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ALLIES VIOLENT AT-TACK, SEA TO VERDUN

Driving Strong Wedges Into The Enemy Lines

North Carolina And Other Southern Troops Capture Towns

200,000 Prisoners And Enormous Number Guns And War Material Taken By Allies Since July 18.

London, September 29—Troops from the States of New York, Tennessee North and South Carolina attacked the Hindenburg lines on a front of nearly three miles today, capturing Bellcourt and Nauroy.

This announcement was made by Field Marshal Haig in his report from headquarters tonight.

An English division crossed the Scheldt canal on life belts, mats, rafts and improvised bridges and stormed the main Hindenburg defenses around Bellenlise and captured the whole German position.

The entente allied troop everywhere are continuing to make progress against the forces of the teutonic alliance.

In Belgium, Flanders and France material advances have been made on all the fighting fronts; in Serbia the territory of the overrun Kingdom is fast being reclaimed, while in Palestine the Turkish armies under the attacks of Gen. Allenby and the tribesmen of the King of the Hejaz have virtually ceased to exist as fighting units.

Additional large numbers of the enemy have been made prisoner and large quantities of stores have been captured.

Keeping up relentlessly their violent attacks near the sea in Belgium in the region of Verdun, the Belgian, British, American and French troops are fast driving wedges into the enemy line forcing him to retreat or defeating him in sanguinary battles. No rest is being accorded the Germans and apparently their front is fast going to pieces under the impetus of the allied blows.

On a three mile front the Americans stormed the Hindenburg line and captured the towns of Bellcourt and Nauroy, crossing the Cambrai canal in the operations.

Meanwhile to the south the British stormed the main Hindenburg defense on the Scheldt canal, crossed the waterway and gained the hills beyond, taking many prisoners. To the north the British have their hands on Cambrai, the important German base over which recently there has been so much fighting. The Canadians are in the north-western outskirts of the city, which a naval division has reached the southern environs.

South of St. Quentin to Laferre, the French have pressed forward their line and taken some 500 prisoners. Along the Chemin des Dames the French have advanced their line for a distance of two miles, capturing the highest point on the famous ridge.

In Belgium the Belgians and British have driven forward and taken Dixmude, ten miles from the North Sea southeast of Nieuport, bringing their line into closer union with that of the region of the Ypres. The capture of Dixmude if it is pressed for further gains eastward will seriously affect the German submarine bases on the North Sea.

In Belgium between Dixmude and Ypres, King Albert's men have pressed back the German front from four to five miles and taken 6,000 prisoners. Ground that the enemy had held since the invasion of Belgium in 1914 has been restored to Belgian ownership through the efforts of the mixed Belgian and British forces and at last accounts the Allied forces were well

on their way to the important junction town of Roules.

To the south from the region east of Arras to St. Quentin the British with the Americans fighting on their right everywhere have penetrated the German defenses over the 35-mile front. Desperate resistance was offered by the Germans but the Allied troops refused to be denied and swept through the remaining portions of the Hindenburg line and are standing, according to the latest reports, virtually on the doorsteps of Cambrai. More than 16,000 prisoners have been taken in this region since Friday.

Somme Clear of Enemy
Under the efforts of the British, Americans and French, the Germans have been cleared out of the entire department of the Somme and part of the department of the Ardennes now is in French hands for the first time since 1914.

In unison with the attacks to the north the French along the battle front north and northeast of Soissons have delivered fresh attacks, under which the Germans are in retreat north of the Aisne toward the Ailette, indicating that the enemy line soon must be readjusted eastward at least as far as Rheims, if not farther. The French now are on the banks of the Ailette river at the western end of the Chemin des Dames, making it appear that this strong defense line soon must be passed by in retreat northward.

Germans Must Reform Line

In Champagne and northwest of Verdun the Germans have sensed to the full the seriousness of the situation facing them—where further advances by the French and the Americans of necessity will compel the readjustment of the line from the north to the Swiss frontier. Large numbers of reinforcements have been thrown into the battle in Champagne to halt the advance of the French toward the important junction town of Vouziers, but nevertheless General Gouraud's men have pressed forward northward from the region east of Rheims to the northern fringe of the Argonne forest, taking many positions of the highest strategic value.

Americans Advance

Meantime the Americans also have advanced their front, capturing Briulles-Sur-Meuse and Romange and at last accounts were progressing northward along the Meuse valley and to the east of the Argonne forest, the turning of which by the combined forces of Gen. Gouraud and General Liggett seems probable within a short time.

Bulgarian Effort To Quit

The Bulgarian delegates who are endeavoring to arrive at terms with the allied forces under which Bulgaria will quit the war, have arrived in Saloniki but the Italian, French, Greek, Serbian and British armies are keeping up their drive across southern Serbia and into Bulgaria. Krushevo, the Bulgarian base 20 miles north of Monastir, has been captured by the Italians, in front of whom the Bulgarians are in rapid retreat. The Serbians have won the important mountain range of Plachkovitsa, south of Kochana, while to the east the British and Greek forces have taken further territory from the enemy in the region of Lak Doiran and across the border in Bulgaria.

In Palestine the victory over the Turks is all but complete. Friday night General Allenby had counted fifty thousand prisoners and 300 guns.

The losses of the teutonic allies on the western front since the allied offensive began July 18 have been 200,000 men made prisoners and 3,000 guns, 20,000 machine guns and enormous quantities of material captured.

W.S.S.

Response To Belgian Relief
The request for clothes for the Belgian and French refugees as made by the Red Cross has met with enthusiastic response. From all quarters the clothes have been pouring in and it is felt assured that the Chapter will exceed its allotment of 2,000.



HEAR THIS CALL

from OUR HOME TOWN BOYS

OVER THERE

LETTERS from our boys in the trenches and from the women in canteen and other war work, all bring to us the same message—SEND US NEWS FROM HOME.

World news is all right, but OUR BOYS want NEWS OF THIS TOWN. They want the home newspaper. Publishers are prevented from sending their papers free to anyone, even boys in the service. Consequently a national movement has been started by Col. William Boyce Thompson of New York, who is acting as President of the Home Paper Service of America to give the boys what they are calling for. Every community is joining the movement. Let us see that our boys are not forgotten.

Send to the publisher of this newspaper whatever amount of money you can—5 cents or \$50.00. We will publish a list each week of those contributing, and the amounts contributed.

Every cent received will be used to send this paper to our boys at the front. If at the end of the war, there is any surplus, it will be turned over to the local Red Cross Committee.

There is no profit in this to the publisher—even in normal times, subscriptions are not sold at a profit. With war prices prevailing, and the high rate of postage on papers sent to France, our cost will scarcely be covered by our full subscription price.

Remember that over in France, some brave soldier or sailor from this town—perhaps even some splendid woman working within sound of the guns—is depending on you to "KEEP THE HOME LOVE KINDLED."

They are calling to YOU from "Over There" GIVE WHAT YOU CAN

WILL YOU HELP OUR BOYS ABROAD?

Every Man, Woman and Child Can Join to Send News of This Town into the Front Line Trenches.

WHOLE NATION MOVES TO BANISH SOLITUDE

Our Heroes Are Calling From Over There—Give What You Can to Help Those From Home.

Every citizen interested in the boys of his home town now at the front, and in the brave women who equally are serving their country abroad, has an opportunity to show his appreciation of the sacrifice they are making. The opportunity comes as a result of the generosity and thought of Colonel William Boyce Thompson of New York, who has conceived and put into execution what is known as the Home Paper Service.

Under the plan, every man and woman in foreign service will receive the town newspaper, and so be kept in constant touch with the places and the people they know and love.

Every branch of the United States Government is interested in the plan. The Government realizes the importance of keeping those in the service happy and constantly in touch with their home ties and associations. Nothing is more depressing in a national emergency than the spirit of loneliness in those serving their country, and officials know that nothing can dispel this feeling more effectively than reading the home town newspaper.

Publishers of newspapers in all parts of the country—this newspaper included—have grasped with pleasure the

plan outlined by Colonel Thompson, and they have agreed to co-operate in every way.

Under the ruling of the War Industries Board newspaper publishers are forbidden to send their newspapers free, even to soldiers. The newspaper must be subscribed for in the regular way, the only exception being soldiers who formerly were in the employ of the newspaper and who left that service to enlist. Colonel Thompson therefore proposes that the public in each community contribute to a fund so that the home newspaper (in our case this newspaper) may reach every man and woman now in the service of his country.

Anyone may contribute to the fund, and any sum may be contributed. It is not necessary to contribute the entire amount of one subscription. It does not matter whether the rich man sends in one hundred dollars or the poor boy or little girl sends in five cents. Each gift will be a message of love and helpfulness to the home town folks "Over There." The money will be lumped into one fund, out of which subscriptions will be entered as fast as the money is received.

Contributors who send in the full price of a year's subscription may, if they wish, designate to what particular person they wish the newspaper sent, but if the name given is already listed as receiving the paper, then the publisher reserves the right to apply the subscription to some less fortunate soldier boy or noble woman who is just as lonely for news of home and home folks.

The name of every contributor to this home paper service will be published in this newspaper, and the name of everyone entered for a subscription will be published as well as the number of those remaining whose subscriptions have not been covered.

If the amount of money received shall be more than is necessary to send the paper to every person from the town now in the service, then the balance will be turned over to the Red Cross.

The plan is endorsed by the publisher of this newspaper without any thought of profit, either directly or indirectly, but with a sincere desire to help keep the home fires burning and to send to our heroes and heroines

CHAUTAQUA AT MACON. THOSE WHO CONTRIBUTED

OCTOBER 7, 8, AND 9TH SEES COMMUNITY BUILDER LIST OF FARMERS WHO AID-ED BY GIVING TOBACCO

Radcliffe People Promise A Program of Merit; Wake-Up-America Is Underlying Theme; Special War Talk By Lieut. B. J. Cadge of the British Army; Good Musical Features.

Warren and Halifax Farmers Who Donated To Great Cause of the Red Cross; Over Two Hundred Dollars Raised Here Last Week, but Still War Cries For More Supplies.

October 7, 8 and 9th are big days in the Chautauqua world for Macon, and its many surrounding towns, in the presentation of a program of patriotic zeal and supreme purpose of arousing a greater spirit of patriotism as it entertains and delights its patrons.

The three days of Community betterment through community amusement of intellectual and spiritual trend is a distinct feature of the Radcliffe three day Chautauqua. The following insight into the program shows the merit of the performances:

Monday, October 7th, Macon welcomes a musicale entertainment by a bunch of jolly, rollicking American entertainers and clever musicians. A speaker of gripping interest also will win a place in every heart in the personage of Lieut. B. J. Cadge, a young man of splendid personality and speaking attainment. Lieut. Cadge comes to Macon from the British army. He was in the war for some years, in several big battles, has gone through the same thing American boys are today facing, and presented in his entertaining style, the speech is destined to be a distinct feature in the program.

The Second Day, Tuesday, October 8th, an excellent lecture on "Community Consciousness" by Mrs. Helen B. Paulsen sets forth the big task of looking after the "home fires" in the development of a community. On this day as well the Franceska Kaspar Law son Company will give two musical recitals of high-class order. Mrs. Lawson, Soprano, has appeared in recitals in many states with such organizations as the Philadelphia Orchestra and the U. S. Marine Band; Miss Kloss, the Violinist, a niece of the President of Switzerland, is a superb musician; Miss Coursen is a Concert Pianist whose skill creates a deep interest in the performances.

On the Third Day, Wednesday, October 9th, the Red Cross Nurse gives a Demonstration Lecture in the forenoon, featuring "first aid". In the afternoon she unfolds a panoramic picture of all Red Cross activities; The Accordion Concert on this day by expert artists is a feature. Readings full of vitality and virility by Lloyd Taylor, delight and charm; the talks of Director E. W. Smith, of Colgate University, please and broaden. The whole program is of much interest and the patrons of the Chautauqua are assured complete satisfaction.

At Macon during the three big days we find blended in beautiful symmetry musical entertainment, art, eloquence and patriotism—all elements essential to a broader, better community spirit and visioned patriotism.

news of our town, to keep their hearts warm for us and to let them know they are constantly in our minds.

The publisher, of course, cannot make a profit on circulation, and additional circulation such as this will be circulation from non-purchasers sent far across the sea—can have no added value to the advertiser.

These facts are stated so that every contributor may feel that every cent contributed goes to the good cause.

The mothers of our boys are facing an ordeal with a bravery that commands respect and admiration. Here and there tiny stars are turned from blue to gold, where anguish grips the heart, the nation stands in silence and honors the women who have given of their blood, the very bone of their bone, to their country. To them, home has lost its meaning—the soul of it has fled—there is no home, it is just a place, and no place is quite so lonely, unless it be within the hearts of those brave sons in far off France who long for just a word of home. There cannot be a man, there cannot be a woman, no, not even a child, who will fall to contribute just a little to make the hearts of these patriots lighter. Not one. Not in our town.

Faithful work crowned by gifts from many sources brought into the County Red Cross Chapter much money from the sale of the Golden Weed Monday as given by the farmers last week.

The thought is great that a little tobacco given by some Warren farmer will aid and mayhap save the life of that soldier Over There. There is a great service with every gift. Those aiding were:

- S. W. Goode, C. W. Goode, J. H. Davis, E. Eddie Towns, L. G. Hinton, Jones & Pinnell, Robert Jones, Joe Crawley, H. T. Overby, Jimmy Alston, W. E. Hundley, Alex Kearney, Hayes Mechem, Robert Robinson, Henry Green, Adcock & Green, C. W. Green, Saul Dowtin, Jim Douglas, John Rodwell, Charlie Wright, Mark Pulley, Ed Allen, Nick Williams, H. P. Rheams, J. K. Harris, Lewis Williams, Alex Davis, Peter Allen, W. H. Holloway, Powell Hinton, Alston Mangum, Alex Walker, Howard Dent, Peter E. Williams, John Coleman, Anderson Watson, C. E. Chase, R. E. Shearin, J. R. Jones, Brown Somerville, P. G. Felts, A. Vent & Pett, Luther Avent, Samuel Alston, Burton Richardson, R. L. Avent, John Seavill, June Newell, M. J. Morris, Hugh Harrison, G. W. Sledge, N. A. Shearin, E. W. Alston, W. E. Darnell, Charles Myrick, A. H. Frazier, Edenton Bullock, Davis Hill, J. R. Murray, Frank Avent, V. B. Carter, Oscar Alston, Bill Cyrus, V. D. Dehow, Isaac Wright, F. V. Avent, Junius Garland, W. H. Tharrington, Sam Mitchell, W. E. Thompson, Ben Green, Walter Smiley, Herbert Hayes, Henry Davis, J. L. Alston, W. B. Avent, Lawrence Alston, Jacob Wells, Olie Shearin, Charlie Tally, Brack Alston, Norman Yates, H. P. Rheams, Peter Allen, Jack Scott, Henry Lee, J. D. Newell, George Williams, Lovie Jones, C. D. Hicks, Joe Foote, M. C. Patillo, Wesley Harris, A. L. Johnson, Nick Silver, Willie Silver, W. H. Watkins, E. B. Green, Willis Green, J. H. Wright, King & Brame, James A. Johnson, John D. Hargrove, S. H. Hargrove, J. A. Holloway, Seray Muehard, West Bullock, Andrew Ingram, R. Y. Davis, Fork Bryant, J. J. Thomas, Ned Exum Jr., Charlie Rivers, Newman & Balfrip, Mason Williams, Lewis Phillips, H. L. Tarry, John Howard, G. R. Allen, Henry Williams, Robt. S. Mc-

(Continued On Third Page)

Red Cross Meeting At Mrs. Arringtons

A Red Cross Linen Shower will be held Thursday night at 8:30 in the home of Mrs. V. L. Pendleton to which all members of the Warren Red Cross Chapter are asked to attend and contribute their share of linen greatly needed by our boys in the hospitals in France.

The Chapter allotment of articles—new or substantially new—is as follows:

- 214 Bath towels, 19x38,
- 413 Hand towels, 18x30
- 298 Handkerchiefs, 18x18,
- 19 Napkins, 14x14,
- 102 Sheets, 64x102

Unbleached preferred with hem 2 inches at top and 1 inch at bottom.

Housewives are asked to bring articles from their own supplies, girls from their "hope chests" to avoid drawing on Treasury for funds that are needed for regular supplies.

The Southern Division urges us to give freely that the South may live up to its standard of having as yet met every requirement of National Headquarters.

Mrs. PETER ARRINGTON.