

# The Alexander County Journal.

Vol. H. No. 36.

TAYLORSVILLE, ALEXANDER COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1887.

\$1 PER YEAR.

## LOCAL DIRECTORY.

### CHURCHES.

**PRESBYTERIAN**.—Rev. A. W. White, pastor. Preaching every second and fourth Sunday, at 11 a.m. and at night. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday night. Sunday school every Sunday at 9 a.m., A. C. McIntosh superintendent.

**METHODIST**.—Rev. C. A. Gault, pastor. Preaching every third Sunday, at 11 a.m. and at night; every fifth Sunday at 11 a.m. and at night; every first Sunday at night. Sunday School every Sunday at 3 p.m.; W. T. Nelson superintendent.

**BAPTIST**.—Rev. J. B. Marsh, pastor. Preaching every Saturday before the first Sunday at 7:30 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on first Sunday.

### SOCIETY MEETINGS.

A. F. & A. M.—Lee Lodge No. 253 meets the first Saturday of each month, at 1 o'clock p.m.

### COUNTY OFFICERS.

R. M. Sharpe, Sheriff; J. T. McIntosh, C.S.C.; J. M. Oxford, R. of D.; C. J. Carson, Treasurer; J. B. Pool, W. R. Sloan, V. W. Teague, Commissioners; A. C. McIntosh, A. T. Marsh, W. W. Teague, Board of Education; J. J. Hendren, School Superintendent; Z. P. Deal, Coroner.

### CORPORATION OFFICERS.

A. A. Hill, Mayor; W. B. Matheson, E. L. Hedrick, J. M. Matheson, Commissioners; E. L. Hedrick, Town Clerk.

### THE MAILS.

Statesville and Wilkesboro, daily. Matter for either of these mails should be in the office by 12 m.

Lenoir—Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays at 1 p.m. and arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 8 p.m.

Newton—Arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12 m. and leaves same days at 1 p.m.

Boomer—Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 m. and leaves same days at 1 p.m.

Bentley—Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays at 12 m. and leaves same days at 1 p.m.

Hamptonville—Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p.m. and leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a.m.

Reek Cut—Leaves Fridays at 8 a.m. and arrives Saturdays at 4 p.m.

Brushy Mountain—Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 m. and leaves same days at 1 p.m.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**KRASTUS R. JONES,** Attorney-at-Law. Practices in the courts of Alexander, Catawba, Caldwell, Iredell and Wilkes. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims and all other business entrusted to him.

### HOTELS.

## ALL-HEALING SPRING, ALEXANDER COUNTY, N. C.

This famous Medical Spring is now greatly improved and fitted up for a Health Resort and Pleasure Retreat. And the invalid will here find rest, quiet and health. The water from this Spring is

**NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY** for all diseases resulting from impurities of the blood, such as Cancer, Rheumatism, Asthma, Liver and Kidney disease, Dyspepsia, Blood and Skin diseases, Secondary Syphilis, &c. Hundreds of testimonials can be had of the curative properties of the water. The Spring is easy of access, as conveyance can be had at any surrounding railway station.

TERMS:—Board \$1 per day for a less time than a month (25 days to count as a month); \$20 per month. Special arrangements and terms for families. The best of attention given to guests.

Water will be shipped to anyone desiring it at 10c per gallon, vessel and carriage extra.

The following is an analysis of this water as made by State Chemist Dabney: Total mineral matter in solution and suspension, 14.60 grains per Imperial gallon, consisting of  
Silica—Very large amount.  
Carbonate of Iron—Little.  
Carbonate of Lime—Some.  
Sulphate of Lime—Small amount.  
Chloride of Soda—Small amount.  
Chloride of Potash—Small amount.  
Send for circular.

I. R. WILBAR, Prop'r, Ellendale P.O., Alexander Co.

## PATENTS,

### CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS

obtained and all other business in the U. S. Patent office attended to for moderate fees. Our office is opposite the Patent office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model or drawing; we advise as to patentability free of charge; and we make no charge unless we obtain patent.

We refer here to the Postmaster, Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent office.

For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own State or county, write to  
C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C.

Oppo. Patent Office.

**SPECIAL NOTICE**.—IF YOU DESIRE anything in the Millinery line, call on Mrs. A. W. SOWER. No extra charge for trimming hats.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL.

## Handling California Wheat.

In no country in the world can wheat be handled as cheaply as in California. During the harvest season there is no possibility of rain, and the wheat is put into burlap bags and stacked up in field until the farmer is ready to ship. When sent to San Francisco it lies on the wharf until a ship is ready to take it on board. No shelter is needed, and there are no elevator charges, the bags being placed on board ship just as they come from the fields. In addition to the profit resulting from cheap handling, the owner has his profits considerably increased by the grain weight made on the voyage to Liverpool. When the wheat leaves California it is dry as tinder, and in exactly the condition to absorb the moisture of the sea air; and, consequently, on its arrival in England a cargo of wheat will be heavier by many thousand pounds than when it left California. Wheat is never shipped in bulk, but always in bags, as when loaded in bulk it is about the most dangerous cargo a ship can carry. No matter how lightly it may be packed at first, it settles considerably within a short time, and then it is very liable to shift. When shifting takes place a ship is as good as lost, as the change in the center of gravity throws her on her beam ends, and she is near certain to go to the bottom in the first moderate gale. Many ships were lost in this way, and now the shipment of grain in bulk is prohibited by law.

### Men of Genius.

So far from being narrow the man of genius must, one should say, be broad in the range of his conception, and if not in that, of his execution. There is a sense, indeed, in which every artist would be the gainer by becoming universal. Thus the poet and the painter may each profit from a full and exact study of the facts of natural science. But then the artistic benefit depends on the subject being studied not as a savant would study it, merely for the sake of precise knowledge, but of a the of the esthetic or pictorial aspects, relations and suggestions which the facts presents. So true is this that one is hardly going too far in laying it down as a canon that a painter ought not to be an authority in the realm, say, of purely historical and ethical discussion.

The lives of great men have often shown us a strange and perverse inclination to break through the bounds of their proper domain. More than one man of undoubted genius has, it is averred, expressed regret that he had not attained distinction in some other line than his own. Wolfe, when actually engaged in his last crowning feat of generalship, is said to have declared that he would rather have written Gray's "Elegy." Goethe, not satisfied to be the greatest of German poets, was ambitions to become a savant as well. Such facts appear at first sight to contradict our theory that superlative performance of any kind implies a corresponding concentration of impulse. Yet the contradiction is only apparent. We may be sure that Wolfe—who, by the way, became a soldier soon after he was 13—was, on the whole, more passionately desirous of military than of poetic distinction, just as we know that in Goethe the poetic impulse was the most potent and permanent. Such occasional roving ambitions may mean nothing more than that the great man, like the small one, is apt to over estimate what lies beyond his reach, or, perhaps, that that he more than common men, is aware of the limitations that hem him in, and is now and again disposed to rebel against them.

## Democratic Record.

Somebody asked the Little Rock Democrat to point out what the Democrats have accomplished in the three years which they have had charge of the government, and that paper replies as follows:

1. It has restored more than 100,000,000 acres of unearned land grants to the public domain—for the benefit of poor settlers.

2. It has paid \$200,000,000 of the public debt, and at the same time paid more money for pensions than ever paid before in the same time.

3. The expenses of the government have been reduced about \$15,000,000.

4. Hordes of lazy, incompetent and useless officials have been discharged with.

5. It has broken up Indian rings land rings and tradeship rings that flourished till the Democratic party came into power.

6. It has established business methods and strict economy for jobbery and wasteful extravagance.

7. It has given the lie to a charge that the Democracy if entrusted with power would "put the negroes back in slavery and pension the confederate soldiers."

8. It has done more in three years to curb the capacity of corporations than the Republican party did in a quarter of a century.

9. The Democratic party repealed the odious and unjust tenure of office act.

10. A Democratic Congress passed an act forbidding the ownership of land by aliens.

11. A Democratic Congress instituted a searching inquiry into the affairs and management of the Pacific railroads—an investigation which has already accomplished much good.

12. The Democrats reduced the fees on postal money orders and extended the benefits of free delivery system.

13. A Democratic Congress ordered the adjustment of railroad land grants.

14. A Democratic Congress passed an act authorizing the issue of small silver certificate—a matter of great advantage to the people.

15. A Democratic Congress passed the act settling the succession to the presidency, and also the act regulating the counting of the electoral vote. There could be no more important acts.

16. A Democratic Congress passed an act forbidding the use of convict labor upon all government works. A just and wise act.

### Dead Indians Debts.

"The debts of dead Indians are paid by their relatives," said an ex-merchant on Main street Monday. "When Anderson and Bernhardt," he continued, "killed an Indian several years ago he owed me \$345. Since that time \$330 of that amount has been paid by his relatives. Kentucky died the other day owing me \$50. Already his relatives have approached me on the subject and made arrangements to pay the amount. It is a law with them to pay the debts of their dead relatives, and they never break it. I am sure of getting my money if an Indian dies owing me, but when a white man dies leaving no property, no matter how rich his relatives are, I never expect to get a cent. There is a great deal of good about a dead Indian, anyhow," said the ex-merchant, as he closed his conversation and walked away.—From the East Oregonian.

The Weldon fair will be held on the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th of November instead of October, as was stated a short time since.

New and beautiful goods just received at the millinery store.

## A Tennessee Sensation.

Marsh T. Polk robbed the State treasury of Tennessee of several hundred thousand dollars some years ago while serving as State Treasurer. He fled, but was subsequently arrested and returned to Nashville. In due time he was reported to have sickened and died. His body was shipped from Nashville to Bolivar, Tenn., where it was deposited in the ground.

Now comes the news that Mr. Gamble, a prominent citizen of Anniston, Ala., has just returned from an extended visit in the City of Mexico, and while there he met Polk on the street and, talked with him. He made further investigation, and found him in business in that city.

The affair has created no little excitement in the State. Gamble was well acquainted with Polk while he was treasury of this State.

## Senator Ransom on State Politics.

Correspondence Wilmington Messenger.  
I deem it to be proper to print some views of Senator Ransom expressed in a conversation with your correspondent a few days since at Weldon since opinions adverse to the success of the Democratic party in North Carolina have found their way into the newspapers. Gen. Ransom said in response to questions, that most of the later contests in the State had been severe. While the fact was apparent that North Carolina was a Democratic State, it had to be struggled for by the rival parties at each recurring election. Nothing was to be taken for granted. There was discipline, good leadership, shrewd management in the opposition and no wise Democrat ignored the fact. In the campaign of next year, in his judgment, some of the features of past conflicts would be produced. As in the last year's canvass much would be made as possible of local issues. The enemy would endeavor to heal his own wounds while inflicting wounds upon us. We would have to watch him at all points and be circumspect as well as courageous. The Senator did not appear to be uneasy as to the outcome of the struggle. The Democrat must, however, do their best and keep together. They must not flinch. They must work hard and stand up like men. The great interests of the party were paramount to all merely local considerations. Worthy and capable men ought to be nominated, and when thus placed before the people supported by all Democrats. It was early to discuss issues or men, but fit nominees and sound Democratic principles were always in order, and he did not doubt that such would be announced as the result of Democratic deliberation. Asked if he thought the State was safe for the Democracy in the event the usual effort was made he replied, "I do."

The Republican nominee for Governor in Maryland declines to run. He hankers after no such barren honor as that which the nomination confers.

**In Brief, and to the Point.**  
Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.  
The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.  
Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.  
But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.  
Remember—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

**The Cost of Ignorance.**  
Absence of knowledge of the fact that physical and mental weakness, indigestion, impure blood, and sick headache can be averted by Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, costs millions of money annually for uncertain and unreliable decoctions.  
Taylor's Premium Cologne at the Millinery Store.

## The Antlers of the Deer.

Upon inquiring of old hunters, who were supposed to know all about the habits of deer, I was informed that when a buck dropped a horn he immediately dug a hole in the ground and buried it out of sight. Upon further investigation, however, I was unable to find a person who ever saw a deer performing the operation, or one who ever found a horn that had been buried by its owner or any other similar animal.

But in late years I have had several opportunities to learn where some of the naturally shed deer horns go, if not all of them. The deer shed their horns in spring, and they no sooner fall to the ground than the wood mice attack them, and they disappear before the teeth of these little rodents so quickly that a few weeks are sufficient to obliterate every vestige of the noblest pair of antlers. Even the squirrels like to gnaw the deer horns and fresh bones of various kinds, and it is this natural or depraved taste that makes our common red squirrel rob birds' nests when the young are nearly full grown; for as I have observed, they devour the feet and legs of the birds only. I have frequently made them drop the young birds they were torturing, and have always found that they were eating the feet and legs, perhaps because these parts had a nutty flavor.

### Medical Humor.

The celebrated French physician, Ricord, was one day walking along the Boulevard in Paris when he met an old gentleman who was very rich, but who was at the same time noted for his extreme stinginess. The old man who was somewhat of a hypochondriac, imagined that he could get some medical advice from Ricord without paying for it.

"Doctor, I am feeling very poorly."  
"Where do you suffer most?"  
"In my stomach, doctor."  
"Ah, that's bad. Please shut your eyes. That's right. Now put out your tongue, so I can examine it closely."

The invalid did as he was told. After he had waited patiently for about ten minutes, he opened his eyes, and found himself surrounded by a crowd, who suppose that he was crazy. Dr. Ricord, in the mean time, has disappeared.—From Texas shifting.

### A Michigan Solomon.

Justice Westfall is Assistant Police Judge. In his first charge to jury yesterday he said: "Gentlemen of the jury, I guess you know about as much of this case as I do, as you have heard the testimony. If you believe what the attorney for the defense says you will return a verdict of not guilty; if you believe what the attorney for the prosecution says you will bring in a verdict of guilty; but if you are like me and don't believe either one of them and only believe what the evidence says I'll be—if I know what your verdict will be."—Grand Rapids Herald.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25c. per box. For sale by all Druggists.

### The Cost of Ignorance.

Absence of knowledge of the fact that physical and mental weakness, indigestion, impure blood, and sick headache can be averted by Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, costs millions of money annually for uncertain and unreliable decoctions.  
Taylor's Premium Cologne at the Millinery Store.

## The American Congress in 1828.

The Representatives, following the example of the British house of commons, used to sit with their hats on. In 1828 a motion that no member should remain covered within the bar of the House was discussed, and at first defeated by ten majority. An order by the speaker that visitors in the gallery should not wear their hats while the House was in session gave great offense to some of the Representatives, and was enforced with difficulty.

The ladies had been originally excluded from the galleries of the House, in accordance with the British precedent. But, when the famous Jay treaty was brought home for ratification, the House came near refusing to make the necessary appropriations for carrying it into effect, and heated debates ensued. One night, at a party, Mrs. Langdon, of New Hampshire, whose husband was a member, expressed her regret to Hon. Fisher Ames, of Massachusetts, that she could not hear the arguments, especially his speeches. Mr. Ames gallantly replied that he knew of no reason why ladies should not be permitted to hear the debates. "Then," said Mrs. Langdon, "if you will let me know when you next intend to speak I will make up a party of ladies, and we will go and hear you." The notice was given, the ladies went, and since the congressional orators have always had fair hearers—with others perhaps not very fair.

The Senate chamber now occupied by supreme court was admirably adapted for the deliberations of the forty-eight gentlemen who then composed the upper House. Modeled after the theatras of ancient Greece, it possessed excellent acoustic properties, and there was ample accommodation in the galleries for the few strangers who then visited Washington. The Senate used to meet at noon, and generally conclude its day's work at 3 o'clock, while adjournments over from Tuesday to the following Monday were frequent. Occasionally set speeches would be made on some important question; but the debates were generally colloquial, and, as there was no verbatim reports of the proceedings, Senators would change or modify their views during the consideration of a bill without being placed on the record as inconsistent and changeable.

A true story is told of an old New Hampshire doctor, who was one day consulted by a man suffering from rheumatism. The physician gave him copious advice and ended with directions so concisely put as to be easily memorized. "Avoid dampness," he said. "Yes sir." "Keep warm; keep your feet dry and remember what I've said about flannels." "Yes sir." "Take the medicine with absolute regularity. Here is the prescription. The man expressed his thanks, paid his fee, and took his leave. As he reached the door the doctor called: "Oh, by the way, if any of these things help you, just give me a call and tell me. I've had rheumatism for over twenty years, and nothing has ever helped me yet. Good morning."

### A Gift for All.

In order to give all a chance to test it, and thus be convinced of its wonderful curative powers, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, will be, for a limited time, given away. This offer is not only liberal, but shows unbounded faith in the merits of this great remedy. All who suffer from coughs, colds, consumption, asthma, bronchitis, or any affection of throat, chest, or lungs, are especially requested to call at any drug store, and get a trial bottle free. Large bottles, \$1.

Mrs. A. W. Sower is selling Tricora Corsets at \$1. The best corset on the market. A new lot just received.

Subscribe for the Journal—\$1.