

# NORTH CAROLINA HERALD.

DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTERESTS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Vol. III.—No. 12.

Salisbury, N. C., Wednesday, December 21, 1887.

Whole No. 116.

**LOOK OUT!**  
Compare this with your purchases



As you value health, perhaps life, examine each package and be sure you get the Genuine. See the red Z Trade-Mark and the full name on front of wrapper and on the side the seal and signature of J. C. Zeller & Co., as in the illustration. Remember there is no other genuine Zeller's Liver Regulator.

**Wallace's Store!**

New Fall and Winter Stock Just Bought.

and I am daily receiving the most complete stock I have ever offered in this market. My line of Domestic Dry Goods, Flannels, Cloaks, Shaws, Blankets, will be complete by October 15th.

**CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!!**

This line—Overcoats, Pants, Men's and Boy's Suits, will be sold at such low prices as to astonish you. My line of

**SHOES**

are of such make, that those who have tried me, are aware that they have given them entire satisfaction.

A large stock of Men's, Boy's and Children's

**HATS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,**

and a full line of furnishing goods. A full and complete stock of

**Wooden Ware, Groceries, Crockery.**

My stock is too large to enumerate everything, so come and see for yourself.

**MY WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT**

is complete. I flatter myself that my experience of 20 years enables me to know your wants. I have the largest stock I ever had, and I bought for spot cash. You will find it to your interest to call on me before buying elsewhere. All kinds of

**Country Produce**

bought for cash or barter.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past, I am,

**V. WALLACE.**

**NEW FURNITURE!**

**MATTRESSES**

OF ALL KINDS AT

**R. M. DAVIS'**

**Furniture Rooms**

ON INNIS STREET.

**CASKETS, COFFINS, BURIAL ROBES, AT**

**R. M. DAVIS'**

**Undertaking Rooms,**

OPENING ON INNIS ST.

Mattresses of all kind made to order. Old Mattresses Repaired. Upholstering done.

Furniture repaired and Cabinet work done to order.

**P. H. Thompson**

**THE SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MAN,**

**THE FOUNDRY MAN,**

**The Cheapest Engine Man**

Furnishes steam fitters with all needed supplies cheaper than the cheapest. Is prepared to estimate on all plain and fancy woodwork. In fact can supply you with any thing you may want from a foot-jack to a Locomotive. Come and see him and if you can't come, send a "hand" or write. Repairing steam engines, tobacco mill and mining machinery a specialty.

**The Way to Improve the Public Health Along Our Creeks.**

To the Editor of the Herald:  
Will you please publish as a matter of interest to many of your readers, the concluding paragraphs of the last monthly report made by the Superintendent of Health to the Board of County Commissioners. After speaking of the condition of the jail and poorhouse, and their inmates, he closes his report by calling the attention of the Board to the desirability of promoting the health of citizens living near the sluggish streams, of which there are so many in our county. The Legislature of 1885 passed an Act, under which the streams of the county may be cleaned, if the parties owning the lands along the streams will apply to the County Commissioners for the appointment of Stream Commissioners. These Stream Commissioners will appoint overseers whose duty it is with the force provided for them, to work not less than four days nor more than 24 days in a year in cleaning, straightening and otherwise improving the condition of the streams under their charge. Thus every stream in the county may be cleaned, the health of the county improved, and thousands of acres of the best land in the county brought into cultivation by a faithful execution of this Act.

T. J. SUMNER,  
Ch'm Co. Commissioners.

The report is as follows:  
"Another matter to which I desire to direct your attention is the means of preventing disease along our watercourses and low lands. Many of these streams are much obstructed by logs and drift-wood which have remained for years half covered with brush, leaves, mud, &c.—the decay of so much vegetable matter producing malaria and germs of disease and poisoning the people along their banks. And it is sad to think that no efforts to clean out the channels of these creeks have been made, and thus a remedy even in part these great evils, except in one particular instance. You will remember that last spring, at your April session, Dr. W. E. Crump, of South River, came before the Board to ask that something be done by you in the way of cleaning out and improving the sanitary condition of Deal's creek: stating that a deadly epidemic of pneumonia was prevailing along the banks of that stream, and that almost every case attacked succumbed to the fatal poison—that he had called some of the physicians of Salisbury to see some of his cases and after consulting together and seeing the condition of the bottoms along that creek, obstructed with logs and decaying vegetable matter, the conclusion was reached that here was the cause of this terrible malady. Failing to get aid from the county, the citizens in that section, however, took the matter in hand and went to work themselves and did the best they could. The work done of course was not perfect. But here comes the fact, I would like every thinking man in Rowan, and you the Guardians of our interests in particular to consider. Only a few days when speaking to Dr. Crump of the improvement made by the citizens in the condition of Deal's creek, he assured me that their work put a stop to the epidemic promptly, that since then there had been very little disease in that locality, and not one tenth as many cases of malarial disease, as in former years. This is the fact I wish to bring forcibly to your consideration—and to urge you, if possible, to devise some means by which other communities may be benefited by like measures. The preservation of health is a great boon to any people. The suffering, and loss of time occasioned by sickness that might be prevented, entails untold evils on those who make no effort to ameliorate their condition. Efforts to improve the sanitary conditions of our homes bring health and comfort to our families, save time and expense, and produce happiness and thrift. The Commissioners of the county would do well to call attention to this matter; and you citizens of Rowan dwelling in malarial districts, consider well this fact in relation to Deal's Creek."  
J. J. SCHMEDELL,  
Supt. Health for Rowan Co.

On Monday Dec. 5, the U. S. Supreme Court rendered a decision in the Kansas Case, which is squarely in favor of the Prohibitionists on every point. It declares that the owners of distilleries and breweries which are rendered worthless, or much impaired in value by prohibition, are not entitled to any compensation and cannot recover it.

On the 29th ult., an old fashioned iron teakettle was found by John Shenfield on his father's farm in North Lima, nine miles from Mount Pleasant, O., filled to the brim with gold coin. Upon counting it the amount was nearly \$4000. Mr. Shenfield states that his father buried the money before the war and died without telling any one where he had put it.

Pat Brewer, Frank Kirby and Jessie Harris, the negroes convicted of murdering young Frenzo, the Chapel Hill student, and sentenced, the former to ten years and the other to five years in the penitentiary, appealed to the Supreme Court. That Court having found no error in the proceedings of the lower Court, they have been put in the penitentiary.

**High Tariff Makes Low Wages.**

It is too, too horrible, this proposition of the President to make wool duty free. And yet we ask workmen who read the Herald to look at some extracts from letters of woolen manufacturers, which our Washington correspondent sends us this morning. They will discover, if they read with care, that the duty on wool necessarily forces down the wages of workmen and workwomen in woolen mills; that it hampers their industry, prevents its extension and makes it unprosperous—all of which means low wages and uncertain employment to the operatives.

Mr. Alfred Dolge, of New York, manufacturer of piano felts declares that with the present wool duties he must either close his factory and throw his work people out of employment or reduce wages. Mr. Alfred C. Potts, a woolen manufacturer of Philadelphia, declares that the wool tariff and other tariff discriminations force him to employ twice as much capital as he would need under free wool; and any workman knows that under this condition the wage fund is lessened and wages must be low.

The Home Woolen Mills of Hartford, Conn., declare that the wool duty prevents the manufacture of the better class of woolen goods in this country or makes it unprofitable. But every workman knows that the best wages are earned in making the highest quality of goods, and thus the wool tariff discriminations against American workmen again. Mr. George Bullock, president of the Cunebohocken Woolen Mills in Pennsylvania, declares his belief that free wool and free raw materials "would more fully protect labor from ruinous reductions."

High tariff on raw materials makes low wages. That is the plain truth which American working men and working women ought to grasp. If an American manufacturer must pay heavy duties on the raw materials, and therefore pay a high price for them, he cannot pay high wages at the same time. The tariff which discriminates against him discriminates still more heavily against his workmen. His working capital is divided between what he must pay for raw material—wool and dyes, let us say—and what he must pay for labor. If he gets his raw material cheap he can pay his workmen good wages. If he must pay a needlessly high price for his raw materials there is less left for the workmen.

High duties on raw materials make low wages. That is a truth which American workmen should ponder and discuss in their meetings and in their shops. With free raw materials, moreover, our commerce will be rapidly extended. Senator Everts once in a lucid moment told a Philadelphia audience, "If you want to sell abroad your wool our manufacturers can buy duty free will be paid for in Australia, at the Cape of Good Hope or in South America with American made goods; and thus, while a larger share will go the wages of the woolen workmen, other workmen in hundreds of branches will be benefited by the resulting demand for other American products in foreign countries."

**Foreign Immigration.**

We are told that during the ten months ending with October 31, 1887, 699 foreigners were transported to our country. During the last month 43,699 were transported. If these immigrants possessed such elements as led us to expect to see them developed into good citizens, and also, such capital as would enable them to engage in some vocation to add to their own and our country's wealth, we might be better satisfied with their coming. It is an undeniable fact that the foreigners who are migrating to our shores are, to a large extent, the filth and offscouring of Europe. We have laws intended to intercept the incoming of the pauper fugitives of foreign lands, but they are apparently poorly enforced. Our Legislators in Congress, and the Legislatures of many Northern States, are seemingly afraid of affording the needed relief. It is evident that the opening of our doors to an influx of the promiscuous hosts of vagabonds, paupers and criminals like Most, is to admit an army of enemies to our government and prosperity, as truly as were the Goths and Vandals to ancient Rome. The better class of truly Americanized and virtuous foreigners would, we believe, endorse such legislative restrictions in the matter as would furnish needed relief. Something must be done.

Wilmington Messenger: The widow of the late Bishop Atkinson is dead. Yesterday afternoon a telegram was received announcing her serious illness at the residence of her son, Dr. Robert Atkinson, in Baltimore. A later dispatch brought the tidings of her death.

**Kaolin.**

The Raleigh correspondent of the Petersburg (Va.) Index-Appeal, in a late letter says:—"The vast deposits of kaolin in Macon, Jackson and other western counties is beginning to attract a great deal of attention throughout the country and the commissioner of immigration is overwhelmed with letters as to locality and quality of the ore. Some of the finest specimens have been sent to New Jersey at the solicitation of capitalists and pronounced splendid. Mrs. Jarvis, wife of ex-Governor Jarvis, has a tea set made of North Carolina kaolin which cannot be told except by an expert, from the finest china. Several propositions have already been made for the section named and such an industry will no doubt soon be located."

The quantity and quality of the kaolin found in Jackson county ranges from the indifferent to the finest and most plastic in use, and is sufficient to supply a large manufactory, for an indefinite time—in fact it is inexhaustible. A pottery for the manufactory of china or stone ware at Sylva or Asheville would open up a market for this clay and start an industry which would not only give regular employment to a large number of people, but create a business that would be highly remunerative to all connected with it. We hope to have this thing talked up right away and see it inaugurated as soon as possible. There are millions in it, and earnest work will get it out.

Away with the "bloody shirt!" There is still too much effort to keep alive sectional hatred in this grand country of ours. There are men and politicians who seem to regard it treasonable for our Southern States to honor those who were their leaders during the war, either living or dead. But our friends of the South would not be men if they did not esteem their old leaders. The war is long since past; both sides believed they were right in that conflict; the South was convicted of its error by force of arms, and history does not record an instance in which a conquered people have more cheerfully accepted the arbitration of war. To-day the United States has really no North, no South, no East, no West, so intimate is the relationship existing between the industry, commerce and agriculture of the various sections. Let us keep our faces to the front and unitedly work together to fulfill the destiny which lies before American citizenship. Let us be good citizens rather than bad politicians. These remarks are inspired not so much by recent political events as by a report of the exercises at the unveiling in Richmond of a statue to the late Gen. Lee—a Christian hero, whose memory is treasured by all who knew him, irrespective of sectional or party lines.—Farm and Home (Mass.).

**Superstitious Negroes Lynch a Man.**

The body of Andrew Edwards, colored, seventy years of age, was discovered a day or two ago suspended from the limb of a tree a few miles from Minden, Ala. The matter has been investigated, and all the information obtained warrants the assertion that Edwards was lynched by men of his own color and without the slightest cause other than superstition. The old man was considered a "voodoo," and on this flimsy pretext his life was taken. Three or more young negro men are suspected of the crime. Edwards was esteemed by all the white people of this section.—Exchange.

These negroes have about reached that degree of civilization they had in Massachusetts when they burned witches.—EDS. HERALD.

**Marriage in Winston.**

The most brilliant marriage of the season in Winston, took place last Wednesday evening at six o'clock, in St. Paul's Church, on Fourth street, Rev. H. O. Lacy officiating. Dr. D. N. Dalton and Miss Louise W. Biting were the contracting parties. The following is a list of the waiters: Mr. J. S. Grogan and Miss Percy Joyce; Mr. John Bynum and Miss Lelia Biting; Mr. W. N. Reynolds and Miss Katie Biting; Mr. H. W. Biting and Miss Mollie Murphy; Mr. R. L. Crawford and Miss Nettie Reid; Mr. W. C. Brown and Miss Mamie Perkins; Mr. E. T. Ward and Miss Mattie Vaughn; Mr. C. D. Ogburn and Miss Willie A. Brown. Ushers, W. E. Williamson and H. H. Reynolds. There was a reception held at the residence of the bride's father, Col. J. A. Biting, from four to six o'clock. The happy couple left on the 7:40 train for an extended tour north.

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**RESTRICT IMMIGRATION.**

Mr. Morrill has introduced a bill into the Senate to restrict immigration. The following words of the late Richard Grant White express forcibly why it should be restricted:—"Walk down Broadway, and read the signs as you go. You will find four or five foreign names for every one that is American; and four-fifths of the foreign names are German or Hebrew. I scarcely recognize any more the city of my childhood and youth, with its quaint and distinctly American features and its Dutch cleanliness and simplicity. Now New York is the third German city in the world; it is probably the largest Irish city; and it is an Italian, a Bohemian, a Scandinavian, and a French city of no mean importance. Now, what I object to in these people is not that they come here to make a living, but that they remain German, Irish, Italian, French and Scandinavian; and instead of becoming Americanized, try, as far as they are able, to Germanize, Hebraize, Gallizee."

**Our Government Finances.**

The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, which has been made public, shows that the total receipts of the Treasury for the last fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, were \$371,498,277.66. The aggregate of the ordinary expenses of the government for the same time were \$315,835,423.12. This aggregate of expenses includes the interest on the public debt, \$47,741,577.25, and for the sinking fund, \$47,903,248.15, leaving a surplus of \$85,567,819.54 for the year, which, with an amount drawn from the cash balance in the Treasury of \$24,455,740.46, making \$80,023,570.00.

Some republican organs are trying very hard to criticize President Cleveland's message. They are finding fault because he does not advocate the repeal of the war taxes on tobacco and whiskey. While we are unconditionally in favor of the total abolition of at least the tobacco tax, we would ask these republican faultfinders why these war taxes were not taken off long ago by a republican administration and Congress. Why?



The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapted and thoroughly scientific remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the catarrhical or result of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonies received from nations and continents prove that those who have tested it the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for woman's peculiar ailments. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a powerful invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, worn-out, run-down, debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, shop-girls, housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unexcelled as an appetizing and restorative tonic. As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unexcelled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysterical spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. For morning sickness, or nausea, from whatever cause arising, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use, in small doses, will prove very beneficial. "Favorite Prescription" is a most powerful cathartic, and is especially adapted to the treatment of those cases of leucorrhoea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, uterine obstructions, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, female weakness, anorexia, retroversion, nervous prostration, chronic constipation, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with the usual attendant symptoms. As a regulator and promoter of functional activity, it will give satisfaction in every case of money will be refunded. The composition is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life." "Favorite Prescription" is a most valuable medicine in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and his small cathartic doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder troubles. This combination use also removes blood impurities and dissolves cancerous and scirrhous tumors from the system. "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case of money will be refunded. The composition is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life." "Favorite Prescription" is a most valuable medicine in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and his small cathartic doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder troubles. This combination use also removes blood impurities and dissolves cancerous and scirrhous tumors from the system.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, 602 Main St., BOSTON, U. S. A.

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**HEADQUARTERS**

—AT—

**TWEO. BUEBBAUM'S.**

—101—

**LARGEST STOCK!**

**LOWEST PRICES!**

**BEST GOODS**

—101—

**PICTURES AND PICTURE FRAMES A SPECIALTY.**

**THE GREAT RUSH STILL CONTINUES AT THE**

**DOUBLE STORE OF**

**Klutz & Rendleman**

WE ARE DAILY RECEIVING NEW GOODS, FROM A CART TO A CAR LOAD AT A TIME.

We buy for Spot Cash and in large quantities, and therefore we can and do sell as cheap, and many things cheaper, than any other house in town.

**Best Alamoane Flais 6 Cts. Per Yard,** or as cheap as any one else will sell them.

We buy all kinds of produce, and therefore help you as well as you us. We have the largest Stock of DRY GOODS in town.

We have the largest Stock of SHIRTS in town. We have the largest Stock of COLLARS and TIES in town. We have the largest Stock of NOTIONS in town.

We have the largest Stock of CARPETS and RUGS in town. We have the largest Stock of CHEWING TOBACCO in town. We have the largest Stock of Eatables in town.

Well, we have SHOES and BOOTS for everybody. We have a Thousand USEFUL THINGS at 5c. each. We have lots of TIN WARE at bottom prices.

We have good COFFEE at 25c. Who would drink Rio? We have a big Stock of New Crop New Orleans Molasses and Sugars, very cheap.

We offer the balance of our long CLOAKS and NEW MARKETS at Cost; we want to close them out. We have the best assortment of FANCY FLOUR in town.

Come and see, and get bargains, as we mean what we say, and do not advertise what we cannot do. Yours obedient,

**KLUTZ & RENDLEMAN.**

**WHITLOCK & WRIGHT,**

(Successors to Overman & Holmes)

**MAIN STREET, \* SALISBURY, N. C.**

**THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE**

—IN THE CITY—

**WE CARRY A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF**

**BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.**

Take this special means of inviting you to examine one of the largest and cheapest lines of

**BOOTS AND SHOES**

ever exhibited in Salisbury. We take pleasure in calling your attention to some of our reliable makes of

**LADIES AND MISSES SHOES:**

HAYES, MURRAY & CO., ALLEN & MARVIN, CLEMENT, WIEL & BALL, ZIEGLER, E. P. REED, —Common Sense and Waukenphast.

**FIT PERFECTLY; EASY ON THE FEET; SUPERIOR IN STYLE.**

**Come and See for Yourself, or hear what our CUSTOMERS SAY.**

That our advertisements are truthful! That you will be politely and pleasantly served! That our bargains are real!

—ALSO—

A FULL LINE OF MEN'S HAND AND MACHINE SEWED SHOES. ALL RELIABLE MAKES WARRANTED.

A complete line of Solar Tip and Spring Heel Shoes for children, and a handsome line of INFANT SHOES.

**WHITLOCK & WRIGHT,**

**SALISBURY, N. C.**

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**Sale of Land!**

By virtue of a decree in the Superior Court of Rowan County in the case of Dr. A. Lyette, Adm'r. of Wiley Lyette, dec'd. against Clara Ritchie and others, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Salisbury on Monday, the 13th day of December, 1887, a tract of land adjoining the lands of Houston Gillian, Wm. Rex and Thomas Barber, containing 20 acres. Terms cash. This Nov. 11th, 1887. D. A. LAYMAN, Adm'r.

**J. R. SILLIMAN,**

**CONTRACTOR & BUILDER**

**SALISBURY, - N. C.**

**Residences a Specialty.**

**WRITE FOR PRICES.**

If you want any job work, call at the Herald office; good work, low prices.

Through the month—Low Prices.