

# Finish The Job--Buy Bonds

# The Warren Record

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 \$1.50 A YEAR - A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WARRENTON AND WARREN COUNTY 5c. THE COPY

## ACTIVE WORK LIBERTY LOAN

CANVASS COMMENCES IN WARRENTON WEDNESDAY  
 Township Organizations Receive Aid From Members of Central Committees; Over \$25,000 Subscribed In Warren.

The Liberty Loan in Warren has been subscribed to the extent of practically \$25,000 of its 165,000 quota, but active campaign work commences tomorrow. The organization forces have been marshalled for active work until the amount assigned to the county has been met and nobly subscribed, and the results, it is expected, will be gratifying.

The Woman's committee has been active here and is making a canvass diligently. Over the county this record will be matched. The central committee representatives will go to the townships this week and assist the township chairmen in the canvass of the townships to which they are assigned.

The Town of Warrenton and the township have been divided into east and west divisions with main street as the line and the following gentlemen designated to make the canvass: West—T. D. Peck, J. E. Rooker, J. B. Palmer, Tasker Polk; East—C. R. Rowell, H. A. Mosley, R. B. Boyd, W. Brodie Jones. This entire committee meets Wednesday morning at ten o'clock in the office of county chairman Tasker Polk from which place the individual canvassing campaign will commence. Warrenton township is to raise \$65,000 of the county apportionment.

Prospects are good for Warren to meet its quota and the individual work of the canvassers is expected to score a success this week.

The township apportionment follows:

Warrenton	\$65,000
Norlina	10,000
Sandy Creek	8,000
Hawtree	15,000
Nutbush	9,000
Smith Creek	8,000
Shocco	5,000
Fork	6,000
Fishing Creek	10,000
Judkins	10,000
River	17,000
Roanoke	2,000
Total	\$165,000

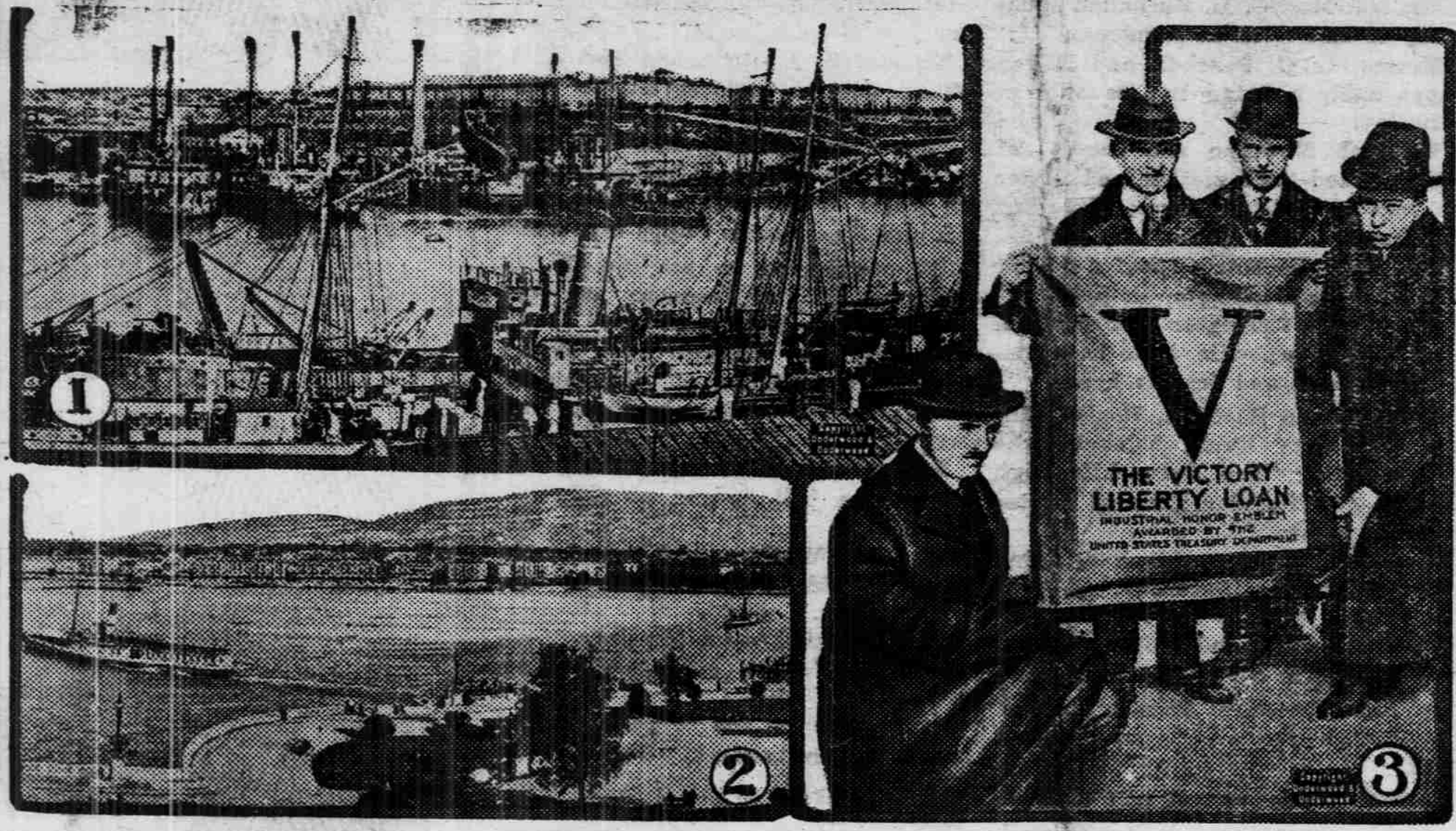
## Chautauqua Officers Named

Miss L. Jeannette Totten, special representative of the Community Chautauqua, which stages a five day entertainment here June 17-21 inclusive met with a number of guarantors here last Saturday at twelve-thirty and outlined the organization which is to stage this attraction here.

Following an outline of the excellent program, the speaker called for nominations for the various offices: The following gentlemen and ladies were elected: President—J. E. Rooker; vice-presidents—R. S. Register, C. C. Hunter, W. G. Rogers, King Pinnell, Mrs. Edwin Russell, Mrs. Charlotte Story Perkinson, Mrs. A. C. Bizzell, Mrs. J. S. Nowell, Mrs. R. L. Bell, Mrs. Howard Palmer, Mrs. W. Wilson, Mrs. Sidney Champion, Mrs. R. L. Pinnell, Miss Pearl Fishel, Mr. R. L. Capps, Mr. R. E. Williams, Mrs. Beaufort Scull, Mr. John Skinner, Mr. Clyde Rodwell, Mr. T. H. Aycock, Mr. Wallace Cawthorne, Mr. H. A. Macon, Mr. W. R. Vaughan, Mr. W. A. Burwell, Mr. R. B. Boyd, Hon. Tasker Polk, Mr. E. L. Green, Rev. E. W. Baxter, Miss Lucy Webb, Dr. T. J. Taylor, Dr. J. T. Gibbs; treasurer—J. G. Ellis; J. M. King, chairman Grounds committee; Miss Mariam Boyd, chairman Junior Chautauqua; W. Brodie Jones, advertising manager and secretary.

Plans are to be made for the success of this community entertainment and nothing overlooked to make the five days a period of uplifting pleasure.

The Victory Liberty Loan must be a triumph of peace.



1—View of the harbor of Sebastopol, which city may be evacuated soon by the allies. 2—Harbor of Geneva, Switzerland, the city chosen as the seat of the league of nations. 3—Secretary Glass and aids showing the Industrial honor flag designed for the Victory loan campaign.

## News From Correspondents

### AFTON NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Fuller and children visited in Henderson Monday.

Mr. H. B. Hunter spent Sunday with Mr. Austin Allen.

Miss Mary R. Williams visited Miss Esther Frazier one day last week.

Mr. H. P. Reams and family visited in the home of Mr. Hartwell Scarborough near Churchill Sunday.

Glad to know Mr. K. B. Robertson is rapidly improving from his recent illness.

Miss Katie Burroughs, of W. H. S. spent Easter with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Jim Burroughs.

Miss Annie B. Robertson left last Saturday for a visit to her brother in Halifax county.

Mrs. C. C. Hunter, of Warrenton, visited Mrs. H. B. Hunter Monday.

Miss Carrie Watkins spent Easter with her mother near Henderson.

### MANSON ITEMS

Dr. T. B. Williams, of Ridgeway, was a pleasant visitor to friends in town some days ago.

Mrs. L. O. Reavis spent a day recently in Henderson shopping.

Miss Sue Watkins, of Roanoke Rapids, spent Easter with her people here.

Mr. C. L. Hayes has purchased for himself a nice new automobile.

Mr. William Dill, of Norlina, was in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Kimball and their son Maurice spent a part of last week with relatives at Enfield.

We are glad to say that Mrs. J. D. Champion, who has been quite feeble for sometime is right much improved.

Mrs. Cumby, of Littleton, was the guest of her granddaughter, Mrs. B. F. Williams several days ago.

Mrs. J. B. Brack spent Thursday of last week in Ridgeway.

Miss Marie Fleming, with several friends motored to Raleigh Easter Monday.

Miss Mamie Brack returned a few days ago, from a pleasant visit to Richmond.

Mr. Fleming Watkins, of Drewery, was in town this week.

Mr. Osborn Clark and family were recent visitors in Henderson.

We hear that Mr. Crawford Kimball is now at Rocky Mount taking treatment at a hospital.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. Hanselman, who has been sick for some time is getting a little stronger.

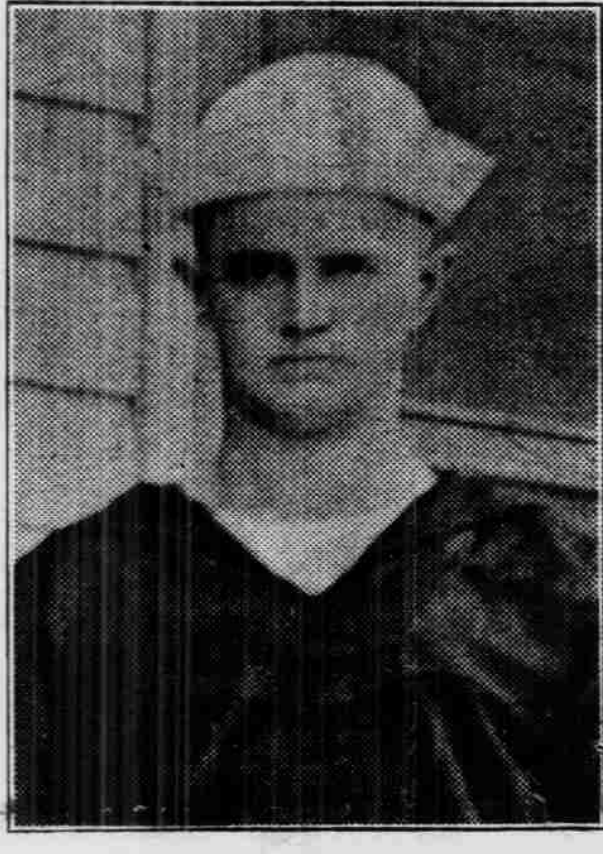
Mrs. Earnest Hecht and children, of Norlina, spent last week in the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Dill.

Mr. C. L. Hayes and family spent Sunday at Norlina.

Delightful Birthday Party  
 The home of Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Reavis was the scene of much merriment Easter Monday when they celebrated the birthdays of their little son and daughter, Leondas and Roberta, their birthday being not far apart were celebrated at the same time. Leondas was nine and Roberta four. Many happy little children were present showing by their bright

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## WILLIE T. ROBERTSON



son of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Robertson, of Fishing Creek, joined the Navy July 18, 1918, and was honorably discharged, December 28, 1918.

## Cunningham Urges Vth Loan

Warrenton, N. C. April 24, 1919.

Editor of Record:

The Government has placed a Bond issue, and our people are called upon to subscribe for these Bonds. The rate of interest is four and three-quarters per cent. There can be no Tax levied, by any county or State, upon these bonds, and a person must buy a large amount of these bonds before any tax is levied by the U. S. Government. The Bonds are safe, and a person can borrow money on these bonds, at any bank in the United States. These Victory Bonds are sold to pay the expenses of the war, and the expenses of the million American boys now in Europe. These boys offered their lives, and thousands were killed to save our liberty, homes, our property and our lives, and our people will never forget it. Hon. Tasker Polk has been wisely chosen to lay the matter before the people of Warren county, and he will explain to one and all every detail connected with the bonds. Warren County, I am sure, will subscribe her allotment.

Very respectfully,  
 JOHN S. CUNNINGHAM.

## Two Farmers Take All of Bond Quota; One Negro

The Victory Loan has practically gone over the top in every section of Anson county. In Gullede township two men subscribed the allotment. One of them, Rembert Beverly, a prosperous negro farmer, took \$5,000 worth of the amount.—News & Observer.

## Returns From Warren County.

Col. John S. Cunningham, of Durham, was here yesterday, having just returned from a trip to Warren county. The people of that part of the State are in great shape, said the Colonel. "The tobacco crop brought the farmers good money and made business good for the merchants, banks and all kinds of business," he said.—News & Observer.

## Bonds' Value Won't Decline

The most difficult criticism the Treasury has had to meet in floating previous popular loans has been the decline in market value already outstanding and the probability that the few bonds would likewise decline. But the terms and conditions of the Victory notes are such, in the judgement of many bankers, to insure their staying at least at par and probably selling at a premium at an early date. Moreover, the fact that no more Liberty Bonds are to be issued will, it is believed, enhance the market value of the issues now outstanding.

Therefore, in giving the country a security whose terms, conditions, and the amount offered are more attractive than was generally expected, Secretary Glass has supplied the first element in making the Victory Loan Campaign a success and in keeping the notes at the highest possible market value.

Upon the Liberty Loan Committees and the public depends the second element now imperatively needed: to secure the widest possible distribution of the notes, especially among our growing number of savers and permanent investors, who in turn will hold these notes conservatively and steadily, so that they will not come upon the market in depressing volume.

"It is almost a reproach to any American, or rather to all Americans," says the New York Times, "to enlarge upon the duty of patriotism among men and women who are moved by a feeling of sympathy whenever they see their defenders in uniform, perhaps with empty sleeves or on crutches, to take Victory Bonds to the limit of prudence. The question with most is where the limit of prudence lies."

"There are particular reasons why it is more the duty of the customers than of the banks to take the bonds, and more the duty of the banks to put the bonds in the hands of their customers than in their own vaults."

"The limit of prudence for the ordinary man in the street or woman in the home in taking Victory bonds is a little beyond the limit where they are afraid they are saving too much money. . . . Dollars put into Victory bonds serve a double duty. First, they discharge the country's debt to the defenders of democracy, which we each feel is a personal debt, and, second, they make the conditions of earning living easier for everybody. Dollars put into Victory bonds do this by 'making money easy,' by enabling the Treasury to pay its debts, thus putting money into the channels of business."

Therefore, let's all pull together, subscribe to the utmost, and put the Fifth District well "Over the Top" early in the Campaign.

Yours for the VICTORY LOAN,  
 EDWIN W. ROBERSON,  
 Chairman.

Ice Cream Supper at Warren Plains.  
 An Ice Cream Supper will be held at Warren Plains school House Wednesday night, April 30th, at 8:30. Proceeds benefit school. Public urged to attend.

## Law Governing Board's Action

"WHAT MORE NEED BE SAID?"  
 The HEADLIGHT is nearly a month behind, with an announcement from Dr. E. C. Brooks, State Supt. Public Instruction, that appointees of the Legislature for vacancies on the Board of Education caused by increase in membership could not qualify before first Monday in July. The Press of the State carried this information a month ago, and it was known by the County Board of Education of Warren at its April meeting. In fact, a failure of the Legislature to fill the vacancy of first Monday in April, 1919, made it the duty of the remaining members to fill said vacancy.

It should be borne in mind that the people of this County have not delegated to its Representatives, Messrs. Hawkins and Davis the right to appoint members of the Board of Education; but on the contrary selected the members at the Primary, and the only duty of Messrs. Hawkins and Davis under that Act was to confirm the choice of the people. They had no appointing power under that Act. If a vacancy occurred between the Primary and the time for the Legislature to elect, then the Executive Committee (representing the people at home) may fill said vacancy, and if the Executive Committee did not fill it, then the "remaining members of the Board of Education," and if they failed to fill it (the vacancy) then the Governor, BUT in no instance was the right delegated to Messrs. Hawkins and Davis. With this law to govern them and this understanding by the folks at home this is what they brought forth:—

1st. Ignored the expressed will of the people that Messrs. Fleming and Gardner (not Shearin, as one of the County papers has it) should be selected, and should qualify and be seated as members of the Board on first Monday in April, 1919.

2nd Ignored the fact that W. H. Fleming has not legally resigned. Mr. Fleming received his nomination from the people, and the County Board of Election is charged with the duty of providing machinery for nomination and he could not legally resign to Mr. Hawkins nor Mr. Davis. If so, the County Democratic Executive Committee could have no legal information of the resignation and could not act. Mr. Fleming has not legally resigned; BUT as Messrs. Hawkins and Davis ignored him he has no legal standing as the choice of the people.

3rd Ignored Chapter 74, Acts of 1917 in-so-far as their duty in confirming the choice of the people as to nominees; BUT amended it to take in all of the Counties of the State and as to time the appointees named in 1920 (next Primary) should qualify. In other words we will "side-step" your directions THIS time, but give you a chance to name more candidates in 1920 at the Primary.

### IT IS ADMITTED

It is admitted that the Legislature had the right to ignore the LAW of 1917 under which the people nominated and directed. It is admitted that the Legislature can remove members of the Boards of Education and appoint others; that the office of member of the Board of Education of a County is an appointive office and that the incumbent can be removed at the will of Legislature. All this is admitted. But the Legislature of 1919, Messrs. Hawkins and Davis present and assenting, failed to appoint any member or members for Warren county. That they intended to do this may be inferred by their action, but that they intended it can not be sustained by THEIR law. Here it is:

"Section 1: As provided by law the following named persons are hereby appointed members of the County boards of education in and for their respective counties TO FILL VACANCIES EXISTING OR CAUSED BY THE INCREASE IN NUMBER OF THE MEMBERSHIP, as provided by law, for a term of six years, except as otherwise provided herein, from the first Monday in July, 1919." (The words in capital letters are new words inserted by the Legislature and thereby makes this Section differ in sense and meaning from that of any previous appointing Act, and does what the Legislature intended to do when that section was written, viz: to increase the membership of the boards.)

Now read Section three and it proves conclusively that section one quoted above means what it says—that the appointees under that section were for the purpose of increasing the membership of the boards, and not to fill vacancies; BECAUSE section three directs that there be NO VACANCY. Read it.

Section 3: "IN ALL COUNTIES where by provision of EXISTING law the term, for which the member or members of the board of education of said counties have been elected or appointed, EXPIRES BEFORE the first Monday in July, 1921, the member or members so elected or appointed SHALL HOLD OVER UNTIL the first Monday in July, 1921."

Section : "That all laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed."

And the Act was ratified on the 11th day of March, 1919.

If section three means what it says Mr. Davis, Mr. Kimball and Mr. Skinner hold over to first Monday of July, 1921. Therefore there could be no vacancy in membership of three, and section one meant what it said:— that the appointees were for the purpose of increasing the membership to five as was done in many counties, but WARREN county was not so included. Mr. W. T. Davis' terms expires first Monday in July, 1919, and he is a member by virtue of existing law; but he is directed to hold over to July, 1921. Mr. John Skinner's term expires in April, 1921, and he was directed to hold over to July, 1921. Mr. Kimball, if extended from April, 1919, to July 1919, is also directed to hold over until July, 1921. If Mr. Kimball was not moved from April, 1919, to July, 1919, then there was a known vacancy, and the board of education was directed to fill said vacancy by the Legislature of 1919 in these words:

"In case of a vacancy in the county board of education by death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancy SHALL BE FILLED by the remaining members of such county board until the meeting of

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