Cry Frightening Falls.

[illegible]

P. T. Barnum says that prosperity [illegible]

[illegible]

POOR LITTLE GIRL

[illegible]

How Trees Come into the Union.

[illegible]

Coal and Transportation.

[illegible]

Chinese Engineering Triumph.

The Chinese have just completed an immense bridge near the town of the Chinese are at Lugang. It was constructed entirely by Chinese engineers, and is five miles long, consisting of stone, [illegible] arches, each seventy feet high and [illegible] apart. It is the greatest structure of the kind in the world.—[Chicago News.

Natural for the Brain.

Recent analyses show that the fifty substance of the brain is not as was supposed, composed of glycerine, but of palmatin, an element of which oatmeal contains a large proportion, and which is therefore a better cerebral nutriment than wheat meal.—[Chicago Times.

now little any one cares, what it cost the poor little girl, to stay outside the gate with Night alone for company!

* * * * *

He who relates this! The place is [illegible] Night is going on alone. And [illegible]

Miles ago!—And the rain falls and [illegible]

[illegible]

The Rocky Mountain Trade Hat.

[illegible]

Unstable Friendships.

Practically, we are all human, and humanity is not philosophical. With by far the vast majority of mankind a just and discriminate estimate of our fellow-men is wholly out of the question. With the mass of people friendship to exist at all, must be stimulated by more or less idealizing of the friend. The day when the average man realizes that his chosen companion is not to some extent an exceptional being marks the beginning of the decay of his affection.—[Boston Courier.

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HOW COSTLY FABRICS ARE CLEANED

Treatment of Fine Laces—Cleaning Velvets—Renovating Actresses' Costumes.

A carelessly worn or an accident at the dinner table may cause the splendid robe of lace, silks, or velvets worth large sums of money. If the lady tries to clean them herself she makes matters worse and rendered it impossible for the professional cleaners to do anything with them afterward. These cleaners have peculiar methods in removing these delicate fabrics and many of them they will not reveal, as they are secrets of their trade.

"The treatment of fine laces," said a dealer, "is an extensive and tedious process. A thick blanket of soft rags is spread around a bottle, and on this the lace is pinned. It is quite impossible to pin it, as it would injure the lace. The bottle is then placed in a tub of soapy warm water. After soaking for twenty minutes it is [illegible] and then allowed to cool. It is rinsed in several baths of clear water until all the soap seems to be removed. The lace is then removed from the bottle, and after part of the water is squeezed out by gentle pressure it is hung up to dry.

"After a piece is laid on a soft cloth to dry and more. When [illegible] dried it is placed in a [illegible] covered with fabric and is [illegible] with the [illegible] and pressed. A [illegible] and a [illegible] the iron is heated [illegible] the iron is drawn strongly and [illegible] the operator seeking to follow the exquisite design of the lace. When quite dry the lace is sponged with a weak solution of gum arabic, and when dry again, it is almost as good as new.

"The method of cleaning velvet is a secret, though it is greatly freshened by steaming it over boiling water, care being taken to expose the wrong side of the velvet to the steam, but this is not infallible where the damage is not very great. I can tell you only that the process is a very long one, and cost is based upon it. Velvet that has been worn is hard to treat, and we have been able to do wonders with it.

"It is a very common thing for actresses to bring elaborate silk and satin costumes to be renovated, and we [illegible] and [illegible] fabrics. We do not [illegible] them as they are. They are first dipped in a mixture of benzine and other ingredients, [illegible] and [illegible] shade. The [illegible] a bath of pure benzine, which takes off all the grease. They are then rubbed in fine [illegible] and quite remarkable results are obtained. [illegible] are treated with [illegible] water and dried over steam coils. In [illegible] would require the silk and satin [illegible] between blankets. We [illegible] have been able to do wonders with them.

[illegible]

Cost and Transportation.

[illegible]

The Returned the Funeral Procession.

My observation on life is that it is not much concerned with death. If you notice how fast the carriages come away from the funerals, even with the chief mourners in them, you will infer that life starts afresh with the first funeral after a deprivation. Those cemeteries which surround our cities are the highest proofs of our piety, for although we seldom visit them after we have laid the dead there, we do devote some art and a good deal of money to the worship of our ancestors, like the Chinese. But our ancestors set us the example; they never had a Jewish wailing place, never regretted the fall of Jerusalem or any other spot, but went on worshiping the future with all their might. —[Gail's Letter.

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Absinthe Drinking in France.

The appetite for absinthe is spreading everywhere in France with dangerous rapidity, but with greater force and virulence in the colonies and in the army. The habit was deemed of such importance by Gen. De Courcy, who has lately assumed command in Anam and Tonquin, that he has forbidden the sale of it within the limits of his command. It appears to be the only stimulant that satisfies the appetite. Cafes abound in Algiers and in all the other towns of the country, as in France, and as the weather is warm in-doors at this season the sidewalks are covered with tables and chairs. This favorite tipple of every one is patent to the public.

I have passed there often many a day, and never saw them when a glass of absinthe was not sitting on table before half of the patrons, and sometimes in those frequented by zouaves, soldiers and the working classes, before nearly all. It is a concentrated stimulant, and, like the crumpets described by a character in Dickens as being remarkably cheap and extremely "filling," the most satisfying at the price. To the soldier poorly nourished it satisfies the craving for food. The poor man who drinks it dines, as is also he forgets the pangs of hunger. —[Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

Engraving on Glass.

The hard point for inscribing and engraving rare stones is doubtless older than the lathe, and was certainly used in engraving glass during classical and medieval times. The Flemish, Dutch, and Germans, within the last three centuries, used it with great success, as testified by examples of their work still remaining. Diamond or other hard stone points—or steel points, similar to those used by some glass carvers of the present—may be employed in engraving glass and handled in the same way as ordinary graters for metal or wood. The glass should be coated with a mixture of gum and milk, on which, when dry, a pattern may be drawn or transferred previous to engraving. Very fine lines and hatching and stipple effects can be produced by this method.

Some of the specimens in the Slade collection of the British museum are exquisitely done. The great drawback to intaglio engraving, when delicately finished, is that it cannot be well seen unless it is held close to the eye and in a good light.

The Differences.

A man may lose things out of his pocket, but he never loses the pocket. A woman loses her handkerchief more often than she loses anything out of it.—[Chicago Inter Ocean.

THE HEALING ART IN TURKEY.

Business Done Only on a Cash Basis—Strict Quarantines—Barbers—Ignorance.

The other day in Galata a man fell in some sort of a fit on the street. A great crowd gathered, shutting out the air, but some superstition kept them all from lending any aid. The accident happened within a few doors of a doctor's office, and the doctor stood on the steps looking on in an interested way, but making no movement toward going to the sufferer's assistance, though urged strenuously to do so by the bystanders. He was a Greek, and I had met him on one of the little coast steamers that ply on the Black sea. He was little and dirty and black, and his specialty was "hernia."

He smiled when he saw me, and made a place for me on the steps. "You do not seem anxious to take the case," I said, with a glance toward the sufferer. He shrug of his shoulders and smiled again. "What is the fee?" he said presently. "The man has no money, and his friends ask me gifts." "But do you take no case until the fee is guaranteed?" I asked. He replied with the shrug of his shoulders. "In your country do you work for nothing?" In the meantime the man died, and his friends carried him away.

Now, this little Greek doctor was no more nor worse than others of his profession. There are three Armenians. The leading one in Turkey is an old man, a strictly orthodox Christian. There is no point in which that makes a Turkish doctor go up in the market to go out and [illegible] the [illegible] of a sick patient where he knows the patient to be rich. It is only after the [illegible] The [illegible] of course, is only with the poor [illegible] patients. With [illegible] patients a disagreeable [illegible] is [illegible] No fee is demanded from the [illegible] would be considered very [illegible] to make a demand of money [illegible] The payment comes from time to time [illegible] a gift, as if [illegible] voluntary and [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] the spot [illegible] [illegible] fully as much as the doctor [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible] of regular physicians in Constantinople is [illegible] and some of them are [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]