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A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS PAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WARRENTON AND WARREN COUNTY

5c. THE COPY

OUR COUNTY AGENT NEWS

SEVERAL CANNING RECIPES GIVEN TO HOUSEWIVES

How To Can Dewberries, Blackberries and Raspberries and How To Make Jams Outlined From Bulletin of Experts.

Dewberries, Blackberries, and Raspberries.—To can dewberries, blackberries, and raspberries the following method will prove satisfactory. Gather berries when ripe but firm. Place in wire basket of canner or in a muslin sack and plunge into boiling water 1 minute (blanch). This will slightly soften the berries and enable you to put almost twice as many in a can or jar. It will also prevent that condition where berries rise to the top of the jar, leaving at least one-third of the space filled with juice.

Pack the sterilized can or jar to within 1-4 inch of the top with berries. Fill the spaces and cover the berries well with a syrup made of 1 quart of the water in which the berries have been blanched and 1 pint of sugar.

The flavor of all canned berries is finer when syrup or sugar is added.

Exhaust No. 3 tin cans 3 minutes.

Process No. 3 tin cans 10 minutes.

Process quart glass jars 25 minutes, permitting jars to remain lightly sealed while processing. As you lift jars one at the time from the canner, seal tightly immediately.

Garden Peas.—Use No. 2 cans or pint jars for peas, as it is very difficult to sterilize them in larger jars.

Grade the peas, keeping the young and tender small peas in a different vessel from the larger and older peas. This grading is necessary to prevent spoilage. Large peas require a much longer boiling period than young and tender ones.

Place small peas in sack and plunge into boiling water for 3 minutes, then into cold. (This is called blanching.) Large peas must be blanched 5 minutes.

Pack peas in No. 2 can, fill with brine and add 1 teaspoonful of sugar. Exhaust 3 minutes and process 1 hour and 15 minutes after water is boiling furiously. For older peas process 1 1/2 hours.

Peas must be processed or boiled the same length of time on each of three days.

Remove from the canner after first day's processing and set aside until next day. Return to the canner on second day, boil tender peas 1 hour, larger peas 1 1/2 hours. Remove from canner and set aside until the third day, when the last processing or boiling is done. Boil tender peas 1 hour and larger peas 1 1/2 hours.

When canning peas in glass, process pint jars of tender peas 1 1/2 hours. Process pint jars of older peas 2 hours.

Jam is much easier to make than preserves. It differs from preserves in the method of cooking, the object here being to cook the fruit into a soft pulp that can be mashed and blended into a smooth paste. Blackberries, strawberries, raspberries, and such soft fruits as clear-stone peaches and figs make excellent jam.

As in preserves, 1 pound of fruit to 3-4 pound of sugar is the proportion used. Put fruit and sugar into preserving kettle with enough water to prevent burning. Boil slowly until tender, mash fruit with wooden bat or spoon, and continue to cook slowly until fruit is a smooth, thick mass. Jam is much thicker when cold than when hot.

Packing Jams.—After jam is done it should be poured immediately into jam pot or jar No. 5042, which has been thoroughly sterilized and allowed to stand in hot water. If the jam pot is used, the jam should be poured into it while boiling hot and the sterilized cork forced in very tightly. If jar No. 5042 is used, while the jar is standing in hot water, fill with boiling-hot jam, fit rubber, and screw down top tightly and quickly. These jars will need no processing as sealing is done while product is boiling hot.

Blackberry Jam.—Select wild berries if possible; they are well flavored and have small seed. Be sure they

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Chm. Jones Reply To The Ex-Mayor

When the honorable J. C. Hardy (who has seen fit to open up with a tirade of a column or more against me as Superintendent of Schools, or Chairman of the Board, or Acting Superintendent) was repudiated by the people of his own home town and turned OUT of the office of Mayor; when he bolted the action of a Democratic primary and ran as candidate for Mayor against the regularly nominated Democratic candidate who defeated him; when he was again defeated by the citizens of his town in the election, some of whom in their over-zealous rejoicing dug a grave and buried him in effigy, no man heard me rejoice, nor no man read a line of expressed satisfaction in my newspaper. I had every personal and political reason to rejoice, but I knew he had been repudiated by the FOLKS and the knowledge was satisfaction enough. In the face of a rebuke administered by his own townsmen, I would have naturally concluded "that a decent respect for the opinion of mankind" would have caused him to curb his enmity, and simply state the facts, without airing his own view of the motives of men who stand as high in public estimation as he is held, to say the least. He tells his readers that I will accept pay as Chairman of the Board and pay as acting-Superintendent, in spite of the fact that a statement made by me that I would not accept pay as member of the Board was made public to the Board and published in the Warren Record and entered upon the minutes of the Board. If he hopes to make friends for himself or enemies for me, he is sadly disappointed. I can only account for his outbreak from force of habit and from a greatly overestimated opinion of his knowledge of law and of his influence in the County. Having been proven by his own constituents that his knowledge of law and his influence are both at low ebb, and having been buried in effigy, "I'll carve not a line, I'll raise not a stone

But leave him alone in his glory."
HOWARD F. JONES.

School Closing Huge Success

Opera House Fails To Seat Big Crowd; Dr. Brewer Delivers Address; Affirmative Wins

The closing exercises of the Warrenton High School were staged before a large audience here Friday night in the Opera House and many were forced to miss the exercises because of lack of standing room.

The debate was warmly contested and all speeches delivered with ability. Misses Norma Connell and Josephine Hudgins representing the affirmative were victorious in the forty minute debate. Messrs. J. Y. Kerr and Sumner Watson of the negative launched forth with facts, figures and well balanced rhetoric but the dawn of woman's new empire and the able representatives of this new day were all there and the decision of the judges, Rev. Baxter, Rev. Jones and Mr. Frank Gibbs, was unquestionably wise, the audience thought.

Dr. Charles E. Brewer, president of Meredith, was introduced by Rev. C. A. Jones. Taking as his theme "Practical Education." Dr. Brewer thoroughly discussed the purpose of the modern education as a means of fitting for good citizenship. He was warm in praise for classic learning insofar as it bordered upon the practical application and stressed the point that the school was the gateway of greater service thru an educated citizenship.

Supt. J. Edward Allen followed Dr. Brewer's remarks with a statement that the selfsame ideal forming the background for the excellent speech preceding was receiving practical application here, and the one aim of the local school was to give every boy and girl of this community a greater vision and a nobler conception of the duty of good citizenship.

The class exercises were especially good this year. Laughter was general when President Booth presented the freshman class a baby doll. His class address was well delivered. Miss Florence Mustian as poet and

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ANTI-TYPHOID CAMPAIGN IN WARREN THURSDAY

Dr. Howell Peacock, Representing The State Board of Health, Arrives To Begin Month's Campaign.

Dr. Howell Peacock, of Georgia, under the direction of the State Board of Health, arrived in Warren today to make final arrangements for the anti-typhoid vaccine campaign which is to be launched in the county this week.

Dr. Peacock will begin the campaign in Littleton Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. He will also visit Jack Johnston's store and Elams on the same day. It is important that all those desiring to be vaccinated be on time at the hour and place specified. New or standard time is the schedule upon which the appointments are run, announces the Boards of Health, which also states "that everybody from 3 years old to one hundred should be vaccinated."

This is one of the thirty counties that have arranged with the State Board of Health for the free vaccination during the coming summer of its citizens against typhoid fever. Under the arrangement, the county has agreed to pay the State Board of Health 12 1/2 cents for each person completely vaccinated.

The State Board of Health will hold four vaccination dispensaries, one every week, at each point throughout the county. By holding the four dispensaries at each place, two opportunities are afforded every citizen for complete vaccination; that is to say, if a person is prevented from attending a dispensary on the opening day, he will have three days left for being vaccinated, complete vaccination requiring successive hypodermic injections. The places, hours, and dates of the dispensaries are as follows:

Littleton, 9 to 11 a. m., Thursday, June 12, 19, 26, July 3.

Jack Johnson's Store, 1 to 2 p. m., Thursday, June 12, 19, 26, July 3.

Elams, 4 to 5 p. m., Thursday, June 12, 19, 26, July 3.

Macon, 9 to 10:00 a. m., Friday, June 13, 20, 27, July 4.

Churchill, 11 to 12 noon, Friday, June 13, 20, 27, July 4.

Oakville, 1 to 2 p. m., Friday, June 13, 20, 27, July 4.

Wise, 4 to 5 p. m., Friday, June 13, 20, 27, July 4.

Oine, 9 to 10 a. m., Saturday, June 14, 21, 28, July 5.

Norlina, 3 to 5 p. m., Saturday, June 14, 21, 28, July 5.

Buchanan's Store, 11 to 12 noon, Saturday, June 14, 21, 28, July 5.

Manson, 1 to 2 p. m., Saturday, June 14, 21, 28, July 5.

Axtelle, 9 to 10 a. m., Monday, June 16, 23, 30, July 7.

Vicksboro, 11 to 12 noon, Monday, June 16, 23, 30, July 7.

Elberon, 1 to 2 p. m., Monday, June 16, 23, 30, July 7.

Inez, 4 to 5 p. m., Monday, June 16, 23, 30, July 7.

Marmaduke, 9 to 10 a. m., Tuesday, June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

Grove Hill, 11 to 12 noon, Tuesday, June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

Vaughan, 2 to 4 p. m., Tuesday, June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

Vaughan, 2 to 4 p. m., Tuesday, June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

Embryo, 4:30 p. m., Tuesday, June 17, 24, July 1 and 8.

Ridgeway, 9 to 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 18, 25, July 2 and 9.

Warren Plains, 11 to 12 noon, Wednesday, June 18, 25, July 2 and 9.

Warrenton, 2 to 4 p. m., Wednesday, June 18, 25, July 2 and 9.

There are three important reasons why every citizen should take advantage of this opportunity to be vaccinated against typhoid fever: (1) The most important reason is that vaccination protects against one of the most prevalent, most costly, most fatal of acute diseases—typhoid fever.

(2) Another good reason is that if every citizen will take advantage of this opportunity, a larger percentage of the population of this county will be vaccinated than that of any other county and in such an event the State Board of Health agrees to assume the entire expense of the county campaign. Let everybody realize their responsibility to themselves and to their county, and we shall win this prize.

(3) Another reason why the good citizen should endorse this campaign by being vaccinated is that if the State Board of Health finds that the people really appreciate this piece of work it will extend the plan to all parts of the State, serving thirty counties next summer and thirty the following summer, returning to the thirty counties that form the first one, including this one, every third year. The citizen, then, by endorsing this piece of work is not only doing something for himself and for his county, but for his State,—he is perhaps saving his own life and encouraging a work that will result in the saving of hundreds and thousands of lives in North Carolina.

Washington, June 9.—President Wilson in a cablegram received today by Senator Hatcher, Democrat, Nebraska, said he hoped the investigations committee of how copies of the peace treaty reached private interests in New York would "be most thoroughly prosecuted."

The President said he had felt it "was highly undesirable officially to communicate the text of a document which is still in negotiation and subject to change," and that anyone who had possession of the official English text "has what he is clearly not entitled to have or to communicate."

This statement by the President strengthened the belief of officials here that he would not comply with the request of the Senate that the treaty text be furnished it at this time.

SENATE BREAKS FAITH
WITH WILSON'S REQUEST

Washington, June 9.—Out of a whirlwind of developments the Senate today got a copy of the peace treaty and, after a five hour fight, ordered it printed in the public record.

At the same time it got under way the investigation of how copies have reached private hands in New York by summoning to testify a half dozen of the country's leading financiers.

The copy which went into the record was brought to this country by a newspaper man and was presented by Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, just after the reading of a cablegram from President Wilson saying he could not, without breaking faith, send to the Senate the text of the treaty.

The fickle cotton market, after taking a dive, has commenced to climb and the staple is above 30c.

CAPT. WILLIAM W. PALMER



Teachers To Begin Monday

Director J. Edward Allen Announces All In Readiness For Summer School Here

Director J. Edward Allen announces that all is in readiness for the opening of the Warren County Summer school for teachers, which is to last from June 16 to July 11th. For the first time the names of the instructors are now published. The primary work will be in charge of Mrs. D. P. Boyer, of Richmond, Va. Miss Boyer is a graduate of Winthrop College, Rock Hill, S. C., and has attended summer schools of Winthrop College, the University of Tennessee and the University of Virginia. She taught primary and grammar grade work in the schools of Denmark, S. C., Laurens, S. C., and Salisbury, N. C. She has been principal of primary schools in Elizabeth City and Kinston, N. C., and is now first grade teacher in the Richmond, Va., city schools. She has had noteworthy experience in teacher-training: was assistant Primary Supervisor in the Virginia State Normal Schools, Farmville, Va., and has been instructor in Primary Methods in the summer schools and institutes of South Carolina, North Carolina and the Virginia State Normal.

Grammar grade work will be in charge of Miss Mary E. Young, who comes with exceedingly high recommendations from Superintendent Alderman, of the Henderson schools. She is a graduate of Salem College and of the teachers' course of the State Normal. She has had seven years' experience as a grammar grade teacher, having taught very successfully all the grammar grades. She knows County school work, and has high recommendations from the Rockingham school. Prof. J. Henry Highsmith, of the State Board of Examiners, is well pleased with her.

In the hands of these two ladies, and of Director J. Edward Allen, the greatest part of the actual instruction will rest. Supt. J. E. Allen studied Educational theory in Wake Forest College, and later in the summer schools of Columbia University, Howard University and the University of North Carolina, and the State Department of Education expresses itself as being highly pleased with his qualifications. He holds the Superintendent's certificate, the most difficult of all to obtain.

Mention must be made of the work in Domestic Science and in School Law. Teachers are required to know school law, and Superintendent Howard F. Jones, is thoroughly qualified to present the subject. He has his course very carefully outlined, and after the four week's study it is believed that not a single teacher taking it will have any excuse for failing to pass the subject.

In Domestic Science the Summer school is peculiarly fortunate. Miss Annie Lee Rankin, County Demonstration Agent, has consented to take charge of the course. It will be given in her office in the Court House, where she has a complete set of new equipment. Actual cooking will be served. There will be 12 lessons, beginning at 11:30 and lasting 1 1/4 hours. Many people who are not teachers are interested in the course; and these are invited to attend, to the limit of the capacity of the rooms.

It is believed that the Summer School will be a great success. Inquiries are being received from other counties about it. Teachers who

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PALMER WINS WAR CROSS

FROM FRENCH AND AMERICAN GOVERNMENTS

Gets Six German Planes As Member of the 94th Aero Squadron and Is Entertained in New York On Return to America.

Son of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Palmer, of Bennettsville, and grandson of Mrs. Sue B. White, of this city. A Warrenton boy formerly.

New York, May 31.—The famous Ninety-fourth pursuit squadron, formerly commanded by Eddie Rickenbacher, returned today on the transport Louisville. The squadron has been officially credited with downing seventy enemy planes and unofficially with forty-two others.

The squadron returned in command of Major Read Chambers, of Memphis, Tenn., a wearer of the D. S. C., Legion of Honor and Croix de Guerre. Others in the organization include:

Capt. William W. Palmer, Bennettsville, S. C., Croix de Guerre and D. S. C.; Samuel Kaye, Jr., Columbus, Miss., Croix de Guerre, and Lieut. Robert C. Cates, Jr., Spartanburg, S. C., Croix de Guerre.

The 94th is said to have bagged the first and last German planes during America's participation in the war. It was the only air squadron which went to Coblenz with the American army of occupation. The total casualties were ten killed, five wounded and three taken prisoner.

Among the flyers of the command who were killed was Major Raoul Lufburry. Capt. James Norman Hall was one of those taken prisoner.

The insignia of the squadron, a red, white and blue hat in a ring, was a token which the Germans became familiar with at a big cost to them. The American flyers met and defeated Germany's premier squadron, led by the famous Richtenhofer at Chateau-Thierry last July, and they had many victorious battles over the Toul sector and Rheims. The squadron also downed a number of enemy observation balloons.

Capt. Rickenbacher, with other noted flyers formerly members of the squadron, was to have met the returned unit, but this reception went away owing to the fact that previous reports had indicated the Louisville would not dock until tomorrow.

Reception in New York

The New York Herald, of Sunday, June 1, published pictures of "Four American Aces," including "Capt. Wm. Palmer, who accounted for five or six enemy machines." The Herald says: "All the homecoming members of the squadron are to be the guests of the American Flying Club at a dinner to be given in the club next Tuesday evening, at which Captain Rickenbacher will preside."

Capt. Palmer is expected to reach Bennettsville some time this week.

Interested Aroused In The Chautauqua

The old town is getting ready for the community chautauqua which comes next Tuesday for a five day stay in Warrenton. A parade is to be featured Friday afternoon of this week and Macon, Norlina, Wise, Warren Plains and Ridgeway visited in an endeavor to thoroughly acquaint the people with the worth of this attraction and invite all to a general get-together meeting at the county seat.

The guarantors are to meet this afternoon at six in the Court House and perfect plans. It is understood that the tickets will be placed on sale immediately and that every effort will be made to move the Chautauqua Barrel the five hundred feet, every foot representing a ticket sold. This unique advertising stunt is expected to attract wide interest. The barrel will be painted red, white and blue and a five hundred feet course marked on main street. The banner goes over main street today and the programs scattered hither and yon, with now and then a Junior chautauqua booster, fills the atmosphere with interest in the coming five days of entertainment.