

had his sy pathy as well as th the citizens thereabouts.

It may be the sheriff, in view of the fact that the big assembly at McCrea's schoolhouse Monday was in violation of the proclamation, has reason to believe that the miners are beyond his control, and has warned the governor of impending trouble. Beyond the meeting and marching

all was quiet in the neighborhood of the camp

Crisis Seems Imminent.

The striking miners have broken all records both as to numbers attending heir mass meetings and the excellent order and law-abiding behavior exhib ited.

It is conceded by all that in former times, under similar circumstances, bloodshed would have resulted long ago from the conditions under which the miners have been placed during the strike.

The mass meeting of miners at the McCrea schoolhouse Monday was the largest during the strike, and probably the largest gathering of the kind ever seen in Allegheny county.

More than 5,000 striking miners met for an all-day session, and labor leaders harangued them in various tones, while bands of music served to stir up enthusiasm to the highest pitch. From early morning miners of every nationality were gathering at the school-

They came in big bands and small ones, but the one that set the camp wild with enthusiasm arrived from Turtle Creek. It consisted of 1,000 miners from that camp, and when they came in sight there was such cheering as has not been heard since the strike started. When the miners of the two parties met there was some wild enes. Men rushed around shaking hands, shouting and even embracing each other. The crowd gathered was so much larger than anticipated that the men were wild with joy.

T. J. McCoy, a prominent member of the Typographical Union, extended the sympathy and financial support of the printers of the country and said the organization had made a per capita assessment for five weeks to be paid for the benefit of the strikers.

COAL SHIPMENTS SHORT.

Quarter of a Million Tons of Coal Less Than Last Year.

The shipments of coal westward by lake from the port of Buffalo, N. Y., show a falling off of 225,000 tons as compared with last year to this date.

The receipts of grain, including flour in its wheat equivalent, aggregate, since the opening of navigation 93,948,136 bushels, an increase as compared with last year of 15,000,000. It this date last year the lake receipts grain were largely in excess of any previous year in the history of the bors, and give a happier type of man

The pressure for taxing sake wa from the saloon keepers and the man ufacturers of liquors, as the Japanese use this liquor almost wholly to the

exclusion of other beverages. TEXAS DEMOCRATS ACT.

At a Called Conference They Affirm Unwa vering Allegiance to the Party.

Over a thousand Texas democrat attended a conference at Waco Friday called by Chairman Blake of the democratic state executive committe. The most important action taken

was the adoption of resolutions affirming unwavering allegiance to the principles of the party as expressed in its recent platform, state and national, and appealing to citizens who desire

good government to stand as a unit for its support. The paragraph in regard to finance is as follows:

"That we hail as an advance sign of the return to the principles upon which the prosperity of the country can alone be achieved, the disposition of the people in other states, as ex-

pressed in the recent elections, to the time-honored doctrine of bimetallism and to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money metals of the country, and to a system of fair and just taxation, opposed to the trusts and monopolies, and to the principles contained in the last national democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1896." The resolutions conclude with a denunciation of the republican party.

NEW PLACE FOR ANDREWS.

Deposed President Will Assume Charge of Another University.

A Providence special says that President Andrews, of Brown university, will in September assume the head of the university projected by John Brisben Walker, the New York millionaire journalist, along absolutly unique lines. Mr. Walker is also a silver man.

The university will at first resemble the chautauqua movement. It will cater to the masses of the common people, and there will be no cost or expenses whatever to the student. Even the textbooks will be free, and work will be conducted by correspondence.

The institution will be liberally en-President Andrews will be assisted by an advisory board of ten of the ablest minds in the country. Presi-

dent Andrews, in speaking of the matter, said: "The course of studies will be work

ed out with reference to the real needs of men and women in the various walks of life, and will be designed not only to produce broader minds, more cultivated intellects and give greater fitness for special lines of work, but to make better citizens, better neigh-

dowed.

and womanhood."

county, lynching. Governor Atkinson was asked for an expression of his views, and said:

"I am determined to do all that is possible for the executive to do to bring to justice the men who are guilty of the murder of Ryder. "There are two lines upon which we

must proceed in order to rid our country of this practice which is injuring alike the character of our people and of our civilization. "One is for the press, the pulpit and all enlightened and patriotic citizens to exert themselves to make such

offenses odious until right views are recognized and conformed to by all people. "Those who cannot be reached in this way must be reached by being

made to feel the force of the strong arm of the law. They should be given to understand that when they attempt to take a prisoner from the hands of officers their own lives will be forfeited by their effort, and that in case of a successful effort they wil

be punished by the courts. "There has been much said a out the delays of the law, and yet to one who fully comprehends our system and its results this point will receive little consideration. We have now in our penitentiary and county chaingangs over 4,000 convicts. We have had a large number hung during my administration, and where there is an occasional instance where a case is kept in court a great while, it is a rare excep-

tion and not the rule. "In addition to that, permit me to say that the men who lynch and take the lives of their fellow men in their own hands are not the men who are

usually found on the side of law and order, and if lynching be apologized for on the ground that the law does not conform to the views of everyone. then there will never be a stop put to

"This being true, let apology for lynch law cease, let it be condemned in unmeasured terms, and whatever is to be said about changing the law, let it be said to the general assembly, and not for the purpose of palliating a

crime lynchers are guilty of. "I am satisfied that the good citizens of Talbot county fully realize the enormity of this offense and I expect from them that hearty co-operation which every good citizen owes to the

officers of the law under' which he lives.' VIRGINIA POPULISTS ADJOUR!

Edmund R. Cocke . Nominate Captain For Lieutenant Governor.

The populist state convention at Roanoke assembled again Thursday morning. Major Gaines withdrew from the race for the nomination of lieutenant governor, and Captain Edmund R. Cocke was nominated by acclamation and accepted. The convention

planted themselves before the thus compelling DeArmitt's men to run the gauntlet to get to work.

A short time later, Sheriff Lowry, who had been wired to for assistance, arrived from Pittsburg with fifty deputies, armed with winchesters. The strikers quietly withdrew and the new deputies were placed on guard.

When the meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock Thursday morning there were 3,000 striking miners in attendance, and before it was well under way there were 5,000 people in the vicinity.

The demonstration had no effect upon the men at Plum Creek, and all went to work.

The strikers used all their powers of persausion upon the diggers, but none were molested and no threats were made.

President Dolan was made chairman of the meeting, and in a short speech he accused De Armitt of insincerity. He said if De Armitt's men did not come out, there would be a sympathy strike all over the United States.

M. P. Carrick was next introduced. and he said that workingmen all over the United States were interested in this strike, because it will have a tendency to raise wages everywhere. "If you men of the DeArmitt mines will not come out now, we will march 60,000 men here and compel you to come out, not by force, but by shame.'

When Eugene V. Debs was introduced there was great enthusiasm. He said in part: "I am here not to encourage passion

but to appeal to reason. You are in the midst af the greatest contest the world has ever known. Whether you succeed or fail depends upon yourselves. In order to win, you must remain absolutely sober until this contest is over. Whisky clouds the brain, ness and untruth of this charge will robs you of your money and makes you brutal, and also makes you do just what your enemies want you to

After the meeting the Sandy Creek miners returned to work, and the strikers went into camp and had lunch.

PENSION RULES REVISED.

Changes Will Make Many Modification In Present Practices.

A thorough revision of the rules gov erning the adjudication of pension claims under the second section of the act of June 27, 1890, has been made by Assistant Secretary of the Interior Webster Davis at Washington, and sweeping modifications in the present practices are the result.

The changes are embodied in in structions to the commissioners of pensions, it is stated that representations were made that the present rules render the administration of the law dificult and embarrassing. The new code, it is said, will furnish a safe, speedy and uniform system of adjusting this class of cas

di of 1893, which is the only credible step taken by our government toward tilizer company, capital \$100,000, settling this seal dispute since it began in 1890 up to date, I desire to say that after a careful perusal of the letter of May 10th, above cited, the president has reason to feel greatly embarrassed, because it lays the state department open to a crushing reply from those not of the Canadian office, and you will be in the same mortifying fix that Blaine found himself in 1890, when the Canadians simply

crushed his contra bonis mores letter by the date which' they promptly furnished in rebuttal. "Inexperienced and ignorant men

should not write such letters dealing

with data about which they know no more than so many parrots. John W. Foster is atterly ignorant of the truth in regard to the salient features of this seal question on the islands; that letter of May 10th is like all other preparations from his hand on this subjectfull of gross errors,

"His dullness in making up the American case in 1892-93 cost us that shameful and humiliating defeat which we met with at Paris in 1893. Had he been bright and quick witted, he never would have met with such dias-

"Taking this commonplace man up now, after this record of flat-failure is stamped all over his anatomy, and putting him in charge of your sealing question will only thrust you deeper into the mire than he and your predecessors have been placed before by the bright men over the line at Ottawa. "I am moved to write you on this point because a senator of the United States recently said to me that Foster had assured the president that the information which I gave the British in 1890 caused the defeat of the American case at Paris in 1893. The mean-

be quickly seen by your turning to my report of November 17, 1890, which contains this information. "Mr. Foster and his stupid associ-

ates tried to suppress this report because it contained the proof of my authorship of the modus vivendi of 1891-93, which he meanly stole from me-plagarized in fact, but he was unable to suppress it. And now that he comes forward again to figure in this question. I intend that he shall be required at the proper time and before the proper tribunal to give a full ac count of his wretched record as the agent of the United States before the Behring sea tribunal at Paris in 1893. "This whole sealing business, from the day the trouble began in 1890-91 up to date, has not been in the hands of a competent man for one moment It has been and is now the sport of Canadians, and the languid contempt of the British queen's council is all there. Very truly yours,

"HENRY W. ELLIOTT."

000, Dallas, Tex.; the Ash Charleston, S. C.; the Martin Gold Mining and Milling company, capital \$30,000, Gainesville, Ga., and the Compressed Coal company, maximum capital \$500,000, Norfolk, Va. Telephone supply works will be erected at Knoxville, Tenn.; a \$20,000 oil mill at Pelzer, S. C., and others at Gadsden, Ala., and Gretna, La.; a bleaching and dye house at Tarboro, N. C.; a tobacco factory at Danville, Va., and woodworking plants at Alexandria, La.; Charlotte, N. C., Walterboro, S.

C., and Chattanooga, Tenn.-Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

ASK FOR RECONSIDERATION.

Instructors at Brown University Want President Andrews To Kemain. A remonstrance has been issued by the professors at Brown university at Providence, R. I., and sent to the members of the corporation.

It protests against the action of the latter body with reference to President Andrews, and asks for a reconsideration of the whole matter. The document lays stress on the importance of freedom of speech, especially in a university where there should be no such

thing as political prejudice. The fact is emphasized that there has been a remarkable increase in the number of students since Dr. Andrews became president. The remonstrance is signed by a majority of professors. CONFLAGBATIONS IN OTTAWA.

Fireproof Company and Grain Elevator Destroyed Entailing Heavy Losses.

The Pioneer Fireproof Construction Company's plant, at Ottawa, Ill., the largest of its kind in the world, was partially destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon, entailing a loss of \$100,000. There was only a partial insurance. The fire was of incendiary origin.

The large grain elevator of J. S. Shuler was burned to the ground Sunday morning. Loss, \$6,000; insurance, \$3,000. It is now thought this building was also set on fire. Had there been any breeze at the time of either fire the city of Ottawa would have been almost wiped out, as both buildings were situated close to the business center.

LIQUOR DEALERS QUIT BUSINESS.

the

Illinois Town Refuses to Reduce Saloon License Tax.

Every one of the forty saloons in Danville, Ill., are closed and the thirsty citizens must go to Germantown or to the road houses for a drink. The Liquor Dealers' Association petitioned the city council recently to lower the license from \$800 to \$600, and threatened to close their places on that it receives when it comes up refusal. The council refused and Monday morning every saloon in the city was found closed.

to bring light and purity into the homes of your fellow men? Do you distribute tracts?" "No; I clean windows and beat carpets."

Sapsmith - Do you know, Miss Sally, I spend a gweat deal of my time in self-contemplation? Sally Gay -Isn't that more like throwing it away than spending it, Mr. Sapamith?

A rich man in New York, long troubled with the problem of what to name his new yacht, has at last concluded to name it "Floating Debt," in commemoration of what such luxuries cost.

"Bridget has had breakfast late every day this week. Can't you do something to get her up on time?" "Well, there's the alarm clock." "That doesn't always go off. Lend her the baby."

"I had the inflammatory rheumatism so bad once," said the elderly boarder, "that they had to call a cousultation of four physicians." "Sort of joint commission, eh?" asked the Cheerful Idiot.

Jimmy-Is an empire an' an umpire de same t'ing, Tommy? Tommy-Putty much de same, Jimmy. Au empire is a place what's run by an emperor, an' he tries to boss t'ings as much like an umpire as he can.

Nellie (aged six)-Mamma, you said it was not right to tell tales about John. Mother-Yes, that is what I told you, dear. Nellie-Well, then, I won't say nuffin, but I fink John ought to tell you how he scratched me pretty soon.

"Oh, mamma," murmured Flossie in a frightened tone, as her dear little sister leaned forward and grasped her father's cigar, which she attempted to put in her mouth, "wouldn't it be dreadful if Flossie turned out to be a new woman?"

"I have read every book in my husband's library. I really don't know what to do for something to read," said a newly married woman to a lady friend. "You don't know what to do? Why, what's the matter with getting another husband?"

"Jimpson is cute. He's renovating his house now, and it isn't costing him, much of anything. He's made his wife believe that she's an artist. So he just buys the paint; and his wife puts it on herself." "She looks as though she did."

"When a woman," said the cornfed chilosopher, "says that she really believes she is getting fat, and her husband retorts that it is because she eats too much and doesn't do enough work, it is safe to presume that the honeymoon has ceased to be,"

"I guess Jim can get away for that fishing party all right." "What makes you think so?" "I was up to his house last night. His wife used to be an amateur elocutionist before they

bama's dark crimes was completed at Decatur Monday afternoon when Rosa Buford, the negro woman, was con- victed of aiding and abetting Lewis Thompson and Walter Neville in as- iting Nellie Lawton. counsel for the woman attempt- persuade her to testify, but she go upon the stand and tell. The trial lasted only three is after 2 o'clock the perdict of death.	The jury returned a verdict of guilty and Judge Henry passed sentence of five years in the penitentiary. Few cases in Floyd county have at- tracted as much attention or developed as many sensational features as this. It has been in the courts for nearly two years, and it has been of enormous expense to the county and from the present outlook the drain on the county treasury from this source is	has supplied the state department at Washington with some advance figures of the Greek census taken last October. They show a total population of the country of 2,433,806, as against a total of 2,187,208 in the year 1889. There were 1,266,816 males and 1,166,990	Exported to Great Britain. The Philadelphia Record of Friday contained the following: "Forty steamers were yesterday chartered to load cargoes of grain at Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Newport News for ports in the United Kingdom and Europo, making a day's record which, it is claimed, has never been equaled. All of these ves- sels will require over 4,000,000 bush- els of grain. "During the past two weeks fixtures for steam tonnage to carry over 20,- 000,000 bushels of coreals abroad have been ordered. NEWSPAPER CHANGES HANDS. Barrett Secures Controlling Interest In Birmingham Age-Herald. The State-Herald, the only morning newspaper in Birmingham, has chang- ed hands. E. W. Barrett, who has for many years been the Washington correspondent of the Atlanta Consti- tution and other newspapers, recently bought a controlling interest in it. The first issue under his management appeared Sunday under the nume of	methabed By Raging Wind. At 7:30 o'clock Friday evening a cyclone struck the farm of A. C. Mc- Dowell, two miles north of San Jose, III., his house and barn were destroyed Seven people were killed and three severely injured. The killed are: A. C. McDowell, A. C. McDowell's grandson, wife of Samuel Brownlee, three of Brownlee's children, Miss	Lord Salisbury will take place during the latter part of next week at the for- eign office. Most of the members of the cabinet will be present, and it is thought Lord Salisbury will then inform the com- mission of the government's decision on the question of a more extended use of silver. The commissioners are hopeful of a favorable decision and of important concessions. APPOINTMENTS FROM CHAMPLAIN Though the President is Away from Wash- ington He is Not Idle. A Washington special says: Quite a big batch of consular appointments was announced Thursday. The presi- dent and Secretary Porter took with them to Lake Champlain several ham- pers of papers, and up there, away from the heat and the office seeking crowd, the president is making ap- pointments. His decisions are sent or	bus brought cocoa to Spain in 1494, and Cortez found that Montezuma, the fa- mous cacique of Mexico, was served with chocolate, or chocolati, in golden cups, with tortoise shell spoons. At first the English and Dutch sea-rovers thought so little of cocoa that when
	ly other eye witness of the	of 2,187,208 in the year 1889. There	The first issue under his management	grandson, wife of Samuel Brownlee,	crowd, the president is making ap-	