## NEW COMMISSION HOUSE, SALISBURY, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A Commission House in Salisbury N. C., and solicits consignments of merchandise, country produce, etc. Liberal cash advances made.

W. H. HOWERTON.  
Salisbury, June 6, '65. 11-20  
Newbern Times, copy 1-m.

## STRAY'D OR STOLEN.

A LARGE SORREL MARE

MULE, FLAX MANE AND TAIL.

She broke loose at Mr. Levi Laurence's, on Wednesday night of the 31st. May 1865. I think she has gone in the direction of Iredell or Cabarrus counties.

I will give a reasonable reward to have her returned to me, or for information so that I may get her.

A. A. COWAN.  
Salisbury, June 6, '65. 1-20  
Charlotte Bulletin copy 3 times.

## FASHIONABLE TILORING.

C. N. PRICE

TAKES pleasure in informing his friends & the public, that he has just received from New York, the latest fashions, and is prepared to accommodate in the latest STYLES, all who may favor him with a call.

June 5th, 1865. 61-20

## NOTICE:

Editor Banners:

Major Daubar A. Q. M. at Lexington, N. C. informs me by telegraph that there will be an auction sale of condemned horses and mules at Lexington, N. C. Friday the 9th day of June, 1865, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. He desires that publicity be given to the notice in order that both citizens and officers may take advantage of the sale, to procure whatever stock they may need.

Yours &c.  
W. L. CHAMBERS.  
Lieut. A. A. Q. M. 23d Div. 23 A. C.

## White Sulphur Springs,

CATAWBA COUNTY, N. C.

The undersigned having assumed the management of this justly celebrated watering establishment, announces to the public, that on and after the first of June he will open the same for the reception of boarders to the number of fifty. There are several very prettily located cottages on the grounds suitable for families or single persons. With the view of conforming to the present financial condition of the country, the price of board has been fixed at \$25 per month or a less time \$2 per day, current funds.

The long experience and extensive practice of the undersigned as a Physician, will insure to invalids who may seek the waters of Catawba for their medical qualities, such devotion as will best elaborate their healing qualities, and his personal supervision will be given to secure the utmost comfort to his guests. The Springs will be kept open till the 1st of November.—There are several Chandler's the medical properties of which stand unrivalled. Persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantage here offered, will please address the Proprietor as early as possible.—Post Office Newton, Catawba County, N. C.

In coming to the Springs they will get off the cars at Robards Ferry, Out, Statesville and Morganton Rail Road.

WM. FREDRICK STUART.  
Charlotte Bulletin, copy one week and send bill to the subscriber.  
May 28th, 1865. 211-21

## For Sale at Dr. Sill's

OLD DRUG STORE: Copperas, Soda, Snuff, &c. Apply to J. H. ENNISS.  
Salisbury, May 31st, 1865. 15-11

## PHOTOCARY & DRUGG NOTICE.

ALL indigent and poor persons unable to pay for medicine or medical prescriptions will be supplied at half price, by calling at the office, NEW DRUG STORE now kept.

JOHN H. ENNISS.  
June 3, '65—dt18

## NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF HENDERSON & ENNIS having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 18th day of May last, notice is hereby given to all debtors and creditors of the firm that Jacob E. Moore, has all the books and claims of the firm in charge, and is hereby authorized to make all settlements for the firm—and all persons holding claims will present them to him, and all parties indebted will make payment to him, and his receipts shall be good in all cases appertaining to the firm business.

C. A. HENDERSON.  
JOHN H. ENNIS.

je1-1m

## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE FIRM OF HENDERSON & ENNIS being dissolved the business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand in the name of Henderson & Schaffer, who have on hand an assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, &c., to which they expect soon to make large additions.

They will be pleased to see their old friends and customers at all times, and will do their utmost to furnish them with pure medicines at the lowest rates possible.

C. A. HENDERSON.  
F. C. SCHAFER.

je1-1m

## Information Wanted

OF W. ALEXANDER HOCKADAY, who was last heard from in Salisbury about the 1st of March, 1865. Any intelligence concerning him since that time, will be thankfully received by his distressed sister. Address,  
Miss L. E. HOCKADAY,  
Richmond, Va.

dt16

## 15 BBL'S. TANNER'S OIL and TURPENE.

For sale by E. NYE HUTCHISON.  
Charlotte, June 1, 1865—2wd16.

## DENTISTRY.

H. L. Coleman D. D. S.

(Successor to Dr. W. F. Bason.)

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS Professional Services to the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Dr. C. feels assured with the experience of fourteen (14) years practice he can give general satisfaction. He can be found at his office, formerly occupied by Dr. W. F. Bason, at all hours. my301f

## NEW DRUG STORE!

J. H. ENNISS, formerly of the firm of Henderson and Ennis, respectfully announces to the public that he is now opening a new

DRUG STORE

in the brick building formerly occupied by Dr. Sill, where he has for sale an assortment of

Drugs, Paints, Dyes, &c.,

and will be pleased to see his friends and customers.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of day and night. Drugs sold low for cash.  
Salisbury, May 29, 1865—dt14

## Western N. C. Rail Road.

Passenger Trains will run as follows: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave Salisbury at 4 1/2 A. M.

Arrive at Head of Road at 12 M.

Leave Head of Road at 12 1/2 M.

Arrive at Salisbury at 8 P. M.

Fare 5 cents per mile.

J. W. WILSON, Eng. & Sup.

May 26, 1865—dt11

## BUTCHERING.

I WILL deliver in this market lamb and mutton meat, at the lowest market prices, for cash only. To begin on Wednesday morning, at Mr. Buis' shop.

M. HOFFLIN.  
May 23, 1865—dt18

## WANTED TO PURCHASE.

I want to purchase fat beavers, sheep, and calves. The highest market price will be paid in cash.

M. HOFFLIN.  
May 25, 1865. dt10

## HEADQUARTERS 2d Div. 23d A. C.

Salisbury, N. C., May 27th 1865.

## GENERAL ORDERS

No. 23.

All persons having in their possession United States horses or mules, not procured from a Quartermaster of the United States, or which belonged to the Confederate States at the time of Genl. Johnston's surrender, or any property of the Commissary or Quartermaster Department of the so called Confederate Government, will report the same without delay to the proper officer at this post.

A failure to comply with this order will subject the offender to arrest and trial.

By command of  
BRIG. GEN. COOPER

C. A. CILLEY,  
Asst. Adj. General.