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CLEVELAND INTERVIEWED.

He Takes Debate With His Usual Matter Of Factness.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The Post this morning has the following: The President talked quite freely yesterday about the returns and the increased republican vote, but expressed not the slightest regret in the world at any action he had taken during his administration. He is willing to admit that his position on the tariff and the decided stand he took in favor of revenue reduction, may have lost him a good many votes; but he maintains that if it were to do, over again, he would follow the dictates of his convictions.

The bitterest pill the President has to swallow is the partisan action of a number of Republicans whom he kept in office, and who voted and worked against him with all their power. Their departure towards the administration is a source of great disappointment to him.

The President received no telegrams from New York City later than early in the afternoon. From what he has heard, however, he concedes that he is defeated. No man ever took defeat more emphatically. He lays his defeat on no one. Hill and Tammany Hall, he says, treated him perfectly square, and he has no fault to find against them at all.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs an interview had with the President yesterday afternoon. In reply to the question as to what cause he attributed the loss of New York State he said:

"I answer frankly that I do not know. I am not indifferent as to the result. It is not a personal matter. It is not proper to speak of either as my victory or my defeat. It was a contest between two great parties battling for the supremacy of certain well defined principles. One party has won, and the other has lost; that is all there is to it."

"Do you think Mr. President," asked the correspondent, "that Gov. Hill acted in good faith toward you?"

"I have not the slightest doubt of Governor Hill's absolutely good faith and honesty in the canvass. Nothing has ever occurred to interrupt our kindly relations since we ran on the ticket together as governor and lieutenant governor."

"I would like to inquire Mr. President, how Mrs. Cleveland bears your defeat?"

"Oh, she feels about it just as I do. You know the defeat brings its compensations. We shall now have some time to ourselves, and can live more as other folks do."

"Shall you continue your residence at Oakview or return to Buffalo?"

"I haven't given that subject a thought; nor shall I for the present. There is no hurry about it. My future movements are as yet wholly unsettled."

Harrison's Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The Post this morning speculating on the possibilities after March 4, says: First of all, it may be regarded as an absolute fact that Gov. Russell A. Alger, of Michigan will be Secretary of War. This was arranged at Chicago, and the compact holds good. In the second place, John C. New, of Indiana, will probably be Secretary of the Treasury.

At the beginning of the campaign he informed Gen. Harrison that he should ask the position as a reward for his services in standing by him at Chicago.

The Post says also that the knowing ones have settled on Jas. G. Blaine for Secretary of State. Nathan Goff, of West Virginia, or Senator Frye, of Maine, for Secretary of the Navy; S. F. Michener, of Indianapolis, for Attorney-General, and Warner Miller, of New York, for Secretary of the Interior.

If Senator Frye should go into the Cabinet, it would leave a place in the Senate for Mr. Blaine, whose friends say he would prefer a Senatorship to anything but the Presidency.

George H. Forrester, president of the New York board of aldermen, died of pneumonia yesterday.

ELECTION RETURNS.

BRIEFED TO SAVE SPACE BUT ALL IMPORTANT FACTS GIVEN.

The Republicans in Colorado will have a majority of thirteen in the Senate and twenty-nine in the House. Harrison carries the State. The Democrats have a majority of three on joint ballot in the California legislature. The State is conceded to be Republican. Harrison's plurality in Wisconsin is figured to be between 16,000 and 20,000.

The Democrats carry Arkansas, but in the 1st and 2nd Congressional Districts their returns are so close as to require official count.

Michigan gives Harrison about 20,000 plurality.

John Baker who defeated Horizontal Bill Morrison, is defeated himself by a Democrat, by 59 majority.

Harrison's plurality in Iowa is now estimated to be 30,000.

Indiana is conceded to Harrison by 3,000 to 5,000.

The Democrats have a majority of five on joint ballot in New Jersey legislature.

The Delaware legislature is in doubt, but chances in favor of the Republicans. Two Senators are to be chosen this winter to succeed Gray and Salisbury, Democrats.

The returns from all the counties in Illinois on the vote for President and Governor, indicate that General Harrison has carried the State by over 21,000 plurality, while "Private" Pifer, Republican, for Governor, has run ahead of Palmer 13,000 votes.

West Virginia is claimed by the Republicans by a plurality of 2,700. The Congressional delegation is solidly Republican.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 8.—Complete returns from the fifth Congressional district show that Sydney E. Madd, republican, is elected to Congress over Barents Compton Democrat, by 23 plurality. This makes three Congressmen elected by the Republicans, a Republican gain of two members. The Maryland delegation in the 51st Congress will be equally divided between Democrats and Republicans.

In a Hurry to Don Official Robes.

The colored man is already casting about for an office under the Harrison administration, the only trouble being that they don't know exactly what office they would prefer to have. Bright and early yesterday morning, a darkey went to Dr. John H. McAden and asked for his advice, but the doctor told him to stick to the cotton fields a little bit longer, dismissing him with a quotation which he assured him was to be found in the Bible, that

Aught's an aught
Figger's a figger
Office for the white man
But none for the nigger.

Five Men Killed in a Kentucky Political Row.

LIVINGSTON Ky., Nov. 8.—A political quarrel here yesterday resulted in the killing of five men. The fighting was started by champion Mullins and John Martin, who commenced firing at each other. The friends of each joined in the shooting, which was kept up for fifteen minutes. It was then found that the following named persons have been killed.

Samuel Ward, a member of the Kentucky Legislature; John Clifford, agent of the J. & N. R. R.; John Martin, government storekeeper; Frank Stewart, a Kentucky Central railroad employe, and Champion Mullins.

J. Sambook, a merchant, was badly wounded, and he may die.

Breee Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Head-ache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an instant and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alternative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at Theo. F. Klutz & Co.'s Drug Store.

DEPLACING NEGRO LABOR.

Germans Working on the Louisiana Plantations.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 6.—A dispatch from New Orleans to the News and Courier says: Some remarkable change in the labor system of Louisiana are taking place. Agent Becker, of the German Society, states that he had, during October, sent over a thousand German laborers to the sugar plantations. All these have been sent to the upper coast, the work of Lafourche and the Teche being on the lower coast, on what is called the Orange Belt, begins fully a month later. Mr. Kernocham, has however already relieved twenty five and Governor Warmoth forty, who are asked for to plant cane. In about a week the forwarding of laborers will begin for that section, where several hundred more will be required, which Mr. Becker expects to be able to supply. Governor Warmoth alone will hire more than one hundred.

The agent's observations show that German labor is steadily growing in favor as well as importance both in the cultivation and manufacture of sugar, and will soon prove a formidable competitor to negro labor, as greatly superior in efficiency and reliability. The decay of the negro plantation labor is marked. In 1868 nine tenths of the plantation hands were colored; in 1878 eight tenths, this year the figure is reduced to seven tenths with a prospect of a much more rapid reduction in the next few years. The secret of success in sugar raising is shown to be in small farms and white labor. As a rule the few settlers coming here from New England and the West of which several hundred families have come in the past two years, will not employ negroes as field hands at all. One white man in the field is worth two negroes. Meantime the negroes have almost monopolized the freight handling business of the cities and landings. As steamboat rousters they are always in demand at from \$50 to \$70 per month and sauce on their puddling, so there is no fear that they will starve.

The bill in equity sets forth that the plaintiffs are stockholders in certain specified amounts as common and second preferred stock and have been for some time.

The next paragraph says that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company is a corporation of the States of Tennessee and Georgia, and owns the property and franchises of the company of that name created in 1869 by consolidating the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad Company and the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad Company, corporations of the State of Tennessee, and that since this consolidation it purchased the Cincinnati and Georgia and Macon and Brunswick roads Georgia corporations. The lines and their arrangements for traffic are then described in detail.

Silk Threads in Bank Notes.

The paper on which bank notes are printed is called "distinctive paper," being used exclusively by the government for the printing of bonds and current notes. The mills where it is manufactured are at Glen Falls, West Chester county, Pa. An agent of the Treasury Department receives the paper direct from the hands of the manufacturer and every precaution is observed in order to prevent any loss. Short scraps of red silk are mixed with the liquid pulp in an engine. The finished material is conducted to a wire cloth without passing through any screens, which might retain the silken threads.

An arrangement above the wire cloth scatters a shower of fine scraps of blue silk thread, which falls upon the paper while it is being formed. The side on which the blue silk is deposited is used for the back of the notes, and the threads are so deeply imbedded as to remain permanently fixed. Each sheet is registered as soon as it is made.

The Drinks that kill.

Dr. E. C. Spitzka in the September Forum.

It is certain that for one inebriate who has become such through the use of beer, ale, or porter, there are three who have become such through the use of wine, and five hundred who owe the disease to brandy, rum, whiskey and gin. Indeed it is an exception to find any person committed to the work house for habitual drunkenness who is not an indulger in one of the four last named articles. I cannot recall a single case of alcoholic insanity due to the abuse of malt liquor alone, and very few which were due to wine as compared with those attributable to spirituous liquors.

My Little Girl

Had a dreadful and a very alarming cough, that at one time after trying every prescription we feared from her not receiving any benefit that serious results would follow. I was advised to try Taylor's Cherry Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein. A permanent cure was the result.

Life of a Child.

Mr. W. L. Fain, a large commission merchant, says he owes the life of his child to Dr. Bigger's Huckleberry Cordial. It always gradually checks the bowels, and does not constipate, as many do.

OBJECTING TO THE LEASE

The Suit Over the Lease of the Terminal and E. T. Va. & Ga.

A bill in equity has been filed before the Court of Chancery in Knoxville, Tenn., against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company, and the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company; and the directors of both companies by name, to prevent the consummation of the lease of the former road to the latter under the terms recently agreed upon by the directors of the two companies. The suit is brought by Nicholas Thouton, a well known and respectable banker of this city and a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange as a common stockholder in the East Tennessee Company. With him are associated Chas. Sligo de Pathonier, Frederick J. Burt and William J. Barr, holders of common and second preferred stock of the same company.

The counsel of the plaintiffs are Samuel Dickson, of the city, Mr. DaCosta, of Sward, Dacasta & Guthrie, of New York, and Dickinson and Frazier, of Nashville, Tenn.

The bill in equity was filed with Chancellor Gibson of the Tennessee court of Chancery in Knoxville, by Mr. Dickinson, who appeared and asked for appointment of a day for hearing an application for an injunction against the proposed lease and for the appointment of a receiver for the East Tennessee Company. Chancellor Gibson appointed November 16 for hearing the motions.

The bill in equity sets forth that the plaintiffs are stockholders in certain specified amounts as common and second preferred stock and have been for some time.

The next paragraph says that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company is a corporation of the States of Tennessee and Georgia, and owns the property and franchises of the company of that name created in 1869 by consolidating the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad Company and the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad Company, corporations of the State of Tennessee, and that since this consolidation it purchased the Cincinnati and Georgia and Macon and Brunswick roads Georgia corporations. The lines and their arrangements for traffic are then described in detail.

Preached Four Hours.

Wilmington Review.

It is said that the longest sermon ever preached in this city was delivered some years ago in the Second Baptist church, by a blind preacher whose name our informant had forgotten. The services began at half past seven and the sermon was begun a little after eight. For four solid hours the preacher held forth until finally human nature—in the congregation—gave way and first one and then the other rose softly and left the sacred edifice. It was not until the church had been almost entirely depleted that the preacher became aware of the fact that his congregation had deserted him and then he suddenly closed his long sermon.

Saving.

A man is very apt to deceive himself into an idea that he cannot save and that it is no use attempting it. He convinces himself that his income is little enough for present necessities and puts off the hope of accumulation, if he informs it all, to that happy period when he shall be in somewhat better circumstances. His circumstances do, perhaps, improve; but his wants have extended as much and still the time for saving is far ahead.

Thus he goes on and on, resolving and resolving, until he is at last surprised by some sudden calamity which deprives him even of his ordinary earnings, or by death, which cruelly cuts him off in the midst of the very best intentions in the world.

Official Vote of North Carolina in 1884.

FIRST DISTRICT.	Cleveland.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.
Beaufort	1,995	1,713	2,016	1,681
Camden	706	571	699	564
Carteret	1,146	612	1,171	397
Chowan	699	829	704	811
Currituck	983	425	978	413
Dare	255	291	244	286
Gates	1,146	737	1,183	704
Hertford	1,112	1,327	1,129	1,305
Hyde	881	671	867	677
Martin	1,564	1,250	1,570	1,238
Pamlico	757	699	748	603
Pasquotank	894	1,235	898	1,239
Perquimans	769	892	777	977
Pitt	2,428	2,283	2,436	2,285
Tyrrell	504	340	488	335
Washington	638	1,085	648	1,072
Total	16,516	14,980	16,562	14,785

SECOND DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Bertie	1,545	1,914	1,614	1,833
Craven	1,330	2,539	1,338	2,525
Fayette	1,685	3,293	1,695	3,216
Greene	1,042	1,007	1,046	1,094
Halifax	2,424	4,021	2,264	3,786
Jones	754	747	746	755
Lenoir	1,609	1,408	1,620	1,399
Northampton	1,731	2,384	1,733	2,351
Vance	1,143	1,633	1,155	1,612
Warren	1,145	2,141	1,146	2,142
Wilson	2,141	1,502	2,135	1,493
Total	16,549	23,679	16,492	23,296

THIRD DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Bladen	1,410	1,532	1,426	1,511
Cumberland	2,469	3,192	2,479	2,159
Duplin	2,247	1,181	2,239	1,174
Harnett	1,254	744	1,254	727
Moore	1,769	1,468	1,797	1,426
Onslow	1,292	504	1,284	472
Pender	1,207	1,246	1,215	1,240
Sampson	2,551	1,591	2,525	1,536
Wayne	2,744	2,542	2,796	2,500
Total	16,943	13,000	17,015	12,745

FOURTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Alamance	1,607	1,259	1,629	1,245
Chatham	2,451	1,718	2,481	1,671
Durham	1,575	1,193	1,576	1,196
Franklin	2,121	1,997	2,130	1,987
Johnston	2,805	1,831	2,801	1,826
Nash	1,845	1,556	1,837	1,528
Orange	1,668	1,064	1,670	1,051
Wake	4,750	4,291	4,772	4,278
Total	18,822	14,909	18,896	14,782

FIFTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Gaswell	1,548	1,615	1,550	1,603
Forsyth	2,060	1,941	2,101	1,877
Granville	2,184	2,110	2,199	2,087
Guilford	2,422	2,262	2,491	2,208
Person	1,485	1,095	1,490	1,082
Rockingham	2,524	1,647	2,443	1,577
Stokes	1,341	1,049	1,334	1,029
Surry	1,402	1,413	1,271	1,433
Total	14,966	13,132	14,979	12,896

SIXTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Anson	1,865	1,090	1,896	1,084
Brunswick	923	936	921	926
Cabarrus	1,893	990	1,903	953
Columbus	867	948	867	923
Moham's	3,666	3,101	3,727	3,040
Northampton	1,745	2,894	1,751	2,879
Richmond	1,946	1,705	1,958	1,675
Robeson	2,503	2,278	2,361	2,207
Stanly	1,115	789	1,100	614
Union	1,846	627	1,838	620
Total	19,374	15,168	19,322	14,921

SEVENTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Catawba	2,307	662	2,303	650
Davidson	1,900	2,007	1,954	2,072
Davie	1,058	1,104	1,067	1,107
Iredell	2,644	1,736	2,679	1,708
Mg'm'y	891	950	901	926
Randolph	1,968	1,890	2,044	1,828
Rowan	2,642	1,372	2,636	1,372
Yadkin	968	1,240	950	1,241
Total	14,378	11,051	14,534	10,904

EIGHTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
Alex.	938	359	943	351
Alleghany	624	355	595	403
Ashe	1,245	1,192	1,219	1,187
Burke	1,273	973	1,278	995
Caldwell	1,257	426	1,251	420
Cleveland	2,042	616	2,030	612
Gaston	1,356	978	1,385	934
Lincoln	1,171	759	1,162	753
Watauga	763	635	759	624
Wilkes	1,341	2,028	1,301	1,937
Total	12,010	8,321	11,923	8,216

NINTH DISTRICT.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.	
B'combe	2,649	2,007	2,685	1,911
Cherokee	517	678	505	549
Clay	359	210	352	207
Granham	276	141	268	137
Haywood	181	765	1,184	744
Henderson	779	995	783	977
Jackson	722	363	713	345
McDowell	949	651	951	638
Macon	706	538	708	493
Madison	1,065	1,435	1,087	1,438
Mitchell	575	1,142	635	1,148
Polk	443	490	446	481
Rutherford	1,506	1,263	1,517	1,232
Swain	481	167	494	155
Sylvania	452	330	459	323
Yancey	743	658	740	662
Total	142,952	125,068	143,249	123,010

Henderson's Vote in 1884-'86.

Year.	Henderson.	Blaine.	Seas.	York.
1884.	3,256	661	1,566	66
1885.	1,918	2,060	1,832	473
1886.	1,038	1,108	797	20
Total.	6,212	3,829	4,195	569

Responsible for Injuries to Free Passengers.

In the Court of Appeals of Missouri Judge Ramsey affirmed the judgement in the case of Leona Bryan vs. the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, awarding the plaintiff damages for injuries sustained on that road while riding on a pass. One of the conditions of the pass was that the people using