SAUSBIJRY

VOL. XII.

SALISBURY, N. C., WEDNESDAY

RICHARD BLAND

Missouri Congressman Dies At His Home Near Lebanon.

Brief Summary of the Sixty-Four Years of His Life-Father of the Silver Cause.

peacefully and without apparent suf- and 53d congresses, and was elected

suffered a relapse from an attack of the publican, and 1,467 votes for J. H. Steincipher, populist.

PASSES AWAY

Was Unique Character.

Mr. Bland was one of the most unique characters in American politics.
He was commonly known as "Silver Dick" Bland, and was as frequently called the father of the silver.

Discourse. called the father of the silver cause.

He was a typical farmer, in dress, in manners and in his general habits, erance Advocated — All Evangelical always simple, unassuming, easily approached, and cordial.

He was born near Hartford, Ky.,

August 19, 1835, received an academic education, removed to Missouri in 1855, thence to California, and thence UNIQUE POLITICAL CHARACTER locating at Virginia City, practiced law, was interested in mining operations in California and Navada, was county treasurer of Carson county, Utah Territory, from 1860 until the organization of the state movement of Navada; returned to Missouri in 1865, located at Rolla, Mo., and practiced law with his brother, C. C. Bland, un-Congressman Richard Parks Bland til he removed to Lebanon in August, 1869, and continued his practice there, was elected to the 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52d, to the 55th congress as a silver demo-Mr. Bland returned home when con-gress adjourned in March and soon 19,754 votes for T. D. Hubbard, re-



HON. RICHARD P. BLAND.

Distinguished Statesman and Congressman from Missouri, Who Died Thursday.

For more than two months he had been confined to his home and his health gradually declined. He thought he would not survive the attack from cratic national convention in Chicago the first and showed his thorough knowledge of his condition.

was informed of his critical condition.

From time to time since the patient Mr. Bland's closest friends say that showed signs of improvement, but he he has never been himself since he continued to grow weaker. Sunday was defeated for the presidential nomand Monday last he presented an im- ination. Although he was in the last proved condition and Monday afternoon strong hopes for his recovery or combativeness of former years. He were entertained

At about 10 o'clock Tuesday night, however, he fell asleep and continued in that condition until death.

The strain on Mrs. Bland's nervous system has been very great and her frier porto alla med at its effect. Mr. Death of One of His Bondsmen Made H Bund left no life insurance and died comparatively poor man.

dozen messages of condolence from N. C., who was tried and convicted of admirers of her husband all over the embezzlement at a special term of

the clerk of the house of representatives of Mr. Bland's death, requesting into custody by a United States marhim to appoint a committee of mem- shal at his home in Brevard Thursday bers to attend the funeral. Promi- morning. The arrest was because nent friends of Mr. Bland throughout Breese's bond had become inadequate

funeral arrangements. FULL TICKET NOMINATED

At Second Day's State Convention of Pension Attorneys Are Anxious To Have

A special from Harrisburg, Pa., says: The contest before the demo- pension attorneys are going to take cratic state convention for supreme their fight on H. Clay Evans into court judge ended Thursday evening congress. Several days ago Captain with the unanimous nomination of Evans came out in an open statement Judge S. L. Mestrezat, of Fayette attacking the attorneys and claiming of years a mightier consideration to you county, on the twenty-eighth ballet. Charles J. Reily, of Williamsport, was inspired by the attorney sharks. taste for forty or fifty years? A man or a woman that would stop half a minute to permanent chairman of the convention, state treasurer.

WATSON AT HONG KONG.

Admiral Takes Command of the Asiat adron, Relieving Barker. imiral Watson has arrived at

by be placed on leave.

Candidate For President.

That, in brief, is a summary of his 64 years of life. At the last demohe was a prominent candidate for the nomination for president and after the nomination of Mr. Bryan could have On the third of this month Mr. been nominated for the second place, Bland suddenly grew worse, his sons, but wired Governor Stone to withdraw who were in school, were summoned his name, as he considered it unwise to home and for the first time the public name both of the candidates from west

congress he did not show the energy still kept his hold on his district and

BREESE IS RE-ARRESTED.

Surety Inadequate.

W. F. Breese, president of the de-Mrs. Bland has received several funct First National bank of Asheville, United States court in April and given Private Secretary Bell has notified ten years' imprisonment, and who was the country have been notified of the by reason of the death of one of his sureties a few days ago.

ARE AFTER EVANS.

Commissioner Impeached. A Washington dispatch says: The

Corporal Tanner and others who was nominated by acclamation for have been leading the fight in secret adge of the superior court, and Rep-esentative William T. Creasy, of Co-that Evans is liable to impeachment umbis, was the unanimous choice for and that impeachment charges will be filed against him in the next congress.

LEFT SPANISH PRISONERS.

Insurgents Forgot To Take Them Along In Their Hasty Flight.

Hong Kong, and being on his own sta-tion, took command of the Asiatic Thursday state that Captain Cable, of adron, relieving Captain Barker of General Wheaton's staff, with three on, who has been in charge companies of the Twenty-first regiince Admiral Dewey sailed from Ma- ment, reconnoitered in the direction tendant upon any church, and your unce tendant upon any church, and your unce verted husband does not go there became does not like its preacher, or its or its architecture, or its uncon arowding, and goes not to any worship, but would go if you w of Imus. The rebels, who were ap-Barker will return to the parently expecting an attack, retired, states on a mail steamer and leaving behind them twenty Spanish prisoners, who joined the Americans,

crance Advocated - All Evangelical Churches Are Good and Are Steking the Same Praiseworthy End. [Copyright, Louis Klopech; 1839.]

Washington, D. C.—In this sermon Dr. Taimage discusses a topic which will interest domestic circles everywhere. The text is Genesis xill. 8; "Let there be no strife, I pray thee, between me and thee and between my herdmen and thy herdmen. Is not the whole land before thee?"

"Uncle and nephew, Abram and Lot, both pious, both millionaires, and with such large flocks of bleating sheep and lowing cattle that their herdmen got into a fight, perhaps about the best pasture or about the best water privilege of because the cow of one got hooked by the horns of the others. Not their poverty of opportunity, but their wealth, was the cause of controversy between these two men. To Abram, the glorious old Mesopotamian slicik, such controversy seemed absard. It was like two ships quarreling for sea room in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean, There was a vast reach of country, cornfields, vineyards, harvests and plenty of room in illimitable acreage, "Now," says Abram, "let us agree to differ, Here are the mountain districts, swept by the tonic sea breeze and with wide reaching prospect, and there is the plain of the Jordan, with tropical luxurionce. You may have either," Let, who was not as tich as Abram, and might have been expected to take the second choice, made the first selection and wirn a modesty that must have made Abram smite said to him. modesty that must have made Abram smile

rou may have the rocks and the fine prospect; I will take the valley of the Jordan, with all its luxuriance of corn fluids and the river to water the flocks and the genial climate and this wealth immedsurable." So the controversy was relever settled and great-souled Abram "Let there be no strife, I pray thee, be-tween me and thee, and between my herd-men and thy herdmen. Is not the whold land before thee?" Well, in this the last decade of the nine-teshth beautify and in this beautiful land, which was called America, after Americus Vespucius, but should have been called Columbia, after its discoverer, Columbus, we have a wealth of religious privilege and

by that is positively bewildering. of government and all forms of worship and all styles of architecturewhat opulence of ecclesiastical opportunity! Now, while in desolate regions there may be only one church, in the opulent districts of this country there is such a profusion that there ought to be no difficulty in making a selection. No fight about vestments, or between liturated or nonfiturated additional and the second country to the sec odes, or a handful of water as compared with a riverful. If Abram prefers to dwell with a riverful. If Abram prefers to dwell on the heights, where he can get only a sprinkling from the clouds, let him censent that Lot have all the Jordan in which to immerse himself. "Let there be no strife; I pray thee, between me and thee and between my herdsmen and the hordsmen." Is not the whole land before there?"

Especially is it in officiants when families allow angry discussion at the breaklast or dining or tea table as to which to

fast or dining or tea table as to which is the best church or denomination, one at one end of the table saying he could never endure the rigid doctrines of Presbyteri-anism, one at the other and fespending that she never said stand the forms of platopacy, and one at one side of the table saying he did not understand how anybody could bear the neise in the Metho-dist church, and shother declaring all the Baptists bigets. There are hundreds of families hopelessly split on ecclesiasticism, and in the middle of every discussion on such subjects there is a kindling of indignation, and it needs some old father Abram to come and put his fort on the loaded fuse before the explosion takes place and say:
"Let there be no strife, I pray thee, between me and thee and between my herdmen and thy herdmen. Is not the whole land before thee?"

I undertake a subject never undertaken by any other pulpit, for it is an exceedingly delicate subject, and if not rightly handled might give serious offense, but I approach it without the slightest trepida-tion, for I am sure I have the divine direc-tion in the matters I propose to present. It is a tremendous question, asked all over Christendem, often asked with tears and some and heart breaks and involving the peace of families, the eternal happiness of many souls. In matters of church attend-ance should the wile go with the husband

or the husband go with the wife? First, remember that all the evangelical churches have enough truth in them to save tho soul and prepare us for happiners on earth and in heaven. I will go with you into any well selected theological library, and I will show you sermons from ministers in all denominations that set forth man as a sinner and Christ as a deliverer from sin and sorrow. That is the whole Gospel. Get that into your soul and you are fitted was re-elected to the next congress by a handsome majority. suppose three or four of us make solemn ment to meet each other a week from how in Chicago on important business, and one goes by the New York Central Railroad, another by the Eric Railroad, another by the Pennsylvania Railroad, another by the Baltimore and Ohio Railread. One goes this way because the mountains are grander; another takes this because the cars are more luxurious; another that beause the speed is greater; another takes the other because he has long been accustomed to that route, and all the employes are familiar. So far as our engagement to we only get there. Now, any one of the innumerable evangelical denominations; if you practice its teaching-although some of their trains run on a broad gauge and some on a narrow guage—will bring you out at the city of the New Jerusalem. It being evident that you will be safe in any of the evangelical denominations, I proceed to remark, first, if one of the married couple be a Christian and the other not, the one a Christian is bound to go anywhere to a church where the unconverted companion is willing to go, if he or she will go to no other. You of the connubial nership are a Christian. You are safe for the skies. Then it is your first duty to secure the eternal safety of your lifetime issociate. Is not the everiasting welfare of your wife impenitont, or your husband impenitent, of more importance than your church relationship? Is not the condition of your companion for the next quadrillion that the action of the G. A. R. posts | than the gratification of your ecclesiastical

weigh preferences as to whether he or she had better go with the unconverted companion to this or that church or denomination, has no religion at all, and pever has had, and I fear never will have. You are loaded up with what you suppose to be religion, but you are like Captain Froblemer, who prought back from his voyage of discovery a shipload of what he supposed valuable minerals, yet, instead of being silver and gold, were nothing but common stones of the field, to be hurled out as finally useless.

Mighty God! In all Thy reafm is there he man or woman protessing religion. ne man or woman professing religion, yet so stolid, so unfitted, so far gone unto death that there would be any healtancy in surrendering all preferences before such an opportunity of salvation and heavenly re-union? If you, a Christian wife, are an at-

pany him somewhere else, change your shurch relations. Take your hymnbook home with you to-day. Say goodby to your friends in the neighboring pews, sas-170 with him to any one of a hundred churches illl his soul is naved and he joins you in the march to heaven. More important than that ring on the third finger of your left hand it is that your heavenly Father command the angel of merey; concerning your his band it is that your heavenly Father command the angel of merey; concerning your his band it is that your heavenly Father command the angel of merey; concerning your his band it is that your heavenly Father command the angel of merey; concerning your his band it is that your heavenly Father command the angel of merey; concerning your his band."

No letter of more importance of the great city of Corinth, situated on which the following ages have not been able to successfully imitate and overshadowed by the Acro Corinthus, a fortress of rock 2000 feet high—I say no letter ever same to that great city of more importance shan that letter in which Paul puts the two startling questions: "What knowest thou, O wife, whether thou shalt save thy husband? Or how knowest thou, O man, whether thou shalt save thy wife?" The learest sacrifice on the part of the one is cheap if ft rescue the other. Botter go to the smallest, weakest, most insignificant church on earth and be copartners in eternal blies than pass your earthly membership in most gorgeously attractive church while your compined saigs officially in his glided cabins of a Matlestic or Campania.

Second remark: If both of the married couples be Christians; but one is so hattractive that the services of a particular denomination, and the other is not so secturian or punctillous, let the one less particular, you with the other who is very particular.

ination, and the other is not so sectarian or puncillious, let the one less particular go with the other who is very particular. As fer myself, I feel as much at home in and denomination of avangelical Christians as another; and I think I must have been born very near the line. I like the solemn roll of the Episconal liturgs; and I like the spontaneity of the Methodists and I like the importance given to the ordinance of baptism by the Baptists and I like the freedom of the Congregationalists and I like the government and the sublime destrine of the Presbyterians and I like many of the others just as much as any I have mentioned and I would happily live and preach and die and be buried from any of them. But others are born with a liking so stout, so unbending, so inexerable for some deso unbending, so inexorable for some denomination that it is a positive necessity they have the advantage of that one. What they were intended to be in occlesiasticism was written in the sides of their cradle; if was written in the sides of their cradle; if the father and mother had eyes keen enough to see it. They would not stop crying until they had put in their hands as a plaything a Westminster Catechism or the Thirty-nine Articles. The whole cur-rent of their tamperament and thought and sharacter runs into one seet of religilonists as naturally as the James Riverinto the Chesapeake. It would be a torture to that one church.

Now, let the wife or husband who is not

Now, let the wife or husband who is not so constructed sacrifice the milder preference for the one more inflexible and rigorous. Let the grapevine fellow the rugosities and finuosities of the car of hickory: Abram; the richer in flocks of Christian gract; should say to Lot; who is built on a smaller scale; "Let there be no strife, I bray thes, between ine and thee and between my herdmen and thy herdmen. Is not the whole land before thee?" As you can be edified and happy anywhere, go can be edified and happy anywhere, go with your companion to the church to which he or she must go of he miserable:
Remard the third: It seth the married
bould his very strong in their sectarianism; let them attend the different churches preferred. It is not necessary that you attend the same church: Religion is between your conscience and your God. Like Abram and Lot, agree to dif-fer. When on Sabbath morning you come out of your home together and one goes one way and the other the other, heartily wish each other a good scrmen and a time of profitable devotion; and when you meet again at the noonday repast let it be evident, each to each, and to your children, and to the hired help, to your children, and to the hired help, that you have both been on the Mount of Transfiguration, although you went up by different paths, and that you have both been fed by the bread of life, though kneaded by different hands in different trays and baked in different evens. "But how about the children?" I am often asked by scores of parents: Let them also make their own choice: They will grow make their own choice: They will grow up with reverence for both the denominations represented by father and mother if you, by holy lives, commend those de-nominations. If the father lives the better life; they will have the more favorable bolinion of his denomination. If the mother lives the better life, they will have the more favorable opinion of her denomination. And some day both the parents will, for at least one service, go to the same church. The neighbors will say, "I wonder what is going on to-day, for I saw our neighbor and his wife, who always go

to different churches, going arm in arm to well, I will tell you what has brought hem together, arm in arm; to the same nltar. Something very important has hap-pened. Their son is to-day uniting with the church. He is standing in the aisle, taking the vows of a Christian: He had been somewhat wayward, and gave father and include a good deal of anxiety, but their prayers have been answered in his conversion. and as he stands in the aisle and the minister of religion says, "Do you consecrate yourself to the God who made and redeemed you and do you promise to serve Him all your days?" and with manly voice he answers, "I do," there is an April shower in the pew where father and mother sit and a rainbow of joy which erences of creed infinitesimal. And the are familiar. So far as our engagement to meet is concerned it makes no difference if we only get there. nitar of consecration, and as the sunlight of that Saubath streams through the church window and falls upon her brow and cheek, she looks like their other daughter, whose face was illumined with the brightness of another world on the day when the Lord took her into His heavenly

keeping years ago.
I should not wonder, if, after all, these parents pass the evening of their life in the same church, all differences of church preference overcome by the joy of being in the house of God where their children were prepared for usefulness and heaven. your children. Angrily contend in the household that your church is right and the church of your companion is wrong. Bring sneer and earicature to emphasize your opinions, and your children will make up their minds that religion is a sham, and they will have none of it. In the northeast storm of domestic controversy the rose of Sharon and the Hly of the valley will not grow. Fight about apostolic succession, fight about election and free succession, fight about election and free agency, fight about baptism, fight about the bishopric, fight about gown and surplice, and the religious prospects of your children will be left dead on the field. You will be as unfortunate as Charles, Duke of Burgundy, who in battle lost a diamond the value of a kingdom, for ih your fight you will lose the jewel of salvation for your entire household. This is nothing against the advocacy of your own religious ries. Use all foreible arguitelling illustration, arractacts, but let there ing retort, no m

wrong and v

BY A PROMINENT WITNESS.

Forces Competitors Into Bankruptey and

Violates Laws Every Day-Railroads Are Responsible, A Washington dispatch says! The industrial commission at its meeting Saturday heard a statement from L. M. Lockwood, an oil producer of Zelien-

ople, Pa., in opposition to the Standard oil trust. Mr. Lockwood declared that this company had driven the in-dependent refiners into bankruptcy and servitude and he denounced the course pursped in severe terms. He held the railroads especially responsible for this condition of affairs.

Going back to 1872, he referred at langth to a contract made by the trunk lines of Pennsylvania with the Statisern Improvement Company. Under this contract, he said, the frieght rates on oil were doubled; and one-half the amount collected was paid back as a rebate—not only this, but the contract company received a like rebate on the shipment of all other company. nies. This contract de declared, had been secretly continued by the railroad with the Standard Oil Company.

He quoted A. J. Cassett, the new president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; as testifying before the in-terstate railway commission that while the open rate to the public was \$1.90 per barrel, the rate to the Standard Oil Company was 80 cents. Further investigation, said Mr. Lockwood, had developed the fact that the railroad companies actually received only 35 cents. This condition of affairs had resulted for a time, according to the witness, in giving the Standard com-pany a profit of 400 per cent, while the independent refineries were being rapidly drived into bankruptcy. Mr. Lockwood was free in the use of epithets, characterizing both the old company and railroad officials as highwaymen and brigands.

"If you have got to be robbed," he exclaimed; "it does not matter much whether you are held up by Dick Thr pin with a pistol or by John Rockefeller with a railroad—it is robbery all

He said that men who had carefully analyzed the testimony taken before the Hepburn committee estimated that in sixteen months time the five trunk lines of Pennsylania had paid to the Standard company \$11,000,000 iff febates. The railroad companies, he said, completely ignored the orders of the state commission to cease their discrimination in favor of the Standard company; resorting then to the

system of false billing. Speaking of the remedy for the evil, Mr. Lockwood said it was in public ownership of the railroads, and it was not to be found in the courts-the courts were too slow and expensive. He considered all the railroads of the country as practically one gigantie trust, and asserted that they were in control of our politics, contributing millions to elect legislators, sens-

tors and judges. The afternoon session of the com-mission was characterized by the development of differences among the members as to the character of the testimouy that should be admitted. Mr. Lockwood made the statement that Judge Albert Haight, of the New York court of appeals, had been elevated to his present position by the corpora-tions through the use of corruption fund because of his action in what is known as the Matthews case—a proceeding of the railroad combination against the independent refiners.

Former Congressman Phillips, presiding, held that the testimony was

In his statement before the commission Friday, President C. E. Dowe, resident of the Travelers' Associaion, submitted figures to show that the organization of the trusts had resulted in throwing 35,000 salesmen out of employment, and in reducing the salaries of \$25,000 more. He estimated that the annual loss to the salesmen on account of loss of employment and reductions aggregated \$60,000,000; to the hotels, \$25,000,000, and to the railroads, \$27,000,000, because of the loss of patronage.

FEVER CASE IN HAVANA.

Marine Dies of Yellow Jack-Dr. Brunner, Ex-Governor of South Carolina Accused

A special from Havana says: marine who was on duty at the Machina wharf developed yellow fever on Thursday and died Friday. There are no new cases. The marines sleep in a small barracks on the wharf, where they breathe the foul air of the

Dr. W. T. Brunner, chief sanitary officer in Havana, will probably resign his position this month, the city of Savannah, Ga., having offered him a tempting salary to take charge of san-

THARACTERIZED AS HIGHWAYMEN text from Isaiah Ivili, 1: "

and spare not."

The principal feature of his sermon was an attack upon the conduct of Mayor James G. Woodward, which was a severe arraignment from start to finish, and concluded by calling for

the impeachment of the mayor.

This feature of his sermon was built atound the following statement which was accompanied by applause by the congregation of nearly two thousand persons present:

"Yes, I'am ashamed of our mayor.
Our mayor is a libertine. Our mayor.

is a sot. These facts are all known to the council and need not have me to declare them. The time has come for the council to act. There is not a single decent man in the city, in my judgment, who does not repudiate our mayor and desire his impeachment."

It was at this point the applause occurred: Dr. Broughton did not let

the vehemence of his straignment subside at any time, referring to "a worse and more disgraceful occurrence of which I cannot even make mention from my pulpit."
Major Woodward, when informed of

the severity of Dr. Broughton's ser-mon as directed at him, made the following statement:

"You may just say for me that I regard Dr. Broughton's charges as absolutely ridiculous. I ask the public to suspend judgment until I can be heard. I will speak at the proper time."

and Lebanon Was Overcrowded. Cungressman Richard Park Bland

was laid to rest at Lebanon, Mo., Saturday with befitting honors: thousands of personal friends were vande. The Americans, who thorough present to honor his memory. The funeral services were partici-

The discourse was delivered by Rev. Mr. W. K. Collins, of the Methodist plat and Masonic fraternities. Hon.

W. J. Bryan had a seat off the stage, but delived no enlogy owing to Mrs. Bland's request that only ministers take part in the services. The cortege was the longest and

most impressive ever seen in southeastern Missouri. Saturday night President McKinley

wired Captain Farris as follows: "It is with the deepest regret I hear of Mr. Bland's death. He was a man of honest convictions, and a monument to the growing nation. Express my sympathy to Mrs. Bland and the

IMP SURPRISED THE TALENT.

Black Mare Captured the Suburban A

Sheepshead Bay. Saturday was a gala day at Sheeps head Bay, N. Y., and it seemed as if all the town saw Imp win the sixteenth running of the great suburban handicap, an event worth \$10,000. Contrary to the usual custom of coming late to the races, the people were on hand early, and when the time came for the big suburban the crowd was the largest seen at Sheepshead Bay in years, fully 25,000 being present. Bannockburn got second money, while Warrenton secured third place.

FASTEST BOAT AFLOAT.

Japan's New Torpedo Boat Destroye

Makes Thirty-One Knots. A London dispatch says: The new Japanese torpedo boat destroyer Akebono, claimed to be the fastest ever built, was tested Saturday by a three hours' run to the Nore and return.

The new boat attained a speed of 31 knots, which is a knot ahead of the fastest destroyer in the British navy. JOHNSON'S ISLAND SOLD.

Land Made Famous as a Confederate Pris-A dispatch from Port Clinton, O.

says:Johnson's island, Lake Erie, which was famous as a prison for confederate soldiers during the civil war, has just been sold at auction for \$45,000, The island lies in Sandusky bay, a

few miles from the city of that name. CHARGES AGAINST EVANS.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: ceived a letter from the civic federa-The committee appointed by the legis- tion in Chicago relative to the por lature to investigate the conduct of poned anti-trust meeting for Septemthe penitentiary by Colonel Neal, ber. The letter states that the while superintendent, and general irregularities, resumed its work Tues-

So far the chief interest lies in the letters of explanation from Senator
Tillman, and the absence of any letter
from ex-Governor Evans, against whom
there is charged \$175 for groceries on
the penitentiary books, besides other

WOLANNES CONRING PROPOSED. matters, such as working a farm with

> ca Denies a Report. Hanna has flatly de nt out from Wash-led to retire from national re-

Force of Insurgents Said to Have Numbered Five Thousand. Slaughter Was Great.

A special from Manila says: After atting the railroad and telegraph at Apalit, several miles south, for the purpose of severing connection, the ebels attacked General MacArthur's lines at San Fernando at 4:30 o'clock Friday morning. They met with an unexpectedly warm reception, and were repulsed with a loss of seventy-five men, thirty prisoners and many wounded.

The rebels' force is estimated to have been 5,000 men. They advanced stealthily from the jungle north of the city and then divided, with the evident purpose of surrounding the Amer-

The outposts of the Iowa regiment discovered the enemy and retired to their lines, where the entire division CONGRESSMAN BLAND'S FUNERAL swafted in an intrenched position.
The Iowa regiment and the Kansas ment received the n the attack: Reserving their fire until the enemy was within 600 yards, the was laid to rest at Lebsnon, Mo., Sat-urday with befitting honors: The town was overcrowded and the rest of their line failing to adly enjoyed the novelty of the situation. awaiting the attack, sallied forth and pated in by the ministers of all de-nominations which are represented in Lebanon. the insurgents thereupon turned and field into the jungle. Our loss was fourteen men wounded, and the maority of them are only slightly hurt. General Funstan's brigade of Kan-sans and Montanans; General Hale's Episcopal church, and was followed sans and Montanans; General Hale's by the ritual of the Knights of Tem- brigade, the Seventeenth regiment and the Iowa regiment constituted the

force engaged.

Aguinaldo is reported to have personally conducted the attack and proparations were made for several days to bring forward troops from Candababa,

and others from Dagupan were transported by rail. Along the front of the Kausan regiment thirty-nine dead were counted. The first news of the Filipino advances was reported by a telegraph operator, who was sent to the bridge at Apalit to ascertain the cause of a break in one

of the wires. He was compelled to A Spanish officer who has been a prisoner in the hands of the rebels. and who was released by Aguinaldo, has come through our lines to Manila. He claims to have been a witness of the assassination of General Luna.

According to his story, the relations between the two Filipino leaders had been strained to the breaking point because of Luna's attempts to assume control of affairs, and the final rupture was forced by Aguinaldo issuing secret orders to the provincial

Otis Sends News of the Assault. The following cablegram was received at Washington Friday afternoon from General Otis:

Manila, June 16 .- Aujutant General, Washington: Northern insurgents concentrated large force near San Fernando and early this morning attacked MacArthur's troops; enemy quickly repulsed and driven, leaving over fifty dead on field and large number wounded; enemy in retreat. Our casualties fourteen wounded, mostly very slight. Preparation for this attack in progress several days, believed to be under personal direction of Agui-

Two Million People In Chicago. Chicago's population, according to Chief of Police Kipley, has finally passed the two million mark and is now 2,088,042. The figures are a result of the census taken by the police

SAYERS' PLAN APPLAUDED.

Governor of Texas Receives Many Letters of Indorsement.

eral of thirty-three states that they will be in attendance, and that in ad-

MOLASSES COMBINE PROPOSED.

Forty Houses Are Considering the Formation of a Trust.

It is reported in Wall street, New York, that another attempt to organize a combination of the leading concerns interested in the molasses trade is be-

ng made.

Representatives of forty houses have been invited to take the matter under

It is proposed to bind the members of the organization to a taurty your resement and to locate the central adquarters and the chief distribute point in New