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WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Departments - Proceedings of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

There were two speeches made in the sonste Wednesday on the question of the admission of senstors appointed by the governors of Montana, Washington and Wyoming, after the legislatures of those states had failed to elect. Both were made by members of the committee on privileges and elections, and were on opposite sides of the question, and the speakers were Messrs. Chandler and Palmer. At the close of these speeches Mr. Peffer obtained the floor, and the matter went over until Thursday.

At Thursday's session of the senate Mr. Peffer made an argument in opposition to the right of the senators appointed by the governors of the states of Montana, Washington and Wyoming to take their scats in the senate; and Mr. Hoar commenced a speech in support of a resolution offered by him last Monday, declaring the proposed constitutional amendment for the election of senators by the people of the several states inexpedient. Mr. Hoar did not conclude his speech. He yielded the floor in order to allow action to be taken on the resolution for the election of officers of the senate. The resolution was agreed to without the of Mexico; Asa Dickinson, of New York, pany's loss was \$18,000, insurance, \$800; formality of a division after the deliv- consul at Nottingham; Charles S. Ham- Marx Morse's restaurant, loss and insurery of some half a dozen speeches (all lin, of Massachusetts, assistant secre- ance not given; W. E. F. Sposwood, but one coming from the democratic side) in warm commendation of the character, ability and efficiency of the present incumbents. The resolution was agreed to electing William R. Cox, of North Carolina, secretary of the senate; Richard K. Bright, of Indiana, sergeantat-arms, and William H. Millburn, of Illinois, popularly known as the blind preacher, their term of office to begin on the first day of the meeting of the fiftythird congress, whether in extraordinary or regular session. Mr. Hoar yielded for a motion to proceed to executive business, and after that business was disposed of, the senate adjourned until tomorrow. Each day's recurring session of the senate shows a diminishing attendance of senators. At the opening Friday the vacant chairs were much more numerous than the occupied ones. A call of the senate, however, had the result of gathnormal throughout all agricultural disering in the chamber forty-seven senators, four more than a quorum. The resolu- tricts east of the Rocky mountains, extion for a trip of the committee on com- | cept in the spring wheat regions of Minmerce to the Pacific coast for the pupose nessota and the Dakotas. In the gulf of deciding on the relative advantages of states, the southern portion of the Atlantic states, and in Missouri and Kansas San Pedro and Santa Monita for a deep the average temperature for the month water harbor, was taken up and agreed was about two degress below the normal, to. A resolution was offered by Mr. Voorhees and referred to the committee Mississippi, the departure was about one on interstate commerce instructing that degree, there being a slight excess in committee to inquire into the subject of the recent judicial decisions at Toledo, the Virginia and upper Ohio valley, O., as to the rights and duties of railroad | where they correspond in deficiency in employes and to report whatever legisla- | New England. tion may be necessary to protect the natural rights of working people. The speech begun by Mr. Hoar Thursday against the constitutional amendment for the popular election of senators of the The senate then adjourned.

corresponding change made by the French government in the case of its representation at Washington. The senate, on Wednesday, confirmed, Happenings from Day to Day in the the following nominations: William Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity H. Seaman, of Wisconsin, United States district judge Eastern district Wisconsin;

James Blackburn, of Kentucky, mar-hal of the United States district of Kentucky; Ezra W. Miller, of South' Dakota, attorney of the United States district of South Dakota; Felix A. Reeves, of Tennessee, solicitor of the treasury; Herman

Stump, of Maryland, superintendent of immigration; Robert E. Wilson, of Jacksou, Miss., register of the land office at Jackson, The president, Friday, sent the following nominations to the senate: Caleb W. West, of Utah, to be governor of Utah; Dominick I. Murphy, of Washington, D. C., to be first deputy commis-

sioner of pensions; A. W. Lyman, of Montana, to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Montana; David G. Browne, of Montana, to be collector of customs for the district of Montana and Idaho, in the state of Montana. The nomination of Caleb W. West, of Utab, te be governor of that territory, is a case of recognition of an "ex," for Mr. West was the former governor of that territory under Mr. Cleveland. More Confirmations.

The senate has confirmed the following nominations: James B. Eustis, of minister plenipotentiary to France; Bart-

The mean temperature for the month

while in the northen states, east of the

Over the spring wheat region the aver-

ten to twelve degrees per day.

throughout the northwest.

Missouri.

throughout all districts east of the Mis-

sissippi, except in Wisconsin and Florida.

There was also less rain than usual in the

southwest and as 'ar north as Kansas and

territory.

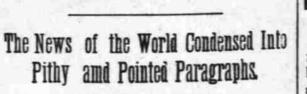
THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH

The Sultan's Subjects Mistreat Americans and Will be Called to Taw.

A Washington special of Friday says: The United States has taken vigorous action in regard to the outrages on American citizens at Marsovan, in the Turkish dominions, and the violation of the United States legation. The facts of the case are as follows: On the 16th of January last a number

of seditious placards were distributed throughout the region of Marsovan and Cæsarea, in central Asia Minor. On account of alleged seditious movements existing among Americans, the Turkish authorities ascribed the authorship of these placards to the students of Antoba colleges, an American educational institution at Marsovan. On the night of the 2d of February, the girls' seminary of this institution, was fired and burned to the ground. There was strong circumstantial evidence to show that this was done with the full knowledge, if not by the direct action, of the Turkish officials.

The condition of the Americans in that place became so critical that the United States consul, Milo A. Jewett, was dispatched thither from Sivas, and the Americans of that district have been under his protection ever since. Despatches passing between Minister Thomp-son and Consul Jewett, at Marsovan, have been repeatedly violated, and formal complaint of this fact has been made by the American minister to the Sublime Porte. The demand for redress made to the Turkish authorities were met by counter demands on their side, that the alleged seditious movements of American students should first be investigated and



Interesting and Instructive to Classes of Readers.

700,000 bushels, and the stocks in sight The Arkansas senate passed the bill continue unprecedented. Corn dropped Wednesday, conferring on the women of + cent and oats 11 on small transactions, Arkansas the right of suffrage, making them eligible to membership on school boards.

with continuing full receipts from plan-A. G. Spaulding & Co.'s sporting goods factory at Fifty-third street Chitations, but recovered an eighth on Thursday because of better buying at Livercago, and the Rock Island tracks was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Loss pool. Coffee has declined 5-8 of a cent with small sales, copper was weaker at 111 for lake, and the tin unchanged, \$70,000; fully insured.

A special cable dispatch from Liverpool says: The failure is announced of Wertheimer & Co., cotton brokers, for while lead is hardening at 4.05 cents, but the tone of the speculative markets genseventy thousand pounds. James Bererally is not enthusiastic. tois & Co., and Marks & Co., cotton Money is easier, but banks prefer to loan brokers, also failed owing to the suspenon call. At Pittsburg iron is unchanged. sion of Wortheimer & Co.

Coal improved, and glass very prosper-Dispatches from Antlers, Indian Terous. At Cincinnati the hat trade inritory, state that the insurance compacreases. nies cancelled all their policies on property in that place Wednesday on account of threats to burn the town. A special demand, but collections slow. Business left Paris, Texas, Wednesday night with is very active at Indianapolis and at Dea strong force of deputy marshals to protroit good. tect the lines and property of United States citizens.

requiremenis and general trade satisfac-tory. Receipts of wheat, sheep, butter At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific, held at and oats exceed last year for the week, San Francisco Wednesday afternoon, the but in other products decrease appears, following directors were elected to serve especially in cured meats, corn, rye, hogs for the ensuing year: C. P. Huntingand wool. ton, H. E. Huntington, Leland Stanford,

TRADE REVIEW. ENGINEERS VICTORIOUS. Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co. R. G. Dun. & Co.'s review of trade Judge Speer's Decision Favorable to the for the past week says: Speculation has been renewed in wheat with an advance Brotherbood. at New York of about 2 cents on sales of about 30,000 bushe's. Western receipts

have been 2,300,000 bushels in four days

Boston reports satisfactory trade.

At Cleveland trade is better than a

ear ago, with rolled products in large

Money at Chicago is firm with large.

Lawyers and Costs Are Paid.

Out of that amount the mortgage of

of the week, and Atlantic exports only

Receiver Comer Must Make a Contract in Compliance with Court Orders.

The Central railroad engineers have while pork fell \$1 per barrel; Lard 60 cents, and hogs 80 cents per hundred pounds. Cotton also declined ‡ cent won in their case before Judge Speer, of the United States court, to require Receiver H. M. Comer to sign a contract for the ensuing year with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Judge Speer's decision was awaited with great interest, for the question involved was a broad and deep one, of momentous importance and gravity and far reaching in its effects. The decision gives labor organizations a dignity and standing in the eyes of the world and the general estimation of mankind never before possessed by them in equal degree.

Judge Speer rendered his decision Saturday in the United States courtroom at Macon. There were present a large number of engineers, lawyers and other spectators. Among them a number of ladies. All listened with deep interest as the judge read his decision. He consumed about three hours in the reading. It embraced eighteen pages of typewritten copy. The decision was interesting and entertaining from beginning to end and covered the entire subject. It was able, xhaustive, elaborate and complete. The judge sought to deal with both sides fairly and justly. He kept in mind the equal rights of the railroad and its em-

Briefly Epitomized And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tersely Told.

Clifton, a village just below Pomerov, O., on the West Virginia side of the river, was almost completely wiped out by fire Friday. Twenty-five houses, three stores and the salt works were consumed. Loss estimated at \$30,000.

A new phase has presented itself to the white caps of New Mexico district in the extreme southern part of Carroll county, Ga. Some fifteen or twenty warrants were sworn out Saturday in the Atlanta United States court and United States officers are expected to swoop down upon the crowd.

The outlook is that the East Tennessee Virginia and Georgia railroad, which is already in the hands of a receiver, will soon be cold. Thursday morning the Central Trust Company, of New York, through its attorneys, Lucky & Sanford, of Knoxville, filed two bills praying for the foreclosure of mortgages to the amount of \$11,694,000 principal, and

Louisiana, ambassador extraordinary and \$1,642,350 interest. A fire at Petersburg, Va., Thursday lett Tripp, of South Dakots, minister to morning, caused damage amounting to Austria-Hungary; Thomas Crittenden, \$25,000. The building was valued at of Missouri, consul general at the City \$10,000. The Petersburg Furniture com-

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS. AFTER THE TURK.

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENTS.

The following Georgia postmasters were appointed Wednesday: Samuel E. Smith, Rockmart; G. R. Moon, Dallas; Jack Abbott, Acworth; D. J. Burt, Dawsonville; J. N. Morrison, Talking | than usual over the region named, show-Rock.

The senate, on Friday, confirmed the following nominations: James E. Meline, of the District of Columbia, to be not be possible to determine until the assistant treasurer; T. Stobo Farrow, of crop is further advanced. The week South Carolina, to be second auditor of | ending March 27th was relatively warm the treasury; James J. Willie, of Flori- | throughout the southern and middle Atda, to be deputy fifth auditor of the treasury

The following Georgia postmasters were appointed Friday: Drewryville, Spalding county, W. N. Drewry; Elind, Jefferson county, Mrs. J. R. Alexander; Lutherville, Meriwether county, J. T. Matthews; Meansville, Pike county, J. M. Means; Yellow Dirt, Heard county, W. G. Jackson.

Thomas T. Crittenden, of Missouri, ho was nominated Wednesday as consul eperal to Mexico, is perhaps best nown to the public through his pursuit nd destruction of the celebrated James rothers, who terrorized the state for nany years. He achieved this feat while overnor of Missouri.

tary of the treasury; William Ed- druggist, stock \$3,000, covered by inmund Curtis, of New York, assist- surance; Robert Schaefer, restaurant, ant secratary of the treasury; John loss on stock and furniture, \$1,000, in-B. Rawley, of Pennsylvania, auditor to surance \$1,400.

the treasurer of the postoffice department: A Nashville special of Wednesday says: John J. Carter, of Louisiana, collector of It having become generally understood internal revenue, district of Louisiana: that, at an early date, United States Dis-Dudley Watson, of Michigan, collector trict Judge D. M. Key, of the middle of customs, district of Michigan; John and eastern districts of Tennessee, would M. Reynolds, of Bedford, Penn., assistretire, candidates for the place are comant secretary of the interior; Lawrence ing forward rapidly. Around Middle Maxwell, jr., of Ohio, solicitor general; Tennessee applicants so far annouaced John I. Hall, of Georgia, assistant attorare John House, of Franklin, and John ney general; and James J. McAleester. of D. Allen, of Pulaski. Both have been Indian territory, marshal of the Indian endorsed by their local bars.

A southbound through freight train on the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West WEATHER CROP BULLETIN railway was wrecked Wednesday night. The engine turned over on Buffalo Bluff Issued From the U. S. Department of drawbridge, six miles below Palatks, and Agriculture for March.

plunged into the river, carrying six cars with it. A. C. Knox, engineer, of Sanof March differs but slightly from the ford; J. H. Olmstead, firemen, of Birmingham, and J. A. Lewis, of Boston, stock man in charge of horses and mules bound for Harborsville were killed.

> Fire at Owensboro, Ky., Friday afternoon destroyed the four large warehouses of the Glenmore Distilling Company and caused the biggest conflagration in the history of the city. The building contained 18,985 barrels of whisky, of which there were about four hundred barrels on which the tax had been paid. Twentyseven hundred barrels of the whisky was owned by local wholesale men. The entire loss is said by well-posted parties to

age temperature was from five to ten de-A special to The Nashville American grees below the normal. On the north Pacific coast the temperature for the month was from three to six degrees United States was concluded by him. lower than usual, while in northern Mon- great extent the past few days. Thurstana the deficiency amounted to from

The weeks ending March 6th and 20th gess's wife was struck, burning one were decidedly colder than usual eye out and tearing off a toe. Her body throughout the central valleys, includwas terribly burned. She cannot recoving the winter and spring wheat regions er. Two other houses were destroyed in and the gulf states, while the week enda like manner and several people shocked. ing March 13th was decidedly warmer ing that the winter wheat has been sub-Charleston, S. C., Sunday, aged eighty jected to trying conditions of freeing years. Previous to the rebellion he was and thawing, the effect of which it will re-appointed by President Pierce district judge of South Carolina, but on the announcement of the election of Lincoln to the presidency, he discharged the grand jury and declared the court adjourned lantic states and Ohio valley, and colder sine die. He was subsequently governor of the state and at the fall of the confed-The month of March was relatively dry

eracy was arrested and imprisoned by the federal authorities. On his release he resumed the practice of his profession. A special of Saturday from Sturgis,

Throughout the cotton region the deficiency in rainfall ranged from two to four inches, except in Texas and western Arkansas, where the rainfall was from one to two inches less than usual. The rainfall throughout the Ohio valley, middle Atlantic and New England states was from one to two inches below the normal except over portions of the people are excited, but seem disposed to let the law take its course.

determined upon before any efforts were made to discover the prepetrators of the outrage complained of

THE PRESIDENT'S PROMPT ACTION.

Secretary Gresham has cabled to Minster Thompson, at Constantinople, a strong expression of the president's views on the outrage, and demanding not only prompt reparation for the burned seminary, but the punishment of all the parties found guilty in the matter. Minister Thompson is instructed that no alleged prior acts of students are to affect the rights of the government in the

premises. Minister Thompson is also charged to give renewed attention to the matter and to dispatch a special messenger, if necessary, to Consul Jewett, and see to the inviolability of the official correspondence. The minister is to act promptly and advise the department by cable. No effort is to be relaxed in securing the legal rights of our citizens in Turkey.

It is understood to be th policy of the United States to make this Marsovan incident a test case in our relations with Turkey. There are at the present time more than two. hundred American citizens residing in the Turkish empire, who have the management of property to the value of over \$2,000,000. Further advices from Mr. Thompson are looked for at an early date.

be \$350,000.

from Spara, Tenn., says: This vicinity has suffered from electrical storms to a evening, the bonded warehouse No. 368, day the dwelling of Alor zo Burgess was at the distillery of Allen-Bradley distillery company, together with 1,200 barstruck by lightning tearing it into splinrels of whisky, was destroyed by fire. ters, as well as the furniture. Mr. Bur-

whisky in one of the tiers of the warethe contents ran along the floor to a lan-Ex-Governor A. G. McGrath died at were forced to flee for their lives. plode, sending flames seventy-five feet

up in the air. The fumes from the burning whisky were so strong that the firemen could hardly go close enough with the hose to throw streams on the flames. Time and again the big distillery caught tire, but the firemen, at the risk of their lives, managed to save it. In addition to the noise from the explosion of the

1,200 barrels of bourbon, seven thousand Ky., says: All the persons charged with the murder of Mrs. Henry DeLaney, nee roofs of the pens were on fire several Oliver, have confessed their guilt, extimes. It took the united efforts of five cepting Joe Henry, whom they will exfire companies to keep the pens from

onerate, George H. Henry, a Sturgia druggist, was removed from jail and placed under a special guard. The eighth party to the crime, whose name the officials refuse to divulge, is still at large and has left the country. The examining trail has been set for the 15. The

S. T. Gage, Charles F. Crocker, Gert Paul a slight increase appears, and at Crocker, Thomas H. Hubbard, Thomas Omaha trade is good. Improvement is E. Stillman, A. N. Towne, J. C. Stubbs seen at St. Louis. Collections are far and N. T. Smith. better than a year ago. At Kansas City

The Chickamauga bill became a law receipts of live stock large, and at St. by passage in the Ohio senate Wednes-Joseph both trade and collections are day. Captain McElroy, author of the good. At Louisville trade is fair, but bill, was the recipient of many congratumoney close, At Nashville, quiet; lations over the successful consumma-Knoxville, not brisk; at Atlanta, fair, tion of his great plan. The bill approand at Augusts, generally dull with poor priates \$90,000 for the purchase and collections. At Mobile trade slightly erection of the monuments. Of this exceeds last year, and at New Orleans amount \$5,000 is to be available August business is quiet. The iron industry 1st next, \$45,000 March 1, 1894, and shows no change of consequence, con-\$40,000 February 1, 1895. sumption and supplies appearing very

A careless tinner upon the of the Colclosely balanced. lege Hill sanitarium in Chicago, Thursday evening, caused a loss of from \$100,tially changed. The great excess of im-000 to \$150,000 of property and imperilports over exports continues, the decrease ed the lives of 200 patients. A hot in exports from New York being soldering iron was permitted to ignite \$1,376,000 for the first week of April. the roof and the flames quickly got be-Securities have been stronger. Decisions yond the control of the waterworks of of courts in labor controversies have given much encouragement to western the institution as well as that of the village of College Hill. By heroic work all buyers, but there is little evidence of foreign disposition to purchase, and unthe patients were gotten safely out of the building. favorable crop repor s tend to discourage

purchasers of stocks. Montgomery H. Lewis, formerly office auditor of the Lombard Investment The business failures occurring company of Kansas City, Mo., and who throughout the country during the last seven days number 223 as compared with embezzled \$11,150 from the company, 194 last week. For the corresponding and in April, 1891, skipped to Mexico, week of last year the figures were 208. was brought back to that city Friday and placed in jail. Lewis, with H. M. Lee Russell, who was treasurer of the Lom-**NOTHING BUT JUDGMENTS** bard company, worked together and each of them had in the neighborhood of some Left for Ryan's Creditors After the six millions of the company's money to handle each year. Both were implicitly The lawyers in the Ryan case were entrusted, of course, by those over them.

At Louisville, Ky., early Wednesday gaged at Atlanta Thursday with Re-The axle of the huge Ferris wheel at ceiver Kingsbury in dividing up the litthe world's fair grounds at Chicago was put in place Thursday afternoon, and his hands. The verdict rendered in this now hangs 140 feet from the ground case a few days ago settled it, as it will awaiting the stand that is to be built While four men were placing a barrel of not be carried. to the supreme court around it. It is the largest steel casting again. It makes a most interesting reever made and weighs fifty-six tons. house, the head of the barrel broke and cital to show the way the money has The wheel is 240 feet in diameter. To gone in this case since it opened. Alits rim will be fitted swing cars for pastern and took fire. In an instant the though Ryan's books, after his business sengers. With the turning of the wheel warehouse was in a blaze, and the men went into the hands of a receiver, showthe occupants of the cars will be lifted ed that he owed about \$950,000. Reto a height of 270 feet from the ground, When the firemen arrived the big ceiver Kingsbury realized only \$306,000 and will be afforded a view of the fair brick warehouse was a roaring furnace. in money. grounds and the city. Barrel after barrel of whisky would ex-

A Chicago dispatch says: Chicago and Claffin & Co., amounting to \$115,000 was Ohio river lines are the first to agree unsettled, leaving \$191,000 in the receiver's reservedly on complete world's fair rates hands. Of this amount Mr. Kingsberry and conditions. At Thursday's meeting paid out for clerks and taxes, while the following rates were unanimously winding up the business, about \$15,000, adopted. For the world's fair, round which left \$176,000, which the creditors trip tickets to Chicago and return, for hoped they would get. the regular business, shall be sold at the On the 14th of June last a decree was following named rates from the followtaken in court to settle the balance of ing named points: Cincinnati, \$12; the mortgages amounting to \$350,000 for Dayton, \$11.50; Vincennes, \$11.35; Louhalf the fund in court, \$88,000. Thus isville, \$12; Indianapolis, \$8; Terre by one stroke the mortgate holders saw Haute, \$8.60; Hamilton, \$13.85; Colum- \$262,000 of their money sink beyond bus, O., \$12.50 their reach and beyond redemption.

THE NATION'S HEALTH

Considered at a Meeting of Represent-

atives of State Boards.

the case, \$1,800 to the stenographer, Mr. Representatives of the various state F. Cooledge, \$3,000 to Clerk Tanner for boards of health held a meeting in New | court costs. \$1,700 for city and county taxes, \$1,000 for printing the various reports, \$12,000 to himself for his services as receiver, \$15,000 for Rosser & Carter and other ass ciates who filed the bill for the receiver, and \$12,000 for Calhoun, King & Spaulding, the receiver's attorneys, and their associates. These various sums amounted to \$52,000, which left \$36,000 in Receiver Kingsberry's hands. Of this amount about \$26,500 is in the Gate City National bank, and as yet cannot be reached. This leaves \$9,500 outside the bank, which is being distributed among the creditors who had claimed

That left \$88,000 in Receiver Kingsbery's

By order of the court he paid out \$5,

500 to Auditor Peeples for his service in

hands.

Trade improv. s at Milwaukee. At St. | ployes.

The decision can be construed as a complete triumph for the engineers, except so far as the boycott rule of the brotherhood is concerned, which forbids engineers of one road hauling the cars of a striking road. Judge Speer decides that Receiver Comer must sign a contract with the brotherhood engineers, and with engineers not members of the brotherhood. Judge speer thus recognizes the right of the brotherhood to existence, and, in fact, places bimself on record as the friend and supporter of labor organizations so long as they remain and operate within the law. General Superintendent Wadley and Receiver The monetary situation is not essen-Comer refused to recognize the brotherhood, but Judge Speer, by his decision, recognizes it and says that Receiver Comer, the agent of the court, must recognize it.

Judge Speer's decision favors the seniority service clause as affecting promotion. Receiver Comer was opposed to seniority. The court provides, however, that where merit and ability are equal seniority of service shall prevail, and will arrange a fair tribunal for the purpose of testing the merit and ability of various candidates for promotion with the privilege of either party in cases not reconciluble to appeal to the court. The engineers think that a good tribunal for testing the merit of those seeking promotion would be the master mechanic and three engineers to be selected by the master mechanic. Mr. Comer thinks that on the master mechanic alone should rest this responsibility. On all other points, such as a schedule of wages, etc., which the engineers wished enhanced ceiver Kingsbury in dividing up the lit-tle fragment of a fortune remaining in decides in favor of the brotherhood. Attorney R. W. Patterson and his clients, the engineers, are greatly pleased with the judge's decision. So far as the boycott rule of the brotherhood is concerned, the engineers expected Judge Speer to rule against it, and his decision in this regard is in keeping with the recent decisions given out west. The brotherhood expect to strike the rule from their by-laws at the next national convention. They say they do not wish any rule on their books that the courts decide is in conflict with the laws of the country. They say they are a law-abiding, conservative body of men. and their action and conduct in Judge Speer's court really show this, In deciding on the boycott rule, Judge Speer 88.78

> "Now, there cannot be a doubt that this rule of the brotherhood is in direct and positive violation of the laws of the and, and no court, state or federal, could hesitate for a moment so to decide it. It is plainly a rule or agreement in restraint of trade or commerce."

> A new contract will now be drawn up o be signed by Receiver Comer and the engineers. In the meantime the old contract, so Judge Speer says, remains in

Judge Speer's decision says: "In case of any issue with the management in which the brotherhood or its members are connected and the members in the employ of the receiver shall desire to leave his service in a body or otherwise in such a manner as may in any way impede the operations of the road, they will be required to do so upon such terms and conditions as the court may think proper for the protection of the interest of the property and the maintainance of justice and fair play to all concerned."

BLAZING WHISKY. Bonded Warehouse Containing 1,200 Barrels of the Ardent Burned Out.

burning.

ominated to be minister to Belgium, is where the excess ranges from one to law partner and cousin of Vice Presi- five inches. More than the usual lent Stevenson, the firm consisting of amount of rain is also reported from the. stevenson & Ewing. He is about fifty states of the upper Missouri valley and tears of age and lives in Bloomington, the Dakotas, and the eastern portion of He is one of the old Ewing family Kentucky, where he was born and educated.

The president sent the following nomnations to the Senate Thursday. Hannis inch more than the usual amount. Ore-Taylor, of Alabama, to be envoy extrardinary and minister plenipotentiary to less rain, than usual for the month of pain; William Lockren, of Minnesota, March, and the state of Washington reto be commissioner of pensions. To be ports a slight excess. Throughout the postmasters: Connit P. Brisstly, at Hunt- greater portion of the Rocky mountain Jackson, Tenn.; James F. McCutcheon, at districts and over the central plateau re-Jackson, Tenn.; Irwin Tucker, at New- gion there was a general deficiency in Jackson, Tenn.; Irwin Tucker, at Newport News, Md., and Exum B. Britt, at Suffolk, Va.

The president sent the following nominations to the senate Wednesday : James S. Ewing, of Illinois, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Belgium; Thomas T. Crittenden, of Missouri, to be consul genral of the United States at City of Mexco; Louis G. Hughes, of Arizona, to be governor of Arizona; W. A. Thornton, of e surveyor of customs of the port of olumbus, O.

The president sent the following nom-France, is simply to raise the grade of they do not think the sickness is due to he mission to an embassy to meet the | any local cause.

immediate New England coast, where there was a slight increase. Unusually James S. Ewing, of Illinois, who is heavy rains occurred in Florida, South Dakota, amounting to one inch. Excessive rains also occurred in southern and northern California and the central portion of the state received almost an gon received from two to three inches

Death's Carnival of Extermination of

A Jackson, Miss., dispatch of Saturday says: The police authorities have at last succeeded in running to earth the author of many anonymous letters which had

caused the greatest excitement in the city. William Redwood, a medical student who was jailed for burglary, received several letters through the mail which were scrutinized by the police before delivery to him. They were signed with a red star and written as though they came from a gang of confederates of Redwood's. They detailed the works of the gang, repeating particulars of robberies and killing of others, which had been planned. It has developed that Redwood himself was the author of the rainfall, but reports from Arizons indiletters.

cate a slight excess in that region. A COSTLY CIGARETTE SMOKE, REMARKABLE FATALITIES.

The American Tobacco Company Suffer a Loss by Fire of \$400,000.

an Alabama Family. The seven-story brick building 709 and News was received at Montgomery 711 Second avenue, New York, which Saturday of the remarkable fatality of a ; was formerly occupied by W. Duke & family of the name of Seagers, who live | Co., as a cigarette factory, but more renear Deatsville, in Elmore county, Ala. | cently by the American Tobacco Com-New Mexico, to be governor of New Mexico, William M. Maize, of Ohio, to living, and in good health a little over a morning. James B. Duke places the week ago, only three are now living, lotal loss at forty thousand dollars. This two of whom are now at the point of loss is wholly covered by insurance. Bedeath, and are not expected to recover. tween five and six hundred girls nations to the senate Saturday: James The only members of the family who were employed in the factory. The news B. Eastis, of Louisiana, to be ambassa- have so far escaped sickness are the of the disaster had scarcely reached the for extraordinary and plenipotentiary to mother and a daughter, the latter re- manager's ear when arrangements were France: August Belmont & Co., to be siding in Montgemery. The strangest made to send them to Baltimore, where thing about the singular fatality is that they will find temporary work in the facment at Lorden, vice Seligman Bros. The nomination of Mr. Eustis, who had they all are supposed to have died of tory of Gale, Ax & Co. The stock was priation of \$15,000 for the purchase of natural causes. The family has been valued at \$60,000, the machinery at the relics of Andrew Jackson, now at the already been confirmed as minister to living at that place for sixty years and \$240,000 and the building at \$100,000. hermitage. The Ladies' Hermitage As-

One tablespoonful (well heaped) gran ulated coffee A or best brown sugar equals one ounce.

insurance. The warehouse, valued at \$30,000, was fully insured. The damage to the distillery in slight.

ELEVEN GIRLS INJURED

cattle in pens were bellowing and the

The distillery of the Anderson-Nelson

company caught fire, but was saved with

but trifling damage. The whisky was

value 1 at \$600,000, and was owned by

over two hundred different persons, and

is thought to have been well covered by

In a Collision on a "Switchback" Railway in Raleigh.

A remarkable accident occurred Tuesday at the state fair grounds at Raleigh, N. C. A party of fifty students of St. Mary's female college were at a switchback railway there. Twenty-four were on two cars. One car jumped the switch and met the incoming car, both being at full speed at the lowest point of the track. The cars were entirely wrecked. Eleven girls were injured. Mabel Green, daughter of ex-Congressman Wharton J. Green, had a leg and collar bone broken; Helen Smedes, daughter of Rev. Dr. Bennet Smedes, principal of the college, had a leg broken in two places, serious; Florence Boylan, of Raleigh, had her face crushed and head cut, her injuries being very serious; Addie Snow, of Raleigh, was internally injured. Among others injured are Annie Gregg, of Texas, Adelle Marmer. tinaire, of Columbus, Ga., and Annie Root, of Raleigh, who had a leg broken. All are of very prominent families.

THE JACKSON RELICS.

Tennessee's Governor Urges the Legislature to Purchase Them.

A Nashville special says: Governor Turney, Wednesday, sent a special message to the legislature urging the approsociation has an option on these relics of the most sensational ever tried in Chiwhich will expire in a few months.

York city, Wednesday, and considered various questions that are likely to be of some importance in case of any epidemic in cholera this summer. The meeting was presided over by the Hon, T. J. McCormick, president of the National Conference of State Boards of Health. Among the representatives present were Dr. Jerome Cochran, of Mobile, Ala.; Dr. Baker, Dr. W. Frank Wells and Dr. H. R. Willis, of Michigan; Dr. F. W. Reilly and Dr. J. H. Rauch, of Illinois; Dr. J. N. McCormick, of Kentucky; Dr. G. F. Patton and Dr. S. F. Salomon, of Louisiana; Dr. C. O. Probst, of Ohio; Dr. O. B. Wingate and J. F. Reeds, of Wiscensin; Dr. Irving A. Watson, of New Hampshire; Dr. J. D. Plunkett, of Tennessee; Dr. R. Libby, of Charleston, S. C.; Dr. Taylor and Dr. C. N. Metcalf, of Indiana; Dr. Lewis Balch, of New York; Dr. W. B. Baker, of West Virginia; and Dr. Walter Lyman, representing the government quarantine station. The meeting was called to consider the efficiency of the various seaboard quarantine stations and their ability to cope with the disease, in case of an epidemic, this sum-

A Newsboy's Suit.

tled Wednes isy that the much-talked-of millionaire suit of Eugene Dunnivant Jected the following cabinet: Felix against G. W. Poor will be tried before Jules Meline, premier and minister of Judge Wrenn within the week. Dunniof Dunnivant, a newsboy, for too ardently aspiring to the hand of the millionaire's daughter, promises to be one cago.

goods. When Ryan failed claims were filed for \$180,000 worth of goods, which were reduced afterwards to \$120,000. On account of these goods having Ryan's name stamped upon them, and on account of their being shop worn, 65 per cent. of their value was ordered set aside, which was \$78,000. These creditors represented by the \$78,000 will get all the money that is left, viz: the \$9,500 in the receiver's hands and the \$26,500. in the Gate City bank. The other credi tors, whose claims amount to \$280,000. will get nothing but judgements against Ryan.

The New French Cabinet.

A special cable dispatch of Sunday from Paris states that M. Meline has secommerce; M. Charles Dupuy, minister vant's attorneys will insist that the court grant leave to increase the damage asked for \$100,000 to \$500,000. The case in-volving the alleged false imprisonment coir Viette, minister of public works; Admiral Rieunier, minister of marine and of the colonies; M. Albert Viger, minister of agriculture; General Loizilon, minister of foreign affairs.

FREAKS OF WEATHER.

A Heated Spell in Chicago and a Snow Storm in New York.

Friday was the warmest day Chicago has seen in the month of April for twenty years. The mercury stood at 82 degrees and a hot wind blew from the south at the rate of thirty miles an hour. The heated spell lasted until 6 o'clock, when it was broken by a heavy hailstorm, which passed over the southern portion of the city. The hail was accompanied by a high wind, which laid a few trees prostrate and materially aided the hailstones in smashing several thousand dol-lars' worth of window glass along Grove avenue and upon many of the cross streets.

SNOW IN NEW YORK.

Snow began falling at 8:30 o'clock Friday morning and continued two hours. Advices from the Catskills state that eight inches of snow has fallen, while at Troy and Syracuse snow has fallen to the depth of three inches. Boston also had three inches of snow.

SECRETARY MORTON has discharged forty. seven and furloughed 121 employes of the Bureau of Animal Industry, thus saving \$10,550 a month.

A Chicago dispatch says: It was set-