

WE REALLY THINK.

Yes, we really think you should encourage your town papers when they are doing all in their power to make things up. Perhaps you don't think they are making things up. But we have evidence of it from all of our exchanges, when they compliment us in the way they do. Look at the Winston, Statesville, Concord, Charlotte and other papers, and you will see that almost every business house in the respective cities advertises. Why don't our people? They all like to have the business of the town written up. But if we write of all these transactions, surely the foreign reader will be somewhat doubtful as to the business character of the town, unless he sees the different business houses well advertised. Remember a good paper is what will bring business men to our town. Now that we have two good papers, it is the duty of every business house to contribute to their support.

OUR DEAD VICE-PRESIDENT.

Born on a farm near Zanesville Ohio, Sept. 7, 1819. His father was a native of Pennsylvania and like his mother, of Scotch stock. When only six months old his parents moved to Madison, Indiana. Thomas' boyhood was for the most time spent on a farm. In 1837 he entered Hanover College, from which he graduated in 1841. He studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1843. In 1845 he married Elias C. Morgan. Their only child, a boy, died in infancy. At the age of 28 young Hendricks was elected to the Indiana legislature; in 1851 to Congress by nearly 4000 majority; he served in Congress until 1855, when he was appointed Commissioner of the General Land Office in Washington by an autograph letter of President Pierce. In 1860 he was nominated Governor of Indiana, but defeated. Elected to the Senate in 1863, he at once became the leader of the six Senators that then composed the Democratic side of the Senate. Ever and anon fighting the then hopeless battle of Democracy, never relaxing his vigilance and energy, he became the idol of Democracy, and the fear as well as the admiration of his republican opponents. A prominent candidate for the Presidency in 1868, he was again nominated Governor of Indiana, but the Republican nominee was declared elected by 1161 majority. Again nominated for Governor in 1872, and although Grant carried the State by 22,024, Mr. Hendricks nevertheless was elected by a majority of 1148. Serving four years as Governor, he was in 1876 elected Vice-President of the United States, but was counted out by fraud. In 1884 he was again elected Vice-President with President Cleveland.

THE SUCCESSION OF VICE-PRESIDENT.

Our Vice-President is dead. The Congress elected last year will not assemble until next Monday; in the meantime there is no President of the Senate, no Speaker of the House. Should, by some accident, President Cleveland die, these United States would be without an executive, without a head, without a President; most probably chaos would reign supreme, anarchy and revolution, riot and terror would be rampant. The constitution says that in case of death of President and Vice-President, the President of the Senate shall be the successor; should there be no President of the Senate, then the Speaker of the House shall be the lawful President. Now we have no President of the Senate, no Speaker of the House, and as said above, only an accident between government and anarchy. We believe that Congress ought to pass a law which will make such anarchy impossible. If the President and Vice die, then the Cabinet may be taken as presidents, commencing according to their precedence, from Secretary of State down.

Power naturally seeks to strengthen and perpetuate itself, and the great danger in our institutions is not from frequent official changes, but from the usurpations and encroachments of authority endeavoring to render its tenure and privileges hereditary.—Andrew Jackson.

PROMINENT NORTH CAROLINIANS.

We publish below the biography of a man of the most-determined character, of inflexible honesty, of the most devoted fidelity to his friends—a true North Carolinian; if he has lived nearly all his life in the Hoosier State.

Mr. Aquilla Jones has been a Democrat all his life—he spells Democracy with a big D.—and he is to-day the Democratic Postmaster, par excellence, in the United States. Mr. Aquilla Jones Mock of our town is the nephew of the Hon. Aquilla Jones, and we are indebted to Mr. Mock for kindly assisting us in writing this biography.

HON. AQUILLA JONES.

the son of Benjamin and Mary Jones, who were of Welsh extraction, was born in Stokes (now Forsyth) county, N. C., on the 8th of July, 1811. His father, being a farmer in limited circumstances, could afford his son but few advantages of education, and early required his assistance in the cultivation of the farm. In 1831 the family emigrated to Columbus, Bartholomew county, Ind., to which point Elisha P. Jones, brother of the subject of this biographical sketch, had preceded them and engaged in mercantile pursuits. Aquilla entered the store as clerk, and remained until August, 1836, when he removed to Missouri. The following year found him again a resident of Columbus, and engaged in the business of hotel-keeping. This venture was, however, of short duration, and his brother, Elisha P., having died, he succeeded him by purchase of the stock, and was by common consent made postmaster of the village. He continued the business of a country merchant until 1856, first with his brother, Charles Jones, and later with B. F. Jones, another brother, and during most of this period held the office of postmaster. He was, in 1849, made president of the Columbus Bridge Company, which erected a bridge across the east branch of the White River at Columbus, and superintended its construction. He owned a controlling interest in the stock, which was later sold on his removal to Indianapolis. He was appointed by President Martin Van Buren to take the census, and again to the same office by President Millard Fillmore in 1850; was tendered the position of clerk of the court of Bartholomew county, and elected to the State Legislature for the sessions of 1842-43. In 1845 he was nominated for the State Senate but pressure of business compelled him to decline an election, as he had no opposition. Mr. Jones was honored with the appointment of Indian agent for Washington Territory by President Franklin Pierce, but declined, after which he was offered the same position in connection with New Mexico, and was constrained to decline this also. He received in 1856 the Democratic nomination for State treasurer, was elected, and renominated in 1858, which honor he declined. Having removed to Indianapolis, he was, in 1861, made treasurer of the Indianapolis Rolling Mill, and continued thus officially connected with the enterprise until 1873, when he was made its president. He was also chosen president of the water-works in 1873, but was influenced by circumstances to resign at the expiration of four months, his numerous business connections requiring all his time and attention. Mr. Jones for a period of half a century has been engaged in the active duties of life, and in his various enterprises has invariably been successful. This is largely due to his indefatigable industry, his keen intuitions, and his enterprise. He has ever manifested public spirit and a lively interest in matters pertaining to the State, county and city of his residence.

Mr. Jones has been twice married—in 1836 to Miss Sarah Ann, daughter of Evan Arnold, who died soon after; he was again married in 1840 to Miss Harriet, daughter of Hon. John W. and Nancy Cox, of Morgan county, Ind. To this marriage were born children—Elisha P., John W., Emma (Mrs Harry C. Holloway), Benjamin F., Charles, Aquilla Q., Edwin S., William M., Frederick, Harriet (deceased), and Mary (also deceased). Mr. and Mrs. Jones are members of St. Paul's Cathedral (Episcopal) Indianapolis, in which the former is a vestryman.

Mr. Jones is at present President of the Indianapolis Rolling Mill Co., and postmaster of Indianapolis. At the funeral of Vice-President Hendricks on last Tuesday, Mr. Jones acted as one of the pallbearers. The relations between Mr. Hendricks and Mr. Jones have always been the most friendly, cordial and intimate.

With a remarkable unanimity the newspapers of this country, republican as well as democratic, pay tribute to our late Vice-President. They all acknowledge his honesty, his purity, his courtly bearing, his kindness, his unwavering devotion to his friends and fidelity to principle. They all praise him for his stainless character and his fondness of his family.

The News of the Week Nutshell-ed for the Hasty Reader.

Thursday.

The prohibitionists carried Atlanta yesterday by 227 votes.

The revolution in Peru is practically ended.

The tory gained heavily at yesterday's election in England.

King Alfonso, of Spain, died last night in Madrid of consumption.

The Southern Harbor Improvement Convention is in session in Savannah.

Vice-President Hendricks died yesterday afternoon at half-past four o'clock, from paralysis of the brain, at his home in Indianapolis, Ind.

A terrible storm swept the Northern Atlantic coast, causing a great many wrecks and loss of life.

Friday.

The President issues a proclamation in regard to Vice-President Hendricks' death.

The courts of Hamilton county, Ohio, have decided that the Republican candidates for the State senate are entitled to their seats.

Saturday.

The British steamer Aurora, from Liverpool to Savannah, foundered yesterday in Hartlepool harbor. Three sailors drowned.

A female bicyclist, Miss Elsie von Blum, finished her bicycle ride of 400 miles in 50 hours, 50 minutes, yesterday at Buffalo, N. Y., averaging a little over 8 miles per hour.

Marshall Serrano, of Spain, died yesterday. His biography and the history of Spain are identical. For the last years of his life he was a strenuous republican.

Sunday.

The Bulgarians still advancing victoriously.

A case of yellow fever reported in New Orleans.

The town of Saybrook, in Connecticut, celebrates her 250th anniversary.

Eight Indians, associates of Rief, were hanged at Battleford, N. W. T.

The celebrated Caroline Islands question has been settled, by Spain obtaining sovereignty over these islands and England and Germany free commercial access to the same.

Rev. J. H. Hannom, of Charleston, S. C., died yesterday, aged 83 years. One of the oldest Lutheran ministers, member of the secession Convention in 1860; he held the office of Past Grand Master of the Supreme Council F. & A. M. Thirty-third degree.

Monday.

President Cleveland is advised by prominent Democrats not to go to Indianapolis to attend the funeral of Mr. Hendricks.

Gladstone and Salisbury have united to annihilate the Irish party.

Don Carlos preparing to start a revolution in Spain.

The German Reichstag (Upper House) decides that Jesuits shall not be admitted into the Colonies.

Tuesday.

The Methodist Conference of North Carolina, now assembled in Charlotte, N. C., voted down the proposed division of this Conference by a majority of twenty-four.

The President's Cabinet, members of the Supreme Court U. S., Senators and Representatives, leave for Indianapolis.

The President has decided not to go to Hendricks' funeral.

At Lynchburg, Va., a mob of whites and black take a colored man who had killed a white man out of jail and hang him.

The President appoints James Madison Leach, jr., chief of division in the Treasury department, and W. W. Caraway to a position in the Internal Revenue.

Wednesday.

The Methodist Conference, in Charlotte, expelled Dr. Hendren from the Church. The next General Conference will be held at Reidsville, N. C.

Vice President Hendricks was buried yesterday from St. Paul's Episcopal Cathedral; four ministers officiating. Following the burials Mrs. Hendricks, the members of Cleveland's cabinet, the Senators and Representatives U. S. The remains were entombed at Crown Hill Cemetery. An immense concourse of people crowded the city, especially the church and cemetery all day.

KING ALFONSO OF SPAIN.

Alfonso, Francisco de Asias, Ferdinand, Pio Juan Maria de la Concepcion, Gregorio, etc., the oldest son of Queen Isabella, was born on Nov. 28, 1857. The latter's reign being overthrown in 1868, the Queen fled to Paris, taking young Alfonso with her, who received his first education from French teachers. At the age of 15 he entered the Theresianum, an aristocratic institution. In the mean time Spain was in the throes of political and civil war; unable to form a Republican form of government, the crown of Spain was offered to Tomaso, Duke of Genoa, but it was waved aside. Then the Duke of Montpensier and Don Enrique de Bourbon became rival candidates for the Spanish crown. This contest ended in a duel in which the Bourbon was slain. The Cortes (Senate) of Spain then proposed to elect Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, as king, which proposition so enraged the French that they made it a pretext of attacking Germany in one of the bloodiest wars ever inflicted upon mankind. At last the crown was offered and accepted by Prince Amadeo, Duke of Aosta, the second son of Victor Emanuel, but the people of Spain made it so unpleasant for him that he soon after abdicated. Don Carlos then tried by force of arms to attain the crown of Spain, which others had refused. During this civil strife Alfonso was declared King, and crowned in 1875 when only 18 years old. In 1878 he married his fair cousin, the Princess de las Mercedes, the daughter of the Duke of Montpensier. The beautiful bride died 5 months after, leaving the king a solitary and grief-stricken reclus. In 1879 he wedded the daughter of the Archduke Charles of Austria, who bore him two daughters.

Alfonso was too good a man for the turbulent times, too kind for the whimsical Spaniards. He will be remembered as a man who did his best according to his knowledge and ability.

Mr. Tilden's Condolence to Mrs. Hendricks.

GRAYSTONE, Nov. 26, 1885. Mrs. Thomas A. Hendricks, Indianapolis, Ind. I am inexpressibly shocked by the surprising and painful intelligence of the sudden closing of the illustrious career of your husband. He has fallen with his honors thick upon him and in the acme of his popular esteem. In your personal bereavement I deeply sympathize, while in common with the whole country I deplore the loss of Mr. Hendricks as a public calamity. S. J. TILDEN.

The Methodist Conference.

The forty-ninth annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, now in session in this city, is composed of a fine looking set of men.

They are literally the descendants of John and Charles Wesley, and George Whitfield, who, at the beginning of the XIXth century revolutionized the religion of the Western Continent by their earnestness and zeal in the Master's calling.

The Methodist preacher of a century ago had few faults. He went out to evangelize the world, and he succeeded. His wants were few, and his needs were simple. He took his saddle-bags under his arm, and going from house to house, from field to field, he preached the gospel of Christ, as he understood it, in all its simplicity. He literally went about doing good.

The law of his church forbade him to remain on one circuit more than one year, consequently he felt free to cultivate the field assigned to him, with diligence, with the idea of having a favorable report to submit at the annual session of conference.

That he evangelized the new world cannot be gainsaid, as proof of which we might point to the hundreds of thousands of members of that church and the countless church edifices of that denomination which exist to day throughout the United States.

Methodism in the State claims to be more numerous than any other religious denomination, which shows that it possesses much vitality, but much of its fame of evangelization and vigor to reach out after converts was lost when the old Methodist preacher was transformed into the well-dressed, well-educated, cultivated gentleman of modern society. John and Charles Wesley lived and died members of the Episcopal church but their followers set up a new school, only to lay down a large portion of the disreputable when its mission had been executed.

They were, perhaps, wise in their day and generation.—Charlotte Observer.

The oldest fire engine in the State is at the Salem Academy. It was brought from Germany in 1755.

CHINA GROVE ITEMS.

The merchants observed Thanksgiving-day.

There was an interesting discussion at Sloop's School House Friday night.

Hurrah for China Grove! Messrs. Boston and Winecoff will soon open a store near the depot.

The youngsters gave vent to a little mirth the other night, in the way of a spelling match.

Mr. Jackson Seehler has just completed a very handsome edition. We are glad to know that he has located in the village.

The junior and senior debaters will convene at the "C. G. D. C." next Friday night. Question:—"Was the execution of Mary Queen of Scots justifiable?"

Quite a large congregation of people were in attendance at the services of Zion church last Thursday. An excellent sermon was given by Rev. Harringer, after which Rev. Brown delivered an appreciative lecture on education.

On Sunday, Nov. 22, at 10 a. m., Rev. Mr. Brown, at his residence, united in the holy bonds of matrimony Mr. Robert Boston and Miss Sallie Albright. Several young people of the village were present. We wish the bride and groom a happy future. OLD JOE.

THIRD CREEK ITEMS.

THIRD CREEK, Dec. 1st, '85.

At this season of the year it is peculiarly annoying to alternate from rolling beds of flint to axle-deep mud; and this is about the condition of the greater part of the roads of Rowan county at this time. There is nothing that will add more to the material prosperity of our State than good dirt roads, well kept up; and this will never be effected by the present tax system of working them.

There has been a temperance movement inaugurated at this place. Mr. Witherspoon, of Statesville, assisted by Mr. Morrell, of Hickory, organized a lodge of the Sons of Temperance, which is growing, and is in a prosperous condition. That worthy citizen, Jesse Powless Esq., is the chief presiding officer; and that pious veteran of the cross, and general whole-souled gentleman, Dr. Wetmore, is the efficient chaplain. Third Creek and its environment is a remarkably moral community.

Third Creek has to acknowledge and mourn a sad and humiliating defeat. At Mr. W. A. Luckey's a few nights ago, boys displayed their colors, and lit into the Fourth Creekers with shout and song, but the Fourth Creek veterans, with large odds against them, smote the Third Creekers nip and thigh from Gath to Gilgal, and demonstrated them entirely.

Saturday night last, Mr. Frank Johnson's barn was burned, destroying his entire stock of provender, and also burning a fine mule valued at \$175. The fire is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

Thirty thousand pounds of cotton were bought at this place to-day. Pretty good for backwoodsmen. We are not all dead yet. MOGUL.

SWAIN COUNTY ITEMS.

A Pennsylvania party has acquired large timber interests in the Western portion of Swain county, North Carolina, and will commence cutting early in the spring. A ninety-six inch band mill will be put in operation on the Nantahala river at an early day. The purchase includes nearly twenty million feet of the finest yellow poplar in the United States.

L. S. Aldrich who runs the material train on the Western extension of the Murphy Division of the W. N. C. railroad, having made proclamation that Thanksgiving day would be observed on Tuesday November 24th, the whole population of the Nantahala valley, including the convict camp at Red Marble Quarters ate their turkey (or its equivalent) on that day. Gov. Aldrich has serious thoughts of declaring himself dictator of the republic of Nantahala.

Charleston has four frame dwellings, one brick store and a planing mill under erection. Town is steadily growing in prosperity.

The Whittier works do not advance very rapidly. There are many rumors and but little performance in this city of Aladdin's lamp. The Dr. is selling a good deal of land to tobacco farmers on very favorable terms, at from four to seven dollars per acre.

The bear crop is ripe, and would-be harvesters of the same, armed with guns and dangerous locking little kegs, are coming into the country every week. They are most of them (the hunters, not the kegs) of northern extraction and there is no doubt that they will scare several bears to death in the course of the winter.

The rock house on the Nantahala, noted in your last, will hold at the utmost 150 persons. It is however a net a curiosity.

Mr. R. E. Wells is shipping thirty car loads of black walnut logs from Swain county to Norfolk. He has sent on some very fine stock. "KICKER."

Reidsville is to have a large smoking tobacco factory. Messrs. Richardson & Walker, manufacturers of the "Old North State" brand, are to be the proprietors.

THE LOCK BRIDGE. THE MOOREVILLE R. R.

Salisbury Cotton Mill

Will build up just as E. C. Miller has built up his immense stock of Groceries, Fruits.

CHRISTMAS GOODS and CANDY

Housekeepers will find a fresh lot of Baking Powders, Corrasis, Raisins, and Extracts of all flavors. It is as good as a

CIRCUS.

He has everything you can think of and more coming in every day. He has begun to climb to the top and will soon have a large stock as any house in the city. 42nd

Meroney & Bro.

GREAT STOCK

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

Comprising the greatest, most varied, most tasty, most useful, as well as economical Stock of Goods

EVER OFFERED IN SALISBURY!

Simply Immense!

REAL PARTIAL LIST:

Tricots, Flannels, Ladies' Cloths, Cassimeres, Plaid Suitings, Tablescens, Alpacaes, SILKS, Satins, Velvets, Valveses, in all shades, Feather and Fur Trimmings, Woollen Laces, Herveaux Head and Buttons, in immense variety. Handkerchiefs and Gloves, a large assortment.

WRAPS,

CLOAKS, ULSTER JACKETS, NEW MARKETS, RUSSIAN CIRCULARS, CLOAKING,

and a magnificent line of FINEST SHAWLS, CUBAN, HOODS, KNIT JACKETS, SHORT WRAPS, ZEPHYRS, &c., &c.

NAPKINS, TOWELS, TABLE LINES, QUILTS, COMFORTS, BLANKETS, CARPETS.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR:

Corsets, woven and otherwise; Hosiery, full and complete line, including special lines of

RIBBED HOSERY.

Finest ever seen here.

FULL LINE OF GENTLEMEN'S UNDERWEAR & FURNISHINGS.

Don't fail to see them—Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.

GROCERIES.

Full, New, Fresh, and superior line of STANDARD GROCERIES, same price others sell old goods for.

SEWING MACHINES.

Agents for AMERICAN and ST. JOHN Sewing Machines—the most reliable on the market.

BARGAINS!

A splendid and varied assortment of the FINEST DRESS GOODS

left over from last winter, will be sold Below Cost

to make room. These Goods are in perfect condition, and are as serviceable as any goods.

Look for the Bargain Counter.

Also, a lot of Hats and Shoes, carried over from last winter, at a bargain—below cost.

When you want anything that should be kept in a first-class store, come in to see for it. We propose to meet and satisfy the demands of customers. Come and see us.

MEROONEY & BRO.

Salisbury, Oct. 23, 1885. 544

JOHN HATLEY.

BLACKSMITH.

Shop four miles from Salisbury, on Bringle's Ferry Road, does blacksmithing of all kinds. Horse Shoeing, and Buggy Repairing and Painting. Guarantees as good work as is done in the county, and at low rates.

Administrator's Notice.

Having taken out letters of administration upon the estate of Harry Kincaid, dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate, to exhibit the same to me on or before the 31st day of October, 1886.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and settlement, as requested, on or before the 31st day of October, 1886.

This, Oct. 20, 1886. J. C. MILLER, Adm'r.

FOR SALE!

100 Acres, about half wood, about three miles from Salisbury, on the new Stockport Road. Price, \$25,000. J. C. MILLER.

Look at This!

We keep on sale the celebrated

PIEDMONT WAGONS.

Made at Hickory, N. C.

THESE WAGONS ARE NOW AT THE FRONT.

They were awarded FIRST PREMIUMS by the North Carolina State Exposition, at Raleigh, N. C., October 1884; by the Carolina Fair Association, at Charlotte, October 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st; and by the Chester county, S. C. Fair in October 1884—over all other wagons.

These wagons are sold for cash at all times. We also sell the COLUMBUS BUGGY CO'S.

Unrivalled Vehicles.

They have no equal, when price, quality and style are considered.

REMEMBER

They took six Gold Medals at the World's Exposition, at New Orleans in 1884 and 1885, over all competitors.

ALSO

Standard Buggies, Carriages, and Spring Wagons.

That are fully warranted, together with the Newark Machine Company's popular Grain Drills, Wheat Grading, Fan Mills, Straw Cutters, &c., &c.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Also Double and Single Harness.

JOHN A. BOWMAN, J. O. WARR.

NEW STORE.

Having opened a New Store two doors above the Court House, I propose to keep a first class stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

MEAT, FISH, CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, and all kinds of Country Produce. Also Cigars, Tobacco and News. A fine new line of choice Confectionaries. I make a specialty of dealing in Fresh Fish every Friday morning.

Give the new store a call and see for yourself. MOSES A. SMITH.

Livery Stable,

JOHN G. HEILIG, Prop'r.

First-class Teams of all descriptions furnished at 25 hours, with or without drivers. Shipping and Sale Stable. Drivers accommodated. Prompt attention paid to all customers. 11th.

SECOND HAND COLUMN.

Read this Column Over and see if there is Anything You Want.

If you want to purchase any goods advertised in this column call on us.

If you have any second hand goods for sale we will advertise them in this column, charging you 5 per cent if they are sold.

No. 1. Coal Store, small, but in good order. Has been used but little. Price \$45, cost \$15.

No. 2. Good office coal stove. Price \$8.

No. 3. Three imitation walnut, three foot round, table; good as new. \$1.75 cash.

No. 4. Show Case, three feet long. Oval silver plated; good as new. Cost \$15.50, price \$15.

No. 5. Walnut, marble top side board. Price \$25.

No. 6. A roll of 40 mesh wire gauze 25 cts. per foot.

No. 7. One top buggy and three open. Price from \$15 to \$30.

No. 8. Set of single and double harness cheap.

No. 9. Startant Blowers Hangers in good order. Price \$50.

No. 10. A lot of rope, over 3 feet in all, cheap.

No. 11. Two mining buckets.

No. 12. A lot of good bird net.