THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH

Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized

And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tersely Told.

A news special from Winchester, Va., says: Harry Smootz, who was sentenced to be hanged October 7th, for the murder of Miss Susie Farrall, of Sheppards-town, in January, committed suicide at Charlestown Wednesday morning from a a dose of morphine. It is not known how he obtained the poison.

A Nashville dispatch of Wednesday says: John B. Gunter, recently nomina-ted for congress by the republicans of the fifth congressional district, has de-clined the honor on the ground that "There is no use running a republican for congress in this Gibraltar district of Tennessee democracy."

A Richmond, Va., dispatch of Thursday says: Lee Camp Confederate Veterans is keeping open house for Grand Army men who are visiting the city. Tables with tunch are daily spread for thou-sand, while punch is being dispensed from a punch bowl out of which every president of the United States from Jefferson is said to have drank.

A dispatch of Saturday from San Antonio, Texas, says: The overflow of the Rio Grande river continues to cause a great amount of damage in the neighborhood of Rio Grande City. It has reached by robbers three n a higher stage than ever known, and City, Kan., at thousands of acres of rice bottom lands between Rio Grande City and Brownsville have been washed away.

A meeting of the first mortgage bondholders of the Orange Belt Railway Company, of Florida, was held in New York City, Thursday, to consult upon the question of foreclosure of the mortgage on the property. It was decided to instruct the committee to spare neither pains nor expense in calling to account those responsible for the mismanagement of the railroad. The committee was instructed to intervene and prevent the forec'osure of the mortgage pending in the United States court of Florida.

Bids for the completion of the work on rails in time to che the jetties at the Charleston, S. C., port train and the coaches p were opened Friday. There were six bidders as follows: Friday & Egan, \$1,-884,000; C. McK. Grant, \$1,982.800; H. W. Crouch & Bro., \$2 162,500; Alabama Jetty and Dredge Company, \$2;200,200; Gaynor, \$2,367,500; Henry Oliver, \$2,ton, save in the case of two. Friday & Egan, of Columbia, were the lowest bidders and will get the contract. An official bond of \$130,000 is required.

Bondholders of Georgia Southern and Florida railroad met in the office of the Mercantile Trust and deposit Company at Baltimore Thursday. Three hundred and forty-nine bonds held in Baltimore were represented and 170 New York bonds. The meeting was held to protest against the issuing of receiver's cerasville, Ga., and for other purposes. A Topeks. Some of the wo ng of receiver's certificates and in case the defaulted July interest be not paid to foreclose the mortgage.

A News special of Wednesday says: Citizens residing on the government reservation at Fortress Monroe, Va., have been thrown into a state of great axcitement owing to a receipt of a general order signed by the secretary of war preremptorily ordering that every house in-cluding Hyglia and Chamberlains new hotel to be vacated within fifteen days of the issuing of the order, which is dated September 14, 1892, and further ordering the removal and tearing down of all buildings at the owners' expense.

Nashville, Tenn., has a real live king who has just been called to his home to mount the throne and restore order from the chaos now prevailing in his kingdom. The king's name is Momolu Massaquoi, and his country is Vey, which adjoins Siberia in West Africa. Momolu has been in Nashville for two years past attending the Central Tennessee college and securing a Christian education. He is twenty years old. He has just received letters stating that his father, King Belah, has been killed in battle, and that his mother had died of starvation. His people are in a desperate situation and he is urged to come at once and bring all the relief possible.

CARNEGIE MEN ARRESTED.

The Charges Against Them Are Aggravated Riot and Conspiracy.

A Pittsburg dispatch says: Burgess McLuckie, of Homestead, went before Alderman King, of the south side, Thursday afternoon, and made information against Chairman H. C. Frick, Vice Chairman Leischman, Secretary Lovejoy, Superintendent Potter and Messrs. Curry and Childs, all of the Carnegie Steel company, limited, charging them with aggravated riot and conspiracy. It is presumed the charge of riot is based on the attempt to land the Pinkertons on July 6th, the day of the riot. Secretary Lovejoy was arrested later in the day, and warrants were issued for the others.

Exhibit

The world's fair wants a good tobacco exhibit from Georgia. J. M. Estes, the special tobacco agent of the exposition writes that the government exhibit will include samples from every state and territory, and embrace every class, and type of tobacco grown in the United States. Six or eight hands, according to size, will constitute a sample. If growers will send samples properly tagged with the name of the variety to Colonel Nisbett, commissioner of agriculture. day afternoon, and made information and warrants were issued for the others. Informations on the same charge were also made against Lawrence Phipps, W., R. Correy, J. F. Dovey, Nevin McCon-nell, Fred Primer and George Lauder, all employes of the Carnegie company, and William Pinkerton, Robert Pinkerton, R. B. Mellon, John Cooper, C. W. Beddle, W. H. Burt

New Commander-in-Chief of G. A. R. A. G. Wetsert, of Milwaukee, Wis., has been chosen by acclamation com-manding chief of the Grand Army of the manding chief of the Grand Army of the Republic to succeed General Palmer, Comrade Lincoln, of Washington City, his last competitor, withdrawing. The encampment has also, by an overwhelming vote, defeated the proposition to deny life membership in the encampment to past grand officers and ex-post commanders.

Surgeon Ginn, of the Tenth regiment, N.

G. P., for assault and battery in Private Lam's case. Two indictments were returned against each of the defendants. Iams, it will be remembered, was hung up by the thumbs and afterwards drummed out of camp at Homestead for cheering when the news was received that Anarcharchist in gman had that H. C. Frick.

NEW TERMINAL DIRECTORS.

A Committee Will Investigate the Purchase of the Georgia Central.

A New York special of Wednesday says: The new directors of the Rich-mond Terminal have re-elected John A. Rutherford second vice president, A. J. Rohr, treasurer and assistant secretary.

H. C. Crawford was elected general counsel, and the following new executive committee was appointed: W. S. Clyde, chairman; W. E. Strong, J. C. Maben, George F. Stone, T. F. Ryan,

Joseph Bryan and Edwin Packard. President Oakman has been instructed to appoint a committee of directors to in preme justice. vestigate the past transactions of the company, and the company's officials have been notified to co-operate with the receiver in suita brought to recover money spent in buying Georgia Central. It was announced that the names of several new directors had been used wi thority on the Calhoun-Whitne

There Were a M

Train but the Re Passenger train N. Topeka and Santa F

was thrown ov feet high and th Four persons we killed are: Frank senger, Kansas Ci press guardsman, Chaddicks, fireman

engineer, Topeka. The wreck occurred at a which crosses a ravine. There is a hear down grade and the train was runn sible for the engine ed one over the other until the baggage and express cars were completely hidden from view. Three Pullman sleepers remained on the track. but the other cars were completely de molished. The fish plates had been carefully removed and the bolts taken out and 507,500. All the bidders were of Charles- the spikes drawn from ten ties and the rail bent to the inside. Robbery was unqestionably the object of the outrage The train carried \$1,000,000 in currence enroute from the Mexican Central railway to its headquarters in Boston. The

scoundrels did not get the money, A section house at Barclay was broken into Tuesday night and a crowbar, wrench and sledge hammer were stolen. All of these tools, except the crowbars, were found, and the fish plates and bolts which had been removed were also distest against the issuing of receiver's cerificates to build a branch line to Thomcovered. The passengers were sent to
Topeks. Some of the wounded, who resolution was adopted instructing the | could not be removed, were left at Osage Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, City. Several of the passengers will trustees of the bonds, to resist the issu- probably die, but the attending physicians will make no statement extent of their injuries can be ex

JUDGE PRATT ADAMS DEAD.

Sudden Ending of a Short and Brilliant Career.

Ex-Judge A. Pratt Adams died in Savannah Sunday afternoon, after a brief illness, attributed to overwork.

Judge Adams was in his fortieth year.
He was a native of Savannah and graduated from the University of Georgia, being a class-mate of Henry Grady, Judge Emory Speer and other men prominent in An act of congress, dated March 1868, Georgia life. He had scarcely reached gives the secretary full power in this his majority when he was admitted to the bar in Savannah. Half his brief life, therefore, was dedicated to the study and practice of jurisprudence. Rapid and steady progress marked the passage of

For seven years he presided over the al Eastern judicial circuit, succeeding Judge Henry B. Tompkins, who retired and removed to Atlanta. Judge Adams followed his example in 1889 by voluntarily returning to the ranks of his protreasurer, a

Although Judge Adams ascended the or bench at the early age of thirty, he at once gave evidence of his entire fitness for the position. He brought to his new station a mind stored with all the judi-cial learning of the past, an inflexible courage and a stern impartiality. No murmur of dissatisfaction was ever heard by client or advocate in the forum of his

GEORGIA TOBACCO

Wanted By The World's Fair For An

onel Nisbett, commissioner of agriculture at Atlanta, he will have the samples for-warded to Chicago. Samples should be sent to the commissioner before January

THE IAMS CASE.

True Bills Found Against Three of Hi

At Pittsburg, Thursday, true bills were found by the grand jury against Colonel Hawkins, Lieutenant Colonel Streator and Surgeon Gian, of the Tenth regiment, N.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

A news special of Saturday from Balti-more says: The order of the Iron Hall has been reorganized and Freeman D. Somerby, of Philadelphia, re-elected su-

A dispatch of Saturday from the City of Mexico says: The chamber of deputies, which constitutes the electoral college, has again declared Diaz president of Mexico for four years, from the first of next December.

Thursday, decided, by a large majority, to put on trial for heretical teaching, one of its members, Prof. Henry P. Smith, of Lane Theological Seminary. The trial will begin October 5th.

A special from Cedar Rapids, Ia., says: Wednesday morning at 1 o'clock circulars were sent out by order of the railroad telegraphers, ordering the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern men to go out at noon. Men were sent on every train on branches to notify day agents and all night men were notified by wire.

cablegram of Wednesday from Berstates that the bourse is much dered owing to Professor Koch's pessistic cholera views. Professor Koch leves that there will be a repetition of idemic in the spring and that the will linger for years unless Hamecures a copious supply of clear

A special of Saturday from Martins-lle, Ind., says: Charles Hamilton, in schalf of the state, has filed a suit gainst County-Auditor Santa and Treasurer Langwood to test the constitutionality of the democratic apportionment laws of 1885 and 1891. Similar suits will be filed in every county in the state where the districts were affected by these

There was commenced at Toronto, Canada, Wednesday a ten day's session of the Pan Presbyterian A liance, or, to give it its full title, "The Fifth General Council of the Alliance of Reform Churches Holding the Presbyterian System." The 313 delegates to the Alliance represent a grand total of 3,603,209 communicants, 78 branches of the church and about thirty nationalities.

A Saratoga, N. Y., dispatch says: The general term of the third department of the supreme court Thursday morning handed down a decision in the legislative apportionment case of the people ex rel George C. Carter, of Utica, against Frank Rice, Secretary of State. The motion and application for mandamus and injunctions were denied and apportionment

A Washington dispitch says: At a larter of 9 Wclock Wednesday morning he special train on the Pensylvania railroad, bearing the president with his afflicted wife. he son, daughter, grand-children and other relatives and friends who have been to loon Lake with Mrs. Harrison during her illness, drew into the station, and the long and sad journd been undertaken with of trepidation was ended. It tripleted, however, without for other ill-effect to the distinguished patient. Thirty minutes later she was resting easily in her bed at the white house, her mind much relieved by reaching 'home," for which she has been longing throughout the past several

EPUBLICANS

Congressional and Ticket. spatch says: The republican party and will make a recent fusion e-cornered cont is as follows: d, colored. For Bettis; seclorris, colored; Ison; fifth dissixth district, seventh diseighth district, district, A. D. ut candidates for

ing were nomi-First district, second district, red; third district, ka, colored; ninth

URNED THE PEST HOUSES ared the Introduction Cholera.

A Nashville dispatch says: The coun-board of health gave instructions that he pesthouse four miles below Nashville, the pesthouse four miles below Nashville, on the river bank, be cleaned up in order hat they would be prepared to care for cholers eases should the plague ville. The pesthouse was locahe thriving suburb of West and the people there were greatmed, as over fifty families live close Friday night they held an indignameeting and appointed committees try and secure promises that the peste would not be utilized. About the me the meeting adjourned some one set ire to the pesthouse and all three buildings, each of which was 150 feet long, were destroyed. It would cost \$4,000 to replace them.

Professor Gilmore Dead.

Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, the worldrenowned proprietor, manager and leader of the band bearing his name, died Saturday evening at St. Louis, of heart dis-ease. Professor Silmore was sixtythree years of age. His remains will to R. G. Dun be taken to New Yo k city for interment. 210 last year.

Meet in State Convention at Columbia Tillman Nominated.

The South Carolina state democratic convention met at Columbia at noon Wednesday; full delegations pessit the primary elections already held hav ing settled the question of nominations for state officers except as to attorney general, in which there is only local in terest, the greatest interest in the convention hinged on whether the state de mocracy would align itself with the national democracy. The morning session was occupied in effecting permanent organization and rousine work. Recess

was taken till 6 p. m. Upon reassembling the committee on platform and resolutions reported the following:

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

We, representatives of the democratic party of South Carolina, in convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of the party as formulated by Jefferson, exemplified and illustrated by his successors in the leadership, and endorsed by our people in the recent primary election, and we pledge our loyal support to the nominees of the national democracy, Cleveland and Stevenson.
We denounce as unpatriotic and infamous the attempts which have been made to injure the credit and honor of the

state, both at home and abroad. The people of South Carolina, conscious of their ability and integrity, are some of the states. The bonded debt of the state is small. Her resources are large and ample. In her phosphate deposits alone the state is rich, and since the litigation in regard thereto has been adjusted, the monthly receipts from the phosphate royalty for the past two months were nearly sufficient to meet the interest on the debt itself. We earnestly recommend to the legislature to set apart by law any excess of the phosphate royalty after paying the annual interest on the state debt as a sinking fund to be placed at interest and sacredly kept and used for the purpose of paying the principal of the state debt.

TILLMAN TICKET NOMINATED. Governor, Benjamin Tillman; lieutenant governor, Eugene B. Cary; secretary of state, J. E. Tindall; comptroller gen-

eral, W. H. Ellerbe; treasurer, W. T. C. Bates: attorney-general, D. A. Townsend; superintendent of education, W. D. Mayfield; adjutant and inspector general H. L. Farley, were nominated as the state ticket by the Farmers' Alliance democrats, the regular democracy of the

The result was received with tumultuous cheering. The candidates who received the nominations were then introduced to the convention and made short speeches of acceptance. The election of presidential electors will result in the selection of the Tillman ticket, the members of which are pledged to support Cleveland and Stephenson. The conventioby a vive voce vote passed the following resolution:

"We, the democratic party of South Carolina in convention assembled, desire to express our appreciation of the patriotic services of the Columbia Register, its able editor, Mr. T. L. Gantt, in behalf of the cause of true democracy and the rights of the people.'

After the transaction of some further routine business, the convention adfourned sine die.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Some Improvement Noted for the Past

Dun & Co.'s review for past week says: The alarm about cholera has vanished and trade in every direction shows all the improvement that was expected. The south is a little dull because cotton is low in price and late, but a little improvement has been seen during the past week. The volume of business continues phia; F. M. Colson, of Wilson, Colson larger than last year's, although unprec. & Co., Baltimore; C. H. Phinizy, of larger than last year's, although unprecedented crops then made it much greater then in any previous year. The unavoidable conclusions that in the distribution of manufactured products, the increase this year has been extraordinary. Collections are exceptionally good on the whole and although money is in active and increasing demand at nearly all points, the supply is ample for all legitimate necessities. Gold exports have cased, foreign exchange has declined. and the money market is at present with

out disturbing features. Wheat has covered 1 3-8 cents for the extremely low price of a week ago, but sales at New York have been 6,000,000

Speculation in cotton has been large, sales reaching 730,000 bales, and the price has been advanced 3-16 by the covering of short sales. The crop is late, and the movement thus far much behind last year. At Baltimore, business is satisfactory, though quiet with the south, but exceedingly good in shoes, lumber and cattle.

At Memphis, trade is improving though of small volume, and at New Orleans cotton is in better demand and sugar strong and active. Pig iron is firmer, some Alabama furnaces advancing the price 25 cents, but bar iron is slightly easier, some slackening is seen in plates, and on the whole, the prospects for finished products is not quite as favorable. Coal is active in the retail trade, and shipments for the year show an increase of 6 per cent, but it is freely offered by the outsiders at 15 to 40 cents below the scheduled prices, and actual sales in August by Lehigh Valley average 24 cents below the schedule. The demand for men's fall woolens is surprisingly large, old stocks being rapidly cleared off, and it has been a big season for cloaking. is a general uprising of negroes in Camp-while in dress goods the the trade. while in dress goods the the trade is satisfied with the new election law and very heavy. Cotton goods are full of have threatened to annihilate every white activity, some qualities having advanced. man, woman and child in the township. Prints are in pressing demand, and print Captain James, an old and respected citcloths quoted at 31 cents for 64's. In wool, increasing actively is seen, sales far exceeding last year's and carpet wools

are especially firm and scarce.

Business failures throughout the coun-

SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOCRATS CRASHED INTO EACH OTHER

Fourteen People Lose their Lives in Railroad Collision.

The Wreck takes Fire and Many of the Unfortunate Victims are Roasted.

Special dispatches from Cleveland, O. state that what will undoubtedly prove to be the most disastrous accident that ever occurred in the history of the Pitts-burg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, took place Wednesday morning at three o'clock in what is known as Brown's cut, a mile and a half from the village of

Shreve, Wayne county, Ohio. Train No. 8, a fast cast-bound passenger and express train, collided at that point with the first section of freight No. 75, west-bound. The passenger train was about one hour late and was running at the rate of sixty miles an hour. It is stated that the engineer and fireman of the freight, while standing on a side track at Shreve, fell asleep and were awakened by hearing a train rushing by. Thinking that it was No. 8, the engineer pulled out on the main track, and had ust got under way when the trains met. The collision occurred on a sharp curve and in a cut where neither crew was able to see the other train approaching.

The engines came together with such awful force that the mail car and smokdetermined that every just obligation of ing car of the express were thrown on the state shall be honorably and prompt- top of the passenger engine and a freight ly discharged, and we boldly proclaim car filled with printing presses was that upon this one subject there is no thrown over the freight engine. The difference or division of sentiment among passengers and trainmen, who escaped, say the accident had hardly taken place before flames burst forth and they believe that but two or three persons were killed outright, the others having been pinned down in the cars and slowly roasted to death. Thirteen burned and blackened trunks have been taken from the wreck.

A Later Account.

A news special of Thursday from Pittsburg says: It is now definitely known that there were but two women and one child burned in the Fort Wayne railroad wreck at Shreve, instead of three women as first reported. This reduces the number of dead to eleven. The charrel remains of the women have been identified as Mrs. F. Schalley, and her sister, Miss Compbell Mrs. Schalley and her sister, Miss lute Campbell. Mrs. Schalley was the er of the child killed in the wreol wieck was caused by a blunder, by was responsible for it has not yet developed. Superintendent Starr there was no confusion of orders as then were no orders. The fire completely wiped out all trace of baggage and express matter. Financial loss by wreck cannot be estimated. It is reported that in the mail burned there was about \$80, -000 in bills. This is only what was in registered packages. Express matter

yet do not know. THE CENTRAL'S AFFAIRS

were recovered. There were possibly fif-

ty or sixty pieces of baggage destroyed,

Will in all Probability be Straightened Out Satisfactorily.

A special dispatch from New York says: Important steps were taken Thursday in the direction of securing the discharge of the Georgia Central receivers and taking up the floating debt now held by Speyer & Co. It is also likely that the manage. ment of the road will change hands, President Comer stepping out and being succeeded by C. H. Phinizy, of Augusta, Ga. Formal action in the matter was taken at a full board meeting of the Georgia Central directors held at the Fifth Avenue hotel, where a committee was appointed with full power to readjust the floating debt and secure the discharge of the receivers. A full membership of the committee could not be found, but among those on it are: E. Rollins Morse, of E. Rollins Morse & Bros , Boston; E. Dennison, of E. W. Clark & Co., Philadel-

off the floating debt and change the management of the company.

AMPLE ASSETS.

The New York Tribune, in its issue of "The Georgia Central management has been revolutionized in the last year. In No-vember, 1891, when the Calhoun brothers were still in the board of directors, the pressing needs of the company were provided for by a loan made by a banking syndicate including Speyer & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., L. Von Hoffman & Co., Hallgarten & Co., and others; and one other was made by the Mutual Life Insurance Company. In last January the Richmond Terminal influence left the Calhoun brothers off the board of directors of the Georgia Central. The struggle to re-organize the Richmond Terminal system followed, but in March the Georgia Central was placed in the hands of a receiver, and since that time the company has been managed by interests hestile to the Richmond Terminal.

Litigation over the lease of the Georgia Central to the Georgia Pacific followed and a mass of legal complication arose which is still un-settled. It is said by the friends of the Georgia Central that it would not require more than \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 to provide for the Spayer and other loans and interests on bonded indebtedness now in default. The assets of the company are alleged to be ample for the

purpose of raising this money. NEGROES DISSATISFIED

With the Workings of the New Election

Law of Arkansas. Advices of Monday received from Calhoun county, Arkansas, state that there izen, went to a meeting of blacks on Saturday evening and tried to pacify them. A general fight ensued. Captain

Business failures throughout the country, during the last seven days as reported to R. G. Dun & Co., number 188, against 210 last year.

Lineal. A general light ensued. Captain James was shot in the leg. Four negroes went killed and several more were won ided. Further trouble is looked for at the blacks are desperate and are led by

HISTORY IN GEROGIA One of the Studies Prohibited by State

Capt, S. D. Bradwell, the state school commissioner, issued a circular letter a ew days ago which will make a stir mong the teachers and boards of edu-cation all over Georgia. The commis-sioner has embodied some important festures of the school law in the form of instructions to county boards of educa-

tion. Under his construction of the law, a number of studies are illegally pursued. History, for instance, is not prescribed by the state law, and teachers who have history classes are liable to forfeit their pay for all students who are taking it. Capt. Bradwell does not approve this, but it is the law. He believes that history should be taught, but the law is ex-plicit on what shall be taught. These instructions bring out clearly the hardships of the present law and are calculated to create a sentiment which will compel its modification by amendment. Captain Bradwell advovates a uniform system of textbooks for the entire state. Now each county board adopts its own books. There has been too much manipulation in getting books changed and the state school commissioner wants that pre-vented. Georgia's school books in use represent a total investment of \$800,0 Every year the parents have to

\$300,000 to purchase new books. form system for the state would save parents \$200,000 a year. WILD CHOLERA RUMORS

Affecting Chattanooga and Selma Vigorously Denied. Friday, telegrams from Chattanooga, and Seima, Ala., that cholera cases were developed in each of those cities, were given publicity through the press. The following telegrams of denial were promptly sent out:
CHATTANOGA, Tenn., Sept. 16, 1892.—Report absurd. Chattanoga was never more free and out from infectious disease, and never before well prepared to regist its introduction

foreign points. "SELMA, Ala., S Stewart, mayor of a case o sanitary c

natch from D ple's party night, up to gates in maki occupied by de for and against fusion with crats. At that hour a vote w was all burned except thirty-six silver resulting in 27 to 19 in favo bricks, worth at least \$75,000. These Great excitement ensued, and gates left the hall, the balance engaged in attempting to prothe business of the convention but what their value was the company as the rules of the fusion the p adopted by the convention is t democratic nominees for p electors are to be withdrawn an

for governor, members of co supreme judge.

CORRECTED W

Coffee-Roasted-Arbuckle's 21.10 cases, Lion 21.10c; Levering's 21.10c. nison, of E. W. Clark & Co., Philadelphia; F. M. Colson, of Wilson, Colson & Co., Baltimore; C. H. Phinizy, of Augusta, Ga.; E. T. Woodward, president of the Hanover bank of New York, and Emanuel Lehman and H. B. Hollins, also of New York.

It was generally understood that before the committee was formally appointed that they had fully discussed the matter and all arrangements made to pay off the floating debt and change the man-51/66c; imported Japan 6 67c Salt—Hawley's dairy \$150; Virginia 721/6c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddar —c; flats 121/6c; White fish, half bbls.\$400; pails 60c Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs \$300.375; turpentiue, 60 bars, 60 lbs, \$225 a 250; Caudles—Parafine 12c; star 101/6c. Matches—400s \$400; 300s \$300a375; 200s \$200a275; 60s, 5 gross \$375, Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; do 1 lb pleas 400s \$4 00; 300s \$3 00a3 75; 200s \$2 00a2 75; 60s, 5 gross \$3 75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; do 1 lb pkgs 5½c; cases, 1 lb 5½c, do 1 and ½lbs 8c, do ½lb 6½c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9c. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk \$6 00a8 00; imitation mackerel \$3 95a4 00; salmon \$6 00a7 50; F. W. oysters \$1 75a——; L. W. \$1 25; corn \$2 50 a 3 50; tomatoes \$1 60. Ball potash \$3 20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5c; nickel packages \$3 50; celluloid \$5 00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints \$1 00a1 40; quarts \$1 50a1 80. Powder—Riffe, kegs \$5 00; ½ kegs \$2 75; ½ kegs \$1 50. Shot \$1 70 per sack.

Flour. Grain and Meal. Flour—First patent \$5 50; second patent \$4.75; extra fancy \$3.90; fancy \$4.00; family \$3.00@\$4.00. Corn—No. 1 white 62c. \$3 00@\$4 00. Corn—No. 1 white 62c. No. 2 white 65:; mixed 65c. Oats—Mixed 42a-c; white 44c; Kansas rust proof 5ic. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 90 No. 1 timothy, large bales, 85c; choice timothy, small bales, 80c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 65c; bolted 59c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 85c, small sacks 85c Cotton seed meal—\$1 10 per cwt. Steam feed—\$1.25 per cwt. Grits—Pearl \$3.60.

Country Produce. Eggs 18c. Butter—Western creamery 25a30c choice Tennessee 20a22½c; other grades 10a12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys 10@12½c per lb; hens 28 and 30 young chickens large 18a22½c; small spring 10a15c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 18a20c ducks 12½a15c; chickens 15a16. Irish potatoes, 1.75@2.00 per bbl. sweet potatoes new—50a60 per bu. Honey—Strained 8a10c; in the comb 10a12c. Onions \$2.50 per bbl.

Provisions. Clear rib sides, boxed 8%c; ice-cured bellies 10%c. Sugar-cured hams 13a15c, according to brand and average; California breakfast bacon 12a12½c. Lard-Pure last—c leaf 9½; refined none.

FOR THE CHILL

ELIZABETE, BETSET Elizabeth, Betsey and Went walking in Up on a tree, in a Two apples wer

Elizabe They But still

Letty has pencil marl was often z friends th One day, b aside a cur

Wisconsin Vote in Between the Two

electors elected by populists. In eration of this concession the endorse the democratic state

Mildred--What are you looking Jack-I know what I'd like to

Jack-Forever.-Bo ATLANTA MARKETS.

peuts Pliny, autho skilfu

yard.-

\$2 50 per bbl.