SALISBURY, N. C.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION. One Year \$1.50 8ix Months..... 1.00 Advertising Rates by Contract,

Entered in the Post-Office at Salisbury as scond-class matter.

A soap mine has been discovered near Pine Ridge, Wyoming. At all events, if it isn't soap it's something that resem-Mes it very closely, being yellow in color, and capable of making a good lather and removing grease from hands and clothing. The supply seems to be unlimited.

California is proud of ner record for 1887. Three hundred miles of new railroad were laid, the assessed value of property increased \$132,000,000, the wine and brandy product was large, .59,500,000 pounds of canned goods and 35,000,000 of green fruit were shipped, and there never was such a year for

An effort to suppress by !!- fighting has been made in Mexico. An attempt to make the powers of Europe disarm would be as likely to win success, sarcastically observes the New York World. Take bull-fighting from Mexico and there would be nothing left saye a little pulque, some red pepper and the halls of the Montegumas.

The colfiest place in the West is said to be the little town of Halleck, on the Central Pacific Railway. It is built at the very bottom of a valley that extends due north nearly to the Arctic circle, and railroad men say that this valley agts as straight down to the unlucky village,

In every country there is some specia. drawback to the sheep industry. Here the pastures as bare as Old Mother Hubbard's cupboard. In New Zealand the greatenemy of sheep is a large green parrot. It lights on a sheep and devours its living flesh. After it has exten its fill it flies away. But, as a rule, the wounds it makes never heal.

Perhaps the late L. J. Curtis, the millionaire manufacturer of Meriden, Conn., says the New York Commercial Advertiser, took to heart the aphorism | if Australia wishes. Still, it is not imof Mr. Carnegie, that the day was coming when the man who died rich would die disgraced. At any rate, he left \$750, 000, three-fourths of his fortune, to a home for widows and orphans in Meriden, and divided the remaining fourth among his wife and children. His idea was that his family could get along on a | the Antarctic region is still nearly twelve quarter of a million.

the increase, for there are three or four between 1840 and 1848 by Sir James devoted exclusively to the manufac... said, a roaring trade. An inquisiti e journalist, however, has ascertained that the cigarettes solely made for the ladies contain a soupcon of opium, which is decidedly a bad thing for the health and nerves of those who use them, and who thus may be said to doubly narcotize themselves.

The Mexican International R. R. has been completed to Lerdo, on the Mexican Central line, thus closing the ga tween Lerdo and Eagle Pass, the At can terminus of the International Road, This completes the second all-rail route to the City of Mexico, and shortens the distance from the Texas border over 200 miles, as against the El Paso route, while the total shortening of the distance from the interior of Mexico to New York and the East is about 700 miles. The Inter-Pacific system, and gives San Antonio direct communication with the City of Mexico. The distance is 1,100 miles.

Speaking of Mrs. Cleveland, a Washington correspondent says: "Her resi-

dence of a year and a half in Washington has not taken the edge off the curiosity of the people living right here at the capital. When she goes shopping the clerks and customers at any store she may visit drop everything to look and listen. When she takes a seat in a box at the theater the performers lose half the attention of the audience, and when she gives a reception at the White House the men and women pass in line before her and then eagerly rush around to the corridor, where on tiptoe there is some chance of catching another glimpse of the fascinating hostess."

The Philadelphia Times says it 'ha; been authorized to invite free suggestions from the multitude as to the best public use that could be made of a gift of \$30; 7000. The authority comes from a gentleman of large fortune and large philanthy thropy, and it is his sincere deaire to receive intelligent suggestions to guide him in applying that sum in any line of public charity or beneficence to productive of the greatest good. It is not intended that individual or family suffering should be embraced in the list at auses presented."

and I, as well, I suppose, as very many others, would wish to see then back again. I saw \$1,200 paid for a box in Maguire's Theatre on the open ing might of Calherine Hayes's season. A Limerick butcher at Sacramento paid \$1,300 for a box when she came to the capital city in 1804 \$1,300 for a box when she came to the capital city in 1804 it is since in the same pollular than nickels are now. When the mail steamers would arrive I have seen a gambler give a man an ounce of dust (that is \$16) for his place in the long line of anxious people waiting their turn outside the Post-office, which was then at the corner of Brenbam place in the long line of a mile of anxious people waiting their turn outside the Post-office, which was then at the corner of Brenbam place in the long line of anxious people waiting their turn outside the Post-office, which was then at the corner of Sacramento paid \$1,300 for a box when she came to the s suffering should be embraced in the list of causer presented."

The largest amount of land held in the NATIONAL CAPITAL. United States by an alien corporation is that owned by the Holland Company in

The hardwood production of the country in 1887 was 25 per cent. greater than in 1886. The hardwood trees of the United States are being rapidly ex-

The Northern Pacific Railroad, with its new rotary snow-ploughs, will be able to defy the blizze d. Pushed by locomotives; they dash through a drift seven feet deep at the rate of from fifteen to twenty miles an hour. After the snow has been cut up by the revolving knives it is expelled from a spout at the side of the plough like the dust from a blower in a planing mill.

A five-dollar bill was recently received at the Washington redemption bureau. having attached to it a statement that it had been exposed to contagious disease, and, although fumigated, had better receive careful handling. When the young woman who received it read the warning, she dropped the bill with a scream which brought fifty other young women in the division crowding around her.

It is the custom of people who live in the Northwest to declare that although the cold of that region is extremely severe when measured by the thermometer, it really causes less suffering than the variable temperatures flower latitudes. This is all very well as a matter of humorous conversation on a warm summer day, but its force as as argument is materially injured by the namble blizzard which destroys hundreds of

Consul Jernigan, of Qscka, reports 63 follows to the Department of State at Washington: "It may be said, emphatically, that there is great powerty among the lower classes in Japan, the inheritance of long centuries of superstition and despotism. With a population of 37,000,-000, living on an area of 150,000 square a great natural wind pipe which brings | miles, two-thirds of which are mountains and hills, unsuited for agricultural purposes, labor will continue for a long time to be cheap and abundant. A good laborer can be hired for fifteen to twentyfive cents per day, and he will work trem we have dogs and wolves. In Australia & A. M. to 9 P. M., and board himself. rabbits eat nearly all the grass, and leave | The laborer don't wear many clothes, and often appears in a suit that would excite the envy of the stanchest dude."

"Australia," says the New York Times.

has received a set-back by the refusal of the mother country to join her in the plan of contributing \$25,000 each for an Antarctic expedition. But the objection made by the British Government, namely, that the amount proposed is too small to be of service, is a very easy one to cure, probable that any increase in the sum devoted to such an expedition would be so much additional money thrown away. While discoveries within the Arctic circle have been pushed to a distance of only a little more than six and a half degrees from the pole, the furthest advance in degrees from the South pole. Practically, nothing of importance has been discovered The number of women in the French | in that direction for nearly half a cencapital who use tobacco is somewhat on tury, or since the triple successes achieved establishments in the city of pleasure Ross, our American Wilkes, and the --- French Dumont d'Urville. Ice and snow of ladies' cigarettes-and they do, it is | per retually cover latitudes corresponding to those in which at the north flang. Ishing venetation, many quadrupeds, and even permanent populations are found. To suppose that any commercial advantage could come of another attempt to penetrate these prodigious ice barriers is preposterous, and there is only a slender chance of deriving scientific knowledge of importance from the

Flush Times in San Prancisco.

on a visit to this city, says the can Francisco Examiner. Mr. Brannigan said: "I have come back to San Francisco for the purpose of seeing some of my old friends of the Argonaut days of 1849that is, as many of them as are alive. I can tell you some interesting things about early times in this city. I owned and drove the first back that ever rumoled over the streets of San Francisco. national line is part of the Southern In 1851 I got \$50 a night to drive Catherine Hayes, the famous singer, and her mother between the Razette House and Tom Maguire's Theatre, which was then situated on Washington street, between Montgomery and and Kearney. I also got the same sum from several others at the time for the same trip. Those were good old days, has not taken the edge off the curiosity others, would wish to see them back

t can't be helped, and there is no use

New Mexico. Alt embraces 4,500,000 MINTERESTING DOTS ABOUT OUR (UNITED STATES' OFFICIALS.

> nasip About the White Honce Army and Navy Matters-Our Relations With Other Countries and Nations.

CONGRESSIONAL. The Senate resumed consideration of the urgency deficiency bill. At the close of a discussion on the bill, a vote was taken on Mr. Payne's amendment and it was not agreed to-yeas 24, nays 24. The bill having been reported from the committee of the whole, Mr. Payne renewed his amendment in the Senate and it was again rejected-yeas 25, mays 30.

... In the House Mr. Belment, of New York, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported the following, which was adopted: "Resolved, That the President be requested to send to the House, if met against public interest, all documents and correspondence, if any there are, between our government and the governments of Great Britain and Wenezuela, or either of them, relating to the question of the disputed boundary between the said British colony and Nenezuela; The committee on commerce reported the bill authorizing the establishment of a number of life-saving stations, among them one at Lynn Haven inlet, No., and two between Ocranoke inlet and Cape Lookout, N. C. The House passed a bill for a public building at Sedalia, Mo. It then took bills reported from the Indian committee, and passed, without amendment, the bill ratifying and confirming an agreement with the Grosventure, Piegan, Blackfeet and River Crow Indians in Montana.

The Senate took up the "pension bill" Mr. Wilson, of Jowa, to insert the words, 'From the infirmities of age." After brief speeches by Messrs. Berry, Manderson, Sherman, Teller and Beck, Mr. Ingalls, presiding officer, having called Mr. Platt to the chair, proceeded to address the Senate, the galleries being crowded to their full capacity. The speech was very bitter, and was replied to by Senator Blackburn. At the conclusion of Mr. Blackburn's speech, discussion on Mr. Wilson's amendment was resumed, but after a half hour, it was agreed, by unanimous consent, at the suggestion of Mr. Sherman, that the pension bill should be taken up as unfinished business the following day and cently, when a boat was found capsized, inished . . . In the House, Mr. Thomas, o. Illinois, introduced a bill prohibiting the use of likenesses, portraits or representations of females for advertising purposes without consent in writing. Referred. The House then resumed consideration of the Alabama contested election case of McDuffie against Davidson, After brief arguments by Messrs. Lynn, of Iowa, and Johnston, of Indiana, in favor of the claim of contestant, Mr. O'Farrell, of Virginia, took the floor in support of the majority report. After further debate by Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, in favor of the minority report, and by Messrs. Moore, of Texas, Jones, of Alabama, and Wheeler, of Alabama, in favor of the claims of the sitting member, the discussion was closed by Mr. Crisp. The minority resolution de-claring McDuffie entitled to a seat was rejected-yeas 122, nays 144, and the majority resolution declaring the sitting member entitled to his seat was adopted

without division. Among the petitions and memorials presented and referred in the Senate, were the following: For the abolition of all licenses and taxes on commercial travelers. From the Woman's Christian remperance Union, for the repeal of the internal revenue taxes on alcoholic liquors, and for a prohibitory amendment to the Constitution . . . Under the call of states in the House, the following bills and resolutions were introduced and referred: By Mr. White, of Indiana, the following preamble and resolution: "Whereas, there has been inaugurated a

great strike on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, which, if not speedily checked, will end in widespread destitution and suffering, not only to those mmediately engaged in it, but to others who are not directly connected therewith, but nevertheless, win affected by the prolongation and continu-ance of said strike. Resolved, That a special committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker, to proceed at once to Chicago, and there investigate the con-dition of affairs in relation to said strike, and that they be empowered and requested to act as meditators between the Chicago, urlington & Quincy and Chief Arthur

ties, so that the strike will terminate." By Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, de-claring trusts unlawful. By Mr. Thomas, of Wisconsin, to define trusts and prohibit trusts from carrying on interstate commerce. The House then took up the McDuffie-Davidson, Alabama, contested election case, but it was not fin-

A bill was passed by the House appropriating \$75,000 to the construction of a revenue cutter for use at Charleston, S. C.

A number of Washington ladies are making preparations for an entertainment to be given for the benefit of the

Col. John S. Mosby is in Washington pefore the Court of Claims, on a claim of \$10,000, which is due him for fees while acting as a United States consul in China

Seedmen are complaining to the au-thorities that the recently concluded parcel post convention works too much to the advantage of their rivals across the border. Canadian seed growers can send packages for four cents to this country, while similar packages sent from here cost sixteen cents.

The committee of colored men working in the interest of the \$400,000 appropriation for the National Colored Exposition has reported success with the Senate committee. The Atlanta men are still in Washington, and are urging their claims before the House committee. The sentiment, both in the Senate and House is favorable to the appropriation.

Assistant Secretary of State Rives has received official news from Piedras Negras, Mexico, in regard to the trouble at Eagle Pass, Texas, between Texas officials and some Mexican soldiers, which resulted in the death of a Mexican soldier and wounding of the commanding officer. His reports confirm newspaper accounts of the affair, and show, in addition that the Mexican officer defied arrest at the hands of the United States sheriff, saying that he did not come to Texas to surrender, but to fight.

Baron F. Rothscould, M. P., speaking at a secent reacting at Aylesbury, said that he saver touched alcoholic drinks of any kind.

FLORIDA ITEMS.

L. Bucki & Son will extend their road o a point on the Suwannee river about fifteen miles from Ellaville, and then connect with boat for Cedar Key. . . . Hills-borough is to have a new jail . . . Madison wants a tobaccoffactory .. Daytonia is to have a Knight of Pythias Lodge Cholera is taking off many hogs in Madi-

son county . . . The corps of engineers of the Leesburg and Lake Region Railway have started out to definitely locate the line of that road ... Robert Screne, a colored man from Lake county, who was confined in the jail at Sumterville, charged with breaking open asiore, died of meningitis. ... A large saw-fish fourteen feet in length was caught in the bay, at the mouth of the Myakka river. Dr. King. of Boston, made the unusual catch while fishing for tarpen with a hook and line. ... A brick-væd is to be established at

DeLeon Springs ... Silas B. Wright, of

DeLand, has resigned the office of county

assessor....E. N. Waldron, of Welaka, has started a cocoanut grove at Jupiter. ... Parties in Appleton, Wis., have purchased 64,000 acres of pine and cypress timber land of Hamilton county Inquiries concerning Alachua county are coming ia from all portions of the North, and there is no doubt but that next Fall will witness a large influx of visitors and settlers . . . Mr. Lancaster, of DeLand, is now filling large orders from California for orange nursery stock. He expects to leave with a car-load or two within the next few weeks, and will be absent about thirty days. . . . A Culsan gentleman in Kev West, who has a number of pretty daughters, complains to the mayor that he was continually annoved by a number of boys congregating around his premises. The mayor ordered a policeman detailed to watch affairs . . . The immense sugar mill of Disstons was started up at At. Cloud, on the beautiful lake of East Tohopekaquestion, still being on the amendment of liga. Mrs. Hamilton Disston, of Philadelphia, christened the enterprise ... J W. Paul, J. W. Willis and A. W. Winegold, from Crystal River, Fla., went to Jacksonville. They registered at the Plaza. H. T. Leshman, clerk of the hotel, went to their room to call them for the early train. Getting no response to his knocks, and thinking he detected the odor of escaping gas, he forced the door open. All three of the men were found lying unconscious, while the gas jet was turned half on Ed. Perine, popularly known in Lake Weir circles, has been missing. He was

to make a trip to Homosassa, consequently no fear was entertained till realso a handkerchief bearing his name. ... The 2d Artillery band gave a complimentary serenade to Mrs. General Grant at the Ponce de Leon hotel in St. Augustine. Owing to a sudden slight illness, Mrs. Grant could not appear, but through L. P. Rolerts, clerk of the Ponce de Leon, sent her regrets....Edward F. Pittman, a cigar manufacturer, of Quincy, cut the throat of George Hughes, also a cigar manufacturer, and head of the firm of George Hughes & Co . . . Forest fires raged near Mill Creek, doing much damage to the property of F. E. Southland, destroying his house and contents.... County Solicitor A. W. Owens filed with the clerk of the Criminal Court at Jacksonville, forty fifty bills of information against parties who were reported by Sheriff Broward and his deputies as being inmates of the gambling houses recently raided A large party of prominent New York and New England people are in Jacksonville. The tour is one conducted by the Pennsylvania Railroad. . Sir Thomas Grattan Esmonde, M. P., spoke before the Irish National League at the opera house in Jacksonville.... The Omaha party of excursionists, who arrived at Jacksonville two weeks ago and who have since been down on the Gulf coast, left for home. They were all delighted with their trip, and expressed themselves as Florida converts.

RUSTING WHEELS.

The Strike of Locomotive Engineers Extending Over the West.

The Burlington and Northern Railroad

strike is on, having started at Minneapo-

lis, Minn. The road's freight business

was very large before the Chicago, Burin Germany, notwithstanding the fact lington and Quincy strike, but it is now greatly | nothing more than local, Chief Arthur stated unreservedly (to use Arthur's av. actness.) there was "serious danger that the strike of the engineers and firemen would now spread widely. It is impossible to appease our men,"he said, "when they know that railroad companies all over the country are giving aid to the Burlington. We are continually in receipt of telegrams showing that the comnies are rendering this as such things are stopped." The Burlington strike is involving other roads at the from his private office and seized the robstockyards. Five Lake Shore engineers ber. As he did so, he received a ball refused to take a train of Burlington cars from the revolver in the hands of the from Englewood to Sixteenth street, in villain, over his left hip, going clean Minneapolis, declaring they would quit before they would haul anything bearing the "Q" label. A Wabash switchman refused to receive Burlington cars, which were brought to the yards at Root street. The switchmen employed by the Union Stockwards and Transit Company, which has charge of all switching at the yards, also decided that they would handle no Burlington cars. The fu'll support of the entire Brothorhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen has been pledged to their members on any and all roads him instantly. The stolen money was throughout the United States, who deem | found in an inside pocket of a rubber sufferers from the cyclone at Mt. Vernon, it necessary to strike, and formally decide to do so, in order to uphold their bleich are fatally hurt. Kimballi was aware of their danger, the flames shot up brethren on the Chicago, Burlington & about twenty-eight years old and was an old elevator in the rear, cutting off Quincy Railroad. So far as heard from formerly an employe of a producing not a single road upon which the Chica-firm. He was recently injured on the not a single road upon which the Chica-go, Burlington & Quincy has made the demand to handle their freight had reponded favorable. The Wabash refused point blank. The St. Paul declined, and which time he has been drinking heavy train, switched on to its tracks heavily. He was formely a real estate from the Burlington's tracks, at Western from the Burlington's tracks, at Western avenue, for transportation over the Chieago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, was hauled back. Other western roads to whom the formal request was sent, have either refused or are prepared to reject freight when offered. "We would rather have a lawsuit than a strike," said General Agent W. S. Nine-line of the Minnesote & Northwest

GERMANY'S SORROW.

Her Beloved Emperor William Slowly Passing from Earth.



The latest advices from Germany in

egard to the condition of Emperor Wil

liam, are unfavorable. Prince William has just returned from San Remo. Prince William, Prince Bismarck, General Von Moltke and the court physicians are present at the palace. It is reported that the closing of the Reischtag will be postponed in consequence of the condition of the Emperor. The official bulletins say: 4 p. m.—The Emperor has suffered a serious relapse. He has been in a heavy sleep since two o'clock in the morning. His condition causes great anxiety. 4.30 p. m .- The emperor awoke at 3.30 o'clock the same afternoon, and took some nourishment. The Berlin Behanzeiger publishes the following bulletin, which has been issued by the emperor's physicians: "To the general symptoms of cold which have affected the emperor since the 3d, together with an affection of the mucus membrane of the throat and irritation of the membrane of the eyelids, has been added during, the past few days painful abdominal disorder, which have occurred frequently since the 6th. The emperor's appetite has materially diminished, owing to which there has been a marked decrease in his strength." The Bundesrath has been summoned for an extraordinary sitting on the night of the 7th. 10 p. m .- It is still hoped that the emperor, notwithstanding his present feebleness, may rally. During the afternoon no alarming change occurred. The slight nourishment he was able to take seemed to revive him. Prince William remained at his grandfather's bedside a quarter of an hour. In the evening the first story of the palace, where the emperor's room is situated, was all lighted up. A constant stream of military men and government officials passed in and out. The street in front of the palace is kept perfectly quiet. The doctors are anxious, on account of the emperor's rapidly declining strength. After midnight he lay in a doze. The doctors were unable to wake him to administer food until late in the afternoon. Members of the ministry and of the imperial house were in attendance during the night, and the telephone to Potsdam was kept open. It is stated that in addition to kidney affections the emperor is also suffering from intense pain due to inflammation of the parts affected by the rupture which he suffered some time ago. It has been found that morphia, administered to alleviate the pain, is too much for his strength, and has a bad effect upon his appetite. Injections of the drug will, therefore be discontinued. Doctors Von Leur and Luthold did not leave the emperor an instant in the palace all day, but to the general public little was known until toward evening. The very latest news is that the emperor is in an almost comatose state and cannot live many hours. It is expected that in

that he is as yet unfit for travel. BOLD ROBBER.

consequence of the illness of the emperor

the crown prince will either return im-

mediately to Berlin, or go to some place

He Entered a Bank, Robbed the Till, Killed

Two Men and Suicided. A masked man, named Kimball, entered the Bradford, Pa., national bank with a revolver in his hand, and when midway between the paying teller's and discount clerk's desk, nimbly jumped over the high glass partition and made a grab for the money on the cashier's desk. The suddenness of the affair paralyzed the clerks, but Cashier Tomlinson rushed down a side street. The report of the revolver attracted a crowd and a number of citizens started in pursuit and Kimball ran some distance, when he turned on his pursuers and shot A. L. Bleich, a butcher, in the abdomen, inflicting a dangerous wound. He then placed the revolver to his own head, and fired. The ball entered at the temple and killed several hundred dollars damages, since agent in Garden City, Kansas, where his wife died, leaving two girls.

MONUMENT POSTPONED.

The Senate bill appropriating \$10,000 to the Ladies' Monument Association to aid in the erection of a monument to the lin, of the Minnesota & Northwest road, and Chicago. St. Paul & Kansas City. The strike threatens to extend to the engineers and firemen in the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad's freight yards. It was learned that several loads of freight consigned by the Burlington to Rio Grande for the Burlington to Rio Grande for the most exciting question yet discussed in that body. The ladies had beautifully decorated the speaker's stand with choice flowers and creeping vines, and displayed transfer to the West strived in the ficient to erect the monument, came up in the Mississippi House, and proved to be the most exciting question yet discussed in that body. The ladies had beautifully decorated the speaker's stand with choice flowers and creeping vines, and displayed conspicuously over the stand a fine pencil drawing of Jefferson Davis and the tattered colors of the third Mississippi regithe Burlington to Rio Grande for transfer to the West, arrived in the yards. Orders were issued to have the cars switched, but the engineer on the switch engine refused to touch them. Another engine was sent after them with the same result. The cars were abandoned, and the men say they will quit before they move them. Indications are that a strike on the Kansus City, Fort Scott and Gulf system is inevitable. The Gulf road has announced its willingness to handle freight, and unless it reconsiders this determination the men will surely go out.

flowers and creeping vines, and displayed conspicuously over the stand a fine pencil drawing of Jefferson Davis and the tattered colors of the third Mississippi regiment of volunteers. All was artistically arranged and presented a grand picture. To make the scene complete, the ladies turned out in force and thronged all the lobbies. A great many patriotic speeches were delivered, and strong appeals made to grant the reasonable aid asked for by the ladies in their noble work, but the bill was indefinitely postponed by a vote of fifty-nine to forty-two. It passed the Senate with only eight dissenting votes.

WORLD AT LARGE.

PEN PICTURES PAINTED BY A CORPS OF ABLE ARTISTS.

What is Going on Nort's, East and West and Agross the Water-The Coming En-

ropenn storm. Wilfred Blunt was released from Tulamore, Ireland, jail.

The members of the Roumanian Cabinet have tendered their resignations. The New Jersey senate has passed the high license bill over the governor's veto. A dispatch from Massowah says, that the Italian outposts have signalled the

enemy along the entire Italian line. Archbishop Corrigan has forbidden Cathelics to attend Dr. McGlynn's Anti-Poverty meetings, under pain of excommunication. Louise M. Alcott, the authoress, and

daughter of A. Bronson Alcott, the aged author who died a few days ago, died in Boston, Mass. The steamship Circassia arrived at Nev

York from Glasgow, Scotland, and is de tained at quarantine on account of smallpox on board.

State Senator Vickers, of Pittsburg, Kansas, has been arrested and taken to Kansas City on the charge of selling liqnor without license, on the state I ne. The International Peace and Liberty

League in Paris, France, is circulating a petition for a permanent arbitration treaty between France and the United S. V. Harness, of Cleveland, Ohio, vice-president of the Standard Oil com

pany, died of heart disease on board his steam yacht Twilight, in Charlotte Harbor, Fla. A shock of earthquake was felt at Los

Angeles, Cal., being the severest for eighteen years. No damage was done but houses were badly shaken and people ran into the streets in fright.

A can of paraffine caught fire from gas jet in the loft of a building in Greenwich street, New York, exploded, and \$100,000 damage was done. The Trinity Church corporation owned the building.

Lord Randolph Churchill presided over a conference held in London, England, to receive the preliminary report of the executive committee to provide assistance for the unemployed workingmen of Paddington.

Quite a scare has been created at the prisoners are confined, over the discovery of a case of small-pox. The victim is a man who came from the East, and was sent out for vagrancy. He was promptly removed to the pest-house, and the prisoners were vaccinated.

The Wamsutta Cotton mills, at New Bedford, Mass., whose spinners and balkboys are now on a strike, give notice that all of their mills, except No. 6, will shut down for an indefinite period. The news has created consternation among the traders, who depended largely on the 2,-500 operators for support.

Sebastian Yonta, a powerful German, foreman of the New Jersey Rubber Works, at Brunswick, N. J., was caught in the wheels of the heavy crusher recently. His hand and arm were terribly lacerated. When the surgeon told Yonta the arm would have to be amputated, the latter became insensible and fell to the floor. When picked up he was dead.

Advices from Lieve de Conales, Mexico say that that place and Pecacho ranch were attacked by a party of nineteen or twenty men from Escandon, commanded by Braulio Cervantes. At both places bloody contests took place. At Lieve, Jaun Sanches and his daughter and three men were killed, and at Pecacho there were killed President Julio Acumma and his son and six others. Of the fighting party one was killed.

By order of District Judge Malins, of the state of Coahiula, Mex., Capt. Francesco Mananz, Lieut. Miguel Cabrera, the second sergeant, and the lieutenant's orderly, all of the 3d Mexican cavalry, have been arrested and placed in jail, charged with participating in the late attempt to kidnap a Mexican deserter in Eagle Pass, Tex., and with participating in a subse quent attack upon the sheriff of Maverick county.

The hearing in the suit of George H. Tilden, nephew of the late Samuel J. Tilden, to test the legality of the library clause in the will of the deceased states man, began in Yew York before Judge Lawrence. Counsel in opening the case, stated that the action was brought for the construction of the clause of the will which provided for the bestowal of the bulk of the fortune upon the Tilden trust, and also of the clause providing for the establishment and endowment of libraries in Gramercy park, New Lebanon and Yonkers.

PRINTERS KILLED.

A Massachusetts Newspaper Burned Out-A Great Sacrifice of Life. The new office of the Evening Union, at Springfield, Mass., burned out, and the

blaze was attended with the most sickening horror ever witnessed in that city, six of the employes meeting a terrible death, most of them jumping from the fifth story and being crushed into a shapeless mass below. Six others were badly injured. The fire was discovered in the mailing room, and clouds of smoke were pouring out of the lower story windows, and beaware of their danger, the flames shot up | blown to atoms. escape by the stairway, and most of the employes who escaped found their way to the ground by a roof in the rear. Some were cut off in the composing room, and cinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific there is still a terrible suspense, as several Railroad at Pine Knot, Ky., which refell back into the flames. The employes sulted in the killing of Fireman John A. who rushed into the editorial room were Dana, of Lexington, and Engineer L. B. cut off from escape in the rear, and had to face the horrible alternative of burning to death or jumping to the sidewalk below. Four comporitors suffered bad fractures of bones and anison below. low. Four comporitors suffered bad fractures of bones and serious burns. Two, named Donehue and Ensworth, were fatally hurt. It is thought that the fire started among lumber in a closet on the ground floor. The flames were drawn up the elevator well and spread through the composing room. The following is a correct list of the killed and injured: H. J. Goulding, aged thirty-two married force. Goulding, aged thirty-two, married, foreman of the composing room, burned to death; Mrs. Hattie E. Farley, aged twenty-three, secretary to the editor; Miss Gertie Thompson, and a red of the composing to the editor; Miss for information of his whereabouts. He for information of his whereabouts. Gertie Thompson, aged eighteen, proof reader, burned to death; C. L. Brown, aged twenty-two, compositor; W. E. Hovey, of Boston, aged twenty-five, fell, striking on his head, and died at the hospital; J. Danzon, aged thirty-five, compositor, lately came to the city from Canada.

SENATOR PALMER, of Michigan, recently sent an emissary to Asia to purchase Arabian horses. The emissary has just written home from Jerusalem that his mission is a failure as the Sultan has recently issued a firman prohibiting further exportations of Arabian

SOUTHERN GOSSIP.

BOILED DOWN FACTS AND FAN-CIES INTERESTINGLY STATED.

ecidents on Land and on Sen-New Enterprises-Suicides - Religious, Temperance and Social Matters.

The shops of the E. T. V. & Georgia Railroad, at Macon, Ga., were destroyed

Hon. C. G. Memminger, first secretary of the treasury of the Coufederate States, died at Charleston, S. C. Hon. John Ray, the veteran jurist, compiler of revised statues and Ray's di-

gest of laws of Louisiana, died recently, aged 72 years. Pepper & Honey, jewelers, at Cleve-

land, Tenn,, were robbed of \$3,000 worth of watches and jewelry. Thieves blew the safe open and made away with their booty. No clew to the robbers. State Chemist H. B. Battle, of Raleigh,

N. C., returned from Washington, D. C., bringing with him \$7,500 of the Hatch experiment farm fund, which he paid over to the state treasurer, who is ex-officio treasurer of the Department of Agricul-The Presbyterian Mutual Assurance

Fund of Louisville, Ky., has made an assignment. Assets in the mortuary fund were \$25,000. Liabilities are between \$50,000 and \$60,000. The failure was precipitated by several suits, which were recently brought against this com-

Miss Marian Bones, daughter of Mr. J. W. Bones, died suddenly at Rome, Ga. She had just finished her duties for the day as instructress of music at Rome Female College, when, without warning or premonition, she dropped to the floor, and when assistance came, she had ceased to breathe.

A fire broke out in Wright's Opera House, at Macon, Mo., and destroyed Wright & Martin's tobacco factory, N. Hunt's brick block, occupied by McCollough & Smith as a grocery; two adjoining brick buildings, owned by Daniel Rowland and occupied by Montgemory & Co., and Wynner & Fritch, grocers, and

the Congregational Church. The elders of the Gay Street Christian Church at Nashville, Tenn., have filed a bill in the chancery court against Preston Taylor, colored, pastor of said church. Complainants charge that during defendant's pastorate he has so changed the long-established mode of worship in this church that grievous dissensions have arisen among the member.

The bridge across the Pee Dee River, at a point near Florence, S. C., on the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, was burned. The bridge was a fine structure, and its destruction is a severe loss to the company. Until it can be replaced, trains from Wilmington must go to Wadesboro, N. C., and thence reach Florence by way of Cheraw and Dar-

Workmen began the demolition of probably the most historic building in Nashville, Tenn., that known as the old slave mart, on the southwest corner of Cherry and Cedar streets, in order to begin the erection of a large block, which will comprise a hotel, stores and offices. This block is an old landmark, having been erected away back in the thirties. Since the War the corner has not borne the best reputation, as several very serious affrays have occurred there.

A cyclone passed over the southwestern part of the parish of Opelousas, La., and many dwellings were blown to pieces. Chapman Guidey and his son, each had an arm broken. The youngest son of Valentine Lavergins was killed. Three brothers, who were keeping a store, lost their house, and their goods were scattered for miles. All the members of the family of Louis Bourgeois were injured. About a dozen dwellings and as many more out-buildings were demolished, and in every case the inmates were injured, and household effects destroyed. The path of the storm was three hundred

BOLD SWINDLE.

vards wide.

J. H. Bond, Mrs. Julia Bond, J. O. Bond, Dr. L. M. Shafer and his son, R. E. L. Shafer, with others, were arrested in Charleston, S. C., upon the charge of defrauding the supreme council of the Royal Templars of Temperance out of \$20,000, by the feigning death of John O. Bond, who is really alive, Mrs. Bond and John O. Bond were discharged from custody upon swearing that their names on all of the papers are forgeries. Dr. Shafer and son, J. A. Robinson, and J. A. Robinson, Jr., were also arrested on the charge of defrauding the same organization out of \$20,000 by certifying to the death of the fictitious John R

DYNAMITE.

A frightful disaster, the exact cause of which will probably never be learned, occurred in the Cleveland Iron Mine, Mich., resulting in the instant death of five men. They were at work blasting rock, having inserted a piece of gas pipe charged with dynamite. The pipe had just come from the blacksmith's shop, and it is supposed still retained sufficient heat to cause an explosion of the deadly agent of destruction . . . Six tons of dynamite stored in the house of Oliver Hampton, about nine miles northwest of Richmond, Ind., exploded. David Hampton, his horse, and a dog were

A CONDUCTOR'S BLUNDER.

died shortly after being discovered.

There was a pistol wound in his left temple, and the weapon was found in the cellar. His accounts are all straight. He was rendered insane by overwork.

Not a Matter of Pride. "I am proud of my descent."

"One of the most famous of Scottish poets was my grandfather."
"Is that so? Considering how great the descent has been I should not think it a matter of pride."-Nebraska State