THE SALISBURY TRUTH

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☞ The office of The Truth is on Main St., three doors below the Opera House, up stairs, steps leading up from the street.

THURSDAY MAY 7.

Hon. A. M. Waddell, of Wilmington, pretends to have given an able and thorough free silver reply in the News and Observer, Tuesday, to Mr. Henderson's late sound money argument. It is one of the weakest things we have read for two years, and we have read very near every speech made in Congress in that time. Mr. Waddell would have done better by keeping quiet.

A man that will take a newspaper let his subscription run two or three years, then pretend to take offence at some little matter, get mad, order it stopped without paying up his bill, is mean enough to do most anything else. We will not say that he would steal, but if we had a horse that was not well guarded when he was around, we would feel powerfully uneasy. Be an honest man, the pride of the world, and pay your just debts, if you have to eat acorns and wear fig leaves.

We publish to-day an interview by the Charlotte Observer's Raleigh correspondent, with the Democratic state chairman Jas. H. Pou. It is timely, it is the statement of an honest and worthy public servant. He has opened the campaign in the right way and at the right time. He has struck the popular Democratic chord to which all true Democrats should tune. We do not endorse his free silver views or anything leading to or from them, but we do endorse Jeffersonian Democracy and all that leads to and from it, and party harmony.

Free silver! What about free silver? Why it is a delusion and a snare. Probably most of our people are for silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Who are they? The ignorant classes, men who do not know what 16 to 1 means, men who cannot tell you how many grains of silver or gold there is in a dollar, and men who are so bigoted as not to want to know, men who act as though they were controled by hypnotic influences. In fact it seems to be a popular mania. Some wish to ride into office, newspapers wish to increase their lists and some are honest in their belief. With the latter class let us reason. We meet him, talk frankly and he says, "I am for gold to day and silver to-morrow, but do not know which is best." The free silverite says he can pay off his mortgage with cheap money. "A bale of cotton will go twice as far as it does now." What an idea! Say cotton is bringing eight cents, and we make two dollars out of one. What will be the result? In actual values a bale of cotton would bring only half its present price in gold. The silver at 16 to 1 means a reduction of all products of labor just 50 per cent., and an increase when you purchase of 100 per cent. Every contract will be written payable in gold, all who have money to loan will demand gold payments, and the poor people will be obliged to accept what they can get: silver. Then a reign of terror, a reign of woe, of suffering, and of strife will creep over a poverty stricken people like the plagues of Egypt. The law of supply and demand controls the value of everything. In the winter months, when scarce, stawberries will bring $1 per quart, in the summer when plentiful, you get three quarts for a dime. So it is with silver or gold, increase the out put and you decrease its value. Of course we should have a proper amount per capita, but not a contraction or an over plus. Treat silver as gold is now treated. Coin it at its market value. If the real value is not to be put in our coin why not use paper? Our gold coin will be accepted in any country at its face, because of its intrinsic value, but the present silver dollar will only bring fifty-two cents regardless of the government's stamp. We accept it at face, it is kept in circulation, because we believe it will be accepted by the next one and for the lack of something better. How many advocates of silver at 16 to 1 will refuse 30 ounces of silver and take 16 for one of gold? How many of you will refuse 30lbs of sugar and accept 16lbs for a dollar? This campaign will be a campaign of financial education and when the vote will be taken in November next, every man with brains enough to fill a mustard seed will vote for sound money and against fiat trash. If the Democratic party declares for silver at 16 to 1, or anything less than its intrinsic value, an invitation to defeat will be issned.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Out of 18 towns which held elections, in this State, Monday, 16 went Democratic.

Representative Shaw has been given his seat and Representative Lockhart has been unseated.

W. R. Henry, populist; A. D. Cowles, Republican, and L. C. Caldwell, Democrat, "pulled off" a battle of words at Mooresville last Saturday. Free silver, gold, protection, negro rule, Republicanism, Populism, tariff and Democracy were all cussed discussed and recussed. All sides won and the world moves on.

The Democratic convention of Buncombe County, met in Asheville Saturday and appointed delegates to the State, congressional and judicial conventions. A free silver resolution was unanimously adopted. A resolution was also adopted endorsing James H. Merrimon for United States Senator, Theo. F. Davidson for Governor and Geo. S. Powell as a delegate to the national convention.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, says the following deserved compliment to our popular townsman. All of which we unhesitatingly endorse. "Your correspondent can state upon authority that Mr. James H. Pou is not a candidate for re-election as chairman of the Democratic State executive committee. The question arises, who is to succeed him? It is the opinion of many of the most thoughtful men in the party that Hon. Lee S. Overman, of Salisbury, is peculiarly fitted for the duties of chairman. He has administrative ability, he is popular and widely known, and has not figured in any political quarrels in the party which have been so marked in the past few months. He is an earnest Democrat who feels the party welfare above all things else."

STATE NEWS.

The Monroe Cotton mills are putting in new machinery, for the purpose of doubling its capacity.

The Concord Standard, edited by J. P. Cook, was sold, Monday, to John D. Barrier of Mt. Pleasant.

The faculty have changed the date of the University commencement day from Wednesday, June 3rd, to Thursday, June 4th, in order to accommodate Vice President Stevenson, who has found that the wedding of his daughter will prevent his coming earlier than June 4th.

There is a peculiar family quarrel in Union county. The father and sons have turned against the mother the latter's part being taken by her brothers. The quarrel has gone so far that it is reported that one of the sons slapped his mother in the face recently, and it is believed that she is losing her mind. What caused the feud is not known.

NO BOLTING.

"Let us Nominate in June the Cleanest and Best Ticket ever put out in North Carolina."

State Chairman James H. Pou answered the following important questions by the Charlotte Observer's Raleigh correspondent, last Friday. "Mr. Pou, who is always thoughtful and who does not speak without weighing his words, was asked first what he thought of the party's status to-day, and replied:

"The condition is better than it has been for many months. The improvement is visible in a heightening of party spirit and in a sturdy determination, now everywhere expressed, to make a straight, honest, Democratic fight in North Carolina this year; to win success if possible, but if defeat comes to preserve the party honor, the party organization and the party name."

"Has there been any disposition to temporize or compromise?" was asked and Mr. Pou answered:

"If I may judge from rumors which have gained circulation and which to some extent have appeared in the public prints during the past six months, I must conclude that some men belonging to the Democratic party and some belonging to the Populist party have believed that honorable co-operation between these parties was possible and probably desirable this year. Whether these ideas took definite form, whether any propositions were made, I have no knowledge But this I do know, that the mere discussion of such a possibility had the effect of weakening our party discipline and in dampening the spirits and hopes of our people. We have seen and felt this and the most distinct evidence of improvement, I think, is the abandonment of any idea of co-operation this year between these parties."

"What effect did the much talked of meeting of the State committee in E. C. Smith's office on the afternoon of April 9th have in chilling Democratic enthusiasm and hope?"

"That meeting probably had no such effect. The condition of which I spoke existed long before that meeting and the calling of that meeting might have grown out of that condition. I cannot say. I did not attend the meeting, was not invited, and except from mere rumor do not know what took place thereat."

"It has been said that the holding of that afternoon meeting was an attempt to not only forestall the action of the State committee but also that of the State convention. Is this true?"

"I do not know what the object of the meeting was."

"To what do you attribute the improvement in the outlook for Democracy in North Carolina?"

"The cause which has no doubt had the greatest effect has been the vision of the old Republican party rising again and confronting the white people of North Carolina; Judge Russell, Col. Dockery and a few other white men appealing to the worst passions of 100,000 negroes and asking them to give them office; the coming on of the campaign and the fact of the issue before the people whether these people shall rule the State or whether white government shall be continued must be decided within the next few months. Other causes have also contributed. The strong probability that silver advocates will control the national convention and the fact that the national candidate and platform will be thoroughly acceptable to the great majority of the white people of the State have encouraged us greatly. The almost certain nomination of McKinley and the utter failure of Congress to do anything to justify its existence; all these things have again caused thoughtful men all over the country to turn their eyes to the Democretic party as the Israelites of old turned theirs towards the Ark of the Covenant. Then, too, I think the action of our State committee in deciding to pursue the even tenor of its way and to call a convention in the usual manner and at the usual time served as a notice to the people that the Democratic party has chosen to live rather than to die, and that it would risk defeat rather than sacrifice one principle or to compromise with any adversary. I think the committee's conduct has met the approval of the vast majority of the party, and that the party has faith in the Democracy of its committee."

"Will the convention in June nominate a State ticket or will it, as has been suggested, after electing delegates to Chicago, adjourn until a latter day to make nominations for State offices?"

"That is a matter which the convention would decide for itself. If the skies brighten so that our vision may be cleared by June 25 there is every reason to believe that the convention will at that time nominate a full State ticket. Heretofore long campaigns have always been successful and I see no reason why this year should be an exception. The more thorough we can make our canvass this year the more votes we will get. The advantages to be derived from a still hunt or a short campaign would inure to the benefit of our adversaries rather than to us. And I am convinced that if on the 25th of June we can foresee that silver will win at Chicago, I think we should proceed and nominate the whole State ticket. Should the convention decide that the wiser course would be to defer nominations until after the Chicago convention, that course will no doubt be adopted; the convention undoubtedly having the power to take a recess and assemble again."

"What do you think of fusion between the Populists and Republicans?"

"Some Populist office-seekers would be willing to have their party suffer any humiliation provided they would be given an office. Thompson and Skinner and Gill and Amis and Mewborne and Hileman and Dalby are of this class. But I believe the great majority of the Populists were formerly Democrats and are now sincere and honest men who earnestly believe in the doctrine of free silver. I confess I do not see how these men can make up their minds to assist in electing McKinley, a gold-bug, President, and in turning over the State to Dockery or Russell and the crowds which are backing them."

"What do you think the North Carolina Democrats will do?"

"First. I think they will preserve their party organization and remain a part of the national organization. The indications now point to the success of silver at Chicago. Its success in Raleigh June 25th is certain. Our platform will declare unequivocally for silver. Our nominees will be silver, whose Democracy is untarnished, and we will call upon all men who believe in the free coinage of silver and a revenue tariff and an income tax and in an honest State government, administered by white men, to rally to the Democratic standard. To this call it seems to me many Populists should respond, and they will be welcomed into full fellowship in the Democratic party. I think the number who will return, should this course be followed, and the character of those who will return, will greatly surprise those not fully informed as to the present conditions. The imminence of misrule in eastern North Carolina is exerting a conservative influence over all classes of white people. The Democrats will accord manly and generous recognition to all Populists who come, and I think the majority of the Populists would be willing to fight in the Democratic party for free silver, low taxation and income tax and help save the State from ruin, rather than throw their votes away, voting for free silver, it is true, in their platform, but coupled with the government ownership of railroads, the referendum, woman suffrage and a whole lot of other things which will be put into the Populist platform, pleasing to Western fanatics but repulsive to the conservative people of the South."

"I am told by Populist State Secretary Ayer that Populists and Democrats have begun to fuse in some counties on the silver issue. What do you think of that?"

"In the Democratic party the counties are a law unto themselves and there is no supervisory power which could restrict, forbid or compel any action on their part. I am satisfied the Democrats of the counties will act wisely in all things and nothing they may do will be criticized by their State organization. Not so much principle is involved in the election of a county treasurer or register of deeds, and in a county where otherwise both those offices would be filled by corrupt Republicans it might be better to have them filled one by a Democrat and one by a Populist. A far better plan, I think, would be in all such counties for the Populists to come back and again become a part of our organization as they were before 1892. Should they do so their recognition would be full and generous. I am sure."

"What is your opinion, Mr. Chairman, as to the authority of conventions and the true plan and scope of the Democratic party? Is it a national one or is it limited to a State? In other words, is the national or the State convention the true source of party law and authority?"

"That is largely a question of ethics: But I am convinced of this, that no organization can exert a useful influence except as part of some great national organization. A State organization could not maintain itself for any length of time if it did not acknowledge fealty to some national organization. Tillman's Democracy in South Carolina is cited as a case in point to sustain the opposite view. But it is not a case in point, for it has always supported the national Democratic ticket, and, in my opinion, should it cease to support the national Democratic ticket, it must become a part of the Republican or Populist organizations or quickly dissolve. Therefore, if we are to effect anything practical for silver or for any other desirable object we must remain a part of the national Democratic organization and fight for principles within its ranks."

"Do you not condemn bolting the national convention or any hint thereat?"

"No true Democrat should ever think of bolting any more than a husband should of divorcing the wife of his bosom, and the mere hint of it increases the danger of doing it."

"Is there the slightest idea on the part of Democrats in North Carolina of passing the South Carolina election law?"

"None in the world. The present law is a bad one. Should the Democrats carry the Legislature. I think the law will be changed and one adopted guarding the right of every citizen, regardless of party or color, to exercise his privilege as an elector, with ample provision against fraud, intimidation and bribery; against which there is now absolutely no safeguard. I do not believe any party will seriously propose in this State to pass a law depriving any citizen of his right to vote."

"What is the present duty of Democrats?"

"The first thing we need is peace within the party. No more fighting among ourselves, no more recrimination and no more impugning of motives, and concessions from all sides for the party's good. Let the 'sound money' men be content with the maintenance of the party name, integrity and national allegiance, and let the 'silver' men rest content with silver declarations and silver nominations, and the giving of North Carolina's whole weight for the silver cause. Let us train our guns upon the Republicans, leaving the Populists alone for the present. Let all Democrats take the self-denying ordinance and let nothing be done to promote personal ambition to the sightest detriment of party welfare. Let us nominate in June the cleanest and best ticket ever put out in North Carolina, and let us register a vow in high heaven that, God being our helper, neither Dan Russell nor Oliver Dockery nor any man who represents what they stand for shall be Governor of North Carolina."

Democratic Plan of Organization.

We publish here with a carefully corrected copy of the Democratic Plan of Organization in North Carolina, as amended and changed at the recent meeting of the State Executive committee. All Democratic conventions hereafter will be held, and all Democratic candidates will be nominated according to this amended plan, and therefore every Democrat should read it and learn its provisions. It is as follows:

PRECINCT ORGANIZATION.

1. The unit of county organization shall be the voting precinct. In each precinct there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several precincts in the meetings first called by the County Executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The chairmen of the several precinct committees shall compose the County Executive committee, which shall meet at the same time and place as the county convention first held in each election year, and elect a chairman of said county committee, who need not be a member of the committee, and he shall preside at all meetings of said committee, and shall hold his place until his successor shall be elected. A majority of said precinct chairmen, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum. The county committee shall likewise appoint a central committee of five, who shall act in its stead when the county committee is not in session.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any precinct to elect its executive committee for a period of thirty days, the county exective committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said precinct.

4. The members of the precinct committee shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committees.

5. The County Executive committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days' notice by public advertisement in three public places in each precinct, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in their respective precincts on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county conventions, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county conventions from the voters of meeting so held shall elect their delegates to represent the precincts in the county conventions from the voters of the respective voting precincts, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective voting precincts on all questions that may come before said county conventions In case no meeting shall be held in any precinct in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the precinct executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

PRIMARY.

Sec. 6. At every precinct meeting there shall, before delegates to the county convention are elected, be a vote taken for the different candidates for office, whose names may be presented, and the delegates shall vote in the county convention their respective precincts in accordance with this vote: that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the county convention that proportion of the vote to which the precinct may be entitled which he received in the precinct meeting. The chairman and secretary of the precinct meeting shall certify to the county convention the vote received by each candidate at the precinct meeting.

7. Each precinct shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty five Democratic votes, and one vote for fractions of thirteen Democratic votes cast by the township at the last preceeding Gubernatorial election: Provided, That every voting precinct shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each precinct may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

8. The chair man of precinct committees shall preside at all precinct meetings. In their absence any other member of said committees may preside.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their Senatorial, Judicial, Congressional conventions one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions of over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceeding Gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in each of said conventions.

Provided further, That in all county conventions in which delegates shall be selected to attend any State, Congressional, Judicial or other convention, a vote shall be taken in accordance with the plan of organization as to the candidates whose names may be presented to such county convention. The delegates shall be selected from the friends and supporters of each candidate voted for in proportion to the number of votes he shall receive in such county convention, and no other instructions shall be given: Provided further, That when only one candidate is presented and voted for at such county convention, it shall be lawful to instruct for such candidate

2. At every county convention, before delegates to States, Congressional, Judicial, Senatorial or other conventions are chosen, there shall be a vote taken for the different candidates for office, whose names may be presented, and the delegates shall vote their respective counties in accordance with this vote: that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the State, Congressional, Judicial Senatorial, or other conventions, the proportion of the vote to which the county may be entitled which he received in the county convention. The chairman and secretary of the county convention shall certify to each convention the vote received by each candidate at the county convention, and no other instruction shall be given: Provided that where only one candidate is presented it shall be lawful to instruct for him.

At the State and district conventions the delegates from the different counties may disregard the vote of their respective counties to any candidate, provided two-thirds majority of all his votes from the county consent thereto.

2. The chairman, or, in his absence, any member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional committees, shall call to order their respective conventions, and hold chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

4. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall, at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts designated in said call. And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding conventions in their respective districts, and the chairmen of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairmen of the different county executive committees of the said appointment, and the said county executive committees shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice, to send delegates to said respective district conventions.

STATE CONVENTION.

The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred and fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over seventy-five Democratic votes, cast therein at the last preceeding gubernatorial election, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said convention: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in said convention.

GENERAL RULES.

1. At all conventions the delegates shall be selected, as near as may be, from the candidates voted for.

2. Such delegates—or alternates absent delegates—as may be present at any Democratic convention, shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their precinct or county may be entitled.

3. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

4. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vancancies occurring in their respective bodies.

5. The chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventions, and a certified list of delegates and alternates to the State convention shall be sent to the secretary of the State central committee.

6. It shall be the duty of the county committee, and of its chairman, to furnish such information and make such reports to the chairman of the State committee as he may desire.

BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.

Mr. C. N. Jones, Girard, Ala., says, May 16th, 1895: "I was suffering from Catarrh in the head and was cured by King's Royal Germetuer. We keep it all the time, and believe that it is the best family medicine there is on the market to day."

Germetuer suits all ages in the home.

It is so pleasant to take that all like it.

It is so harmless that the tenderest babe and most delicate invalids are always safe in it.

It cures when all else fails. New package, large bottles, 108 doses, $1. For sale by THEO F. KLUTTZ & CO.

A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at THEO. F. KLUTUZ & Co's., drug store. 6

Reduced Rates.

The Southern Railway will sell reduced rate tickets to the following places on the following dates, to wit: On May 5th, 6th and 7th, final limit May 13th: instead of May 4th and 5th, as heretofore advertised: Meeting of the Classes of North Carolina Reformed Church, of United States, Conover, N. C., May 5-12, 1896.

On May 11-14th, with final limit of May 18th: Meeting Grand Commandery of Knights Templar and Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons of North Carolina: New Berne, N. C., May 14th.

On May 12th, 13th and 14th, final limit May 18th: North Carolina Republican State Convention, Raleigh, N. C., May 14th.

On May 20th and 21st, with final limit of May 26th: Annual Council Episcopal Diocese of Eastern Carolina, Wilmington, N. C. May 21st.

On June 29th and 30th with final limit of July 6th: The Sixth Annual Re-Union of the United Confederate Veterans will be held in Richmond, Va., June 30th-July 1st and 2nd. Return trip tickets as follows: Lexington, 4 45; Concord, 5.20; Salisbury, N. C., 4 75: Statesville, 5.30: Winston-Salem, 4.35. The Programme for this occasion is as follows: June 30th, "Light the Camp Fires and Merry, Merry Be," July 1st, Grand Parade in which 50,000 Confederate Soldiers will be in line; July 2nd, laying corner stone of the Jeff. Davis monument in Monroe Park. Call on any agent of the Southern Ry. for full information, or address, Mr. Chas. L. Hopkins, T. P. A. Sou. Ry. Charlotte, N. C.

Just now everybody is beginning to take a Spring Medicine. And it is a good thing to do provided you take Simmons Liver Regulator—the best Spring Medicine. It's a sluggish liver that clogs the system and makes bad blood. A dose a day of Simmons Liver Regulator will make a new man out of you, and a new woman too. Look for the Red Z on the package. It is Simmons Liver Regulator you want.

SHE DID NOT SUFFER.

Three months before our first child my wife suffered so from cramps and pains she could not get in or out of the house without help and was often in bed for two or three days at a time. I obtained a bottle of "Mothers' Friend," and after the first application pains and cramps ceased. She continued to use the remedy and suffered no serious inconvenience until the hour of confinement-at which time she suffered but little pain-her recovery was rapid and complete-in fact, she suffered no pain after birth. Her friends say they never saw anything to equal her case. Truly 'Mothers' Friend' is a blessing to expectant mothers, and my wife never be without it. E. E. Johnston, Enfaula, Ala., Dec. 8. 1894.

THE BEST
SPRING MEDICINE
is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. Don't forget to take it. Now is the time you need it most to wake up your Liver. A sluggish Liver brings on Malaria, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and many other ills which shatter the constitution and wreck health. Don't forget the word REGULATOR. It is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR you want. The word REGULATOR distinguishes it from all other remedies. And, besides this, SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is a Regulator of the Liver, keeps it properly at work, that your system may be kept in good condition.

FOR THE BLOOD take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. It is the best blood purifier and corrector. Try it and note the difference. Look for the RED Z on every package. You wont find it on any other medicine, and there is no other Liver remedy like SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—the King of Liver Remedies. Be sure you get it.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Anna Gage, wife of Ex-Deputy U. S. Marshal,
Columbus, Kan., says:

"I was delivered of TWINS in less than 20 minutes and with scarcely any pain after using only two bottles of "MOTHERS' FRIEND"

DID NOT SUFFER AFTERWARD.

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TWO second-hand, in the best condition, and one new pneumatic. Call at this office.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

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RICHMOND & DANVILLE AND NORTH CAROLINA DIVISIONS.

IN EFFECT JANUARY 9TH., 1896.

This Condensed Schedule is published as information and is subject to change without notice to the public.

TRAINS LEAVE SALISBURY, N. C.:

9:12 p. m., No. 35, daily for Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line division and all points south and southwest. Carries through Pullman drawing-room buffet sleeper between New York, Washington, Atlanta and New Orleans.

8:17 a. m., No. 37, daily, Washington and Southwestern vestibuled limited for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile and Southwest. Through Pullman sleeper New York to New Orleans and New York to Memphis. Dining car, vestibuled coach, between Washington and Atlanta.

10:15 a. m., No. 11, daily for Atlanta and all points South. Solid train, Richmond to Atlanta; Pullman sleeping car, Richmond to Greensboro.

7:50 a. m., No. 31, daily, Pullman compartment and sleeping cars between New York and St. Augustine. Pullman buffet sleeping car, New York to Tampa. Dining car Salisbury to St. Augustine. First class vestibuled coach, Washington to St. Augustine. Pullman sleeper New York to Augusta.

10:20 a. m., No 36, daily, for Washington, Richmond, Raleigh and all points north. Carries Pullman drawing-room buffet sleeper, New Orleans to New York, Jacksonville to New York.

9:38 p. m., No. 38, daily, Washington and Southwestern vestibuled, limited for Washington and all points north. Through Pullman car, Memphis to New York; New Orleans to New York; Tampa to New York. Also carries vestibuled coach and dining car.

12:08 a. m., No. 32, daily, for Washington and the North. Carries Pullman compartment car, St. Augustine to New York. Drawing room sleeping car St. Augustine to New York. Drawing room buffet car Tampa to New York and first class vestibuled coach St. Augustine and Washington. Dining car between St. Augustine and Salisbury.

8:10 p. m., No. 12, daily, for Richmond, Raleigh, Goldsboro and all points North. Carries Pullman sleeping car from Greensboro to Richmond. Connects at Greensboro with train carrying Pullman car for Raleigh.

10:25 a. m., No 11, daily for Chattanooga and all points west. Through sleeping car Jersey City to Hot Springs.

7:45 p. m., No. 12, daily from Chattanooga and all points West. Through sleeping car Hot Springs to Jersey City.

8:45 a. m., No. 48, daily except Sunday, from Norwood, N. C.

2:30 p. m., No 47, daily except Sunday, for Norwood.

Trains arrive at Salisbury, from north: 7:30 a. m., 8:17 a. m., 10:15 a. m., and 9:12 p. m.

Trains arrive from South: 12:08 a. m., 10:20 a. m., 8:10 p. m., and 9:38 p. m.

Trains arrive from West: 10:25 a m, 7:45 p m.

Trains to and from Norwood: 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

W. A. TURK, Gen. Pass Agt.,
W. H. GREEN, Gen. Supt., J. M. CULP, Traffic Man.,
Washington, D. C.

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DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured by Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 46, 1895.
Eureka Chemical & Mfg., Co., La Crosse Wis.
Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To-Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I can add write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBERY.
Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

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