DEWEY CREATES SENSATION.

REQUESTS DEPARTMENT TO SEND

WASHINGTON OFFICIALS GUESSING

OREGON AT ONCE.

Admiral Says He Wants the Battleship For "Political Reasons."-His Request Promptly Granted.

morning the navy department received the following message from Admiral Dewey:

Manila, February 24 .- For political reasons the Oregon should be sent here at once. Yorktown arrived. Charleston and Petrel cruising around the Philippine islands. Affairs more quiet. DEWEY.

This cablegram has aroused the query indicated and now everybody is asking the question because of the request that the Oregon be sent him at oncea

It is not so much the request for the battleship, however, as the fact that the request is based on political considerations that has started all the talk and speculation. Nobody pretends to know just what possibilities Dewey sees, but in Washington the general opinion is that he regards it ippines.

The fact that the incendiary fires in Manila may have destroyed property of foreign residents leads to the belief that some of these foreigners, presumably the Germans, have requested the intervention of their governments and that Dewey proposes to be prepared for any turn which international complications may bring him.

The cablegram was received with suprise by the officials. No one knew, or at least would admit that he knew, the nature of the political reasons why the admiral should demand the imme diate presence of the battleship. The cablegram was taken before the cabi net and fully discussed.

The admiral, it is said, probably feels that the moral effect of the presence of the big ship upon the insurgents themselves, and particularly upon that large element among the Filipinos that is believed to be restrained with much difficulty from joining fortunes with Aguinaldo, with whom their everatures lie, would be

But there is an underlying doubt whether or not the admiral may not be keenly sighting a gathering cloud in the east and is looking to the prevention of any possible intervention or ing the army re-organization bill, interference by the European powers by the struggle now in progress in the neighborhood of Manila.

It is believed that in the big fires night or two ago much property of foreign residents and business concerns was destroyed. That these fires were caused by the insurgents cannot be denied, and it may be that some of the foreign naval commanders in the east are disposed to seize upon the pretext that their interests demand protection, which we cannot afford them, to make a landing or do something obnoxious to the United States and likely to encourage the insurgents.

With such a strong naval force as would be afforded by the reinforcement of Dewey's fleet by the Oregon there could not be any sound reason, nor even a plausible reason, for any such action on the part of third par-

Secretary Long, when asked for an explanation of the reference to politiam sure that it has no international | Maxse. significance. You may state that positively. Probably he wants a fine ship are about due, and it will give weight to the American representatives." The Oregon arrived at Honolulu on

the 5th instant, according to the telegraphic report. Allowing for detention on account of coaling at Guam or some other point between Honolulu and Manila, it is estimated that the big battleship will reach Manila about the 10th of March.

PROFITABLE RELIGIOUS WORK.

Revivalist Jones and Stuart Well Paid By Chattanoogans.

A Chattanooga special says: Messrs. Jones and Stuart, the evangelists, have gone and the sinners of the city are again breathing freely. The following are the figures showing the amount the revivalists received for their work in this city: Total collections, \$2,001.34; expenses, \$271.49; amount paid to Rev. Sam Jones for seventeen days' preaching, \$963.25; amount paid Mr. Stuart for the same time, \$481.80. The balance was distributed among the singers and musicians, Mr. Tillman, of Atlanta, the singer, receiving \$125; Mrs. George R. Stuart, piano, \$75, and Mrs. Anna Jones Graham, \$85. The tangible result so far is an ordinance passed by the city council closing the saloons at 10 o'clock at night.

ADDITIONAL CADETSHIPS.

Made Necessary By New Army Bill-Sens

tors Have Appointment, A Washington dispatch says: Under the terms of the new army bill, there are to be 100 additional cadetsships for West Point, ten of them to be filled by the president and the others apportioned among the states, the senators naming the appointees.

As it stands, each representative

ATTEMPTED TO BREAK THROUGH

Pilipino Rebels Taught Another Whole some Lesson By Our Troops.

A Manila special says: With daylight Thursday morning the enemy commenced worrying tactics at various parts of the American line, apparently for the purpose of withdrawing attention from affairs inside the city.

"An attempt was made to rush through our extreme left near Caloocan, but it was promptly checked by a hot and effective musketry and artillery fire.

In the meantime small bodies of rebels, evidently some of those engaged Wednesday night in the cow-A Washington special says: Friday ardly work at Tondo, spread out between the city and the outposts. Every available man was sent to drive them away with the result that there was desultory firing all the morning.

> States double-turreted monitor Mon- This and the 7 o'clock ordinance is adnock joined in the engagement, hurling 10-inch shells over the American lines into the bodies of the enemy, as indicated by the signal corps. "So far our casualties are two men killed and ten wounded.

At 11 o'clock there were sharp engagements at the Chinese cemetery and at San Pedro Macati almost simulshells.

suspended. Major General Otis issued a general order Thursday directing all the inpolice. The general also warns in- for these claims. cendiaries and suspects that they will be severely dealt with if discovered in any locality.

Extraordinary precautions have been taken for the suppression of further trouble which is threatened to take place in the city then. But it is generally believed that Wednesday night's experience will effectively quell the disturbing element.

Sharpshooters at various parts of the line are very annoying, but otherwise there has been no further excitement since the frustration of the morning's attack.

COMPROMISE ON ARMY BILL.

Session of Congress Eliminated A Washington dispatch says: The administration and its representatives in congress have reached an agreement with the minority in congress respectwhich is believed will be satisfactory to all interests.

There is a mutual understanding that the new army shall not number to exceed 97,000 men, as provided in the Cockrell bill, and that the staff provisions of the Hull-Hawley bill shall be retained in substantially the same form as reported from the military committee. Of the troops authorized, 35,000 are to be raised subject to the discretion of the president and may be natives of the new possessions, or otherwise, as he may determine.

"AND DON'T YOU FORGET IT."

Was the Significant Response of Consul Osborne at Apia.

Mail advices from Samoa, via Sidney, show that after the scene in the Apia courthouse, when the British and American consuls showed they were stronger than Germany, three cheers were given for the United States concal reasons in the dispatch, says: "I sul for standing by British Consul

In response Consul Osborne said that it was his duty to stand by the there, as the American commissioners | chief justice and his decision in the king case and he would do so. It was true that he had no man-of-war in Apia harbor to call to his assistance, but there were plenty of United States men of-war in the background, "and don't you forget it," he added.

GEORGIAN VICE PRESIDENT.

National Educational Association Elect State Superintendent Glenn.

G. R. Glenn, superintendent o schools of the state of Georgia, was chosen first vice president of the National Educational association in session at Columbus, Ohio, Thursday.

BURIAL OF FAURE.

Funeral Services In Paris Were Witnessed

By Enormous Crowds. A Paris spdcial says: The remains of Felix Faure, late president of France, were deposited in the tomb Thursday, and although immense crowds of people were assembled at different points, there was no disor-

The casket containing the dead president was convened from the salles des fetes in the Elysee palace to the Nontre Dame cathedral, escorted by a brilliant procession.

The burial services were on an elaborate scale. The body was laid to rest in the Pere Lachase cemetery.

MARK HANNA EXONERATED.

enate Committee Submits Report On the Charges From Ohio.

A Washington dispatch says: The senate committee on privileges and elections has decided that there was Senator Hanns, of Ohio, and ordered Thursday morning, after a lingering stroyed by fire Friday night. such a report made to the senate.

The charges were made at the time Senator Hanna was elected by the has an appointment to the military Ohio legislature as Sherman's su academy, but the senators have none.

OTIS ISSUES STRICT ORDERS TO PROTECT CITY OF MANILA.

M'ARTHUR CALLED FOR TROOPS

Filipinos Gather In Force and Threaten the American Lines-Old Glory Is Baised Over Cebu.

A cable dispatch of Saturday from Manila says: The military police have raided several suspected houses in various districts, capturing small bodies From 8 to 10:30 a.m. the United of twenty to thirty prisoners in each. effectually dispelling the fears of threatened outbreak of the natives, who do not dare, singly or collectively, to appear on the streets after dark.

The feeling in the city has decidedly improved, although the Chinese are still timorous. Hundreds of applitaneously, but the artillery fire from cants for cedulas besiege the register's significantly that the postponement both positions drove the enemy back. office, the natives apparently being From the high towers of the city fires under the impression that their possescould be seen burning at different sion insures them from interference, points outside. Some of these were and the ignominy of being searched probably due to the Monadnock's for arms on the streets. It is generally believed that the disastrous atgency if it arises.

habitants of Manila, until otherwise nesday night's fire. They intimate in advance of the steps that the comordered, to confine themselves to their | that General Otis, having guaranteed | monwealth might take. houses after 7 o'clock in the evening, the safety of life and property of the when the streets will be cleared by the inhabitants of Manila, is responsible

Outside of the city the sharpshooters about Caloocan are very annoying.

McArthur Asks For Reinforcements. A later dispatch states that Saturday night the rebels concentrated in such numbers near the Chinese cemetery that General MacArthur auticipated an attack and asked for reinforcements. Two companies of the Twenty-third regulars were sent to Caloocan and a battalion of the Twentieth regulars to

the cemetery at about midnight. But the e-peeted attack was not made, the robels, after making a great nose with bugle calls and vells of "Viva Independencia," and "Mucho Caco Americanos" and firing volleys,

ting desperate and are attempting to force the United States troops to make an attack, in the hope of breaking through the American lines, but the rebels are evidently unwilling to be sacrificed when facing the Americans. It is just pos ible, that they might be goaded into such move before more reinforcements arrive.

News reached Manila Sunday morn ing that the American flag had been raised over the island of Cebu. The United States gunboat Petrel visited Cebu on February 22d. Commander Cornwell sent an ultimatum a hore, declaring the intentions of the Americans to take possession-peaceably if possible, by force if necessary. The rebels immediately vacated, taking which they still occupy.

APPROPRIATION INSUFFICIENT. Democrats Declare \$79,000,000 Not Near

ly Enough For Army. Owing to the pressure of business, elect. the house has agreed to meet at 11 o'clock each day.

At Saturday's session Mr. Hay, democrat, of Virginia, the ranking minority member of the military committee, criticised the amount carried 'by the army appropriation bill, which, he said, was practically insufficient to

maintain an army of 100,000 men. The hearings before the committee, he said, had shown that it cost \$1,000 to maintain one enlisted man serving ing in this country, and more while serving abroad. The bill appropriated \$79,000,000. His estimate was \$120,surely be a deficiency.

Administration Satisfied In Regard to Import of Dewey's Message.

The dispatch from Admiral Dewey, speaking of political reasons for sending the Oregon to Manila at once, is still the subject of general discussion in Washington. But apparently the administration is satisfied that it understands exactly what the admiral meaut when he used the term "political reasons," for it was stated positively at the navy department that no inquiry had been addressed to the admiral on the subject, and that he would not be called upon for a further explanation.

DEFENDANT HAYWOOD DEAD. Was Ex-State Treasurer and Involved In

the Quay Sults. Benjamin J. Haywood, cashier of defendants in the suits brought some 'the second floor. Nothing was saved, time ago for conspiracy to misappro- | mailing lists, files, the costly presses

SENSATION IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Senator Quay's Trial Postponed "For the Good of the Commonwealth."

A Philadelphia special says: Politcal circles were shaken to the center by the unexpected postponement of the Quay trial Monday, and there is speculation in every quarter as to the causes which brought it about. There is little doubt that both sides were ready to go on.

Both parties were on hand and everything was apparently in readiness when District Attorney Rothermet arose and asked Judge Beitler to postpone the trial "because the common-wealth was not ready." As soon as the sensation caused by this announce-ment had subsided Messrs. Shields and Shapley, counsel for Senator Quay and his son, put in a vigorous protest against further delay, but the court granted the request and fixed April 10th for the trial.

When questioned afterwards the

district attorney declined to give any reason for the postponement, but added that he submitted the entire subject to Judge Beitler, before making the application and the judge had approved the reasons. He added

was a duty to the commonwealth. Upon the question of tempering with the jury, the district attorney made a most significant utterance in court, avowing that the postponement was a duty to the commonwealth. Scores of rebels have been arrested tempts to attack the city and destroy Beyond that he refused to speak, save in the Tondo district. A band of property, the Filipinos themselves to say that it would be unwise to give possible that European governments sixty rebels having two carloads of being the worst sufferers, will prevent his reason at present. Judge Beitler may yet meddle in affairs in the Phil- arms and accourrements was captured | their recurrence, but every precaution | had been informed of it and that sufin a house. Business is temporarily is being taken to deal with an emer- ficed. His manner and his words conveyed the idea that proceeding The insurance agents refuse to en- are likely to grow out of the discovery, tertain any claims on account of Wed- and that no disclosure could be made

The original charges upon which the warrants of arrest were issued on October 3d last, included, in addition to the senator and his son, the names of Charles M. McKee, a Pittsburg lawyer and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood.

The grand jury failed to indict Mr. McKee and the charges against him were therefore dropped. Mr. Haywood died on Thursday last at Sharon, Pa., and Senator Quay and

his son are alone left to meet the charge of conspiracy. A fifth person accused of connection with the alleged conspiracy was John S. Hopkins, who committed suicide in March last, several months before charges were made against the others. Hopkins' suicide les an exemination

of the books of the bank and it was ation and Thomas W. Barlow was appointed receiver. At the time the deposit of state funds in the bank amounted to \$905,000.

James McManes, president of the bank, assumed personally the protection of all creditors, and the state and all other creditors have since been paid the full amount due them.

WHEELER MUST SOON DECIDE.

General Consults With President About

A Washington dispatch says: Major General Wheeler called at the war department Monday with a suggestion looking to the utilization of the troops their guns to the hills. A party of to be added to the army under the marines and bluejackets was landed terms of the pending reorganization and the American flag was raised by bill in the regular establishment inthem over the government building, stead of the volunteer branch. The compromise measure permits the president to recruit such portion of 35,000 volunteers to be added to the regular army in time of emergency from the natives of the islands of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, as he may

General Wheeler urges that these men can be brought to a much better state of efficiency and be made of greater value to the military establishment if incorporated in the regular | feet

army than if in the volunteer branch. The status of General Wheeler himself is said to be such that he must take some action toward choosing again between the army and congress within a few days. It is believed at the war department that if he retains his army commission until afternoon on the 4th of March he will forfeit his seat in the house of representatives for 000,000. He charged that the friends | the ensuing two years, under the rulof a large standing army did not de- ing of the judiciary committee to the sire to let the country into the secret effect that by holding such a commisof its enormous cost. But there would sion an officer surrenders his seat in congress.

GORMAN INAUGURATES FIGHT.

Maryland Senator Is Anxious For Extra

Session of Congress. The army bill has again struck a snag in the senate and if Gorman can keep up the fight he inaugurated Monday morning, there will be an extra session. His object is to force an extra session. He says that congress should settle the Philippine question. or be on hand to act promptly at this crisis. The administration should be forced to declare its policy and not let the matter drift. He believes that if the army bill is adopted the president will be compelled to take some definite stand in the matter.

BIG NEWSPAPER BURNED OUT.

Office Building of Minneapolis Tribune and Centents Totally Destroyed. The five-story building on Fourth street, near First avenue, Minneapolis, the state treasury of Pennsylvania and owned and occupied by The Tribune ex-state treasurer, died at Philadelphia Publishing Company, was totally de-

The fire started in the job room on priate state funds, in which Senator and type and linetype machines were destroyed.

GEN. GOMEZ ENTERS HAVANA

CUBAN LEADER IS GIVEN A ROUS

ING OVATION.

Acted as Escort.

Cuban horsemen and footmen.

m., and escorted by the Second Illiand did not enter the city.

the Garcia funeral.

noon General Gomez left Cerro, the suburb from which the march was to be made, with a procession in the following order of formation: The band of the Seventh regiment,

went wild with vivas, hats were flung in the air and women showered flowers from all sides. General Gomez bowed incessantly as the crowds struggled nearer his horse.

The procession stopy arriving at the palace at 2:30 o'clock. The Prado and other avenues were lined with patriotic clubs, taking up various positions of vantage and then joining the procession as it passed on from the palace, from a balcony of which it was reviewed by General Go-

Welcomed at the Palace. Once at the palace the Cuban com-

reds of which were carried by Havana's | ship by the government, the navy de-

daughters. Three Flags United. ladies and decorated with large Span-

No fewer than 25,000 people were in line, requiring three hours to pass a

given point. eral Gomez, accompanied by his staff, proceeded to El Vedado to visit General Brooke. In the evening he attended the charity ball at the Tacon theather, where the best Havana society was present.

dence of the Spanish captain general,

AGUINALDO OVERESTIMATED.

Rebel Leader Is of Low Order and Only Ordinary Intelligence.

Professor S. A. Knapp, special commissioner of the department of agriculture to inspect the seed and plant resources of the orient and make a report on the opportunities for introducing our agriculture there, has returned to Washington.

satisfactory price.

MORE TROOPS FOR MANILA.

Two Infantry Regiments Will Be Sent To

The Second Arkansas regiment was mustered out at Anniston, Ala., Saturto dispatch further reinforcements to day and nearly all of its members left General Otis at Manila. The regiments selected are the Ninth infantry, now at New York, and the Sixth infantry, at San Antonio, Texas. Both these regiments will go by way

will be able to leave by March 15th.

CONSTABLE SHOOTS WOMAN.

Sullet Was Intended For Her Husband.

South Carolina Tragedy.

the residence of John Stuart, a well

known citizen and a clerk in one of

the largest mercantile establishments

in the city, for the purpose of search-

ing it to see if there was any whisky

They went with a search warrant,

but were met at the door by Mrs.

Stuart. She sent for her husband

who, on arriving, indignantly refused

to permit the search. The constables

stated that they had been informed

that he had been selling whisky con-

Words followed and finally upon

Crawford returned it and shot Mrs.

woman was dangerously wounded, but

not killed. Stuart was also badly shot

in the mouth, his tongue being nearly

severed. In the fusilade that followed

Constable Crawford was shot through

The sheriff and several policemen

The two local military companies

were ordered out to keep the crowd

GOMEZ CONFERS WITH BROOKE.

Conference Was a Lengthy One, But Se

creey Was Maintained.

eral Maximo Gomez, accompanied by

two aids de camp, called on General

Brooke at his residence at Vedado at

A special from Havana says: Gen-

Gomez requested a private interview

with General Brooke, and the others,

General Brooke, withdrew. The con-

CABLE PROVIDED FOR.

Includes It In a Bill.

the extension of the cable to the Phil-

cause of the uncertainty of the ten-

IDENTIFIED JESSE JAMES.

Passenger Says He Was the Man Who

Helped to Rob Train.

passenger on the Missouri Pacific

Smith testified that he got out when

HURRY ORDERS GIVEN.

Otis Urges Lawion to Hasten to Manils

With Reinforcements.

Ceylon, are to the effect that the

United States transport Grant, which

sailed from New York for Manila, on

January 19th, with troops under com-

mand of General Henry, with Lawton

General Lawton received a cable-

gram from Major General Otis, in

charge of the American military forces

in the Philippines, saying: "Situation

critical. Your earliest arrival neces-

sary." He also received from General

Corbin, United States adjutant gener-

ARKANSAS TROOPS GO HOME.

They Were Mustered Out at Anniston

Swords Presented to Officers.

also given a handsome watch.

al, a dispatch urging him to hurry.

on board, arrived there Saturday.

Advices from Colombo, Island of

train the night it was held up.

him back into the car.

The most positive identification of

named islands.

The senate committee on appropria-

with the exception of an aid de camp

arrested the constables and carried

in the house.

the left wrist.

and his deputies.

pressed back.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says: Four state constables charged with

March Into the City Was One of Gree Triumph-Gen. Ludlow and Troops

General Maximo Gomez, the Cuban commander-in-chief, entered Havana Friday afternoon, escorted by General Ludlow and his staff and troop L, of trary to the law and were determined the Seventh United States cavalry. He to make the search. marched at the head of 2,000 armed Stuart cursing Constable Crawford.

the latter class. His wife had come The population of the city was will with enthusiasm, throwing themselves out on the piazza. From the doorway in front of the general's horse, imped- Stuart opened fire on the constables. ing its progress and pelting him with Stuart just below the heart. The

General Gomez arrived on the edge the town from Marianao at 12:30 p. nois band and three battalions. These battalions then returned to their camp

The festivities were in honor of the fourth anniversary of the beginning of the Cuban struggle for independence | them to a magistrate's office. The news and were most spontaneous and wild- of the shooting spread all over the ly enthusiastic. Havana had never city and soon 400 or 500 infuriated seen anything like it before. The men were in front of the office making whole town was decorated and the a big demonstration. The constables streets were packed with a crowd twice | were kept prisoners in the magistrate's | president declared that there was as large as that which turned out at office all night guarded by the sheriff nothing more for him to do, but that

At half past 12 o'clock in the after-

mounted, playing the Cuban hymn and national airs; company L, of the Seventh United States cavalry; General Gomez with Major General Ludlow on his right, the staffs of General Gomez and General Ludlow riding side by side, General Rodriguez and staff; then a great number of Cuban received by the governor general, generals and officers, some mounted General Chaffee, the chief of staff, and some in carriages, and finally

Major Kennon and Captain Page. 2,000 Cuban cavalry and infantry. As General Gomez passed the crowds for Gomez and Major Kennon for

mander-in-chief was welcomed by Senor Federico Mora, the civil governor; Mayor Perfecto la Coste, the members of the city council, the Junta tions Saturday agreed to incorporate Patriotica, the members of the assembly, the officials of all classes and priation bill providing for the connumerous patriotic clubs. The palace | struction of a submarine cable connecwas beautifully decorated and all preting the United States with the Hawvious efforts in the display of banners aiian islands. and bunting was surpassed by the almost endless showing of silk embroidered standards and flags, hund-

A handsome carriage containing ted by the postoffice department. ish, American and Cuban flags draped together with white ribbons and bear- ippine islands was stricken out being the legend, "Unity, Peace and Concord," was vociferously cheered. Still another float represented a Cuban woman holding an American flag, with the shattered crown of Spain at her

After the review at the palace Gen-

After the ball General Gomez went to Quinta de Molinas, the former resiwhere he will reside with his staff es-

He says the general sentiment both at Manila and Hong Kong is that Aguinaldo is a much over-estimated leader; that he is not of the highest order of even the Filipinos, and that he would sell out his cause for any

Reinforce General Otis At Once. The war department has arranged

of San Francisco. It is expected that the transports

OPPOSED TO PERMANENT SOVER. enforcement of the dispensary law EIGHTY OVER PHILIPPINES. went at 6 o'clock Saturday evening to

General Wheeler Urged That Whatever Was Done, Our Soldiers Should Be Upheld.

democrats of the house of representatives, in caucus Monday night, adopted a set of resolutions defining the party's position on the territorial ques-

gress. If they fail in their efforts to nevertheless have the effect of defining the position of the party on this define it, and will be taken as the official statement of the party's position. That was the purpose for which

the caucus was held Ever since the McEnery resolution reached the house it has been evident. according to the declaration of the house democrats, that the republican leaders proposed to smother that and all other expressions upon the territorial question, and that in the face of the fact that in his Boston speech the it was the duty of congress to act. That McEnery resolution is safely pigeon-holed in the committee on foreign affairs and Chairman Hitt has

Mr. Howard and his colleagues considered all of the senate resolutions, particularly those introduced by Senference fasted an hour and a half, ator Bacon and Senator Vest, and that Gomez said nothing to indicate that he adopted is modeled closely after Sen-

some considerations verbally to General Brooke. Their nature was not The interview terminated with the understanding that Gomez is to put the substance of what he said in

> is contrary to the theory of our government and subversive of those prinbeen taught to cherish.

We believe with the declaration of a provision in the sundry civil approindependence, that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and we are unalterably opposed to the establishment of any government by the United The amendment provides for the States without the consent of the peolaying of the cable by the United ple to be governed, and in conformity States and for its subsequent owner-

fairs committee to introduce and urge the cable when completed to be operathe following resolution: "Resolved, That the United States The original proposition providing for hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise permanent sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over the Philippine islands, and assert their ure of the United States in the last determination when an independent government shall have been erected therein to transfer to said government, upon terms which shall be reasonable and just, all rights secured under the cession by Spain, and thereupon to

Jesse James as one of the Leeds train the islands to their people.' robbers was made in the courtroom at Judge Griggs introduced a supple-Kansas City Saturday by William J. mental resolution which was adopted

We, the democratic members of the house of representatives in caucus assembled, commend the signal loyalty the train stopped and walked up and valor of our soldiers and sailors among the robbers. He pointed out in the performance of every military Jesse James as the man who placed a duty to which they have been assigned gun against his breast and ordered by proper authority, however much we may deplore the policy of the administration now directing their movements; and we pledge to them our hearty support and symputhy under

all circumstances wherever engaged. The speech of General Wheeler was notable in differing with the prevailing view. 'He urged that nothing should be done which could be construed as a lack of support to our soldiers. The hands of the president should be upheld when fighting was going on. As a matter of expediency also he urged that the party should not oppose the war. Wars were popular, he declared, and at the present time the spirit of the people was shown by the fact that every boy had his drum and sword while the moth-

BIG ORDER FOR CARS

Given the Georgia Manufacturing Company By a Big St. Louis Concern.

The Georgia Car Manufacturing company at Savanuah has closed a contract with the Lacleter Construcfor home at once. The mustered out tion company of St. Louis for 1,000 men were very orderly. Prior to the coal cars. This is the largest order breaking up, the officers and men pre- of the kind ever sent to Savannah, sented Colonel Virgil Y. Cook and and probably the largest ever given Lieutenant Colonel Derosey C. Cabell out in the south. The cars are to be with fine swords. Colonel Cabell was used by the St. Louis and Northern railway,

STRONG RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

A Washington special says: The

tion, which they will use every possisecure action, this resolution will question, as well as any action could

given no indication of disturbing it.

Seeing this, Mr. Howard, of Georgia, who is one of the leading democratic members of that committee, and who has taken a most prominent part in the consideration of all of the many important matters coming before that committee for action, determined that something should be done to make the 10 o'clock Saturday morning. He was democratic position clear. His democratic colleagues on the committee agreed that he was the best man to take the matter in hand, and so he circulated the call for and shaped the policy of the caucus.

Following is the preamble and reso We hold that the constitution of the United States was ordained and established for an intelligent, liberty-loving and self-governing people, and cannot be successfully applied to a people of different virtues and conditions. We, therefore, hold that a colonial policy The Senate Committee On Appropriations

ciples of civil liberty which we have with these principles we instruct the minority members of the foreign afpartment to perform the service, and

leave the government and control of

Smith, of Stokesboro, Mo., who was a as follows:

ers were proud of this patriotic spirit.