TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed aragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to Al Classes of Readers.

In a fire Wednesday, in a two-story building at Cleveland, O., James Shannon, his wife and two children, aged six and four years, were burned to death The steamer Orange Nasson arrived at her dock in New York City, Thursday morning from the West Indian ports, and brings a confirmation of the threatened revolution in Hayti.

Fire broke out in the cupola of Euclid Avenue opera house at Cleveland, O., Friday morning, from cause unknown, and that beautiful playhouse was soon in ruins. The loss will not be short of

A special from Pottsville Pa., says: Work was stopped at all the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron companies' collieries Wednesday, owing to the scarcity of water and the freight blockade on the Reading system.

According to a Washington special of Wednesday, the manufacturing industries for the city of Richmond, Va., for the census year of 1891, show that the average wages per hand has incr ased from \$2. 4 in 1880 to \$3.80 in 1890, or 77.57 per cent.

A Madison, Wis., dispatch says: The appointment bill as adopted by the democratic caucus, with a single exception, 'passed both houses Wednesday evening, all the dedocrats voting for it except Senator Krueger and Assemblyman Neal Brown. The law gives the democrats a majority of 12 or 14 on joint ballot.

Dispatches of Saturday from Detroit, Mich., states that reports of wrecks and other mishaps to shipping caused by Friday night's terrific wind storm are coming in from different points on the lakes. Considering the number of vessels blown ashore and wrecked, the loss of life is at \$1,054,000 very light, only two drownings being reported thus far.

A New York special of Saturday says The Wall street report of the Richmon and Danville Railroad Company for the year ended June 30, 1892, shows gross earnings of \$5,944,783, a decrease of \$2,-566; operating expenses, \$3,037,067, a decrease of \$45,423; net \$2,907,716, in crease \$45,848. Charges increased, \$160,-191 and surplus, \$598,060; a decrease of

The supreme court of Indiana, on Wednesday, rendered a decision declaring unconstitutional the registration law. absett in he employ of the government. The grouds on which the law is held to be in a legislation of the constitution is that as legislation.

pecial of Sunday from Denver. Col. A. J. Hoverholt and Silas Haut, two of the electors of the Weaver cket, have refused to permit their names o be used as the bead of the Cleveland democratic ticket. Their action is embarras-ing, to say the least, in view of drawn their electors and substituted therefor the populist electors.

Fifteen hundred students from the various colleges of Philadelphia paraded Saturday night, and shouted their col- A Furious Flood Sweeps Through lege yells to their hearts, content. The pageant was proposed in defiance of the superintendent of police, who, a few days ago, issued orders that yelling on the streets must cease. It was turned into a triumphant march, however, when the superintendent of police rescinded his or-

A locomotive boiler exploded Wednesday morning at Palas, a small station on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, west of Birmingham, Ala. A local freight stopped there as usual and the engine was being used to switch some cars, when the boiler exploded. Harry Monroe, the engineer, and William Church, fireman, were blown to pieces. Conductor Frank Block was wounded, but not fatally.

A Port Townsend, Wash., dispatch says; The bark, Cowlitz, sixty days from Taku, China, arrived Sunday and reported two suspicious deaths. The vessel had no papers or bill of health. On passage the second mate and one seaman were attacked with symptoms resembling Asiatic cholera, and after a brief illness died. The last death occurred in quarantine Saturday and the crew was sent to

The New York Herald of Wednesday has the following: The Richmond Terminal investigating committee, it is said, has made some interesting discoveries about certain transfers of property that | crans, register; James W. Hyatt, treasulead to criminal proceedings against well known men hitherto iden'ified with the management. A directors' meeting was called to hear the report. but nothing was given out. It was said that the report will be deferred for the

The registration figures in New York city, according to a dispatch of Saturday are a sort of Chinese puzzle to the politicians. Both republicans and democrats says hat so far they are unable to tell what they mean. Democratic voters say that Cleveland will get a surprising majority in the city. The republicans have but little to sav. The total figures for the day is 37,667, which makes a grand total of 309,830. 1888 there were

registered 28f,642 and last year 261,528. Boudholders of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railroad met Wednesday in Baltimore under call by the trustees of the Mortgage, the Mercantile Trust and Deposit company. Of \$3,420,000 bonds there were represented \$2,932,000 by holders in Baltimore, New York, Richmond and Savannah. The affairs of the road were fully discussed, and it was decided by resolution to endorse the foreclosure action of the trustees. Interest was defaulted last July upon the first mortgage six per cents which ran until 1907. The bonded debt is \$12,000 per

THE railway construction in the United States during the first nine months of 1892 was 2519 miles, while there is yet 1500 miles in sight to be built this year.

RED-HOT RESOLUTIONS.

In Regard to Temperance by the Ten nessee Meth dist Conference.

A Nashville dispatch says: The Tennessee conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, before its adjournment Wednesday, adopted the most sweeping declaration on the subject of temperance that has passed any church body. After reciting the evils of the liquor traffic in strong language, the declaration says:

"The chiltiren of our state should be taught the evils of intemperance; that every possible effort should be made to remove from our church the disgrace of dram drink as practiced by some of our people, even official members of the church; that no intoxicating wines or liquors should be used by our people for any purpose whatever except in cases of

"We do not undervalue the gospel of the Son of God, nor moral sussion in any form, but in our opinion moral suas on alone can never free us from an evil created at the ballot box and perpetu ted

by the same instrumentality; therefore, "Resolved, That we are unchangeably opposed to the renting of property or or lending of money for the purpose of the traffic, or adding or abetting it in any way, assisting directly or indirectly person, persons or corporations engaged in the mannfacture, sale, importation, exportation or transportion of any intoxicating beverages whatever.

"Resolved that we respectfully request our preachers to appoint to places of prominence in their charges no laymen who are habitual dram drinkers, nor to call on any such to take prominent part in public religious services."

Other resolutions declared that they will work in every legitim ite way against the legalized liquor triffic; ask the legislature to provide for the s udy of sc entific temperance in the public schools; recommends unfermented wine for sacrificial purposes, and endorses the Woman's Christian Temperance union in all its

There are 528 preachers in this conference, 539 churches with 61,000 members, owning churches and parsonages valued

WORLD'S FAIR RULES

Which Will Govern in Conducting the Great Exposition.

A Chicago special of Wednesday says The general rules governing the conduct of the Columbian exposition have been issued. The gates will be opened to employes at 6 o'clock a. m. to the public at 8 o'clock a. m. They will be closed at 7 o'clock p. m., unless in case of some special exhibition or event, when they close not later than 11 o'clock p. m. Admission will be in all cases 50 cents per The registration features of the law were head, except in that of children under travelles the employ of the Himney accomply be admitted free. or power will be furnished gratuitously to exhibitors, but where a large amount of power is required a charge will be made. The exposition will exert reasonable care for the prot-ction of exhibits, but will not stand responsible for any loss or damage. No patent medicines or nostrums whose ingredients are cancealed will be accepted for exhibition. Catalogues will be printted in English, French and Spanish, and the fact that the Clevelandites had with- | will be published by the exposition exclusively.

TWO HUNDRED DROWNED.

Sardinian Village.

A most appairing calamity has befallen the village of Sanseperate, situated a short distance from Cagliari, Sardinia. It is estimated that not less than two hundred of the villagers have been drowned. On Saturday a flood swept through the village with sudden fury, and in a moment the streets became rivers that carried everything before them Houses were lifted from their foundations and carried whirling down by the water. The occupants did not have an opportunity to attempt to save themselves. Many of them were asleep when the torrent carried their hou es away and were awakened only to find themselves struggling in the water, Men, women and children were drowned and not a single effort could be made to help them, so sudden was the disaster. The place is isolated by the flood and access to it is very difficult.

A TWO-DOLLAR COUNTERFEIT.

The Government Secret Service Warns the People Concerning Them.

A Washington dispatch of Monday says: The secret service division has discovered a counterfeit of the new issue of two-dollar silver certificate, series 1886, check letter B. 2,235, W. S. Roserer. The most marked difference be tween this note and the genuine, and a difference which will result in the detection of the counterfeit at a glance, is that the upper loop of the "J" in James in the signature James W. Hyatt points directly between "D. C.," after Washington in the genuine, while in the countorfeit it is about one-eighth of an inch to the left, or immediately under the letter "D."

A Mexican Railroad Strike. Advices received at San Antonio, Texas, Tuesday, say that the Mexican Central railroad is threatened to be tied up with a strike. Three days ago the American machinists employed in the shops in the City of Mexico went out on a strike for an increase of 60 cents per day in wages, the present rate being \$4 per day. At the shops at San Luis Potosi the men

have walked out. The engineers and

firemen are expected to quit work if the

machinists' demands are not granted. Eight Murderers Convicted. Joshua Brainard, Louis Benson, Henry Burtt, Moses Brown, Frisby Comeygs, Charles Brooks, Fletcher Williams and Charles Emory, all colored, were found guilty of murder in the first degree at Chestertown, Md., Thursday. They were charged with the murder of Dr. J. H. Hill on the road from Millington to

THE FUNERAL TRAIN

Bearing Mrs. Harrison's Remains Leave Washington for Indianapolis.

Simple and Solemn Funeral Rites at the White House.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Harrison occurred in the east room of the white house at ten o'clock Thursday morning. The magnificent east room was beautifully decorated with flowers and plants and the display of are floral offerings excelled anything ever seen in Washington in beauty and

variety. The services were of the simplest character. The attendance was limited to the members of the personal and official family, members of the diplomatic corps, and a few personal friends. An hour beeast room, and soon after persons began assembling. Whitelaw Reid was an early arrival.

James G. Blaine, Mrs. Blaine and Miss Hattie Blaine were also present. This was the first appearance of Mr. B aine in the white house since just before the day | 9.37 last year. he sent his resignation as secretary of state to the president.

The justices of the supreme court members of the diplomatic corps, political officials and personal friends of the family were also present, about two hundred people in all being in attendance. Just at noon, Vice-President Morton

and the members of the cabinet acting as honary pall bearers, entered the east gold than it has paid out during the room and soon after came the president supporting his daughter, Mrs. McKee, on his arm. They were followed by Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison, Rev. Dr. Scott and Miss Parker, Mr. McKee and Mrs. Dimmock, Hon. J. V. L. Findley, of Biltimore, the president's cousin, and Mr. Findley, Lieut. Parker and private secretary Halford.

The scene was strikinglyy beautiful. The chandeliers cast a flood of mellow light, the windows having been darkened. Several mantel pieces were banked with ferns and banked at each end by larger palms. Around the casket were grouped a great wealth or floral offerings through which the friends of Mrs. Harison, present and absent, testified their appreciation of her worth while living and their sorrow at her death.

They filled all the space on either side of the casket almost to the window on the east and the door into the corridor on the west connecting the aparement with the private portion of the house.

Rev. Dr. Hatlin, the president's pastor, opened the services with prayer; then followed "Abide With Me," sung by the choir of astodohn's Episcopal church, lett read passages from the scripture apoppropriate to funeral services. Another hymn, "Lead. Kindly Light," was followed by the concluding prayer by Dr. Hatlin, and then the casket was born out of the house by eight stalwart men selected from the force of executive mansion ushers. On the broad portico of the white house the president stopped a moment to don an overcoat, which the chill, raw atmosphere made necessary, then he entered a carriage with Mrs. McKee and Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrson, and was driven to the place in line. Nearly all government departments had been closed from 10 o'clock to noon, and the crowds of employe's gathered near the while more gathered on the sidewalks, and

the hearse went by. It was a slow moving cortege, about two blocks in length, and took forty minutes to cover the dozen blocks b

tween the white house and the station. At the station a very large, but sileat. crowd awaited the presidential party on he platform until the casket had been placed in the funeral car. The train left for Indianapolis at 11:40.

BURIAL OF MRS. HARRISON AT INDIAN-APOLIS.

A Special from Indianapolis says The special train conveying the remains of Mrs. Harrison and members of the funeral party arrived at 9:30 o'clock Friday and were greeted by thousands of sympathetic friends. The president's g ief was generally respected and nearly all men removed their hats and bowed their heads when he passed through the station leading his sorrowing family to the carriages provided for them. When the casket had been placed in the hearse and the funeral party were seated in carriages, the procession slowly wended its way to the First Presbyterian church, which was heavily and tastefully draped with mourning emblems and decorated with a profusion of flowers, while a crowd of 5,000 people thronged the sidewalks and streets. The services were

characterized by the greatest simplicity.

At the close of the services at the

church the cortege took up its line of march to Crown Hill cemetery. Along the line of march thousands of people stood with uncovered heads. In front of the president's Indianapolis residence, sight-seers had gathered in numbers that rendered the sidewalks almost impassable. At the cemetery a crowd of 5,000 people had assembled to witness the close of the ceremonies which, as elsewhere, were characterized by the utmost simplicity. The proceedings were watched by the president with streaming eyes and his sturdy frame was convulsed with the poignancy of his grief. The services at the grave were exceedingly brief, consisting of the reading of the funeral services of the Presbyterian church, a prayer and the benediction.

Leaving the cemetery the president, his family and near relatives, proceeded to the residence of R. L. McKee, where they had a luncheon and were visited by a few intimate friends. The special train bearing the presiidential party left Indianapolis at 5:30 on its return to Washington.

THE cost of the Columbian celebration in New York is now being counted up. Esti-mates place the expense at between \$4,000,-000 and \$5,000,000. It is estimated that the bunting and decorations for Columbus week Massey's on the night of Saturday, April | cost \$2.000,000.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Trade is in Good Condition, Though

Prices are Low. trade says: "There is still no cloud in the business sky, unless the state of foreign trade be one. All home trade is of enormous volume, making an aggregate of bank exchanges outside of New York thus far in October never equalled in the same month of any previous year, the excess over last year being about 14 cent, and over 1890, when October transactions were the largest record, the excess this year thus far is about 9 per cent. Prices low but merchants are pressing for more business at the same rates.

All domestic industries are crowded with orders and works, as a rule, are fully employed, many song pushed to overtime by the urgent sonard resulting from an unprecedent distribution of goods. Merrimacks are fairly supplied and there is reason to hope that some refore the services began the casket was turn of gold from Europe is not far disbrought down stairs and placed in the tant. Exports in September were but \$62,949,526 in value, against \$82,045,-085 last year, a great decline, due mainy to the fact that last year's movement was far beyond all precedent. The cotton exports were 21,000,000 pounds less, and the average price 7.28 cents against

> The money markets are nowhere stringent, notwithstanding the unusual delay returns from the west or from Europe. In this market money has isen from 5 1-2 to 6 per cent on call and here is a more active and firmer market t Chicago, but nothing like monetary pressure is reported from any quarter. The treasury has taken in \$400,000 more veek, and has out \$100,000 more rilver out has added to the circulation \$2,300,-00 in notes. Reports from Chicago erve this week to indicate the tone of

ousiness at the west Merchandi-e sales in leading lines are arger than last year and a great number of buyers in town. In iness in dry goods and clothing is expected to be brisk early next week. Collections are good. real estate dealings havier, amounting to over \$3,000,000, and bank clearings 60 per cent larger than ast year. Receipts of all kinds produce an increase enornously over last year except in live stock. which shows a slight decrease. At other western poluts transctions are enormous | to. and several report therailroads blockaded by the amount of fright offered.

At the east busines has been more acive since the great celebration, and in volume never equaled. Textile manufacturers continue to extraordinary activity fully described in recent reports. In printing cloths tlere is something like a corner, and tree and five yard sheeting, the chief poduction, is sold into January, and sille goods are dearer. Claims against woolenlooms never were in proportion to the mormous distribu

In boots and shoesthe season is theoretically closing, to the business is large and the works ill busy, and some cannot meet their orders in six weeks. Many orders come day by mail with urgent demands for imbediate use, so that stocks are well closd out and many hands have been working overtime fo months.

The iron industry ee's the impulse of increasing the demind, especially for plates and structural forms, such works being all crowded and a greater demand from shipyards is enjected, while the market for bar is moderately good. house and on the steps of the treasury | Notwithstanding the larger production building to watch the procession pass of pig, the market is stronger and some along Pennsylvania avenue. Hundreds grades have slightly advanced. Specumore gathered on the sidewalks, and lation has not been sery active except in nearly all the men deffed their hats as cotton, of which 92,300 bales have been sold and the price advanced an eighth.

FEDERAL SUPERVISORS

Wanted by Populists and Republicans of Richmond and Wilkinson Counties. Petitious from rapublicans and third

party men in Wilkiston and Rechmond counties (Ga.,) have been furnished to Judge Pardee, of the United States court, asking for the appointment of federal inspectors to "guard and scrutinize the congressional election" next month. That petition bears the signature of well-known republicans and third partyites, and was forwarded to Judge Pardee by District Attorney Marion Erwin, who vouches for the genuineness of the papers, as is his duty.

Judge Pardee has acted promptly upon this petition and has called on Chief Supervisor B ckett, in Savannah, to hold himself in readiness. He has also order ed Judge Emory Speer, of the Augusta district, to open court in the southern district of Georgia to appoint federal inspectors. The judge's order is as fol-

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, Fifth Judicial District, New Orleans, October the 24 - H. H. King, Clerk of United States circuit tects of his treatment, his hair having Jourt, Savanuan, Ga.—My Dear Sir: Enclose find petitions from Wilkinson and Richmond counties in the southern district of Georgia for the appointment of supervisiors of election and deputy United States marshals which please file in your office at proper place and no-tify chief sopervisor of southern district of Georgia thereof. Also notify him and perhaps you can convey the same information to the newspapers, that I have designated Judge Speer to open court in the southern district of Georgia for election purposes in order to appoint supervisors of elections as contemplated by the statutes of the United States. Very truly yours, DON A. PARDER.

Fusion in Nebraska.

A special from Omaha states that for some time the leading democrats of Nebrasks have been discussing the advisability of withdrawing the entire state and electoral ticket and combining with the alliance, thus throwing the presidential votes of the state to Weaver. A meeting to learn the feeling on the subject was held in Omaha Monday night. It was decided, after a stormy discussion, to postpone the matter until a few days before the election. It is stated that the whole ticket will be withdrawn.

Snow Storm in England. A London cablegram of Saturday states that the weather in northern England is cold and stormy. Along the Type a heavy hail and snow storm prevails, and a number of vessels have returned, seeking shelter. They report heavy weather outside. Norfolk, one of the extreme eastern counties of England. is white with snow, and the whole has a wintry aspect.

THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized

> And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tersely Told.

A. J. Siegier, a prominent merchant of New Orleans, has filed an application for respite. The schedule shows assets of \$300,000 and liabilities of \$119,000. Confederate veterans of the trans-Mississippi department, in session at Dallas, Texas, sent a resolution of sympathy to

The disease of the six men sent to the hospital at Norfolk, Va., from the bark H. B. Cann, has been pronounced to be beri-beri. The disease is not contagious larial climates.

Judge McAlister in the circuit court at Nashville, Tenn., decided a mandams case in which he incidentally declared low. that the subleasing of state convicts is void and idegal, and that the convicts cannot be sublet to any one or for sany character of work.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern railway shops will be located in Abbeville, the thriving and growing town of the Palmetto state. The town has donated the land asked for and \$15,000 in money, and that has secured the locating of the shops and all Abbeville is pleased with the result.

Saturday morning, in the hold of the steamer Dewsland, anchord at Galveston, no longer its normal convexity; the back quently to prevent scorching. When Tex., 800 bales of cot on were badly maged by fire and water. About mis day in the hold of the Thorntondale, 2,000 bales were badly damaged or entirely destroyed. Both vessels

were ready to put to sea for Liverpool. A Denver, Col., dispatch says: At the meeting of the democratic state central committee, Wednesday night, it was decided to withdraw the Cleveland electors and substitute therefor the Weaver men. There was some objection to this movement, but the orders of the national democratic committee were finally submitted

The disquiet and unrest of the negroes occasioned by the kuklux raid at Dalton Ga., last week has made it necessary to arm a possee in command of the sheriff. Governor Northen shipped twenty-five stands of rifles and twenty rounds of ammunition, which were distributed Saturday by Sheriff Frazier at the Guards' ar-

A Raleigh special of Wednesday says: The prohibition party has nominated candidates for congress in four of the nine districts. These are: First district, R. B. Bonner; third, J. H. McNeill; seventh, M. H. Moffitt; eighth, M. M. White; ninth, J. G. Lindsay. Chairman James H. Southgate, of the state committee claims that the party will poll this year at least 10,000 votes, and will probably nominate congressional candidates in all districts where there are now vacancies

save the fourth. A Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch of Sunday says: About twenty-five suits have been pending in Granger and Hamblen counties against the Morristown and Cumberland Gap road for debt. It appears that the road was not able to pay. Saturday at Morristown, James T. Shield, of Knoxville, was appointed temporary receiver. The appointment is made on the application of northern bondholders. November 10th was named as the day on which to argue the appointment of a permanent receiver.

THE IAMS CASE.

Officers of the Pennsylvania National Guard Being Prosecuted.

The cause of the commonwealth against Col. Alex. L. Hawkins, Lieutenant Col. J. R. B Streator and Surgeon W. S. Guin, of the Tenth Regiment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, was called in the criminal court at Pittsburg, Pa., Thursday. Judge Porter presided and Judges McClung and Ewing sat on the bench with him. This is the famous Iams case. On the day Frick was shot, Private Iams, of the Tenth Regiment, came cut of his tent and gave three cheers "for the man who shot Frick." His remark was overheard by Lieutenant Colonel Streator and for the offense Iams was first tied up by the thumbs and then his head was shaved and he was drummed out of camp. He then preferred charges against the officers of the regiment for assault and battery and aggravated assault. When the case was called the courtroom was crowded with military officers. Young Iams was present and show d no ili efgrown long again. Judge Porter decid ed to hear the testimony and reserve his decision on the question of quashing the indictments.

BILL DALTON ON DECK.

He Will Sue Coffeyville for \$10,000 Damages.

Bill Dalton, a brother of the exterminated outlaws, is in Coffeyville, Kan., and says he is going to bring suit against the city for \$10,000 damages because the pockets of the dead bandits were rifled after they were shot down. He claims they had \$900 of their own money, an that he knows who got it. It is believed that Attorney Luther Perkins, of Coffe . ville put the idea into Bill Dalto head, and will take the case on a contingent fee. Emmett Dalton is on the road condition to be arraigned.

New Bishops Elected.

At the Episcopal convention in Baltimore, Saturday, seven new bishops were added to the Episcopal church. new bishops are: Southern Florida-Rev. William Crouse Gray, D. D.; western Colorado-Rev. William Morris Barker; Oklahoma and Indian Territory-Rev. Francis Keybrooks; northern Michgan-Rev. James Horsefall Johnson; Yeddo-Rev. Thomas Allen Fidball, D. D.; Spokane-Rev. Samuel Henry Wells, D. D.; Shanghai-Rev. Samuel Roosevelt Johnson Hoyt, D. D.

THE BODY AND ITS HEALTH.

similar number of the present day. models of to day, which shows a dispo-sition at present toward a less convex an-terior thoracic wall and a decrease in the President Harrison in his sad bereavecapacity of the chest. On either side of horrible exhaustion which presents its the front middle line, and practically in accounts on waking. A cup of hot the perpendicular of the breast, a man's water with one drop of oil of cinnagarment has a seam enabling the maker mon is a famous restorative, especially is to outline the form and to decrease the heart weakness after late hours. lower diameter of the body of the coat. or infectious. The word means short- In our days this has to be replaced by winded, and results from exposure in ma- the removal of a piece in the form of an ellipse, because the chest of the young man of the present day is gradually acquiring the same diameter above and be-

> The posterior line of the chest, corresponding to the back middle line of the garment, and instead of being straight, as on the old models, has an anterior concavity in its upper half, in order that the garment should not bag but should fit and a scanty tablespoonful of sugar. the back, which has a tendency to become round. On the measures of their ready a small frying pan or omelet pan, different clients we find in eighty per in which heat a piece of butter the size cent, of the cases this mention:-Round of a walnut. An iron pan is the best

> These transformations can be resumed as follows:-The chest is flattened-that is to say the anterior thoracic wall has not too lively, and shake your pan freis round, its line is convex, whereas it the pancake is light brown underneath, and lower diameters of the chest have a it by tossing it in the air, like an extendency to become equal-in other perienced cook, take a hot plate, place it words, while he lower diameter has re- on top of the frying pan, hold the plate mained normal, or practically so, the in its place with one hand, while with upper diameter has decreased and the the other hand you furn the pan thoracic capacity has, of course, diminished by so much. These modifications the plate. Put a little more butter in are found in eighty cases out of a hundred. The normal type, with straight the plate into it. When light brown an and slightly concave back, full chest, and good figure, is now the exception.

graphically represented on the model or say, high shoulders, in the technical language of the tailor-are only seen time. The hips are prominent and the upper part of the body short. The semicircumference of the chest at the breast whereas thirty years ago the former was good pancakes. from eight to twelve centimetres greater than the latter.

are the cause of these deformities? The were published recently in La Normanin other countries, and this has not yet skilled cultivators. been done.

ABOUT WRINKLES. - Wrinkles are the index of nervous condition. Upright lines between the eyes, indicate mental trouble, thought, care or temper, more than physical illness. Fine netted lines about the eyes denote nervous exhaustion and the depression which follows overstimulus. Women are likely to get them from living and sleeping in close, hot rooms, The latest scientific writer on the subject says the air in our rooms should be it is cooked, drain it, put it in a bakingchanged three times every hour. The skin owes its beauty to the nerves which made by mixing a tablespoonful d control the fine invisible blood vessels of the surface, whose work lends glow and transparency to the face. The nerves in milk with salt and pepper. turn owe their sensitiveness to the air, Let the cream sauce cook ten which, noxious or pure, is our chief nutriment, inhaled by gallons hourly. When the nerves are deadened by close and pour it once over the cauliflower in air, the fine muscles lose their tone, the the baking-dish. Sprinkle over the tissue of the face shrinks, and these shrinkages become wrinkles. At first Parmesan cheese, a tablespoonful of fresh they are fugitive; a week's watching may write the face over with cross-hatching of fine lines, and another week of rest will restore lost tissue, fat and fluids to fill the spaces and smooth the of cauliflower soup is one of our best face again, To avert wrinkles, the autumn soups. Mix a large tablespoonnervous and over-taxed must rest, and ful of butter with two tablespoonfuls of eat nourishing food. The neuralgic flour. Add a teaspoonful of salt and a should eat roast fat and make food tempting with condiments, adding to their fare half a small cauliflower which has been the sound, coarse bread which contains boiled. Let the soup cook thirty minphosphate to feed their starved nerves, utes. Then press the whole through a and it is the great regulator of puree sieve and return it to the fire. Add nutritive function. Too often the trouble is not so much what people boil up for five minutes, stirring it all the eat, but what they don't eat, and do not time. Serve it with pate-a-chou balle, get provided for them at the table. Lean- rolled out the size of peas and fried ness and wrinkles go together. We seldom see a florid, plethoric woman with squares of brown toast. It may be interthem, as the supply of blood keeps the esting to some to know that the French skin in repair. Steaming the face is the call these pate a chou balls by the comfashionable treatment to remove wrinkles, plicated name of "profitterolles," but but it is an idea of American adoption, if they are none the delicious in spite of the not original. French specialists deprecate steaming. They say it makes wrinkles worse when the practice is suspended, and assert that it causes falling of evelashes and eyebrows. The intensely hot steaming may have that effect in certain states of the blood, and it must cause determination of blood to the face. which is far from healthy. The remedy s to use vapor at milder heat, keeping up he process longer at a time. Half an hour over the vapor, however, is more to rapid recovery, and will soon be in a time than most women can spend. The most convenient application is a firm waxen paste, which takes time for rubbing by soap and water, makes one of the out and gives just the right amount of best mediums for brightening brass or massage for the face in the process. The copper. soft oily salves and creams in request are not such good wrinkle erasures as a firm, those who cannot buy a filter can make protective cosmetic which will not rub one. Take a common five-cent flower off as easily, but allow the mois- pot of earthern ware, putting in the hole ture of the skin to remain a piece of thoroughly cleansed sponge, and freshen the tissues. It is over that a couple of inches pulverized easier to disperse wrinkles than to erad- charcoal, and over that a couple of inches icate any other defect of the face. Sleep, of sand; over that again about half as much more than people suppose necessary, much clean coarse gravel, and then the

and a toilet paste or cream has twice the effect in less time if the hygiene of the DEFORMED CHESTS IN YOUNG PEOPLE. complexion be observed. Massage of the face should be by a firm leisurely stroke, It is claimed that we are degenerating, just soft enough not to irritate. The and that our good figures of former days best usage makes the movement in circuare gradually disappearing. At any rate lar sweeps over the wrinkles, not lifting this is what the tailors tell us, having the fingers much till one has finished on noticed it by comparing the measures and that particular line. Massage of the face patterns used for the clothing of fifty should be soothing not leaving it flushed persons between eighteen and twenty- and burning. To avoid the wretched two years of age thirty years ago and a network of lines about the eyes and bag-In the old measures, that is to say in to sleep after a dance or late hours withthose used thirty years ago, the anterior out bathing the face plentifully in very thoracic line corresponding to the open- warm water and taking a few teaspooning of the coat was at a greater distance fuls of something light, half a cup of from the seam under the arm than in the chocolate, or hot bullion, eau sacre, rice

RELIABLE RECIPES.

PANCAKES. - Pancakes make another

simple dessert. The following is an excellent, as well as an economical recipe: To make eight to ten pancakes as large as the inside of a small frying pan, take one pint of milk, six eggs, and half a pint of the whitest flour, a pinch of salt. Beat light with an egg-beater, and have When quite hot pour into it about half's teacupful of the mixture, or sufficient to make a thin cake. See that your fire is ught to be straight; finally, the upper turn it upside down. If you cannot do upside down, so that the cake flaps on your pan, and let your cake slide from the other side also, place your cake on a hot plate, and continue baking until all Other remarks can be made in this your batter is used up, putting a little connection, though they cannot be fresh butter into the pan with each additional cake. Place one cake on top of pattern. Normal shoulders-that is to the other. Serve hot with either stewed or preserved fruit, or with fruit sauce. You may also serve them with powdered three times in a hundred; the neck sugar and lemon quarters, the juice of reaches forward, the chest is flat and the | which is to be squeezed on each cake beback curved. The appearance of a young fore being eaten. This is the English man from eighteen to twenty two years way. Or you may spread fruit jelly or of age can be readily observed at any jam on each cake and serve rolled up. The rolling you can manage to do with a silver fork stuck in one end of the cake and turned over and over. To be quite and the same measure of the abdomen economical you may reduce the number have a tendency to become equal, of eggs given above, and still have very

CAULIFLOWER.—Cauliflowers are now in the height of their season. No more Are we to think that a sedentary life, delicious vegetable exists than the cauliwork at desks that are often too low, a flower, which has within the last dozen want of physical exercise with the arms years become so cheap, though formerly considered a luxury. Cauliflower is now author of the foregoing researches which in market all the year round. In the spring months it is brought to New York die Medicale, claims that this is so, but from England, but the British vegetable I think that in order to be so affirmative | does not have the flavor, after its sea these deformities would have to be com- voyage, of the cauliflower, picked in the pared with those that have been reported | Long Island gardens under the hands of

There are many delicious ways of

cooking this vegetable besides the familiar one of boiling it and serving it with cream sauce. An excellent way is "an gratin," To prepare a cauliflower this way, select a large, fine one. Tear of the leaves, pick the flowers apart, cut of the roots, and wash it thoroughly in cold water. Then put in a saucepan an abundance of cold water. Add a handful of salt and let the vegetable cook for thirty minutes atter it begins to boil. When dish, and have ready a cream sauce, flour with two tablespoonfuls of baster, stirring in two cups d minutes after making it. Add three tablespoonfuls of grated Parmesan cheese, cauliflower three more tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs and a few bits of butter. Let the cauliflower bake in a quick oven for about twenty-five minutes, when it should be a rich brown all over. A cream quart and a half of white stock. Put is a cup of boiling cream and let the whole brown in lard, or baked in the oven with

AROUND THE HOUSE.

Put a teaspoonful of salt into a kerosene lamp once in a while. If green blinds are dingy and faded, wash, and rub on a little sweet oil.

A large, soft sponge, either dry or slightly dampened, makes a good dus-

Sweet oil and putty powder, followed

A writer in Harper's Bazar tells how rather hearty food, and moister air in water, slowly filtering through, must houses are indispensable to keeping a needs have been very bad at the start not smooth face, whatever cosmetic is used, to be very pure at the end.