

NORTH CAROLINA HERALD

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THURSDAY. JANUARY 26, 1887.

To our subscribers and we mail a large number of every issue to all parts of North Carolina and the United States. Those having land for sale will find it to their advantage to advertise in the Herald, as we have a list of parties making inquiry for land, and to them we shall send our paper whenever land advertisements are inserted.

BRIEFS.

Senator Hearst is to succeed himself as Senator from California.

General Nelson A. Miles, the Indian fighter, is said to be the handiest officer in the U. S. Army.

Senator Harlacher has introduced a bill in the Ohio Legislature, making the vote of eight jurors out of twelve, a complete verdict in civil cases.

Alice Oates, the popular comic opera singer, died on Monday evening at the residence of her husband in Philadelphia, after a lingering illness.

Kope Elias, who represents the extreme western part of North Carolina is the first and only Hebrew that ever entered our Legislative halls as a member.

The site selected for the tomb of General Logan, and which has been offered to Mrs. Logan, comprises 320 feet of the southern part of Lake Park, Chicago.

Counsel for McQuade, the convicted New York Bookseller, advised yesterday by Judge Pratt for a stay of execution, which was denied by the Judge, and McQuade will go to Sing Sing for six years.

At Philadelphia, search was made for gold in the miserable apartments of Joseph Perry, the miser, who with his cousin, Richard Price, was sentenced to 25 years, and a sum of time \$100,000 in gold, silver and securities was found.

The struggle in the Indiana Legislature over the Senatorship is fierce and bitter. No matter whom they elect, whether a Republican or Democrat, the victory will be won at the expense of decency, morality and the public good. The very same may be said about the Senatorial strife in New Jersey.

An election joke out in Campbell county, Dakota, came near being a complete success. Some citizens, indignant at the nomination of a certain candidate for district attorney, nominated a well-known and remarkably intelligent pointer dog against him. The dog came within three votes of election.

The telegraph was mistaken last week when it made us say that the Mayor of New York, Abraham S. Hewitt, was dead. Mr. Hewitt has been quite sick, (we suppose of office-seekers) but he is rapidly recovering. We are exceedingly happy to make this correction. Mr. Hewitt's death would be a very severe blow to municipal reform in New York.

Mr. Tilman, of South Carolina, introduced a bill in the House the other day, which declares it unlawful for railroad companies to heat passenger coaches by stoves or anything having fire in it, or to light coaches with coal or other oil. The heating must be by steam, and the light by electricity. It requires that axes, saws, crowbars, etc., shall be kept in passenger coaches for use in time of need.

Not having a wholesome fear of the fool-killer before his eyes, a correspondent of the New York Tribune proposes the following Republican ticket for 1888: For President, Robert T. Lincoln, of Illinois; for Vice-President, Frederick Dent Grant, of New York." He ought to have added George Francis Train for Secretary of State, and Ferdinand Ward for Secretary of the Treasury.

The Legislature of Nebraska is discussing a bill providing for the election of a Senator direct by the people. Considering that it is almost an impossibility for a poor man, no matter how able, how brilliant or how honest, to become a U. S. Senator, when we consider that the majority of the Senators are millionaires, we must think it time for a change in the election of Senators. At its best it is a poor imitation of the Roman patrician Senate or the British House of Lords.

At a conference of the Randall protection Democrats, held at his residence a few nights since, the following was agreed upon: Repeal of tobacco tax, \$28,000; repeal of tax on fruit spirits, \$1,000,000; free alcohol for use in arts, \$12,000,000; repeal of all licenses, \$7,000,000; free list, \$5,000,000; total about \$47,000,000. A committee of three, with Mr. Randall as chairman, was appointed to formulate a bill, and see if a greater reduction cannot be agreed on.

From the National Democratic Platform, adopted at the Chicago Convention, July 10th, 1884:

We therefore denounce the abuses of the existing tariff and demand that Federal expenses shall be exclusively for public purposes, etc. . . .

From the National Republican Platform, adopted at the Chicago Convention, June 5th 1884:

The Republican Party pledges itself to correct the inequalities of the tariff, and to reduce the surplus. . . .

What have the Republicans done to redeem their pledge? The Democrats have at least tried.

John Roach is dead. "De mortuis nil nisi bonum." But when republican papers state as a fact that Secretary Whitney killed John Roach, it becomes democratic purpose to defend the living. Whitney has in his administration of not quite two years done more to make our navy what it ought to be than has corrected more abuses and has acted more honestly than any Secretary of the Navy since 1865. John Roach was an enterprising man; he built a great many good ships. He also built a great many government ships. He took the contract to build the steel cruiser Dolphin. This contract was sold so that an honest builder had no show, but for the expediency of a reporter, who had the pine coffin opened and persuaded the attendants to wash away the blood from the neck and face, which disclosed the tell-tale marks of violence. The next day (Sunday) the body was identified by the Misses Dunstan, old schoolmates of Lillian. Suspicion at once pointed to Cluverius, who would have been done in John Roach's yard. The fact that John Roach's bills to the government for new vessels were about \$5,000,000 while his bills for repairing these new vessels were about \$20,000,000, this fact gives the key to the situation. We also read that John Roach cried when he signed the papers of his assignment. Men have cried before when they became aware that an honest man put a stop to their questionable transactions. Then we read in these same papers that John Roach died poor, while in another column we find it stated that he left one round million of dollars. We would like to be as poor as that. Then how did Whitney kill Roach? Did he inoculate the deadly cancer in his mouth? Or would the cancer have killed Roach anyhow? This story of Roach and Whitney deserves a place in the book of American Fairy Tales.

HENRY W. GRADY'S SPEECH IN BOSTON.

The declaration of loyalty by any Southern man, no matter how honest and sincere, is always ridiculous and belittled by the rabid radical press. It does not suit the supporters of a sectional partisan republican press to restore the feeling of Union, of eliminating the Mason and Dixon's line, the pride of the South is their own. Without this appeal to the war, without sectional hatred, the republican party is nothing but the skeleton in a closet. Whenever a campaign is at hand, the loyal republican depicts the depravity of the seceders, the loyalty of the republicans, this even 22 years after General Grant returned to General Lee his sword. Southern outrages are brought forward again—the lies about Confederate flags in a procession of Virginia democrats is revived, etc.

There are two classes of people always avoided by common sense, progressive men—he who will not learn, and he who cannot learn. Both of these are to be pitied. One a knave, the other a fool.

SUPERIOR COURTS.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—JUDGE GILMER.

Carroll—January 31, one week;

Iredell—February 7, two weeks;

May 23, two weeks.

Rowan—February 21, two weeks;

May 9, two weeks.

Davidson—March 7, two weeks;

Randolph—March 21, two weeks;

Montgomery—April 4, one week;

Stanly—April 11, one week.

THOMAS J. CLUVIERUS.

The crime for which Cluverius was hanged in Richmond, Va., last Friday, January 14th, was committed on the night of March 13th, 1885. Fannie Lilian Madison, his cousin and boyhood sweetheart, was betrayed by him during the previous August. She begged him repeatedly by letter to make amends. She met him in Richmond by appointment January 6th. On March 13th she was again in Richmond, registering at the American Hotel as Miss E. L. Morton, having evidently arrived by the late train. Her first inquiry was if any one had called or left a note for her. Again she received a negative reply upon asking later, when she left the hotel. During her absence a young man called and asked for her. Not finding her, he called again, and they left the hotel together at 7:30 o'clock. They were seen together on a car going in the direction of the reservoir. It is supposed that she believed he was leading her to a place where she could stay until after the child was born. Together they crossed Hollywood Cemetery, which adjoins the reservoir grounds, and gained access to the latter through an opening in the fence, made by the removal of a paling. On the sloping bank of the reservoir beyond the fence, the death struggle ensued. The marks on her face and neck indicated that he struck her two powerful blows in the face, then strangled her until she became unconscious, and finally threw her, not yet dead, into the reservoir, where her body was discovered next morning. Cluverius left the Hotel at one o'clock this morning, a box car loaded with cotton was discovered to be on fire. The train men side-tracked the car and tried to extinguish the flames. The car was rapidly consumed, and in the ruins were found the charred remains of four tramps, who had evidently secreted themselves among the cotton bales while the car was in the yard at Memphis.

A Cotton Car Takes Fire and Four Tramps Perish.

LORTONVILLE, Ky., Jan. 17.—When the special freight train of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern railroad pulled into Paducah at 2 o'clock this morning, a box car loaded with cotton was discovered to be on fire. The train men side-tracked the car and tried to extinguish the flames. The car was rapidly consumed, and in the ruins were found the charred remains of four tramps, who had evidently secreted themselves among the cotton bales while the car was in the yard at Memphis.

A Sad Epidemic of Insanity.

Grafton, Va., Jan. 17.—A sad outbreak of insanity is reported from Whitchurch, this county. Washington Lake has five grown daughters. This key was afterwards found at the place of the death struggle, and fully identified as the property of Cluverius. The trial was begun in the Hastings Court, before Judge Atkins on May 5th, 1885, and on June 4th following Cluverius was found guilty, the jury being out only 10 minutes. What weighed most with the jury was that Cluverius swore he had not seen the girl since September. Every effort was made to save Cluverius' life, and every resource known to the law was invoked to delay his execution. He was sentenced to be hung a month ago, but Governor Lee granted a reprieve until next Friday. Cluverius was a collateral descendant of President Tyler, and his victim a collateral descendant of President Madison. The public is divided as to the justice of the execution. The large majority think him guilty; a smaller, but more determined minority consider his execution a legal murder. The probability is that the real truth will never be known.

THEIR EYES THIS WAY.

A New York agricultural paper says: "We may turn our attention to the South. What Henry A. Wise said in Virginia in the old days—that the negroes skinned the land and the white men skinned the niggers," has ceased to be true, and a campaign is at hand, the loyal republican depicts the depravity of the seceders, the loyalty of the republicans, this even 22 years after General Grant returned to General Lee his sword. Southern outrages are brought forward again—the lies about Confederate flags in a procession of Virginia democrats is revived, etc.

STATE ITEMS.

The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds ordered a favorable report on the Senate amendment to the bill making an appropriation of \$100,000 for public buildings at Charlotte.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Additional Reward for Bingham... Bills of Importance Introduced.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 17.—In the Senate today a resolution was passed raising a joint committee on labor. It is to be composed of five members of the House and three of the Senate. Shober, Wilson and Lockey were appointed to constitute the Senate branch. The duties of the committee will be to take into consideration the condition of the laboring classes, and devise such means as may be necessary for their further relief and protection.

President Stedman announced

the committee on insane asylums,

with Kerr as chairman.

House bills were introduced to amend the charter of the town of Davidson College.

To amend the public school law in numerous and important particulars.

To confine the sale of intoxicating liquors to incorporated cities and towns.

To allow the Governor to appoint some attorney judge probate, in case of the sickness of judges.

The House adopted a resolution to offer \$300 additional reward for Walter Bingham, making \$700 in all.

A bill was passed making it a misdemeanor to secrete anything upon which there is a lien.

A bill which has existed some time passed its final reading. It is to allow the people of Buncombe county to vote on the question of the stock law, and virtually repeals the stock law for that county passed by the last legislature.

A bill was passed making it a misdemeanor to secrete anything upon which there is a lien.

The above property will be sold on the following terms—The third cash sum in six months, and the balance in twelve months. Bonds bearing interest at 8 per cent and due in half until last payment is made. Persons desiring to pay all cash can have a discount on the deferred payments.

The above property consists of the following:

On Jan. 10th, 1886, I sold to J. S. McDonald, Jas. R. Crawford, Mrs. D. M. and others. On

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