NORTH CAROLINA HERALD.

DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTERESTS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

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SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

PURELY VEGETABLE.

It acts with extraordinary efficacy on the

LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND BOWELS.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

Malaria, Bowel Complaints, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

BEST FAMILY MEDICINE

No Household Should be Without It,

and, by being kept ready for immediate use, will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctor bills.

THERE IS BUT ONE

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

See that you get the genuine with red "Z" on front of Wrapper. Prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Sole Proprietors, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE, $1.00.

[illegible]

MEMOIRS OF [illegible]

A full history [illegible] of the Rebellion [illegible] of Threatened Times [illegible] Price [illegible]

His private Journal [illegible] published. Intrusted to no agents but [illegible] Price [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] THE TIMES.

[illegible]

OGBURN & SHAVER

ICE!

SUMMER and WINTER.

We keep our cellar full of the clearest market Ice all the year round, which we sell at the lowest price. We want our customers to know that we are the only ones that keep ice all the time, in connection with our

BEEF BUSINESS

we will have a

LARGE COOLING ROOM

FOR BEEF,

and will be ready to serve our customers with BEEF ON ICE.

We have always on hand the nicest Beef, ready for use.

COUGHENOUR & SHAVER.

6—tf

NEW FURNITURE!

MATTRESSES

OF ALL KINDS AT

R. M. DAVIS'

Furniture Rooms

ON MAIN STREET.

COFFINS, CASKETS, BURIAL ROBES, AT

R. M. DAVIS'

Undertaking Rooms,

OPENING ON INNIS ST.

Mattresses of all kind made to order. Old Mattresses Repaired.

BY MUTUAL AGREEMENT W. H. Willis has withdrawn from the Undertaking and Repairing business, working under the name of Davis & Willis. I now continue the business in my own name, where the Public will find a full line of Northern and Home-made Coffins, and can have all kinds of Repairing and Upholstering done. 22tf

Look at This!

We keep on sale the celebrated

PIEDMONT WAGONS,

Made at Hickory, N. C.

THESE WAGONS ARE NOW AT THE FRONT.

They were awarded FIRST PREMIUMS at the North Carolina State Exposition, at Raleigh, N. C., October 1884; by the Carolina Fair Association, at Charlotte, October 20th, 29th, 30th and 31st; and by the Chester county, (S. C.) Fair in October 1886—over all other wagons.

These wagons are sold for cash or on time. We also sell the CELEBRATED BUGGY CO'S.

Unrivalled Vehicles.

They take no equal, when price, quality and style are considered.

REMEMBER

[illegible] Gold Medals at the World's Exposition, at New Orleans in [illegible] over all competitors.

ALSO

Fine Red Buggies, Carriages, and Spring Wagons,

They are fully warranted, together with [illegible] Steel Grating Feed Mills [illegible] &c., &c.

64,897 RAKES IN USE.

We will sell our Spring Tooth Hay Rake on [illegible] NEWARK MACHINE CO., Columbus, O.

$10.00 will buy the DAISY New style CORN SHELLER. The Fan clears the Corn as it comes out. THE QUESTION IS AGAIN why we sell our Shellers so cheap. Answer: We build them to stand after our CLOVER HULLER trade is over. All are warranted to do good work or no sale. NEWARK MACHINE CO., Columbus, Ohio.

JOHN A. BOYDEN, J. O. WEITH. 1tf

MT. VERNON HOTEL,

SALISBURY, N. C.

Situated near the Junction of the R. & D. and W. N. C. Railroads.

Strictly First-Class & First-Class.

GAS AND ELECTRIC BELLS.

Large Sample Rooms on Main Street.

BARBER SHOP FREE OF CHARGE.

Sportsmen will find Salisbury situated in the finest game section of North Carolina.

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE.

1-1y CHAS. D. VERNON, Proprietor.

FOR SALE!

A Sassafras Oil and Penny Royal Distillery.

All the apparatus pertaining to the manufacture of Sassafras Oil and Penny Royal, will be sold cheap for cash. For information, enquire of

7 1m BUERBAUM & EAMES

A Man of Grief!

LIKE LAZARUS!

HIS RELIEF AND JOY!

The Doctor says: "When Mr. James Edwards, of Senoia, Ga., began to take "Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer," I saw him. He was covered, body and extremities, with a characteristic syphilitic eruption that seemed to have baffled all treatment. I saw him the second time in about ten days, when he was so changed in appearance by having the scales removed and the eruptions healed, that I barely knew him, and in a remarkably short time he was relieved of all appearance of the disease.

N. B. DREWRY, M. D.

Spalding county, Ga.

Certain Cure for Catarrh!

A SUFFER

Flesh Producer AND Tonic!

GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine.

If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles $1 large bottles $1.75.

Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

MACON MEDICINE COMPANY

MACON, GEORGIA.

For sale by L. E. Steere and J. H. Ennis. 25ly

CITY DIRECTORY.

MAYOR—R B NEAVE.

TOWN COMMISSIONERS:

D R Julian, D A Atwell, P P Meroney, James Barrett, T A Coughenour, G W Gates, Kerr Craige, R J Holmes.

POLICE:

R M Barringer and C W Pool.

TOWN TAX COLLECTOR:

Geo Shaver.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Sheriff, C C Krider; Register, H N Woodson; Clerk of the Court, J M Horah. Representative, L S Overman.

Congressman of 7th District—Hon J S Henderson, Salisbury, N C.

Building and Loan Association.

Theo F Kluttz, President; B H Marsh, Vice President; Rev F J Murdoch, Secretary and Treasurer; T C Linn, Attorney.

DIRECTORS—P P Meroney, A Parker, J Allen Brown, R Eames jr, J J Bruner, J D Gaskill, W Smithdeal, W L Kluttz, E B Neave, D A Atwell.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

A H BOYDEN, Postmaster.

Mail going north, closes 9 00 a m, and [illegible]

Mail going south, closes 10 40 a m, and 9 00 p m.

Mail going west, closes 9 00 p m

Mail for Mocksville, Jerusalem, Zeb, South River and Farmington, Sunday excepted, leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

Mail for Albemarle, Gold Hill, Rockwell, Palmersville, and all post offices in Stanley county, Sunday excepted, leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

Mail for Catawba College, Tyro Shops, Bridge, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

Mail for Mt Vernon, Woodleaf, Verble, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

Mail for Harris and Waterville, Monday and Friday, leave 7 00 a m, arrive 6 00 p m.

Mail for Jackson Hill, Bringle, Pool, Mooresville, Bain, Garfield, Healing Springs, Millertown, Riley's Store, Chandlersville, leaves Monday and Friday at 7 00 a m. Arrive Tuesday and Saturday at 2 30 p m.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev C W Byrd, Pastor. Sunday services at 11 00 a m; Sunday School at 3 p m. Evening services at 8 p m. Prayer meeting [illegible]

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev J Rumple, D D, Pastor. Sunday services—preaching at 10 30 o'clock; Sunday school at 4 o'clock. Evening services at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday night.

ST LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Rev F J Murdoch, Rector. Sunday services—in morning at 11 a m; Sunday School at 3 p m. Evening services at 7½ p m. Evening services Wednesday at 4 30 p m. Bible Class Wednesday evening at 7 30

SALISBURY BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev J F Tuttle, Pastor. Services every Sunday except the third Sunday of each month, morning services at 11 o'clock a m; Sunday School at 9 a m; evening services at 8 p m. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 8 p m

CHURCH OF THE SACRED HEART (CATHOLIC).

Rev Mark S. Gross, V. G., Pastor. Services on third Sunday of every month, morning services at 11 a m; evening services at 8 p m.

ST JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Rev. C. B. King, Pastor. Sunday services at 11 a m and 7 30 p m. Sabbath School at 3 p m. Lecture and prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

LEE S. OVERMAN,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

SALISBURY, N. C.

Practices in State and Federal Courts. Will attend the court of Rowan, Davidson, Iredell, Cabarrus, Stanly and Montgomery counties.

Office No. 3, Council Row.

1tf

Banner Tobacco Warehouse.

Sales Daily.

8-1y SHINK & THOMPSON.

Salisbury Woolen Mills.

Manufacturers of Cashmeres, Jeans, Satinets, Linseys, Kersaws, Blankets, Yarns, Batts, etc.

SALISBURY LODGE.

Knights of Honor. Meeting nights first and third Mondays in each month.

7-1y

JOHNSON & RAMSAY,

Manufacturers of Plug and Twist Tobacco.

7-1y

FARMERS WAREHOUSE.

SALES OF TOBACCO EVERY DAY.

7-1y Beall, Bost & Board, Proprietors.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

THEO. F. KLUTTZ & CO.

H. C. BOST & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

Leaf Tobacco.

Fire Insurance Agency.

J. SAM'L McCUBBINS,

representing a line of Fire Insurance Companies equal to any in Western N. C. Can give as low rates and terms as can be obtained. 11-1y

Civil Engineer,

JOHN A. RAMSAY,

Attends to Railroad Construction, Surveys and Mapping of Real Estate, Estimates of Water Powers, Plans for the Erection of Mills, Dwellings, &c.; and attend to the purchase of all kinds of Machinery, Building Materials, &c., &c. 9-1y

Having been engaged in making and Repairing Boots and Shoes for the past 23 years, the old reliable John F. Eagle, is still to be found at his old place of business on Innis street third door below Gaskill. 11-1y.

THE LESSONS OF THE STREET.

On the corners we may find them,
Or in clusters here and there,
In the day-time or in the night-time,
All along the thoroughfare;
Standing idly and forgetting
They should earn the bread they eat,
Are the many who are learning
All the lessons of the street.

In their homes is naught inviting;
Poverty and want are there;
Wasting demons—thirsting ever—
Serve to keep the cupboard to bear;
And the little babies wander
Out of doors on toddling feet,
Quick to learn the lessons taught them
Every hour upon the street

Shame and Crime, their ready pupils,
Here of every age may find;
Sons of wealth and rank, to evil
And to illness inclined;
In the school of vice progressing,
They with base-born rogues compete,
Who have won a high distinction
From their training in the street.

Maidens fresh in youthful beauty,
Cherished in the heart and home;
Dearly loved ones—vain and thoughtless—
From the fireside choose to roam;
Knowing naught the many dangers
And disasters they may meet,
By their every-day attendance
On the lessons of the street.

Many a life that started bravely,
Full of promise, pride and zeal—
Stirred within by holy passions
That the knavish never feel—
Has been overthrown in battle,
Led to sure and swift defeat,
By the poison and pollution
Of the lessons of the street.

Oh, ye mothers, train your darlings
So to love their homes, that they
With the idle and the vicious
Will not ever go astray
With a chain of strong affection
Bind them to the safe retreat,
That their minds may not be tainted
By the lessons of the street.

CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

[Philadelphia Record.]

In this country the year closes in profound peace. Neither foreign war nor domestic strife threatens to divert the attention of the American people from their orderly pursuits. The industrial strikes that disturbed the regular operations of trade and caused much distress among workingmen have been mostly settled. While prosperity reigned throughout the entire land, very considerable material progress has been made in some sections which has not been unattended with beneficent moral results. Nowhere else on this planet can be found a like amount of population in possession of the blessings of free government, individual liberty and equal laws. In this exceptional condition, which may well excite the envy of the rest of the world, the people of this country have reason to greet the dawn of the New Year with hope and confidence. While there is cause for envy in this unexampled national greatness, it inspires no fear on the part of weaker neighbors.

In strong contrast with the peaceful and prosperous condition of the United States in the political and social state of affairs in Europe. Not in a generation of men has European statesmanship been beset with so many embarrassments and anxieties as occupy it at the close of this year. The impression steadily gains in Europe that when Spring shall open the blare of the war-trumpets will silence the song of the nightingale, and that the violet, trodden under the hoofs of artillery horses, will exhale its fragrance amid the smoke of powder and the reek of carnage on many a field of conflict. In the general feeling of insecurity Germany, France, England, Austria and Italy are increasing their military preparations, and even little Denmark is straining her financial resources to put her small army on a war footing. The richest nations of Europe cannot much longer endure the exhaustion of constant military expenditure incurred in watching each other, and it is felt that a speedy solution of the situation has become a necessity.

As to how and where the solution begins, conjecture is vainly busied. Russia stands ready to pour her armies on the plains of Central Europe, with the fertile Balkan Peninsula and Constantinople as the prize of the day. In a successful war the irresponsible Czar would gratify his ambition and lust of conquest, and the ignorant masses of Russia their antipathies of race and religion. Austria, with her divided empire, her financial weakness and the strange confusion of languages and races in her army, is least prepared for the war that is threatened. But while Austria has much to lose, neither England, Germany nor France has anything to gain by such a conflict, except in the relief afforded from the present tension.

The Germans desire no more territory from France, and the French, even with an alliance with Russia, could not recover Alsace and Lorraine without sacrifices far exceeding the value of those provinces. But any alliance between Republican France and despotism would be a compact too monstrous and unnatural to yield advantageous results to either party.

To the masses of Europe a war that would relieve them from their military burdens would offer in the end large compensations for its heavy sacrifices.

Disarmament, an essential condition of future peace, would greatly lessen the taxes filched from them by the custom house system and restore several millions of workers to industrial pursuits. The multitudes of soldiers who in camp and garrison devour the earnings of labor would reinforce the army of industry, and become producers of wealth. Nothing short of this revolution would afford to the people of Europe a recompense for the losses and havoc of a great war. It is a comparatively trifling matter to them whether Russia or Austria shall be under German or French rule. But a war resulting in disbandment of the vast standing armies encamped in Europe would be a crowning triumph of the spirit of the nineteenth century over the traditions of military despotism.

A Rising Statesman.

[Raleigh News and Observer.]

The compliment paid Lee S. Overman, Esq., of Rowan by the Democrats in the nomination for speaker of the House was well deserved. Mr. Overman is one of the most prominent of the younger Democrats of the State, and this position he has gained by steady devotion to principle, unflinching courage in the maintenance of his convictions and untiring energy in behalf of the people's interests. In the last House he served with conspicuous ability, courtesy to his confreres and faithfulness to party principle and his return to the present House is ample evidence of the acceptability of his efforts to his constituents. He is a young man of such promise as a statesman that it may be well to give in brief the story of his life thus far.

He was born in Salisbury in 1854; graduated at Trinity college in 1874, receiving the degree of A. B., and three years later the degree of A. M.; and began the study of law in 1876. In the campaign of the year last named he flashed his maiden sword in behalf of sound Democracy, and proved himself "a right good knight," though scarcely beardless. In January, 1877, he became the confidential clerk of Governor Vance, and two years later was appointed to the office of private secretary. While in Raleigh he continued the study of law, and in January, 1878, was admitted to the bar. He resigned his secretaryship in 1881 and returned to Salisbury, where he has since remained in the practice of his profession.

He was elected to the last House, as we have already intimated, and served thereon on the Judiciary and Code committees and as chairman of the committee on the Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb, and the Blind.

He has a bright future before him, and the Democratic party is to be congratulated on the possession of a member at once so able, zealous and patriotic and with such possibilities of still greater usefulness to the people.

A National Drill.

Washington City is making extensive preparations for a big encampment and national drill to be held next May. The officers of the various military companies throughout the country are receiving circulars in reference to the matter. The citizens of Washington have subscribed $30,000 to pay the prizes and expenses. A committee of representative citizens has been organized, with Hon. Samuel E. Wheatley, Commissioner of the District of Columbia, as chairman. The encampment will commence on Monday, May 23, and will end with Decoration day, May 30, 1887. Entries will be opened to regularly organized volunteer militia of the United States, for competition as regiments, battalions or companies in infantry, artillery, cavalry and zouave tactics, and also to regularly organized corps of cadets from military schools or universities. The prizes offered aggregate $26,500.

Medals will be awarded the best regiment of infantry. The best battalion of not less than four companies will receive $3,000, and the second best $1,500. The best drilled company of infantry will receive $5,000 and four lesser prizes are offered in the same class. For the best zouave drill $750 is offered. Two prizes, aggregating $2,500, are offered for the best cavalry company. Three individual prizes are offered for the best rifle shot, the best cadet corps and machine guns.

Cluverius, the condemned murderer of Fannie Lillian Madison, has sent out circulars to the members of the general assembly of Virginia for the purpose of getting them to sign a petition asking the Governor to grant a reprieve until they meet. When the legislature meets Cluverius hopes that they will recommend the governor to commute his sentence to life imprisonment. Unless the Governor calls an extra session, which, however, it is probable that he will do for the consideration of important State matters, the legislature will not meet until it assembles in regular session in December, 1887.

How Plain Women May Become Attractive.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES.

Every woman has a secret desire to be pretty.

It is a legitimate longing. Every woman ought to care how she looks for her own sake and for the sake of those about her.

To dress with neatness and taste will add to our own self-respect, and will greatly increase our influence over others.

Never a woman so homely but she might be made good-looking, and plain women may become handsome by knowing "How to make the best of themselves."

A clear complexion, glossy hair, honest eyes, white teeth, soft and sympathetic hand and an erect and graceful figure are among the possibilities for every woman, unless nature has been exceptionally unkind. If to this list of physical attractions she adds neatness and taste in dress, a plain woman may become irresistibly charming.

Chesterfield said, "No woman is homely when tastefully dressed," and Ella Rodman Church has written what every woman who has ever given the subject any thought will acknowledge as true, namely—"Taste and style command more admiration the world over than dowdyish beauty."

A woman by careless and slovenly dress will not be able to secure the highest respect from the best persons in her circle of acquaintances, and may even fail to win the love of some good man who might be all the world to her. "We cannot separate people from their looks."

It has been truly said, "No woman is so potent in her simple identity as if she made a picture of herself."

A woman should never set aside any instinctive performance of her own in regard to particular shapes and colors. By a kind of mental magnetism she will select that which best suits her style and character, and yet some knowledge of the laws of form and color are essential to the highest success in dress.

Sir Joshua Reynolds declared that as much art was necessary to perfect a costume as to paint a picture.

No woman can look her best who does not dress according to her age, her station, her beauties and her defects. An elderly woman may be beautiful if she dresses with reference to her age, while if she were to array herself like a young lady she would excite ridicule rather than admiration.

No one likes to see the wife of a mechanic flaunting in silks and satins, nor a servant girl outshine her mistress in elegance of costumes. A girl who is obliged to work for her living may be very charming in a neat and simple dress, but the moment she attires herself richly, the beholder is impressed by the incongruity between her station and her dress. In other words, she is practising deception by trying to appear what she is not.

Continuing the subject, physical defects, and taste in dress, will be considered.

A great deal is being said of the efficacy of scarlet flannels, but it must be remembered that although warm and thick undergarments are needed as the weather advances, many children cannot wear colored flannels, just as there are some individuals to whom oysters and shell fish are rank poison. Flannels, especially those dyed with logwood and redwood, are known, in some instances, to deprive the skin of acute feeling, while on the other hand, flannels colored with cochineal increase its sensitiveness. To some it produces irritation beyond endurance, and to others it acts as a curate for rheumatism and neuralgia. For this reason white flannel is always the safest.

Children at Table.

From the time a child is old enough to sit at the table, teach him the proper use of the knife, fork and the spoon. Never allow a child to lean upon the table; habits such as that will accompany him all through life. He should be taught to wait patiently until his elders are served. It is very important to carefully observe these minor points. By proper training in the beginning parents are saved annoyance and mortification in the future.

At this age children should be directed as carefully as when they were infants. By this it is not meant that their diet should consist solely of milk; by no means, but do not fall into the error so widely prevalent that children are capable of digesting all manner of food after obtaining their teeth. This is the chief cause of destruction of life in children between 3 and 6 years of age, their stomachs being totally unfitted for the rich food they are allowed to eat. Potatoes, meat, rice, oatmeal, brown bread, ripe fruit and as much milk as they can drink, is the proper diet for children of that age.—[Good Housekeeping.

LIFE THOUGHTS.

Hurt not your conscience with any known sin.

Purity is the feminine, Truth the masculine, of honor.

No fountain is so small but that heaven may be imaged in its bosom.

Never think that you can make yourself great by making another less.

One effect of fear is to disturb the senses and make things not to appear what they really are.

Wealth is to be used only as the instrument of action, not as the representative of civil honors and moral excellence.

They who degrade holy things thereby degrade themselves. They who degrade marriage into a yoke degrade themselves into a team.

Be cheerful, and seek not external help, nor the tranquility which others give. A man must stand erect, not be kept erect by others.

As to great and commanding talents, they are the gift of Providence in some way unknown to us. They rise where they are least expected. They fall when everything seems disposed to produce them, or at least to call them forth.

The history of persecution is a history of endeavors to cheat nature, to make water run up hill, to twist a rope of sand.

One-half of the time which is now almost wholly wasted in district schools on English grammar, attempted at too early an age, would be sufficient to teach our children to love the Republic and to become its loyal and life-long supporters.

In removing the ashes of Vesuvius from the buried city of Pompeii there was found a Roman sentinel in armor. He had been standing 1800 years in the place his captain assigned him upon the fatal morning. There are, to-day, souls in armor who guard the strongholds of history, art, literature, science and religion, and that will be found at their posts centuries hence.

The Home Light of the Future.

The wonderful progress recently made in the application of electricity to lighting apparatus of all kinds, but especially the invention of the incandescent electrical lamp, induces one to predict that in a few years all of our homes will be brightened by the presence of electrical light, with an increase of comfort and good health that is now hardly imaginable.

The popular prejudice against electricity as an agent to be introduced into the household, on account of supposed danger to life, is proved to be without foundation. The wires that introduce the electric fluid into the house are so perfectly insulated as to prevent the least danger from such a source, and even if this were not so, the current required for this kind of light is not strong enough to injure even an infant if it should chance to touch the conducting wire.

The incandescent flame burns within an air-tight glass globe, and if this globe broken, the light will instantly go out, in consequence of the admission of oxygen, before it can set fire to the most inflamable article.

One great point of superiority that this mode of lighting possesses above all others is the ease with which one may manipulate without danger of injury to himself or the house. And then the beauty of the light surpasses all others, and has wonderful adaptability to decorative purposes. The difficulty at present is, that only the wealthy can afford the expense of setting up a solitary electric plant for the use of a private residence. The majority must await the establishment, in their immediate neighborhood, of an electric light station. When once established, the electrical will be the cheapest of all lights for domestic use, as well as the most perfect.

The young men attending the Harvard Medical School have a prejudice against the female students, one of whom is Miss Annie Copeland, of Bridgewater. They called her to attend a case of fracture of a leg. The patient was a man fifty years old, and when the lady exposed the damaged member she found it to be a broken wooden leg. She sent for hammer and nails, made substantial repairs and charged $25, the collections of which she enforced by the aid of a constable.

CHOCOLATE CARAMELS. One cup of sweet milk, one cup of molasses, one teaspoonful of butter, half a cupful of grated chocolate. Mix all the ingredients well together and put all upon the fire in a porcelain-lined sauce pan. Stir constantly to prevent burning, and let it boil until it is thick; then turn it out on buttered plates; when it begins to stiffen, mark it in squares with a knife, so that it will break readily when cold. Vanilla flavoring may be added if desired.