NORTH CAROLINA HERALD.

DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTERESTS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

OL. I. SALISBURY, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1885. NO. 7.

TH CAROLINA HERALD,

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BUERBAUM & EAMES,

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dition to our subscription list mail a large number of every w to all parts of North Carolina the United States.

having land for sale will find it heir advantage to advertise in the rald, as we have a list of parties king inquiry for land, and to h we shall send our paper where land advertisements are ested.

SALISBURY.

ated in the very heart of the ss portion of North Carolina, e junction of the Western Carolina and Richmond and lle Railroads, 800 feet above el of the sea, 250 miles in- in the centre of the richest al and granite belt in the , at the gateway of the Blue country, in the midst of a bacco and cotton zone, and a population of nearly 4,000, ary is fast becoming a com- al centre. There are at pres- ve banks, eleven churches, bacco factories, four tobacco ges (warehouses), one woolen wo tanneries, four machine two foundries, three hotels, newspapers, the Railroad Car and Locomotive Shops; ram sash, door and blind fac- bout 50 business houses, and rks. New enterprises pro- are the building of a railroad orth and South, a $50,000 factory, and two tobacco fac-

The opportunities for in- ent are real estate, timber, factory of tobacco, granite and mining in the business have the reputation of being fest dealers in the State.

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BOARD COMMISSIONERS:

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POLICE:

Barringer and G W Pool.

TOWN TAX COLLECTOR:

Shaver.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

iff, C C Kridler; Register, H N ss; Clerk of the Court, J M Horah prosecutive, L S Overman. gressman of 5th District—Hon J S man, Salisbury, N C.

ST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

A. H. BOYDEN, P. M.

going north, closes 8 00 a. m. and m.

going south, closes 12 40 a. m., and m.

going west, closes 2 00 p. m.

for Mocksville, Jerusalem, Zeb. River and Farmington, Sunday ex- leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

for Albemarle, Gold Hill, Rock- Palmersville, and all post offices in y county, Sunday excepted, leave m, arrive 6 00 p m.

for Yadkin College, Tyro Shops, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

for Mt Vernon, Woodleaf, Verble, y, Thursday and Saturday, leave m, arrive 6 00 p m.

for Harts and Watsonville, Mon- d Friday leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00

for Jackson Hill, Bringle, Pool, rville, Bohs, Canfield, Healing s, Millertown, Rileys Store, Unead- rove, leave Monday and Friday at m. Arrive Tuesday and Saturday p m.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST CHURCH.

. Jos. Wheeler, Pastor. Sunday es at 11 a. m.; Sunday School at 3 Evening services at 7 p. m. Prayer ting

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

. Wm. Stoudemire, Pastor. Sun- ervices at 10½ a. m. Sunday School p. m. Evening Services at 7 p. m. er meeting every Wednesday at 7

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

v J Rumple, D D, Pastor. Sun- services—morning at 11 o'clock. ay school at 3 o'clock. Evening ces at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday night.

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

v. F. J. Murdoch Rector. Sunday ices—in morning at 11 a. m.; Sunday ol at 3 p. m. Evening services at 7½ Evening services Wednesday at p. m. Bible Class Wednesday even- 7.30.

SALISBURY BAPTIST CHURCH.

v. J. F. Tuttle, Pastor. Services y Sunday except the third Sunday of y month. Morning services at 11 a. Sunday School at 3 p. m.; evening ices at 7½ p. m. Prayer meeting every rsday at 7½ p. m.

CHURCH OF THE SACRED HEART (ROMAN CATHOLIC).

Rev. Mark S. Gross, V. G., Pastor. vices on third Sunday of every month. rning services at 10½ a. m.; evening vices at 3 p. m.

The Mugwump's Lament.

A Mugwump sat on a fence of his own
Sang "Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!"
Said a Democrat, "Why do you sit there alone,
Singing 'Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!'
Has anything crawled in your bosom and died?
Why can't you hop off on this or that side?"
But sadly the poor little Mugwump replied
"Oh, willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!"

He slapped his weak breast as he still with a cough
Sang "Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!
That's what they all tell me. 'Why don't you come off
With your willow, tit-willow, tit-willow?'
But I fear that I can't sing a livelier song,
For everything seems to have gone very wrong,
And perhaps for this world I am not very long;
Oh, willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!"

"'Tis sorrow that makes you," the Democrat said,
"Sing 'Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow.'
You wish that you were, as you ought to be, dead,
With your 'Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow.'"
Then salvelled the Mugwump as softly he cried,
And said, "I've lost everything, even my pride,
And now they won't have me on this or that side,
Oh, willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!"

LETTER FROM SENATOR VANCE.

GOMEROON,
NEAR MITCHELL, N. C.,
October 27, 1885.

Editor Wilmington Star:—It is known to you, perhaps, that I have spent my vacation as quietly as I could in this mountain region. My object was health and rest and the creating of a summer home in these highlands of my native country. During this particular seclusion I have read few newspapers, and have kept up but the slightest knowledge of current events. When I do get a batch of papers by our weekly mail I find much old news in them; some of it personal to myself which probably I should have noticed promptly had I seen it sooner. Among other items deserving of my attention is the suggestion which I have lately seen in more than one newspaper that I am making or preparing to make war upon the Administration of Mr. Cleveland. This statement is based upon the report of an interview of mine with an editor of the *Courier-Journal*, of Louisville, Ky., in which I declared myself opposed to the Civil Service Act, and gave it as my opinion that the people of North Carolina were dissatisfied with and impatient of it, and the manner of removals and appointments under its provisions. I believe this to be strictly true. I believe that a very large portion of the N. C. Democracy regard the whole thing as wrong, if not a humbug, and would gladly see it rejected. At the same time I do not know of any Democrat disposed to "make war" upon the President because in the discharge of his duty he is executing a law of Congress. Surely I am not. Should I at any time fail to support the Administration my constituents may rest assured the difference between us will be in regard to some great issue of *principle*, and not the mere distribution of patronage. Nor do I profess to be one of those who refuse to see anything that may be wrong with a Democratic Administration or who hold that it is disloyal to criticise it. A true friend to Mr. Cleveland will tell him the truth; an honest man will give counsel, and a sensible man will appreciate it if satisfied the motive is friendly. This is a government of opinion, and it is all important that that opinion should be honest. It cannot be so unless it be free; and it cannot be free if men are hastily and unjustly impeached of disloyalty to party organization or leadership for every attempt at manly criticism. Let not the coercion of official power and patronage ever be applied to any Democrat who has anything to say for the benefit of Democracy. As for my part when I have anything to say I am going to say it.

Another floating item in the papers which I will notice, is one which states that ex-Senator Kernan, of N. Y., and myself had been employed to defend the Mormons in the Supreme Court of the United States in the pending litigation under the Edmunds act; and that Senator Kernan had declined with indignation. I do not know what that gentleman has said or done in the premises, but I have never been approached by the Mormons at all, in this or any other matter. I voted against the Edmunds Bill because I regarded it as great an outrage upon liberty and the essential principles of our government, as the evil it was aimed at is upon the purity of society. It was the same hell-broth which the South had to drink in the Federal courts during Reconstruction and I would not put it to the lips of even the Mormons of Utah. But no application has ever been made to me to appear for them in the courts.

With the compliments of the mountains to the sea coast,

I am, dear sir,

Very truly yours,

Z. B. VANCE.

FARMERS COLUMN.

We have on exhibition in our office a turnip weighing 2 lbs., 9 ounces. Good for old Rowan.

The largest potatoes grown this year can be seen at our office. Five of them weigh 6¼ pounds. They were grown by A. M. Cruse. He informs us that the five we have are an average of his crop, but that he has some that will weigh 2½ pounds each. He has raised them at the rate of 300 bushels to the acre.

[For the HERALD.

MEANS OR JOHNSTON GRASS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I noticed in an issue of the HERALD some weeks ago that Mr. Wadsworth, of Charlotte, had had considerable trouble with the Means or Johnston grass. He tried to get rid of it by the use of labor, salt and dead horses, and all of these failed. He was simply "adding fuel to the fire." One hog would have done the work for him in a short while.

I have had a good deal of experience with this grass, having worked in it nearly all my life. I, too, once thought that it was impossible to eradicate it by any means, and looked forward to the time when it would not only take my father's farm and we would have to abandon it, but the entire State. It seemed to me then to be one of the greatest evils that could befall a farm, and would work a fellow to death to keep it out of his cotton and corn. Mr. W. was right in saying that labor would not kill it. Pasturage is the only sure and effective means.

But what I once thought to be a curse to the country, I believe now to be a blessing. The Johnston grass has merit that entitles it to be ranked among the first and best grasses. It undoubtedly improves land. It is a very rapid growth—can be mown about four times a year—consequently it yields an abundant amount of forage, and of the very best quality when cut in its succulent state. The roots also are highly nutritious and hogs will subsist on them the whole winter and spring. It can justly be termed drouth proof; hence a superior grass for pasture.

There are, however, some disadvantages in it. Some one has said that everything good has its corresponding evil. I think the good overbalances the evil. It does interfere very seriously with the growth of spring oats, corn, cotton and tobacco, but does not with rye, winter oats and wheat. When it once gets a good hold, it takes about double the amount of labor to cultivate corn, and will choke out spring oats almost altogether. These are the main points in regard to the Means or Johnston grass. If the worn-out fields in North Carolina were stocked with this never-failing, never-dying, ever-increasing and multiplying grass, there would be an abundance of milk, butter, beef and pork where there is now a scarcity. I think Mr. Wadsworth is too severe on the Johnston grass, and on those who would like to see it propagated throughout the State. I am glad, however, that he is not in a position to inflict the punishment that he seems to think the advocates of it so justly deserves. If he should ever get to be Governor of North Carolina and assign me to that place of torment, I would stock it with Johnston grass. Plenty of rich milk and butter, fine horses and cattle, would, in a measure, compensate for the suffering one would have to undergo. Would it not?

If Mr. Wadsworth has any aspirations toward filling the Gubernatorial chair of the State, he had better look out before the farmers get their farms stocked with the Johnston grass.

Yours truly,

O. B. EATON.

MOCKSVILLE, N. C. Nov 10.

Farming Does not Pay to the Man Who

Will not make compost.

Who will not see any good in a new thing.

Who has no shelter for his stock.

Who breeds from scrubs.

Who put off greasing the wagon.

Who leaves his ploughs in the field.

Who hangs the wet and sweaty harness in the dust.

Who never uses paint on the farm.

Who milks his cows late, morning and evening.

Who props the barn door with a rail.

Who starves the calf to sell the milk.

Who is wedded to old methods.

Who does not know that the best is the cheapest.

Who sells hay, grain and straw off the farm instead of turning them into meat, cheese and butter, and increasing his stock of manure.

In short, he is "penny wise and pound foolish," and concludes that "farming does not pay."

Wine.

This years output of California wine is 20,000,000 gallons, at 40 per gallon equal to $25,000,000, in gold, silver or greenbacks. No mean product of the farm.

Here in North Carolina we have as fine land for grape culture as France or Italy could ever boast of. The small amount of wine we make here in North Carolina, in a rather crude and prehistoric fashion, is, according to the best judges, "of no mean quality." All the farmers that go into the grape culture and wine making in an intelligent and care careful way, have all made big money by it.

Ask the Cruses, Thomasons, Mr. Murdoch and Fisher what pays them better, cotton or grapes? Instruct yourself on the subject, do not be afraid of spending a dollar for a good book on grape culture, do not be afraid of investing a little money and a great deal of labor in this grape business; and then let us make wine enough in one year year to pay the State debt, pay all the taxes, build a school house to every 250 inhabitants, a church to every 500 people, pay every minister a good salary, put a good library into every city, town and village.

But let us stop, we are building air castles, we better say "to be continued."

Our Forests.

Some interesting facts are being brought before the public by the late Forestry Congress held in Boston. Our whole area of land surface, leaving out Alaska, is 1,856,970,400 acres. The total forest area is 440,900,000 acres. Of unimproved and waste lands, including old fields, there are 1,115,430,400 acres. In regard to the consumption of our forests, we have some very significant if not startling figures. We have 150,000 miles of railway, including side-tracks. It has required 396,000,000 ties for their construction. Supposing that the ties require to be renewed once in six years, and that 10,000 miles of new road are built annually which is the average for several years past, this will require 92,400,000 ties every year, at a low estimate the growth of 616,000 acres, or, by another estimate, it would require the product of an area equal to that of Rhode Island. If we allow twenty-five years as the time necessary for trees to attain a size suitable for making ties, then it would require 15,000,000 acres of standing timber to supply the annual demand for ties. Taking all other items into account, by plain arithmetic it appears that the forests of the country are subject to the annual drain of 50,750,000 acres, which would clear a surface equal to all the New England States, together with New Jersey and Maryland.

FUN.

He stood outside the garden gate
And whistled a minor key.
She sat at her boudoir window and
Caught on to his melody.
A Bristol bull-dog sat between,
Wagging his bullet head.
"Ah! there!" the lover whispered low;
"Stay here," the maiden said.

A New Jersey man has been fined fifty dollars for keeping a cow. The cow belonged to a neighbor.

A "monster in human form" says that the only thing a woman does not exaggerate is when she is talking of her own age.

What is the difference between an Irishman and the mocking bird? One lays his pipe on the bench, and the other pipes his lay from the bench.

There is one respect in which fashionable young ladies and old herring fishermen are exactly alike—they both spend the greater part of their time bragging about last year's catch.

There have been various answers to the conundrum: Why is a ship called she? We think the proper answer is: Because she is handsomest when she is well-rigged. Wives should cut this out and show it to their husbands.

"Yes," boasted an Englishman in the West, "I have Tudor blood in my veins from my mother's side of the family and Plantagenet from my father's." "Is that so?" said a citizen, "my blood is mixed, too. My grandmother was a Digger Indian squaw. We're both half breeds, stranger. Shake."

First chum.—"This is a very pleasant room, old man, and we ought to enjoy ourselves."

Second chum (gloomily.)—"Yes; but it will soon go to ruin unless we get a woman to take care of it."

"Oh, no, it won't; we can manage it ourselves."

"Nonsense! You don't know anything about house work."

"Don't I? Well, now, let me tell you; since I've been going to see that girl with a cross father on Green street, I've learned how to dust at a moment's warning."

Democratic Growth.

The Democratic gains in the States that have voted this fall are about as follows over the Blaine vote of 1884:

States.	*Dem. gains.*
New York,	11,000
Virginia,	20,000
Pennsylvania,	34,000
Iowa,	15,000
Maryland,	5,000
Massachusetts,	5,000
Nebraska,	6,000
Colorado,	6,000
Ohio,	16,000
Total,	118,000

That is a good showing and tells the story that the people are not dissatisfied with Democratic control.

Dean O'Laughlin fell dead while at mass in University college, Dublin.

Manotti, the would-be assassin of M. de Freycinet, has been pronounced a monomaniac.

The Dutch government is about to present to parliament bills to raise the import duties on corn and petroleum.

The Egyptian government has issued a decree ordering the seizure of crops, animals and houses in case of non-payment of taxes.

The much talked of telephone case was begun before Secretary Lamar, in Washington. Nothing was done further than the taking of testimony.

The strike of the Hocking Valley miners necessitates the closing of iron mills and curtailing the force of the Valley railway, causing much distress.

The residence of Samuel A. Burrows, at Fort Wayne, Ind., was destroyed by fire. The residence of Anton Mayre, at Delphos, O., suffered a like fate.

There are rumors of another outbreak of difficulties between the Western Union and Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph companies, and it is reported that the former will soon begin cutting rates.

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Remember that the Springs, Wheels, and Axles of all my Buggies and Phaetons are warranted for twelve months from date of purchase.

Be sure to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Special Inducements

offered to Agents.

We will have a lively Corps of

COTTON BUYERS

on our Streets daily this season, and they say that Cotton must and shall bring its full value in Salisbury this fall.

Respectfully,

W. SMITHDEAL.

1:6m.

Jno. Elliott, Of Atlanta, Ga. Wm. Elliott, Of Charlotte, N. C.

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