

The Warren Record, The Newspaper for a Greater Warren, Should Go Into Every Home of This County. Ask Your Neighbor If His Family Gets It.

The Warren Record

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WEATHER — Slightly Warmer With General South To Southwest Winds.

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WARRENTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1919

(Friday)

Number 66

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WARRENTON AND WARREN COUNTY

5c. THE COPY

News to Labors a Cook Status

NUMBERS OF NEW RECIPES GIVEN BY HOME AGENT

Tried and Proven Methods Invite Use of The Recpies; How To Can Surplus Foods For Use This Winter.

Sauerkraut.—Sauerkraut is made by the natural fermentation of cabbage in casks. The cabbage heads are stripped of all outside or green leaves, leaving only the white, sound head. It is then cut into thin slices in a specially constructed machine. The long, fine-cut cabbage is evenly spread and well packed in casks. To each layer salt is added at the rate of about 2 pounds per 100 pounds of cabbage. The salt is used as flavoring and to modify in some degree the fermentation. If too much salt is used, a pinkish color results; if too little, the fermented product may become more or less slimy. The temperature of the weather at the time of putting up the cabbage also influences the fermentation. If the weather is very warm, the fermentation is too rapid, the product has a very white but more or less slimy appearance, and the cabbage is tough rather than of a natural crispness. If the temperature is very low, the fermentation will be arrested. The best temperature is probably between 60 and 70 degrees F., and the process requires about four weeks. Fermentation begins as soon as the cabbage is placed in the cask, but there is only a slight rise of temperature as compared with most fermentation processes. A heavy foam rises to the top, which must be skimmed off every day, and when this ceases to form the brine goes down and the process is complete. Use can be made of the kraut at once, though it seems to be better after standing. The kraut will keep in the casks for a long time, provided there is no leakage, and the spoilage is usually limited to a few inches on the top.

Kraut is easily canned, which is the only clean way of dispensing it in groceries in small quantities. The canning should be done while it is in the freshest possible state at the point of production, when it is from 4 to 6 weeks old. Kraut is easily kept. The cans should be filled full, weighed, and sufficient hot water added to fill the can; then exhausted for 3 minutes, capped, and processed at boiling temperature for 25 minutes. This is for No. 3 cans.

When canning sauerkraut in glass, process quart jar 40 minutes.

"Biting. Bulletin No. 196, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Canning Peppers.—The peppers should be picked in the early morning and handled carefully to prevent bruising. This can be done by placing them in shallow trays, from which they can be easily sorted. The medium-sized, uniformly sound peppers should be canned whole. The irregular, broken ones may be cut into strips and canned or used in relishes, sauces, or soupy mixtures.

Select sound, uniform peppers of medium size. To remove seeds, cut around the stem of each with a slender paring knife and remove the inside partitions. To peel, place the peppers in a hot oven from 6 to 10 minutes (until the skin blisters and cracks), being careful not to allow them to burn. Then remove the skin with a slender paring knife. Flatten the peppers and pack in horizontal layers.

When canning peppers in glass, use a 12-ounce or pint jar and process 40 minutes.

Soup Mixture.—5 quarts tomatoes; 2 quarts corn; 2 quarts okra; 2 table-spoonsful sugar (level); 2 table-spoonsful salt (level). Scald and peel tomatoes, cutting out green or hard spots. Chop and measure. Cut young and tender field or sugar corn from cob. Slice okra in rings 1-2 inch thick. Place all in open agate kettle and boil until thick.

Always use an asbestos mat under the kettle when boiling soup mixture. It is very easily scorched.

When canning soup mixture in glass jars, process quart jars 2 hours. Process pint jars 1 1/2 hour.

Tomato Ketchup.—Select only ripe tomatoes for ketchup; wash, but do

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UNION MAN THINKS CAPITAL IS OPPRESSING LABOR

Addresses Letter To Editor In Reference To Articles Printed In Earlier Issues; Jones Makes Reply In Another Letter.

August 13, 1919.
Mr. Editor Warren Record,
Warrenton, N. C.

Dear Editor:—
I see an article in your paper dated August 12th by one J. E. Jones dealing with the labor troubles. After reading the article carefully and trying to get the true spirit of the letter I have decided to write this letter. I failed to see any mention of the profiteers or the big incorporations in Mr. Jones' article. He dwelt at length on the fancy increases of the laboring man's wages for the past few years. Mr. Jones, wont you please give the public a few figures showing the vast sum realized by the meat packers, steel plants and every other big incorporation in the country? There is no class of people in the U. S. that is more aware of the fact that the Railroads have been a great expense to the Government than the Rail Road employees. But do you know why the enormous sum? The Rail Road stock holders and head officials do not want the roads retained by the Government and they have not left a stone unturned to make all the unnecessary expense they possible could to show the public that Railroad profits were not sufficient so they could demand an increase in rates in the future.

Now Mr. Jones none of us ever heard anything about Bolsheviki and all such foreign names until labor began to wake up and demand justice. Long as capital was working the very lives out of the poor and hoarding millions annually, you never heard anything at all about Bolsheviki. Which is the truer spirit of Bolsheviki?, the financiers bleeding the poor out of hard earned money and working them long hours at a starving wage, or the working class demanding a fair wage? It is a poor rule that does not work two ways. I tell you the trouble, the money power has seen that labor is going to demand justice and they have begun to squeal. They have monopolized all the leading papers and employed all the talent they can secure to poison the public, by inserting all such tommy rot as Bolsheviki. Let me tell you, if there is any such move or spirit in the United States it exists right in the profiteers and big incorporations class more so than in the poor laboring class. And again a man with your talent should not be fighting your fellowman when you know we have been getting a dirty deal for ages remote.

The laboring class does not ask for the public ownership of the Roads from a selfish stand point, they are asking for such control and ownership, to remove the money power from a few in Wall street to the millions scattered through our country. Why should the roads belonging to the public constitute Bolshevism any more than the control of the Roads confined to Wall St? I tell you the Government could derive handsome dividends if they should take over the roads and fire all the old officials that have been working every conceivable means to make the present management a failure. I cannot understand why any one will deliberately fight their man for those financiers. Please publish a set of figures showing the other side's profits for the past few years and define Bolsheviki. Explain why it is rank Bolsheviki for the public to demand anything, and not for a few financiers to take what ever they want without asking for it.

I am a union man and I defy any man to call me a Bolsheviki. I am as true a patriot as any man in America regardless of his vocation. And I am getting tired of seeing such names hurled at the honest hard working men of America. They earn money for others and they are as much entitled to a decent living as any multimillionaire. They are entitled to enjoy the fruits of their labor. If any one should go wanting let those loafers that do not earn anything be the ones. Make every man earn his



Loyal Americans! Get Together on National War Savings Day.

living by the sweat of his brow. But they say such remarks as those are signs of Bolsheviki. If that is true you can place the Holy Bible in the same class, for our Bible teaches us such doctoring. God did not make man to live without working. He intended for all to work. It is not honest or fair for a few to horde the country's wealth and when there is any demands made for a square deal to holler Bolsheviki. It is simply a stop thief yell trying to throw the public off the true course. If the Government should break up this profiteering, high cost of living and gambling in Wall Street, we poor little working class will cause no trouble what ever. But we are going to have justice, if we have to take drastic measures to obtain it.

Yours very truly,
A UNION MAN.
August 18, 1919.

My dear sir:

Your letter of the 13th inst. should have had my attention earlier but the press of other business has delayed my reply. I take pleasure in stating that the article will appear in Friday's edition of the Warren Record though we will have to take exception to some of the statements made.

In justice to the paper and to myself may I state that the policy of the Record is not one of oppression toward labor nor patronage of capital. I believe irrevocably in the square deal to every man and a reward commensurate with the service he renders. Anything else savors of oppression. However, there is another point of view which we must face in this country, and that menace is Bolshevism—wanting more than is earned, desiring greater compensation than business will allow, a nationalization of enterprise. That policy has played havoc with Russia and is carrying that Nation to the bow-wows. America, I believe, has too much in-

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Picture Show Opens Tuesd'y

Opening next Tuesday at two o'clock with a Free show to all who may desire to attend either that afternoon or night, Mr. T. H. Fleming, of Raleigh, but previously of Fishing Creek township of this county, will commence the motion picture business in this city. Mr. Fleming, who has had previous experience in the game, will be assisted by Mr. Barnes, an experienced motion picture man of Henderson.

Plans of Mr. Fleming as outlined to this paper foretell a seven reel picture show each day, except Sunday, from three o'clock in the afternoon to 11 that night. As a rule five reel picture and two comedies will be shown each day. The Opera House is being fitted with an electric piano, a new motion picture screen and an additional machine. The price of the show will be 15c. including war tax.

The Woman's Club, in charge of the Opera House, will have a Board of Censors to pass upon the pictures shown. "Every effort," stated Mr. Barnes yesterday, "will be made to give the people of the town and county a clean show and a satisfactory two hour entertainment every time they visit the Opera House. It will be our pleasure to comply with the wishes of this Board."

The public of the entire county is cordially invited to attend the pictures next Tuesday, the opening day. The show will run continuously from two in the afternoon until eleven that night.

No Services Macon Baptist Church
We are requested to state that the Baptist church at Macon, on account of the absence of the pastor, will not hold preaching services next Sunday; but the pastor will be present and preach on the fifth Sunday in

Green Chosen A Copy of 1874

AS CHIEF OF POLICE AND SUPT. OF STREET WORK

To Begin Duties First of September At Salary of \$150 Per Month; Public Pleased With Choice of Commissioners.

The Board of Town Commissioners at a called meeting Tuesday afternoon unanimously elected Mr. E. L. Green, of this city, policeman at a salary of \$150.00 per month from September 1st, 1919 to May 1, 1920. The duties of the office as outlined in the drawn agreement stipulate: "All general police work, to employ laborers and have all street work done under direction of the street committee, to superintend all such work, to do sanitary inspecting and make monthly reports to the Board, to collect all town taxes, rents and licenses."

Mr. Green will receive neither fees, commission, uniform or any equipment other than the badge, billy and pistol already belonging to the town. He will devote his whole time to the job.

Mr. Green is an expert road man and general satisfaction is apparent toward his appointment to the position. As a police officer for sheer nerve and ability his past record stands out as a monument to his capabilities along this line. Opinion from every source is that the town has been fortunate in securing the services of such a man so admirably qualified for this man-size job.

Bankers Meeting In Winston Salem

The North Carolina Bankers Association is holding its annual meeting this week. Bankers from all over the State are in attendance.

MICKIE SAYS

SOME FOLKS MOVE THINGS THEY DON'T NEED NO MORE UP INTO TH' ATTIC T GATHER DUST - BUT THE WISE ONES TURN 'EM INTO DOLLARS BY SLIPPIN' US A FEW JITNEYS FER A LIL WANT AD



F. R. HAWKINS, PUBLISHER, OF WARRENTON GAZETTE.

Paper Conspicuous By Comparison With 1871 For Its Lack of Whiskey Ads; Other Items Of Interest In Old Days.

The copy of the Warrenton Gazette of Nov. 6th, 1874 with J. F. Hawkins, publisher, shows improvement over the appearance of the copy of 1871 from which extracts were made Tuesday. The editorial heading is torn away and there is no indication as to who was the editor at this time.

In commenting upon eight prisoners in jail and perhaps more to follow as the blackberry, apple and other crops were over, the editor wisely observes as a closing paragraph "If they would live virtuous and happy, people must learn to work."

Sandy Creek items state "By falling off a horse in a fox chase a few days since, we learn that Mr. Hugh Jones received a wound in the head."

A comment on Robinson's circus, appearing at Ridgeway, states that it wasn't up to Old Man Robinson's standard. Extracts from the story follow, "Perhaps the greatest humbug of the whole affair was the concert. Mr. Henderson persuaded us to remain, but before the thing, we do not know by what better name to call it, was half over, he, Bob Twitty, Pete Wilson, and Dr. Plummer were seen, Arab like, quietly stealing thru the back entrance. There were also a few who went to see the menagerie, but got into the Circus without knowing it, and did learn better until it was too late to retrace their steps."

The paper is editorially joyed over the sweeping Democratic victory of the recent election, and remarks in reference to the Thanksgiving proclamation, "The president has appointed the last Thursday in this month as a day of Thanksgiving. Since the recent Democratic victories we fear the old fellow won't enjoy it much."

Quotations from the Warrenton market report furnished by John White and Son: "Bulk shoulders 9 1-2 cents; long clear rib side 14c., sugar 10 to 12 1-2c., flour \$8.50 to \$10.00 barrel, Java coffee 30c., Bleaching 20c., calico 7 to 10c., cotton, 12 1-2 to 13 3-8c.

Advertisers include G. R. Sledge, drygoods; John White and Son, general merchandise; the Old North State Insurance Co.; John Dugger announces Fall session which began July 27, board charges were seventy dollars, tuition in Mathematics and English \$24, in Language and Mathematics \$30; H. H. Harrison, expert in watch repairing; Falkner and Parker, H. L. Falkner and J. A. Parker, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Valises, Trunks, and etc., Petersburg, Va., White Corlinds and Co., dress goods.

The paper is conspicuous by contrast with its brother edition of 1871 for the absence of whiskey and billiard parlor advts. There is even an article advising against giving booze to young people, selected, and given to the public in some length.

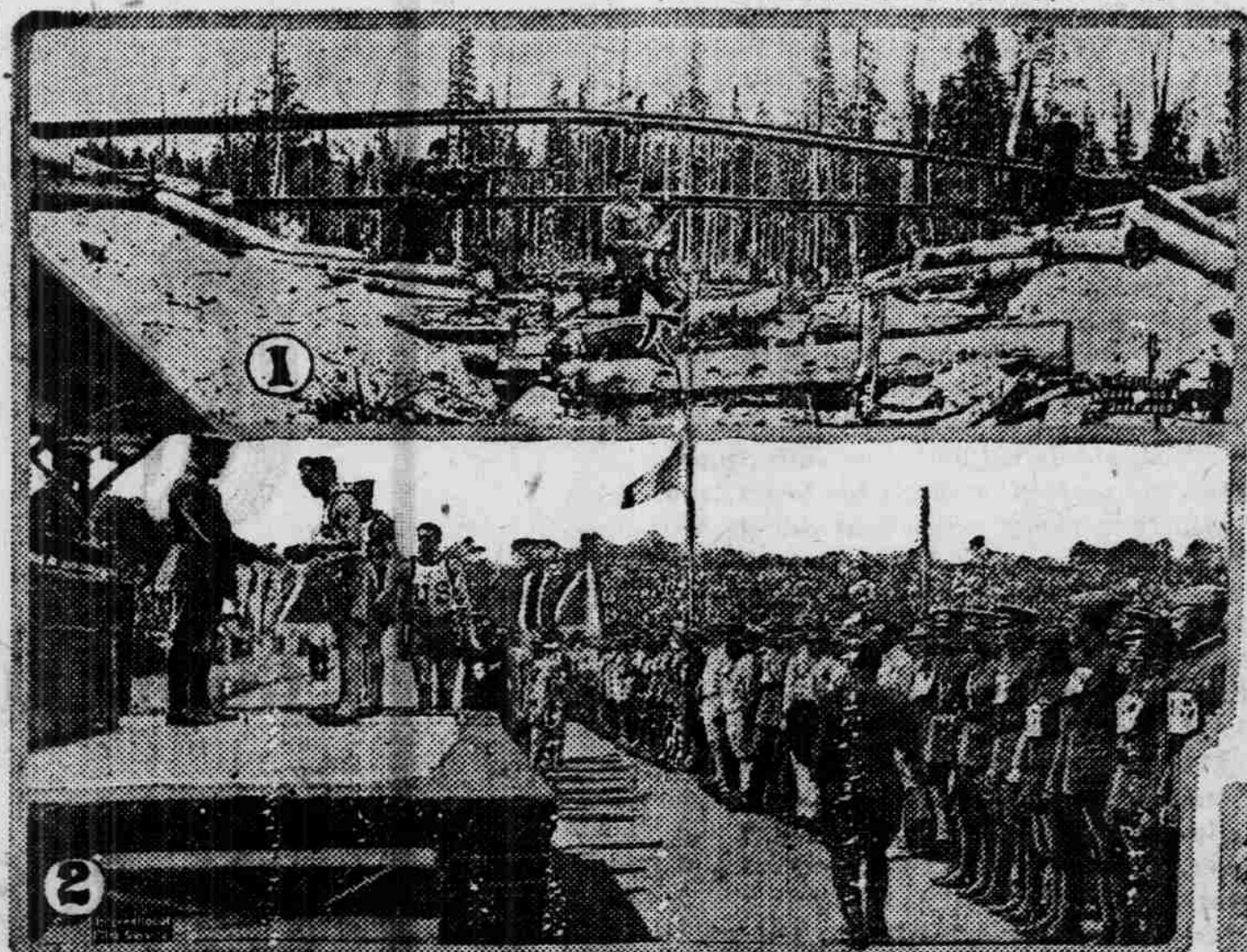
Mayor's Court, Mayor Ward presiding, tried and found guilty Moses Blunt for stealing John Plummer's horse. Blunt, the paper states, was both a Methodist and Baptist preacher, as it best suited his interest, and had five wives. Three colored people found guilty of stealing a hog were sent to jail, but bailed out by Mr. William Watson and sent to picking cotton.

Special mention is given to the announcement of Major B. D. Williams who was opening a first class grocery store, two doors South of Norwoods.

"Robert Pritchard, formerly of this county, but now of Tennessee, has been visiting friends and relatives in this section. We are pleased to note that he is succeeding well in his chosen profession, the law."

"A dozen orphans, under the charge of the Superintendent of the Asylum, gave a concert last night at the Male Academy for the benefit of their Institution."

The Professional card column contains the names of Dr. J. G. King, Dr. R. E. King, dentist; Wm. K. Barham and H. A. Foote, attorneys-at-law; Dr. S. G. Wade, broker and real estate.



1—American and Canadian soldiers on the trail of bolsheviks in north Russia who have been blowing up bridges 1 culverts. 2—General Pershing presenting prizes to winners in the interallied games at Paris. 3—King Boris of Icaria and his favorite dog.

