

# THE SALISBURY TRUTH.

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NO. 49.

## SENATOR QUAY ARRESTED.

### WELL-KNOWN POLITICIAN CHARGED WITH MISUSE OF FUNDS.

### WARRANT ALSO INCLUDED HIS SON.

Admiral says Defendant Used the State's Funds in Personal Speculations. Other Politicians Implicated.

Warrants were issued at Philadelphia Monday for the arrest of United States Senator Matthew Stanley Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood and Charles H. McKee, of Pittsburgh, law partner of Lieutenant Governor Lyon. They are accused of conspiracy with John S. Hopkins, formerly cashier of the People's bank, to use public moneys for their own use.

Hopkins killed himself last March, shortly before the bank's failure.

Senator Quay and his son returned to Philadelphia from Atlantic City as soon as they heard of their intended arrest. They promptly surrendered themselves, and Magistrate Jernome held them in \$5,000 bail each for a hearing. David H. Lane, the republican leader, became their bondsman, and Monday afternoon they returned to the seashore. By advice of their attorney they declined to discuss the case.

Mr. Haywood is in Montana and Mr. McKee is in New York.

The warrants were made out on Saturday by Magistrate Jernome at the instance of District Attorney Graham, and on the affidavit of Charles F. Myers, of the district attorney's office. Myers is a detective and acted on information furnished by Thomas W. Barlow, receiver of the People's bank.

After Hopkins' suicide an examination of the bank's condition was made and showed that the assets were impaired. The bank at once went into liquidation, and President McManes obligated himself personally to protect all creditors. At the time the deposit of state funds amounted to \$505,000, which amount has since been paid into the state treasury by Mr. McManes.

Thomas A. Barlow was appointed receiver of the bank when it closed its doors. Mr. Barlow is also assistant district attorney, but District Attorney Graham states that the prosecution had originated in his office and that Mr. Barlow in his capacity of receiver had not in any way been instrumental in bringing the charges.

## GEORGIA TOWN FLOODED.

### Brunswick Suffers Disastrously From Results of Storm.

Brunswick, Ga., was visited by a terrific wind and rain storm Sunday. For eighteen hours, commencing at 4 o'clock in the morning, the storm king reigned supreme. The tide lent assistance to the elements and for four hours the ceaseless flow of water poured over Brunswick's streets, inundating hundreds of houses, flooding practically every business and warehouse in the city and entailing thousands upon thousands of dollars loss upon the people. Some of the conservative men place this financial loss at one half million dollars.

Only three deaths from drowning have been reported, although it is thought that the list of fatalities will be increased when the full damage is known.

## MORTALITY AT MANILA.

### General Otis Sends In Report of Deaths For Past Three Months.

The following dispatches have been received at the war department from Manila:

"Adjutant General, Washington:

"Deaths among troops in the Philippines, July, August and September, four officers, eighty-three enlisted men.

"August—Two officers, fifty enlisted men, of whom one officer and sixteen enlisted men were killed in action, seven died of wounds.

"Deaths for September, twenty-five enlisted men. Total deaths, seventeen killed in action, seven died of wounds, fourteen typhoid fever. Cause of remaining deaths accidents and miscellaneous diseases.

(Signed) "Otis."

## GEORGIANS AT OMAHA.

### "Crackers" Were Royally Welcomed by the Nebraskans.

A special from Omaha says: Georgia day at the Trans-Mississippi and International exposition was a pronounced success among the many attractive features of Nebraska's magnificent fair.

Governor Northen and exposition officials met the Georgia train with a true Georgia welcome, and did much to enhance the delightfulness of the visit of the "Crackers." Omaha opened her gates and her hearts and Georgians felt at home from the moment of arrival.

## CALIFORNIA HAS CLAIM.

### State Wants \$100,000 For Property Turned Over to the Government.

A San Francisco dispatch says: Adjutant General A. W. Barrett, of the national guard, as the agent of Governor Dudd, will leave for Washington in a few days to present to the secretary of war a claim for \$100,000 on behalf of the state for property turned over to the government during the war with Spain.

## FOUR MEN ASSASSINATED.

### Outrageous and Cold-Blooded Murder Occurs At An Auction In Tennessee.

A special received from Nashville, Tenn., states that on Saturday Rev. A. C. Webb, Baptist minister; Jeff Higgins and James Vinson, well known citizens, were victims of a cold-blooded assassination on the place of James Hollingsworth, near Liberty, DeKalb county.

The men were attending an auction sale on the farm and were swept down by a cross-fire from a cave on one side and a barn on the other. James Hollingsworth and confederates are believed to be the assassins.

About a year ago Hollingsworth killed Jim Higgins and left home. Higgins' wife sued for damages and got judgment by default. The auction sale was to satisfy the judgment.

Jeff Higgins was a brother of Hollingsworth's victim and Rev. A. C. Webb was his father-in-law. It is thought Vinson's death was not intended. The assassins escaped without detection.

A later dispatch states that four men are dead and a fifth dying as the result of Saturday's shooting.

When the party of men went to Hollingsworth's home to sell his property to satisfy a judgment against him his wife was very abusive, but no attention was paid to her, and all entered the barn where the sale was conducted. The auction had just commenced, when suddenly some one stuck a double-barrel shotgun in the door and turned loose both barrels, charged with buckshot.

The fourth victim, an unknown man, Vincent, the fifth man, is dying. Nine buckshot were taken from one of the bodies.

The sheriff of Cannon county and a large posse is looking for the assassins.

Lynching is certain if the guilty ones are caught.

A special to the Nashville American from Murfreesboro says a telephone message has been received from Woodbury, Cannon county, stating that the Cannon county murderer and his son, James Hollingsworth, has been severely wounded. A crowd of sixty men have him located and expect to capture him together with his accomplices.

## MR. BAYARD'S FUNERAL.

### Laid to Rest in Family Burial Ground at Wilmington, Del.

Funeral services over the late Hon. Thomas F. Bayard were held in the old Swedish church at Wilmington, Del., Saturday. Thousands of people assembled at the edifice, but were not admitted, as it had been decided not to open the casket and permit the public to view the remains.

The honorary pallbearers were: Former President Grover Cleveland, Former Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild, E. W. Tunnell, governor of Delaware; John L. Rives, of New York city; John V. Craven and Thomas Craven, of Salem, N.J.; Judge Ignatius G. Grubbe, Dr. James A. Draper, Henry G. Banning, of Wilmington, and Chancellor John E. Nicholson. The services comprised simply the prayer book service for the burial of the dead of the Protestant Episcopal church.

When the service ended the coffin was taken to the Bayard burial place in the graveyard adjoining the church. A great crowd had assembled waiting to see this the only public feature of the funeral. Slowly and solemnly the body was lowered into the vault, where lie the remains of Mr. Bayard's father and mother and three of her children.

## CAMPS FOR THE SOUTH.

### Sites Selected For Winter Quarters in Various Southern States.

A Washington special says: While no official information on the subject is forthcoming, it is said the selection of sites for camps in the south has been practically determined.

It is understood they will be located at Augusta and Athens, Ga., and Columbia, Greenville and Spartanburg, S. C. Americus, Ga., may also be selected.

The main camp, it is said, will be at Augusta, on a site of about 600 acres, just outside the city.

Representative Fleming, ex-Senator Walsh and Col. Dyer, of Augusta, were in Washington Saturday and called upon the president, secretary of war and Adjutant General Corbin, relative to the Augusta camp.

## TO BE A TERRITORY.

### Form of Government of Hawaii Has Been Decided Upon.

A San Francisco dispatch says: Senator Cullom, one of the commissioners sent to Hawaii by the United States government to examine into the condition and affairs of the island and report as to the form of government that would be most suitable, and who arrived in that city on the steamer Gaelic, says that the commission has concluded its labors and as a result of their observations they will recommend a territorial form of government, different from that of the territories in the United States, modified to suit the conditions of Hawaii. They will give particular attention to the changes necessary in the land, labor and navigation laws.

## CLASSIFYING COMPLAINTS.

### War Board of Inquiry Receive Many Letters From Kickers.

The war investigating commission confined itself at its forenoon session Thursday to the examination and classification of complaints which have been made to the president. A large number of such complaints have been received at the white house. They were received in the form of letters and are for the most part from relatives of enlisted men.

## SOUTH GETS ARMY CAMPS.

### MORE SOLDIERS ARE DESIGNATED FOR PORTO RICO.

### TO EMBARK AT AN EARLY DATE.

### State of Georgia Gets Seven Camps, South Carolina Three While Other States Will Not Be Overlooked.

A Washington special of Monday says: The war department has decided to send more troops to Porto Rico. Orders have been issued directing that the Fifth regular cavalry now at Huntsville, Ala., the United States volunteer infantry, now at Chickamauga, and the Forty-seventh New York, now at Fort Adams, shall proceed to such point in Porto Rico as may be desired by the commanding general in that island.

The Eighth United States volunteer infantry and two companies of the Indiana colored volunteers now at Fort Thomas, Ky., will relieve the Sixth volunteer infantry at Chickamauga.

All the troops at Camp Meade will soon be ordered to points in the south. Some of them may go to Cuba, but the majority will for the present occupy the new camps recently selected in Georgia and South Carolina.

The department has accepted army camps at the following places in Georgia: Atlanta, Augusta, Athens, Albany, Americus, Columbus and Macon.

Camps will be established in South Carolina at the following places: Columbia, Greenville, Spartanburg.

The revised order for southern camps in which Atlanta, Albany and Columbia, Ga., was included, was issued at 9 o'clock Saturday night.

It is thought that troops sent to garrison duty in Cuba will not remain long, but when they have seen service for a few months will return to this country. The same is probably true as to Porto Rico. It is also intimated that when the troops return the volunteers will be given sixty days' furlough and be mustered out. By that time congress will have an opportunity to determine what shall be done in regard to garrisoning the new possessions.

This determination is no doubt due to the pressure that has been brought by members of congress for the mustering out of the volunteers from their states and districts.

The responsibility for furnishing the troops for garrison duty and for army duty generally will be upon congress. The recommendations of the president and the war department will have been made before the return of the troops from either Cuba or Porto Rico, and the necessities of the case made known.

## CHAPLAIN MINTYRE'S PLEA.

### Preacher Declares That He Was Irresponsible at Time of His Lecture.

At Monday's session of the court-martial trial at Denver of Rev. Joseph McIntyre, of the battleship Oregon, for sensational charges against brother officers of the navy in a lecture delivered in Denver on August 8th, the chaplain went on the stand in his own defense.

His testimony is intended to establish a plea of irresponsibility for his utterances on the occasion.

In a straightforward, simple yet graphic manner, he told the story of the Oregon's wonderful trip from San Francisco around Cape Horn; of the terrible heat and cold passed through; of the nervous strain which the constant dread of meeting the enemy caused; and of the excitement of the blockade and the great battle of July 3d, followed by a nervous collapse on the part of the narrator.

He told how, after he reached Denver in his weakened condition, he repeatedly refused to lecture, only consenting finally because his effort might be of benefit in a financial way to the Young Men's Christian association, himself declining to receive a cent of the proceeds. He told how with racked brain, he stood before his audience and then of his horror next morning when he read the published report of what he had said. He made no denials of the reports, saying that he could not remember his words. He only knew what he intended to say.

## SPANIARDS ASK FOR TIME.

### Peace Commissioners Take Four Days' Adjournment to Hear From Madrid.

A Paris special says: Monday's session of the American-Spanish peace commission was short, and while it is the general impression that the meeting was again devoted to preliminaries and that the adjournment, which was taken until Friday, was taken only to enable the secretaries to draw up a schedule of work, it is stated that the Americans have made a demand of such character that the Spaniards found it necessary to ask for an adjournment in order to enable them to consult the government at Madrid.

## SAVANNAH SELECTED.

### By War Department as Point of Embarkation For The Winter.

The war department has selected Savannah, Ga., as a port for the departure of transports during the winter months. The selection lay between Savannah and Charleston, but the best harbor and railroad facilities.

During the summer months the harbor will be transferred to Newport News, Va.

## EXECUTED SIX REFORMISTS.

### China's New Ruler Is Now Having His Revenge.

A cable dispatch from Peking says: Six reformists, namely, Kang-Yuwei's brother, one censor and four head clerks of the cabinet, including a son of the governor of Hu Pei, were executed Thursday for alleged conspiracy against the dowager empress.

There is no excitement and everything is proceeding as usual.

## SOUTHERN PEACE JUBILEE.

### Movement Started to Hold a Celebration In Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., and the south is to have a Peace Jubilee. The celebration of the cessation of hostilities and of the glorious victory of the United States in its recent encounter with Spain has led to a period of rejoicing throughout the country which has crystallized in celebrations that have been held in New York and Washington and are to be held in Philadelphia, Chicago and Boston.

The fact that the southern states contributed as much as any other section of the country to the magnificent verdict of the war has led to a considerable discussion as to what the south ought to do in commemoration of the war's results, and Atlanta has led off with an invitation for every other city of the south to join her in a jubilation of peace.

At an informal conference of prominent citizens held Monday it was decided to inaugurate at once a movement to this end. Mayor Collier was asked to appoint a preliminary committee of arrangements, whose duty it will be to map out roughly the scope of the celebration, and then sub-committees will be selected to work out the details. The mayor entered heartily into the spirit of the suggestion, and promised to give it his immediate and careful consideration. The fact that Atlanta is the only big city in the south to take up the matter was in itself an inspiration which enthused all those present at the brief conference.

It is expected that a date can be fixed at which the troops to be located in Atlanta will be able to take part in the ceremony. General Fitzhugh Lee, who is to be one of the guests of honor, will leave for Cuba on November 5th, and, consequently, the date selected will be an earlier one on which his attendance can be secured.

General Joe Wheeler has already promised to be on hand, and an earnest effort will be made to get President McKinley and his cabinet to be present.

## PROHIBITION VOTE REDUCED.

### Great Disaffection In Quebec Over Result of Election.

Advices from Quebec state that there is great disaffection in that city over the result of the prohibition election held throughout the provinces of Canada last week.

Although prohibition carried by a great 10,000 majority, there was a great falling off in the prohibition vote from that of several years ago, when the anti-liquor people carried the election by nearly 100,000 majority.

In Quebec public sentiment is opposed to prohibition, and that province voted against it, and there will be little change in the liquor regulations of the city. There was great interest manifested in the outcome of the election and the returns have been closely studied by the Canadian people.

There will be great difficulty in enforcing the prohibition regulations by reason of the scarcity of funds for the purpose.

## RICE CROPS DAMAGED.

### Growers In South Carolina Lose Heavily Through the Storms.

A Charleston special says: Sunday's hurricane and the storm of two weeks ago caused heavy losses to rice growers. Even the damage done by the great storm of 1893 has been exceeded. It is variously estimated by the planters and rice brokers that the loss will be from 30 to 50 per cent. The damage is entirely due to the excessive high tides and easterly winds that have prevailed along the coast as a result of the two storms.

The tides have kept the water in the fields for a week and the drains refuse to draw. The easterly wind serves to keep the water backed up in the streams. Breaks in the banks have occurred on the Pon Pon, Ashepoo and Combahee rivers and these sections have suffered most severely. In some cases the entire crops in those sections are lost.

## CAMBON'S SUCCESSOR.

### Count d'Aubigny Will Represent France at Washington.

The Figaro (Paris) states that Count d'Aubigny, now French chargé d'affaires at Munich, will replace M. Cambon as minister to the United States and that M. Cambon will go to Madrid. These changes, the paper says, were decided upon at Monday's cabinet meeting.

## BRYAN LEAVES WASHINGTON.

### Will Make Short Stop In Virginia and Proceed to Florida.

Colonel William J. Bryan left Washington Monday after a stay of ten days, during which he talked with the president and the war officials concerning the future of his regiment, and incidentally suffered from a touch of malarial fever.

The colonel looked quite recovered from his illness. He was accompanied by Mrs. Bryan, who will go with him for a short rest in Virginia and then to Florida, where Colonel Bryan rejoins his regiment.

## LEE AND WHEELER.

### Will Give Testimony Before the War Investigating Committee.

The war investigating commission has decided to ask General Lee and General Wheeler in giving testimony concerning the charges made against the war department.

General Wheeler will be before the commission on Thursday, and will be interrogated both about Camp Wikoff and the Santiago campaign, the examination concerning Santiago covering especially the facilities for caring for the sick and wounded and the precautions taken to preserve the health of the men in the trenches.

## PRINTERS MAY STRIKE.

### Union of Columbus, Ohio, Demands a Nine-Hour Work Day.

November 1 is the date set by the Columbus, Ohio, typographical union for the concerted movement looking to a nine-hour day in book and job offices. It is hardly thought that a general strike will result, but in anticipation of the unexpected an assessment of 1 per cent is being levied on the printers' earnings as a defense fund.

## CHINESE EMPEROR KILLED.

### WAS FIRST REPORTED AS HAVING SUICIDED.

### DEATH DUE TO ASSASSINATION.

### Torture Was Most Frightful—Member of British Legation Molested and American Missionaries Stoned.

A special dispatch from Shanghai, published at London Saturday, says telegrams furnished by the Tsao, or local governor, to a Chinese paper there, allege that the emperor of China committed suicide on September 21, after signing the decrees which placed the dowager empress at the head of affairs in China. This, it is added, is understood to mean that the emperor was assassinated.

All the English-speaking secretaries and the principal members of the Chinese foreign office, it is further announced, have been banished.

A later dispatch announces that the death of the emperor is confirmed. The reports as to the means employed as to his taking off differ. One story has it that he died by poison, and another that death was caused by strangulation, while a third states that he was subjected to frightful torture, a red hot iron being thrust through his bowels.

The foreign office at London received a dispatch Saturday from her majesty's minister at Peking saying that Mr. Mortimer, a member of the British legation, on returning home with a lady, was insulted and attacked by a mob, which stoned him and covered him with mud.

Later in the day, the dispatch adds, some American missionaries were similarly attacked, as was the Chinese secretary of the United States legation. The latter's ribs were broken.

Sir Claude McDonald, the British minister at Peking, reports that there is a dangerous feeling abroad.

Steps have been taken to call the attention of the Chinese government to these outrages.

## YELLOW FEVER SPREADS.

### President Souchon, of Louisiana Board of Health, Makes Report.

Dr. Souchon, of the Louisiana state board of health, reports as follows: New Orleans—Five cases, one death. Harvey Canal—Three cases, three deaths. Baton Rouge—Two cases, no deaths. Franklin—Nine cases, no deaths. Wilson—Nine cases, one death. One case has been reported in St. James parish.

Recapitulation to October 1st: New Orleans—Thirty-three cases, six deaths. Harvey Canal—Fourteen cases, three deaths. Wilson—Fifty cases, one death. Franklin—One hundred and seventy-two cases, five deaths. Baton Rouge—Three cases, no deaths. Houma—Two cases, no deaths. Clinton—Two cases, no deaths. Plaquemine—One case, no death. DeLogny—One case, no death.

The board of health is daily apprised of all sorts of rumors concerning the health of the city. Several rumors were run down and denied, and as for the rest, the official report is the answer.

## AGUINALDO SPEAKS.

### The Philippine Insurgent's Remarks Cause Comment.

There is considerable comment in Manila upon Aguinaldo's speech at Malolos a few days ago. The keynote was the independence of the Philippine islands. During the course of his remarks Aguinaldo said:

"Our friends, the Americans, came for the purpose of demonstrating the generosity and grandeur of their government, and to assist in releasing the people from slavery without annexing the islands, thus setting a good example. We now understand and appreciate the famous Monroe doctrine of 'America for Americans,' and justice demands that they add, 'the Philippines for the Filipino.'"

## MRS. BAGLEY IN WASHINGTON.

### Mother of Ensign Killed on the Winslow Visits McKinley.

Saturday, Secretary Long called on the president with Mrs. Bagley, of North Carolina, mother of Ensign Bagley, whose tragic death in action on the torpedo boat Winslow occurred early in the war.

President McKinley, soon after the Winslow incident, wrote the mother of the ensign a strong letter of sympathy and stated that he had asked for legislation authorizing the appointment of another son as a naval cadet.

Mrs. Bagley thanked the president very heartily for his expressions of interest in her behalf.

## BURIAL SERVICES OMITTED.

### Dead Soldiers at Camp Wikoff Interred Without Military Salute.

A New York dispatch says: Major B. G. Elbert, who has had charge of the burials at Wikoff, replies to criticisms in regard to the way the men were buried in the camp. He says the reason no burial service was read or a volley fired was because it would disturb the sick men. When the sick were removed there will be a general service over all the dead.

## SHAFER SCORES THE PRESS.

### General Says Newspaper Articles About Him Are Outrageous Lies.

In a letter to Postmaster Wills, of Nashville, Tenn., General Shafter says:

"The attacks of the yellow press upon me and others of the administration are simply outrageous. The article of Davis, in the Harpers, is filled with untruths, beginning with the one that I was responsible for the equipment of the army with Springfield rifles, which you and every other sensible man knows is a lie. The behavior of some of the yellow journals was so outrageous before we even got into Cuba that I had to put my hand on them, and after we got into Cuba it was worse. Their letters are the result of personal spite. If I had come back with a defeated army there might have been some excuse for their talk, but having commanded one of the most successful campaigns of modern military history, it is simply an outrage.

"I am very fond of Evans, pension commissioner, and am very glad that you are defending him. Some of the Grand Army of the Republic men are simply unbearable and seem to think if they can't have the treasury turned open to them they are being defrauded. Very truly yours,

"WILLIAM R. SHAFER."

## GEN. GORDON TALKS.

### Says That No One Is Eligible to Beat Miss Davis' Title.

General John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans was shown the Associated Press dispatch from Chicago in which Miss Lucy Lee Hill claims to have had the title of "Daughter of the Confederacy" conferred upon her by her southern friends since the death of Winona Davis. The general was asked if the title could be thus transferred, and replied with great earnestness:

"Emphatically no. Miss Winnie was the only daughter of President Davis born in the confederate 'white house' during the life of the confederacy. As Jefferson Davis was the only president of the confederate government, no daughter of any official could truly represent the confederacy. For that reason it would not be appropriate to call even the daughter of Robert E. Lee the 'Daughter of the Confederacy.' To designate any one else as 'Daughter of the Confederacy' would not only be inappropriate and meaningless, but would deprive the title of all its value."

## HAY TAKES THE OATH.

### New Secretary of State Is Formally Installed in Office.

Colonel John Hay was sworn into office as secretary of state at Washington Friday morning. The ceremony took place in the president's room at the white house and the oath was administered by Justice Harlan, of the supreme court. Mr. Hay immediately joined his colleagues in the regular Friday cabinet session.

On leaving the white house Mr. Hay went to the department of state and entered actively into the discharge of the duties of his new office. During the afternoon he received the heads of bureaus, clerks and other employees of the department. The ceremony renewed acquaintances formed when he was assistant secretary of state many years ago. Although no appointment has yet been made, it seems to be settled that Mr. Spencer Eddy, who was Mr. Hay's secretary in London, will be his private secretary in the state department.

## NOMINATE HENRY GEORGE.

### Chicago Platform Democrats of New York Formulate a Ticket.

At a meeting of the Chicago platform democrats at New York Friday night Henry George, the son of the single tax advocate, was nominated to head an independent democratic ticket. The nomination of Elliott F. Danforth for lieutenant governor by the regular democratic convention in Syracuse was endorsed. The other candidates nominated are as follows:

Secretary of State—Gideon Tucker. Comptroller—J. McDonough, Albany. Treasurer—M. C. Eaton, of Buffalo. Attorney General—Ole F. Snider, Buffalo.

Engineer and Surveyor—General James A. Lee, Rockland county. The Chicago platform in its entirety was reaffirmed.

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## GRABBED A LIVE WIRE.

### A Mason Street Car Conductor Was Killed.

A Macon, Ga., dispatch says: Nem Burke, a street car conductor was killed Saturday night while trying to remove a fallen electric light wire from the car track. He caught hold of the wire and immediately commenced crying for help. Nobody dared to touch him and he fell, dying in great agony in the presence of the carload of people.

## MINING TROUBLE IN ILLINOIS.

### A CLASH BETWEEN WHITE AND BLACK COAL DIGGERS.

### BLOODSHED SEEMS IMMINENT.

### Governor Tamm Orders Out Troops and Martial Law Declared at Pana. Troops Parade Streets.

A special from Pana, Ill., says Thursday night was a terrifying one for the people of Pana. Two-thirds of the residences were unoccupied. Each of the houses occupied contained a group of families. In some cases all the residents of an entire block spent the dark hours in one home, armed, terrorized and awaiting attacks expected to be made on their homes by